



REV. T. SNOWDEN THOMAS. A. M.. Editor.

## FOR CHRIST AND HIS CHURCH.

WILMINGTON, DELAWARE, SATURDAY, MAY 29, 1886.

## J. MILLER THOMAS, Associate Editor.

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## RISEN.

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Ere yet the shadowy mountain-tops Were silvered with the light, Or off the lillies slipped the drops Won from the dewy night; Ere yet the morning's incense curled O'er glimmering Galilee, The grave had yielded to the world Its awful myster. Its awful mystery.

Through all the night the pallid stars Watched trembling o'er the tomb, And Olivet wrapped all its scars Deep in the fragrant gloom; The world one instant held its breath, When from the flashing heaven

God's angels swept, more strong than death, And death's dark bonds were riven.

Forth from the sepulchre's embrace Behold the Conqueror come! O morning sun, unveil thy face! O earth, no more be dumb! From century to century

The pican now shall ring-O grave, where is thy victory? ) death, where is thy sting? -James B. Kenyon, in the Current.

Letter from Bishop Taylor.

OLD CALABAR, Africa, March 8, 1886.

Dear Brother Grant .--- At Accra the "Basal Mission" (German) was commenced in 1829, when I was a lad of 8 years. It is an industrial school mission, in which they carry on a large trading establishment, and a variety of industries. The work has gradually grown through a period of 57 years, and is represented now by about 50 stations, extending far into the interior northward. A missionary here told me that their appropriation was 7,000 pounds a year, of which they paid 2,000 pounds from their own trading establishment All the superintendents are white men, the laborers, black. All are paid a salary-not large-but aggregating an amount they will not reach on the principle of self-support. It is considered the most practically useful mission

Our next stop was at Bonny. There we lay at anchor four days. I went ashore once and traveled the narrow, crooked and dingy streets and paths of the native town, and counted 46 cannons. Only one was mounted, the rest lay around in the mud; all the property of the king. There are about half a dozen trading establishments, mostly English, in Bonny: also an English | ganization-130,277.

on the coast.

and act as pastor. William so managed this matter as to get possession of by priests.

From Fernando Po we came to this place. A. Scotch U. P. Mission has been in operation here for 43 years. The dear old man in charge, Father ruddy and effective as a young man. At Creekstown, seven miles from here, Father Goldie and wife, over seventy years of age, have recently gone home on a visit, expecting to return soon. Two fine young ladies are engaged as Zenana workers in Duketown, the port about every 30 miles the people spoke a different language.

We are anchored at Duketown, which is about 40 miles from the sea. I preached yesterday A. M. in English, direct. The mission buildings are large and commodious, on a high and healthy site; the missionaries have good health, and are exceedingly kind, and ready to health of my life, and abiding in Jesus. Our ship, being a freight-carrier, gets on very slowly. It will be over a week before I can reach Mayumba. Love to all.

> From your Brother. WILLIAM TAYLOR.

Episcopal Address. Concluded. THE COLORED PEOPLE.

During the four years just passed, our owntotal membership has increased from 800,717 to 990,994, our itinerant preachers, from 4,011 to 4,406, and the local ministry, from 5,869 to 5,943, the largest total quadrennial increase, since our or-

direction, somewhat has been accomthe property, and is allowed to preach plished. A school hus been opened at, basis of our divine harmony. to his people, but they are not allowed Augusta, Ga., through the liberality of to sing. He has a membership of 120. our people during the last round of His schools have been closed by order Conferences, at which some \$15,000 of the Government: so all must go to were contributed, and the donation by the public schools, which are taught Rev. Moses U. Payne of \$25,000 for an endowment fund. We commend this whole interest of the colored Church in America to your patient attention. The attitude of the Negro toward all the institutions of the country is a problem, Anderson, is seventy-four years old, but | civil and spiritual, which become hourly more difficult of solution. Are these people yet fully capable of instructing themselves? or are they still committed in a measure to the white race for spiritual guidance and moral elevation? Twenty-three years have passed since their emancipation, and the experience of entry. Mr. and Mrs. Ludwick, of this period throughout the South insecond to Father Anderson, made a dicates, that the white teacher and the tour of 300 miles up the Old Calabar white preacher were never more river over, a year ago. They found the necessary to the elevation and instrucnatives friendly all the way, though tion of the Negro, than at this present time.

Nor must we, on the other hand, be hurried forward by sentimental extravagance, in the direction of the discolored current of social equality, through the agency of the school-room, the congregation, or the conference; for there is no conceivable result, that would compensate for the crime against nature, entertain strangers. I am in the best which this theory deliberately contemplates.

> The disappearance of our colored domestic missions in 1866 released our hands for the work of Foreign Missions. PERIODICALS.

Our periodicals at Nashville have been ably edited, and have a greater prosperity than at any previous time in their history. They have steadily increased their lists of subscribers by the thousand until their circulation now compares favorably with that of religious papers throughout the more populous centers at the North.

The Quarterly Review has been sustained by the faithful labor of its editor, under trying and discouraging circumstances. Probably there never was a time when the Church could so ill afford down to five hundred and twenty-seven to dispense with a representative in the highest regions of cultivated thought.

ing him to take charge of the property creating a foundation, for educating ant Christianity we are in perfect accord colored teachers and ministers. In this The great work of spreading scriptural holiness among all nations is the one TEMPERANCE.

growth of a healthy public sentiment for the friends of temperance, outside of all complication with party politics.

MARRIAGE.

The true marriage relation trengthens the State and the Church. "It has been ordained as one of the redemptive forth a yet higher unity with anotherthrough the disasters of the fall, bringing with it the innocence and atmosphere of Eden, the strength of its covenant, the purity of its joys, and the perennial fountain of its bliss." All should be done that can be, to sustain this primal institution of God, and to avert the low estimate of it now taking possession of the public mind. Action is advisable, looking in the direction already taken by some of the Churches-the forbidding the celebration of the Rites of Matrimony by their ministers, between parties, where either have been previously divorced, excepting for the one scriptural cause, as in Matt. v. 32, and xix.

DISPENSATION OF THE SPIRIT.

More and more is the glory of the Dispensation of the Holy Spirit being realized by the Church of God. It is in the order of his purpose that we found ourselves forty-two years ago, set apart from our brethren, and set up as a distinct branch of American Methodism. By this we were prepared for the event which occurred "fourteen years after." So prepared were we for the exigency, that the strife of States only gave us a more perfect access to the families and individuals in the range of our pastorate. Our heritage has increased steadily from those dark days until the present, and proportionately has equaled the advance of any Protestant branch of the Church in this | elect a successor to the late Bishop Lay. country or in Europe. On the whole, the ministry was never more self-denying, more patient of poverty, or truer to the Church, and never more efficient in their work than during the past four years; and never has the Holy Spirit indorsed their ministrations by greater displays of converting power. The Church was never heartier in its enjoyment of the means of grace. Comparing ourselves among ourselves, we have reason to be satisfied. But when we see the world without, the broad road, the dense throng pressing its way to eternal death, the impression we are making upon it is unsatisfactory, and seems fearfully inadequate to the accomplishment of the work of the Master.

the spirit of works, continually threatens the dissolution of spiritual life, in thousands of our membership. The dark cloud of covetousness is settling down steadily upon many Church altars, and We congratulate the Church upon the will surely extinguish their fires. And until this vice is clearly recognized, as temperance reform, and that the legal fatal to religion, and of the very essence suppression of the liquor traffic through- of sin, it will continue, as a worm, to out the South has been so far effected by gnaw away at the root of all the enterprises of the Church.

Dr. M. Z. Senderling bequeathed \$1,000 to the M. E. Home for the Aged and Infirm in Philadelphia; and Hester Craig Green, \$1500 to Christ Church forces for the elevation of man. It sets Hospital. Let others who are making their wills, act in the same liberal manthe mystery of unity between Christ and ner. Some from whom much is looked his church. It has come down to us for, at the last, disappoint these "great expectations." These persons have set a good example .- Christian Standard.

> The Pastoral Address of the Bishops of the M. E. Church, South, refers in strong terms of condemnation to the worldliness of the Church, as is manifest by operas, matinees, race-courses, dancing, gambling, etc. They beseech the pastors and the Church generally to discountenance all such practices as they destroy the spirituality and sap the

One hundred and fifty years ago. John Wesley drew up a set of rules for the

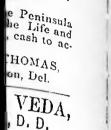
foundation of the church.

United Methodist Societies. These rules without material change are in operation to-day in all the Methodist bodies throughout the world. And these rules, stereotyped and fixed, are beyond the mutilating or modifying touch of the General Conference .- Daily Advocate.

Centreville has now a population of 1, 417, or with Centreville Landing, of 1,577. This is an increase of over 35 per cent. since 1880, and it is a fair indication of the growth and developement of one of the prettiest towns in the State.

The Convention of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Easton will meet in Elkton, Md., Wednesday June 2, to

COL. R. C. CARTER of Denton, has given the Burrsville circuit people a good lot at Burrsville upon which to erect their new parsonage, and work will soon begin on the building .- Harrington Enterprise.



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Church, which is a small building; and a large native church. I heard a question asked at our dinner table, "Are there any Missions at Bonny?" "No," replied the captain. "There was one here, but they cleared out long ago." I said in reply, "I met yesterday with the colored missionary of Bonny. He told me that they had a large Church, and a congregation of 600, that assembled two nights in the week, as well as twice on Sabbath." "Oh, that mission belongs to the 'Church Missionary Society' under

Bishop Crowther!" Our next halt was for a few hours at the Island of Fernando Po., a Spanish Island, but most of the people speak English, having emigrated from the West Indies, and from Sierra Leone. The Primitive Methodists of England, the whole body. have a mission at Fernando Po, and two small out-stations. There are eight priests stationed there. Recently the Government imprisoned Mr. Wothen, Primitive Methodist missionary, for three months, and fined him on trumped up charges of no merit. The church and parsonage were locked by order of and the transfer of titles to Church and seem ready to adopt the system the Government, but William Barley- property for its use. The action of the corn, a colored preacher at one of the last General Conference provided for a the habits of an hundred years.

Our Colored membership has gone persons.

The providence of God, which for years, placed the Negroes largely in our care, and which blessed our labors to their instruction, conversion, and elevation, has turned them away from us. It is no longer possible for us to provide pastors or to exercise discipline in colored churches. They are not willing to reof a white minister. It is doubtful if there is one single colored congregation of any church in the South, served regularly by a white pastor of their own election. A white presiding elder may be tolerated by a colored Conference, or a white bishop, if such oversight brings with it the money necessary to support

The Colored Methodist Episcopal Church in America largely represents us in the seventy-six thousand members which were transferred to, it by the direction of the general Conference of 1870, of, revival and have employed Evangelas well as by the ordination of its bishops, out-stations, presented papers authoriz- School Agency and a Trusteeship for With the several branches of Protest- The divorce of the body of faith from to be nearly 300 years old.—Somerset Herald.

AGGRESSIVE WORK.

The diffusion of the Holy Scriptures by the American and the English Bible Societies has necessitated a parallel activity in all aggressive movement upon the world. The sea steamer, the telegraph, the locamotive, must now be enployed, if the evangelist would occupy ceive the one or the other from the hands | the Wesleyan parish. New forces of industry and discovery hourly come into play to aid the spread of the gospel of the Son of God. And wherever this gospel is preached, there the sublime presence of the Holy Ghost is calling myriads into the divine Sonship. So many distinct centers of Jesus' power and love must soon

## "The nations fire, And set the kingdoms on a blaze."

We gratefully note an increased spiritual activity in all the Protestant Churches, that they have entered upon methods ists after the manner of our own Church, which has been approved among us by

## FAITH AND WORKS. The duty of sustaining His cause, of

devoting every thing to His service, is impressed upon every believer at the instant of his conversion. The grateful pledges of that supreme hour, are by many remembered and redeemed during a whole life after. But by very many those joyful vows are languidly perfored. The daily oblation is not presented to Him, who, "though he was rich," became poor, that we through his poverty might be rich."

WE are glad the Laurel Gazette has come out squarely for temperance. The ENTERPRISE was first, and the Gazette second; now who will count the third?

The Charleston (S. C.) News and Courier says, that in the five savings banks of that city colored, men have \$124,936 on deposit. "The largest colored depositor in the Carolina Savings Bank, who has \$6,747 to his credit, is a pure-blooded African, but a born financier. He has recently a valuable plantation for \$10,000, and has paid \$7,000 of the purchase money. There are thousands of active and thrifty colored men in the State who have bought land since the war, and who are steadily collecting about them the comforts, and many of the luxuries of life."

A silver tobacco box, which John Alden carried in his pocket when, in the courtship of Miles Standish, he presented to Priscilla Mullins the Captain's proposal of marriage, is now the property of Mrs. M. McFadden, of Allegheny City, a descendant of John Alden, belonging to the ninth generation in the regular descent. His little silver tobacco box is a curiosity to visitors. It is supposed

## Temperance.

2

Wine is a mocker; strong drink is raging and whosever is deceived thereby is not wise.—At the last it biteth like a serpent, and stingeth like an adder.—Scripture.

Oh ! thou invisible spirit of wine, if thou hast no name to be known by, let us call thee devil.-Shakespeare.

TOUCH NOT-TASTE NOT-HANDLE NOT."

Touch the goblet no more! It will make thy heart sore To its very core! Its perfume is the breath Of the angel of death, And the light that within it lies Is the fash of his evil eyes. Beware! oh, beware! For sickness, sorrow and care, All are there! -Longfellow.

Prohibition in Accomac, Va.

ATLANTIC DISTRICT. The Local Option campaign in At lantic District is ended, and prohibition is secured. Your correspondent, having made a thorough canvass of the District, does not hesitate to say that all the piety and nine-tenths of all the intelligence and wealth of this District backed up Advocate. and supported the prohibition movement. But for the vote of the negroes, whose leaders were bought, and upon whose vote, the saloon men relied, the victory here would have been as complete, as the victory at Chincoteague. The supposed stronghold of the license system, New Church, where the liquor men concentrated their forces, and where the large negro vote was influenced and led against us, by a colored man, who is a Methodist, and the chairman of the Board of Trustees of his Church, gave the insignificant majority of twenty seven for license, and even this would have been wiped out, had it not been for the pernicious influence of a white minister of the Gospel, who in opposition to every other minister, and all the Christian influence of this county, white and colored, dared to stand up on the day of election, and defend the liquor traffic, with his voice and ballot.

There were a few righteous in the black Sodomite vote, and the names of the colored minister and the few Spartans who dared act and vote for Prohibition, contrary to the wishes of the paid hirelings of the saloons, will not soon be forgotten by the Christian men and women of this District. Our people are the gentleman demonstrated that the in carnest in the adoption and enforcement of Prohibition; and warn any criminal who may dare attempt to violate the law, that he will be prosecuted to the bitter end.

As a better protection against this class of evil doers, it is suggested, that a meeting of our citizens be called in cach voting precinct, at an early day, and a law and order league be formed, into whose hands, any information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of such desperadoes shall be placed.

Horntown, Va., May 17th, 1886.

In a circular letter to the assemblies

I believe that every man should be free from the curse of slavery, whether the slavery appears in the shape of monopoly, usury, or intemperance. The

firmest link in the chain of oppression is the one I forge, when I drown manhood and reason in drink. No man can rob me of the brain my God has given me, unless I am a party to the theft. If I drink to drown grief, I bring grief to wife, child and sorrowing friends. I add not one iota to the sum of human happiness, when I invite oblivion over the rim of a glass. It one moment's forgetfulness, or inattention to duty, while drunk, brings defeat to the least of labor's plans, a lifetime of attention to duty, alone can repair the loss. I promise never again to put myself in such a position."

If every member of the Kinghts of Labor would only pass a resolution to boycott strong drink, so far as he is concerned, for five years, and would pledge his word to study the labor question from its different standpoints, we would then have an invincible host arrayed on the side of justice .- Northern Christian

A Costly Thing.

The following story exhibits the costliness of the drinking habit : A gentleman was walking in Regent's Park, London, and he met a man whose only home was in the poor-house. He had come out to take the air, and excited the gentleman's interested attention. "Well, my friend," said the gentleman, getting into conversation, "it is a pity that a man like you should be situated where you are. Now, may I ask how old you are?" The man said he was eighty years of age. "Had you any trade before you became penniless?" "Yes, I was a carpenter." "Did you use intoxicating drink?" "No, oh no. I only took my beer; never anything stronger nothing but my beer." "How much did your beer come to a day? "Oh, a sixpence a day, I suppose." "For how long a time?" "Well I suppose for sixty years." The gentleman had taken out his note book, and he continued figuring with his pencil while he went on talking with the man. "Now let me tell you," he said as he finished his calculations, " how much that beer cost you, my man. You can go over the figures yourself." And money, a sixpence a day, for sixty years, expended in beer, would, if it had been placed at interest, have yielded him nearly \$800.00 a year, or an income of \$15 a week for self-support. "Let me tell you how much a gallon of whisky costs," said a Judge, after trying a case. "One gallon of whisky made two murderers, it made two wives widows

and eight children orphans." DR. RICHARD NEWTEN.

## Connecticut Notes.

It was a matter of some surprise, to meet my old Conference mate, Rev. T.

N. Y. E. Conference, in Brooklyn But

ever, since my being in this place, we had had a great upheaval, attended with much excitement among the hatting population.

The temperance cause just now is engaging considerable attention. Each Sabbath afternoon, large meetings are being held in Music Hall, and there is a fuir degree of enthusiasm amongst a certain portion of our people. Here as well as elsewhere, the work is hindered by the lack of hearty cooperation, on the part of many of our citizens, foremost in business, society, and means. The play-house, the drinking saloons, the dance craze, and formality in religious services are working mischief in the moral life of the young people, and also in some, who ought years ago to have put away childish things.

We have some very able preachers in Norwalk at this time. The two Congregational, two Baptist, two Protestant Episcopal, and three Methodist Churches ought to be able to accomplish great things for God and humanity. That some of the pastors are preaching very excellent sermons I know, from having had the privilege of hearing several of them recently. As the South Norwalk M. E. Church is undergoing repairs, cleaning, recarpeting, &c., I have had for two Sabbaths, the opportunity of listening to my brother ministers. Mr. Anderson of the 1st Congregational Church, preached an able discourse on the reciprocal duties of employers and employees. Dr. Clark of the 2d M. E. Church preached a powerful sermon against scepticism and sinful amusements. The rich woman of the church where I am, did not like what she heard. There are many who are possessed of this world's treasures, who have little appreciation of the riches of the eternal kingdom. The hypocrites in Zion often discover themselves, by their dissent from the plain setting forth of the principles of the Gospel of Christ. Mr. Delano of the new Baptist Church lectured to a large audience, last evening, on Wesley. He spoke of Methodism's days of power being when she was on her knees; and he thrust heavily at those Methodist preachers, who conform to the practice of those who stand when they pray. In a conservative, worldly church, this man boldly preaches, as he likes, and seems not disposed to curry favor with any one. He is a pronounced Prohibitionist. The craven politicians in the New York Legislature who refused to submit the question of a Prohibitory Constitutional Amendment, have, by their subserviency to the liquor power, furnished another argument for Temperance men to refuse them their political support.

We have been having a long spell of wet and cold weather, retarding vegetation, and depressing the spirit of man. To-day, however, the sun is shining brightly, and we have good prospect of a change for the better.

Happy they, who equally in the light and the darkness, in the calm and the L. Poulson, at the recent session of the storm, can fully trust the Infinite Father, of the slumberless eye, the omnipotent

only touched on Union and Melson's in connection with the town appointment. I have only quite recently read Rev. A. Chandler's historical sketch of Delmar Circuit, for the labor of compiling which, he is entitled to hearty thanks, and more remuneration, than, I fear, he is likely to receive. It revived a number of recollections about Union and adjacent appointments, as I knew them, a third of a century back.

I now cross the head of Wicomico through Camden, as we called that suburb, and linger a little in the place I always loved to visit-Tonytank, with its neighboring localities of Forktown and Shad Point. During my pastorate Bro. L. M. Dashiell was merchant and mill owner at Tonytank. Before his occupancy, it had become a noted headquarters for preachers, who never found a better friend than the venerable Noah Rider, nor kinder attention than that extended by the intelligent members of his large family. There were his sons Perry and Noah, college graduates, who both took up the medical profession. Perry was a born orator, and ought to have been like Dr. R. L. Dashiell whom he much resembled in young manhood, a preacher. Both are gone. Dr. Noah, established a practice, and found in Amanda, the daughter of Rev. John S. Taylor, an accomplished wife. It was at their house, a year or two previously, I had an adventure, over which Rev. Andrew Manship and I have not finished laughing until this day.

1 look Bro. Manship on a preaching trip of two weeks, from Georgetown Del. down by way of Berlin, Snow Hill, and Downing's Chapel, to my former charge on Northampton, spending the Sabbath with Rev. Jas. W. Hammersley at Garrison's Chapel. On our return, the weather became cold, the roads frozen and rough, and the days, November I think it was, short and cloudy. We had paid a visit to Bro. Massey in Princess Anne on our way up; and night fell on us before reaching Salisbury. I thought I knew a good place to stop, and turned off the main road to reach it; but we lost the trail, and brought up against a worm fence. Here I left Bro. Manship with the horse and carriage, while I crossed a stubble field to inquire the way out. The house I applied at was uninhabited. Returning bewildered, I suddenly heard a sonorous voice singing a popular camp-meeting ditty. The chorus waxed louder as I neared the woods, where I had left my traveling companion, and when in the dim twilight I caught sight of him, he was keeping time to the tune by jumping straight up and downthe way old father Thomas used to shout" when he wanted to become happy. "What's the matter here?" I asked, as I leaped over the fence.

"O," said Manship, "I'm glad you've got back. It was so lonely here, I became scared."

"Why, what could there be around here to scare you?"

"I was afraid of the Devil, and had

menced again to sing, and shout, as if he had "glory in his soul."

We suspended the jubilation to sit down to a smoking supper of old fashioned hominy, fried chicken, and all the reserve luxurics which a Maryland home could produce, to drive away hunger and care. I can youch for Bro. Manship, that he did the occasion full justice, praising God meanwhile for the transition out of the dark woods, and for freedom from vigilant watch dogs, into such a cheery and happy circle of friends.

A great blazing wood fire soon thawed us into the anecdote faculty; and such a prayer I never heard even Bro. Manship offer, as that with which this eventful day closed, in Dr. Rider's parlor. When we were shown up to the "preachers' room," there blazed another splendid hickory fire, and on a stand were two great bowls of "composition tea," for us to drink on going to bed. Every successive turn of affairs, caused a fresh outburst of Methodistic hymnology, or a quotation from Psalm 103, by my overjoyed fellow-pilgrim. Indeed, I am not sure but that the incidents of that night will be rehearsed in some of the mausions "of the blessed, when Bro. Manship meets the kind Doctor and his friend Amanda there.

In this vicinity we had the old Shad Point society, with its plain old church, and its plainer old leader, Jimmy Sims, who, not only kept up a rousing revival spirit among his own people, but travelled far and near to help on the work, whenever there was a hand to hand encounter with Satan, and a chance to "knock him out," on his own territory.

Here we had a pleasant home with Wm. L. Parks, the Presbyterian brothers Gunby, Dr. Morris, and Bro, L. Dulaney; but our most convenient stopping place, as I have intimated, was at Tonytank, with Bro. and Sister Dashiell.

Both years I remained on Salisbury circuit, we held camp meeting, a little back of Forktown. It was a quiet spot, and we avoided everthing like a splurge; commencing the exercises Monday evening, and closing the following Saturday morning. This arrangement did not affect the Sabbath congregations in town or country, and accomplished, as we believed, more good. We had a fine set of preachers, as I remember. V. Smith, C. Hill, John Hough, Geo. Cummins and Safety Layton, labored with us effectively, in the gospel harness, and the "preacher's tent" was, as usual, a lively centre of theological discussion, and amusing anecdote. The last named preacher, brother "Safety," was rallied by his brethren, over a fervid pulpit appeal, he once made, saying, "Young men, repent and seek salvation now. Young ladies, fly, O fly to the arms of safety.'

At the second meeting we held at Forktown, I gave an interval, every afternoon, to a ladies' experience meeting, and finding a visiting sister, as I thoughts competent to conduct public exercised, I commissioned her to preach-This was a novelty at that period. The work had been going on so well, that we yielded to a general desire to continue the meeting over Sabbath. While we rested Saturday, she held an interesting meeting, and Sabbath, I had a Sacramental service, a love feast, received 30 on probation, and during our final march around the encampment, Bros. G. W. Covington and John Brinkley, both excellent local preachers, assisting me, there came on all present a tornado of power. In and around the stand they fell and while the "shout of a King was heard, sinners were awakened by scores, and many were afterwards converted, at the protracted meetings which immediately followed, at Forktown, Shad Point, and in the town of Salisbury.

of the Knights of Labor, Mr. Powderly such is the tendency of our itinerant system to cause men to swing in, and utters some exceedingly sound sentiments that will not, we believe, find ready swing out, and then to swing in again, acceptance in some quarters. He dewe ought to be but little startled, to see nounces boycotting in severe language, a fellow minister turning up anywhere, calling it unmanly and cowardly, and under the shining of the Methodist sun. cites cases, illustrating the way in which A good man, Dr. Todd, by going to it is used to further the ends of greedy Baltimore, opened the way for bro. and ambitious persons. Furthermore he Poulson to come here. He has a good speaks in the most unqualified manner appointment at Flushing, L. I., where in condemnation of the liquor traffic Rev. J. B. Quigg's sons edit and puband habit. The following passage is lish the Flushing Times. Prof. S. T. almost worthy of Mr. Gough: Ford, in company with Bro. Julius Dodd,

"To our drinking members, I extend also put in an appearance at the Conferthe hand of kindness. I hate the use to ence. Brooklyn is a great place for which rum has been put, but it is my n inisterial gatherings; and well it may duty to reach down and lift up the man be, for therein are to be found some of who has fallen a victim to the use of our strongest Methodist churches, both liquor. If there is such a man within numerically and financially. sound of the secretary's voice when this For a wonder, our community, which paper is read, I ask him to stand crect so largely consists of manufacturing peo-

arm, and the heart of measureless love!

C. M. PEGG. South Norwalk, May 16, 1886.

Here and There on Snow Hill District. REV A. WALLACE, D. D.

No. 55.

In my letter No. 54, alluding to the experience of the colored people, I had occasion to quote that Scriptural locality called the "wilderness of zin," but the typo, thinking I must have mistaken the word, made it sin. Another correction may as well be introduced here. It was Rev. Wm. Quinn, and not J. T. Hazzard, who was present at that love feast in Salisbury, and told me of the wish, expressed by Dr. Sammy Melson to Elder Henry White, that it would be better for them religiously, if "they were all

to start up a song of zeon to keep him off'!"

"Very good," I assented, and proceeded to turn right about, and get out of the woods.

Bro. Manship's nervousness, however was not allayed by the reflection, that we were lost, and that his hitherto reliable pilot, did not know which course to steer. At length, cold and hungry, we stopped at the outer gate of a new and comfortable looking house; but going towards the door, two dogs attacked us, and we retreated. Some one hearing the racket came out, and by good fortune, it happened to be Dr. Rider. At the door, to welcome the belated preachers, stood his wife. The moment she caught sight of my crest-fallen companion, she exclaimed,

"Why, it is Brother Manship!" on the floor of his assembly, raise his hand to heaven and repeat with me these words: "I am a Knight of Labor. In geonvulsed with labor troubles. How-She had been a friend and favorite of

## TRATAST METHODIST

## PENINSULA METHODIST, MAY 29, 1886.

The Sunday School. Jesus Feeding Five Thousand. SUNDAY, MAY 30, 1886. John 6: 1-21. LESSON FOR

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BY REV. W. O. HOLWAY, U. S. N.

[Adapted from Zion's Herald.] GOLDEN TEXT: "Jesus said unto them, J am the bread of life" (John 6: 35). I. FOLLOWED BY THE PEOPLE (1-3).

1. After these things-after what occurred (in our last lesson) at Bethesda, with the teachings that ensued, and after several events not recorded by John-among others, the murder of John the Baptist. Jesus went over (R. V., "went to the other side of") the sea of Galilee - not, of course, direct from Jernsalem. He had spent months, perhaps 's year, in Galilee since curing the impotent man at Bethesda. The Twelve had just returned from their first apostolic tour, and the toil of their journeys, together with the ominous news concerning the Baptist's death, led our Lord to try to withdraw with them into privacy for a season. They crossed from the neighborhood of Capernaum over to the northeastern part of the sea of Galilee. Sca of Tiberias-so called from a town on the west of the sea, built by Herod and named after the Emperor Tiberius. This inland lake or sea was also called "Gennesareth" by Luke

"The Sea of Galilee is about 12 miles long, and 5 or 6 broad, and is still celebrated for the purity and salubrity of its waters, and the abundance for its fish. It presents, indeed, a beautiful sheet of water in a deep depressed basin . . . Its position exposes it to gusts of wind."

2. A great multitude followed him.-Before He departed, so great was the multitude, and so pressing the demands for healing and teaching, that, according to St. Mark, there was "no leisure so much as to eat. He therefore got away from the people and departed with the disciples "privately" by boat. But the direction of the boat was noted, and the multitude set off along the shore, swarming around the northern horder of the lake; ,some of them reached the place, (some six miles away) as soon as the fugitives themselves. Because they saw his miracles (R. V., "beheld his signs").-There had been a sort of carnival of miracle on the western shore, so numerous had been the cures wrought; but the people were not sated. On them that were diseased-R. V., "on them that were sick."

3. Jesus went up into a (R. V., "the") mountain-climbed some hill or cliff near the landing-place probably. There he sat with his disciples - perhaps resting, perhaps teaching. But the respite was only a brief one. The sight of the multitude, which hourly increased, moved His compassion. He beheld them "as sheep having no shepherd," and at once began to teach them, and continued so to do, and to heal the sick, until "the day was now far spent" (see parallel accounts).

H. FEEDING THE PEOPLE (4-13).

4. And the passover . . was nigh-R. V., "Now the passover, the feast of the Jews, was at hand." This fast appears to be stated, to account for the multitude of people, who were passing down from the north towards Jerusalem, and were easily diverted, in their leisurely journey, by the fame and nearness of Jesus

5, 6. When Jesus then lifted up his eyes-R. V., "Jesus therefore lifting up his eyes.

bread for that multitude. The Roman denarius was a silver coin worth about fourteen cents: two hundred denarii would be almost \$30 in our currency, but equal to ten times that, in present purchasing value, since the denarius, or penny, was the usual day's wage of a laborer. Philip's reply went to show that it was practically impossible, from a money point of view, to feed the multitude

8, 9. Andrew . . . saith unto him .- According to Mark's account, our Lord inquired how much food there was on hand, probably that they might afterwards remember, from what a scant supply the great feast had been provided. A lad here-"perhaps a fisher lad, brought from the boat." Five barley loares-thin cakes or biscuit, which were usually broken when eaten, as our "crackers" are to-day. Two small (R. V., omits "small") fishes-doubtless the small variety, caught by thousands in the lake, about the size of sardines, and pickled, to be eaten with bread. What are they (R. V., "these") among so many?--- "a remark, preserved by the Fourth Evangelist alone, which we instinctively feel, gives to the whole the touch of truth and life."

"When we read that these five were barley loaves, we learn that, no doubt from voluntary choice, the fare of the Lord and His followers was the poorest. Indeed, barleybread was, almost proverbially, the mean-

10. Make the men sit down .- We learn from the parallel accounts that they were to recline in companies, probably of fifty or a hundred, each. In this grouping they could be supplied with case and quickness. Much grass .- the grass was "green," says Mark. It was in the spring. just before the Passover, the only season in the year when the grass is green and abundant in that locality: the summer sun scorches it. Men sat down . about five thousand. -Only the men were count ed; the women and children were all extra.

11. And Jesus took the loaves-R. V., "Jesus therefore took the loaves''-five of them, one for a thousand men! The multiplication apparently did not take place, until the distribution began. When he had given thanks -R. V., "having given thanks." In the parallel accounts He is said to have "blessed" the loaves; the meaning, however, is the same. Distributed to the disciples, and the disciples to them .- In R. V., simply "distributed to them;" from the other Gospels, however, we learn that the distribution was made through the disciples And likewise (R. V., "likewise also") of the fishes. -"The two fishes divided He amongst them all" (Mark 6: 41). The fishes were used as a "relish' with the bread. Apparently all did not care for them.

" 'There is that scattereth, and yet increas eth,"'' saith Solomon; yea, there is no man but increaseth by scattering. It is the grain thrown into the several furrows of the earth, which yields the rich interest unto the husbandman; that which is tied up in his sack. or heaped in his granary, decreaseth by keeping (Bishop Hall).

12. When they were filled-satisfied, every one cating as much as he wished. Gather up the fragments (R. V., "the broken pieces") -Nothing was to be wasted. "Wastefulness is wholly alien to the divine economy" It is utterly foolish and unprofitable to attempt to explain the rationale of this miracle. Its method was purposely veiled.

"He, who can produce a forest of oaks from a single acorn, and in one spawn of codfish brood of not less than three millions, six hundred and eighty-six thousand, seven hundred and sixty units of life, could be at no loss to condense, indefinitely, molecular action in time, and coincidently expand it in space."-"The Bible, so little in bulk, like the five barley loaves and two fishes -what thousands upon thousands has it fed, and will it feed, in every age, in every land of Christendom, till the world's end!" 13. Therefore they gathered them together-R. V., "so they gathered them up." Twelve baskets with the fragments (R. V. "the broken pieces")-a basket foa each of the twelve. "Evidently," says Whedon, "the miracle was performed upon the bread, and not upon the stomach." This collection of broken pieces showed conclusively the magnitude of the miracle-far more being left after teeding the host, than they had at first. HI. WITHDRAWING FROM THE PEOPLE (14, 15).15. Then these men, etc.-In R. V., the verse reads: "When therefore the people saw the sign which he did, they said, This is of a truth the prophet that cometh into the world;" the "Prophet like unto Moses," to whom they should hearken, who would rain manna from heaven. They had thought the Baptist was He; now they are sure they have found Him, in Jesus.

would come (R. V., "were about to come")-in their enthusiasm, and forcibly raise Him to the throne. Departed. -R. V., "withdrew." He first dismissed the apostles to go away by boat, and then dismissed the multitude (some of whom tarried, however, until morning), and afterwards Himself retired to the mountain to pray (see parallel accounts).

IV. WALKING ON THE SEA (16-21).

16, 17. When even was now come.-R. V., "when evening came." His disciples went down .- He had to use constraint to send them away (Matt.14: 22; Mark 6: 45). They did not like to leave Him alone with the people; and if anything was really going to happen, they wanted to be present. Entered into a ship (R. V., "boat")-the same, probably, in which they came. Went over the sea toward Capernaum-R. V., "were going over the sea into Capernaum." Mark says "to Bethsnida." Many commentators suppose that they were first to stop at Bethsaida and take Jesus in, after the multitude had departed. Was not come R. V., "had not yet come."

18, 19. The sea arose (R. V., "was rising")-one of those sudden storms so common in this lake, on account of its depth below the ocean level, and the conformation of the land-at the head of the lake," profound ravines and wild gorges, converging and acting like gigantic funnels to draw down the cold winds from the mountains" (Thomson). So when-R. V., "when therefore." They had rowed-"seeing them distressed in rowing" (Mark). They had only got over about three or four miles, by the "fourth watch of the night." They see (R. V., "behold") Jesus walking on the sea.—The fact is attested by three Evangelists, the method is inexplicable. Miracles cannot be reasoned about. Drawing nigh unto the ship (R. V., "boat") -Coming to their help just when they had reached the very limit of endurance, and were about to yield to the struggle. In Mark's account, we read: 'would have passed by them"—just as, with the disciples of Emmaus; "He made as though He would have gone further;" His purpose being to have them recognize Him, perceive His supernatural power, and invoke His aid. They were afraid.-According to parallel accounts, they thought they saw an apparition, and cried out with fear. There was something unearthly, weird, in that well-remembered Form, walking so calmly, where any other mortal form would have sunk instantly from sight.

"Their fears were highest when their Deliverer and deliverance were nearest."

20, 21. It is I; be not afraid .- His familiar voice dissipated their fears, and in give existence, at one point of time, to a good cheer." Then they willingly re- tender mother always; maternal instinct ceived him.-R. V., "they were willing therefore to receive him." Immediately-R. V., "straightway." Ship (R. V., "boat") was at the land whither they went miracle, or else a seeming one, because of the ease and swiftness with which the boat was brought to the haven after Jesus came.

## Bouth's Department.

## Harry's Sermon.

"Eddie," said Harry, "let's play at going to church, and I'll be the minister, and preach you a sermon"

"Well," said Eddic, "and I'll he the people."

So they, went up stairs together.

Harry set an old fire-screen up in front of him, by way of a pulpit, and thus began:

"My text is a very short and easy one-'Be kind.' There are some little texts in the Bible on purpose for little children, and this is one of them. These are the heads of my sermon,

"Firstly. Be kind to father, and don't make a noise when he has a headache. I don't believe you know what a headache is, but I do. I had one once, and I did'nt want to hear any one speak a word.

"Secondly. Be kind to mother, and don't make her tell you to do a thing. more than once; "It is time for you to go to bed," half dozen times over.

"Thirdly. Be kind to baby."

"You have left out 'Be kind to Harry. proke in Eddie, forgetting that he was he people.

"Yes," said Harry, "I don't mean to mention my own name in my sermons. I was saying be kind to little Minnie, and let her have your red soldier to play with, when she wants it.

"Fourthly. Be kind to Jane, and don't scream and kick, when she washes and dresses you."

Here Eddie looked a little ashamed, ind said

"But she pulled my hair with the comb.'

"People musn't talk in church," said Harry

"Fifthly. Be kind to kittie, and do what will make her purr, and don't do what will make her scratch and squall." "Isn't the sermon nearly done?" asked Eddie; "I want to sing;" and, without waiting for Harry to finish his discourse, or to give out a hymn, he began to sing, and so Harry had to stop; but it was a very good sermon after all.—Selected.

## When Girls Should Marry.

Before twenty a girl has hardly had the chance to receive the complete instruction from text books to which she has a right, to say nothing of the domestic education of the kitchen, the needle, the sick room; she has had little chance to learn anything of the world of human nature; she has intuitions, not experiences; she has lived more with dreams

## not to say Christian duty.

Charming wife and tender mother, as she may be, however, it is not to be doubted that when her education is more thorough and her experience more extended, she will be a nobler wife and a far better mother. She will have lost some softening trifle of the arrogance of youth; vanity, levity, love of admiration, will have been so chastened as not to play the part of death's heads at the feast; she will have learned self-sacrifice and forbearance; she will have acquired tact and discretion and the sacred art of silence; she will have become harmonious: and she will know how to order, as she did not know how before. Her knowledge will have opened avenues and outlooks, of which her family will have the advantage; her judgment will have ripened, her whole nature deepened; she will take life at a higher plane, and her husband and her children, her whole world and the generations to come, will have gained by the delay. If it where but for the sake of those generations to come, born of mothers full grown in mind as well as in body, the delay would be worth while. A young mother, with her children about her, is often a lovely sight; but as lovely a sight, in a different way, if not so touching and appealing, is the mother, to whom a few added years have given an immense added leverage, in the task of bringing her children up and lifting them to a higher level even than her own.-Harriet Prescott Spofford, in May Brooklyn Magazine.

### A Way to Settle Scandal.

Dr. M. D. Hodge tells us of two Christian men who "fell out." One heard that the other was talking against him, and he went to him and said : "Will you be kind enough to tell me my faults to my face, that I may profit by your Christian candor, and try to get rid of them?" "Yes sir," replied the other, "I will do it." They went aside, and the former said: "Before you commence telling what you think wrong in me, will you please bow down with me and let us pray over it, that my eyes may be opened to see my faults as you will tell them? You lead in the prayer." It was done, and when the prayer was over the man who had sought the interview said: "Now proceed with what you have to complain of in me." But the other replied : "After praying over it, it looks so little that it is not worth talking about. The truth is, I feel now that in going around talking against you, I have been serving the devil myself, and have need that you pray for me and forgive me the wrong I have done you." inspired immediate courage and joy. In and ideals than with realities. She may Dr. Hodge tells the story very well, and Mark we find, also, the words: "Be of make a charming wife at first, and a here and there, in almost every community is a man or woman who might profit by it.-Religious Herald.

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And saw a great company come unto him-R. V., "and seeing that a great multitude cometh unto him." Some had arrived as soon as He did; but the crowd kept coming until it was numbered by thousands. He saith unto Philip-perhaps because he happened to be nearest to Him for the moment; or because he lived in Bethsaida, and therefore knew the neighborhood; or because he needed this peculiar test. Whence shall we buy bread?-R. V. "Whence are we to buy bread? According to the parallel accounts, we learn that the disciples had become alarmed at the situation-so large a crowd of people, and so far from their homes, in such a lonely place and no provision for their wants-and that they came to Him as the day declined, and begged Him to dismiss the multitude, that they might go and seek food. He replied, "Give ye them to cat. The question asked of Philip may belong to this part of the conversation. This he said to prove himto see whether he had any thought of, or faith in, his Master interposing in behalf of the hungry multitude. The test, however, failed. Philip fell to calculating the cost of buying sufficient food, instead of reflecting, that He who had filled their nets with fish, when he called four of them to the discipleship, could as easily set a table in the wilder ness.

Our excellent friend, the devoted evangelist, Mr. K. A. Burnell, is now laboring, with good success, in connection with the Young Men's Christian Associatian in Southern California. Mr. H's plantation was a wild cattle range, now it is an exceedingly productive fruit farm. From the vicinity, one shipped for market. Mr. Burnell is

and solicitude taking the place of all the superiority that added years might have given. But she must stop there, taxed to the utmost; she has no time, nor (R. V., "were going")-either a second strength, and perhaps,-as incination grows by use,-no inclination, to read, to study, to keep pace with a husband's advance, or even to appreciate it. I will not say that when, in a few years, she has lost the appearance of youth, when she has no more a fresh color, and a smooth face; when a pretty toilette no longer becomes her, that the husband who continues to cherish her will take credit to himself for doing so; but it is He sends from his host, Mr. Daniel evident that she encounters the danger Holliday, some immense clusters of fine of this feeling on his part. Nor do I raisins. Fifteen years ago, the land of | think it an argument worth mentioning, that the woman early married is so moulded and bent to her husband's will, that clashing and incompatibility become hundred and fifty car loads, of ten tons impossible; because in marriage, the each, of Muscat raisins, with as many rights and sacrifices should be mutual, and will effectually drive them away from loads of oranges and lemons, have been | and I will not so insult the husband, as to suppose him unreasonable enough for joints of the bedstead in the spring cleaning quite captured by the rich flowers of the this moulding to be necessary, or selfish valley-the tuberoses, calla lilies, etc. enough, to wish thus to suppress individ-7. Two hundred pennyworth . . not sufficient. -It would take "a small fortune" to buy "Jesus therefore perceiving." They equal spiritual bloom.—Zion's Herald. uality, unable to find pleasure himself entire equal spiritual bloom.—Zion's Herald.

### Sririts of Turpentine.

This is one of the most valuable articles in a family, says the Scientific American, and when it has once obtained a foothold in a house, it is really a necessity, and could ill be dispensed with. Its medicinal qualities are very numerous; for burns it is quick application and gives immediate relief; for blisters on the hands it is of priceless value, searing down the skin and preventing soreness; for corns on the toes it is useful. and good for rheumatism and sore throats, and it is the quickest remedy for convulsions or fits. Then it is a sure preventive against moths; by just dropping a trifle in the bottom of drawers, chests, and cupboards, it will render the garments secure from injury during the summer. It keeps ants and bugs from closets and storerooms, by putting a few drops in the corners and upon the shelves; it is sure destruction to bedbugs their hunts, if thoroughly applied to the time, and injures neither furniture nor clothing. Its pungent odor is retained for a long time, and no family ought to be entirely out of a supply at any time of the

## Peninsula Methodist, PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY J. MILLER THOMAS, PUBLISHER AND PROPRIETOR.

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### WILMINGTON, DEL.

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No advertisements of an improper character puo-lished at any price. SgrMinisters and laymen on the Peninsula are requested to furnish items of interest connected with the work of the Church for insertion. All communications intended for publication to be addressed to the PENINSULA METHODIST, Wilmington, Del. Those designed for any particular number must

Def. Those designed for any particular humber must be in hand, the longer ones by Saturday, and the news items not later than Tuesday morning. All subscribers changing their post-office address chould give both the old as well as the new.

Entered at the post-office, at Wilmington, Del., a ond-class matter.

## "With What Body do They Come?" CONTINUED.

1. The identity of a human body cannot consist in the aggregate of all the particles of matter that ever entered into its composition; because (1) then no body would be complete till the instant of death: (2) the body unlike Christ's body would be colossal; and (3) according to science some at least of the same matter enters successively into the composition of other human bodies, and in the resurrection, the same matter would be needed for more than one body, at the same time.

2. Nor can the identity consist in the entirety of the matter in the body at any one stage of its existence, for unless that stage be the first, (and this is one with the germ theory) if death occur at any time previous to that, at which the identity becomes complete, the resurrection of the same body is an impossibility.

3. Nor can the identity consist in the entirety of the matter constituting the body at death; for as bodies are then very often imperfect and incomplete, it would follow that the resurrection body must be likewise imperfect; besides as before stated, the elements into which the body is resolved at death, enter into other bodies by the various processes of nature, and these different bodies cannot have the same matter at the same time.

The germ theory has no basis of actual experiment to rest upon; no analysis has ever detected it. If this germ be an ultimate atom, it must be like every other atom; and hence any atom would answer the purpose, as a nucleus of a resurrection, and this would bring us to Whately's theory. The germ theory advocates, the doctor argued, entirely misapprehend St. Paul, in the fifteenth chapter of his first letter to the Corinthians. The analogy on which the theory rests fails in the fact that the germ of wheat must be a live one, but the body to be raised has no life in it, but is dead : the wheat germ is easily destroyed, but the human germ, on this theory is indestructible : the wheat germ expands, not into a new grain of wheat, but into roots and stalk and the ear full of a multitude of grains; while the human germ is only to expand into another like the one of which it is now the core; lastly, the wheat germ never climbs the future stalk and enters into any future grain of wheat; the new grain is not a

identical with the parent seed. Besides, we are not conscious of any such immutable germ. In what then does the identity of the

body consist? Not in the matter, but in the manner in which the matter is arranged, to com-

pose each body; each human body being constructed after a pattern peculiar to itself. As a house is the same house, whatever changes of material there may be, provided it is constructed after the same pattern, as a Mosaic picture, is the same picture, however you may remove the gems of which it is composed, replacing them with others identical in form and color, and nature; so these human bodies forever changing, are forever the same, because the Great De-

signer arranges these changing particles of matter after the same pattern, peculiar to each individual soul. This peculiar arrangement identifies that body, and distinguishes it from all others; and it follows that, if the same body is to rise in the resurrection, it is only necessary that that resurrection body have all the characteristics that distinguish the body here from all others. It need only be a body made of common materials, as in the original creation, but made after the peculiar pattern, distinguishing it from all others. Paul's reasoning involves a germ the ory, but not the one usually attributed

to him. There is a germ in the present body, that is the germ of the future, a resurrection body; that is not a material germ, but a spirit. As the wheat grows from the living germ in the buried grain, so the resurrection body will spring from the life germ, which was once the core of the body, but which, at

death, returned to God who gave it, Though it will be the same body, it will be greatly changed. We know a little of the possibilities of the transformation of matter here, the wondrous change of water into steam, of carbon into the diamond, and lime into the calcium light. In the earthly life of Him who is the resurrection and the life, we have some intimations of the glory possible to a human body, as when his person became so gloriously luminous on the holy mount, or when he walked the waters of Galilee, or entered the presence of the disciples when the doors were shut. "We know not what we shall be, but we know, that when he shall appear, we shall be like him. for we shall see him as he is."

We call attention to the substantial progress, our zealous and indefatigable brother A. D. Davis is making in Accomac Our readers will read with interest his letter in another column, and among them we hope will be found some, who will crave the privilege of sharing his financial burdens. He is there by Episcopal appointment, according to conference resolution, to do for the salvation of the people of that part of the Peninsula, Methodism. Let Bro. Davis and his sympathies and prayers and in material aid, as they push the battle to the gates. work.

we think, might result in an adjustment that would secure the object desired by the college, without involving any sacrifice of proper self-respect on the part of

the students. It must be apparent to any candid mind that a College Review, cannot be allowed to be entirely independent of college authority. Supervision in some form, accountability in some way, is indespensible. The only question is as to the most satisfactory methods. We shall hope to see the Review, clear the breakers, and sail prosperously for years to come.

### Easton District.

Our friends will find in this issue, a full and interesting report, by the secretary, of the proceedings of the Preachers, at their recent Association, in Millington, Md. Their enthusiastic response to the friendly overtures from Richmond, does them credit, as jealous of the Master's seamless robe. We hope our worthy brother, who wields so mighty a scepter from the tripod of the "Great Official," will appreciate the endorsement these excellent brethren give him, for his 'timely and wise utterances" on the perils of the times. Happily the terrible apprehen sions that so excited our brother, have not been justified by the events. The years of faithful gospel preaching have not been so fruitless in leavening the masses, that the disaffected malcontents, who fear not God, nor man, should be able to lead them to accept their wild and revolutionary vagaries, and follow them in their attempts to overturn society. Every man who values his own, is necessarily an Anti-anarchist.

CORRECTION .- 1. In Bro. Otis' interesting sketch of Elkton Methodism, the name of John Sharpley's colleague, in 1816, appears, as E. Scott. It should have been, E. Stout. This young man of seventy years ago, became a successful and highly respected minister of the gospel, who did good service for the cause for many years. Five of his children are still living; two daughters residing in the homestead in Salem, N. J.; one son, a successful physician and liberal supporter of the church in Berlin, N. J.; another son, an official member of the church in Northeast, Md., and a third daughter, the wife of Rev. Dr. Stokes, president of the Ocean Grove Camp Meeting Association-all devoted members of the church of their parents.

THE UNION OF THE CHURCHES, by John H. Brunner, D. D. of the Holston Conference, M. E. Church South, and President of Hiwasse Collegee, East Tennessee. This is certainty a timely book, as well as a book for the times. It is a plea for the re-union of the two great bodies of Episcopal Methodism, that separated forty two years ago, and is written con amore. Graphically describing the evils, attendant upon the what he may be able, under the flag of inevitable conflict of two rival Methodthe Methodist Episcopal Church. Like isms in the same localities, and deploring the rest of the Peninsula, these counties the fatal effects of the same, upon the are sacred by the memories of old time outside world, Dr. Brunner makes a strong appeal to every lover of Jesus in associates have hearty support, in our both churches, to seek after the things that make for peace. His resume of the history of the separation, with striking If thought best, we shall be glad to quotations from the utterances of leadreport in the PENINSULA METHODIST, ing men of both churches, is very any donations that may be made to this | interesting and suggestive reading. Citing the second resolution of the Lougrain of wheat; the new grain has its own new germ; yet this theory requires that the germ of the puried body shall be the nucleus of the ine accessfully weathered the buried body shall be the nucleus of the rise nody. The new grain is identical with the earner for some four or five years. We in the same way of common materials, and having the same properties. Paul says, while the grain you sow rots in the ground, God weaves. of a common ma-terial above the ground, another grain, isville convention of 1845; he shows

earnest and persistent in its advances toward fraternity and union, with the church South. We bespeak for this valuable work, a very general circulation. It bears the imprint of Philips and Hunt, and Cranston and Stowe, price \$1.25.

## One Episcopal Methodism, Not Yet.

Our joy at the movement in the Southern General Conference, looking toward re-union, is somewhat moderated, by the debate and final action had, upon the proposition of Dr. Chapman. The committee having reported adversely, Dr. Chapman offered an amendment looking to "some plan of Methodist comity and co-operation in all missionary fields both at home and abroad." When a motion to lay this amendment on the table was lost by a vote of 124 to 49, Bishop Keener, true to his attitude of opposition to union, taken sixteen years ago, took the floor, and earnestly opposed the proposition as implying that the missions of the Southern Church were not successful, A very animated debate followed, in which it appeared, that even Dr. Chapman himself was not ready for organic union. The amendment was lost by a vote of 87 to 106.

SABBATH OBSERVANCE.--- A large congregation of representative Christians assembled in Hanover Presbyterian Church, Wilmington, Del., Tuesday the 20th inst., to promote the movement, inaugurated by the city clergy, to arrest the progress of Sabbath desecration in this community. An excellent address was delivered by Rev. Thomas A. Fernley Secretary of the Philadelphia Sabbath Association, and measures were adopted, looking to the enforcement of Sabbath laws, and the awakening of public attention to the importance of the subject.

We call attention to Rev. R. W. Todd's advertisement, for agents to canvass for his new work on Peninsula Methodism, to appear the first of June.

A postal from bro. England announces that, for the convenience of the Dover District pastors, as well as for that of the friends in Seaford, the meeting of the Association is postponed from June 14th to June 21st. It is desired that brethren give notice to the Seaford pastor as soon as possible if they can attend. Bro. England will secept our thanks for his cordial invitation. We hope to have a representative of the PENINSULA METHODIST present.

Tower House, Ocean Grove, N. J. appears in our advertising columns this week. There is little doubt Peninsula Methodists will go to this favorite senside resort, in increasing numbers. We hope our friends will give Mrs. Goodnow a trial.

Our readers will please take notice that we have opened a Book Store in connection with the PENINSULA METHonist, and are ready to supply our pa45 of our last Minutes. We are inclined to think, it is the fault of the publish ers of the Minute, cand not of those who offered the resolution.

Having written the preamble myself I know it to be a misprint; the resolution is as apt to be so, as the preamble. The following is the way it should read .-

Whereas, The last General Confer. ence provided for the taking of the collections for the educational Fund and Children's Fund, on Children's Day therefore,

Resolved. That hereafter the Child. ren's Day collections be equally divided between the Education and Children's Fund, to pay the interest on the endow. ment subscription to the Conference Academy.

We admit that the resolution itself might be more explicit; but considering the haste in which it was written, and the ability of the brethren to interpret it, in the light of paragraph 262 § 7 of our discipline, it is probably sufficient. W.

Ho! For the Association!

Brethren intending to take the steamer at Snow Hill for Onancock, to attend the Preachers' Association, and who do not desire to "get left," are hereby notified that said steamer leaves that point at 6 A. M., instead of 9, as stated in a circular letter issued by Rev. J. A. B. Wilson our Presiding Elder. It is doubtless an inadvertence. Let us all be in time, and go without fail.

R. W. TODD.

## PERSONAL.

Revs. N. M. Browne and R. C. Jones made a flying trip to Baltimore, last week, and enjoyed the privilege of hearing the great evangelists Sam Jones and Sam Small. They report most favorably of the men and their work, and state that they are endorsed by Christian people of that city of the highest respectability among whom are leading ministers of the Protestant Episcopal, Presbyterian and other churches.

Rev. J. P. Otis, pastor of the M. E. Church Elkton, Md. was given a genuine surprise donation party, last Friday evening, His congregation came upon him about one hundred and fifty strong, a little after eight o'clock and took entire possession of the parsonage. The pastor and his family were the recipients of many presents, and the pastoral larder was bountifully supplied with both the luxuries and necessities of life. Mr. Otisis both an excellent preacher and an excellent pastor, and it is as proper as it is natural that his people should hold him in especial and universal regard. The evening was spent in conversation and vocal music, intermingled with choice refreshments.- E.c.

Rev. B. F. Price, pastor of Madely M. E. Church, Wilmington has just returned from a delightful visit to friends on Kent Island, and at Royal Oak.

Rev. E. H. Nelson and wife have been visiting in Federalsburg, their former home. The first Quarterly Meeting, of the Wilmington Auxiliaries of the W. F. M. Soiciety, will be held in Grace Church, Tuesday afternoon, June 1st at 3 o'clock. Miss Bridden, Superintendent of one of the homes for homeless women in India, will be present and address the meeting. She is of missionary stock, was born in India; her father was for many years in charge of the missions for Lepers. The work and the women she represents are seldom heard from. We ask for her a large attendance.

trons and the public generally, with religious publications at publishers' prices, especially the issues of our own Book Concern. We shall keep on hand a full assortment of plain and fancy stationery.

The annual meeting of the Brandywine Summit camp-meeting association will be held on the camp ground on

C. C. B. Our Book Table. THE CHAUTAUQUAN for June shows a fine THE CHAUTAUQUAN for June shows a lac-list of contributors. Among them are: Hou-Francis Wharton, Dr. D. A. Goodsell. Susan Hayes Ward, Dr. Henry Calderwood, C. F. Holder, Hon, T. B. Reed, Edward Everett Hale, Clarence Cook, Felix Oswald, G. Brown Goode, and many other well-known names.

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## Easton District Preachers' Association,

Cenvened in its sixth session, in Millington, Md., Tuesday, May 18th, at 10.45 a. m.; devotional services by Bro. T. E. Terry ; after which Bro. J. France, Presiding Elder, took the chair, and the order of business was taken The Association took action, by which all brethren holding appointments on the District, were constituted members. All visiting brethren were invited to take part in the discussions. The attendance was larger than at any of our former meetings, some thirty of the ministers being present. Bro. R. K. Stephenson gave a hearty ad-

dress of welcome which was greatly enjoyed by all. The ladies had taken such pains to decorate their handsome church with flowers, in honor of our coming, so extensively and beautifully, that the whole audience room seemed to say "welcome." Bro. T. L. Tomkinson, whose intimate acquaintance with the people, fully qualified him for the task, responded.

Bro. J. France then gave us a clear and concise exposition of "The relation of the Presiding Elder to the work of his District. A pleasant feature of this session, was the

report of the work by the several pastors. These exercises were traught with pleasure and profit, especially to the younger members, who received excellent suggestions and comforting advice; the value of which it is hard to compute.

Each session was opened by enjoyable devotional services, consisting of song, reading of the Word, and prayer. The music was greatly enhanced by the skill and kindness of Prof. Robinson, who remained with us during the entire session.

While the pastors were reporting, the subject of the re-union of the Methodist Episcopal Church-South with the Parent church. was mentioned, and elicited a warm response from all the association; J. B. Quigg offering the following:

"Resolved, That we hail with gratitude to God the indications in favor of a re-united Methodist Episcopal church, in the recent action of the General Conference of the M. E. Church-South; and earnestly hope and pray, that this movement may meet the heartiest response from our church, in all its official bodies, and ministerial and lay membership."

This resolution was adopted enthusiastically by a rising vote ; and the whole assembly-for all joined in the voting-united with Bro. T. E. Terry in singing,

"Together let us sweetly live,

- Together let us die,
- And each a starry crown receive, And reign above the sky.'

Bros. Quigg, Adams and Hutchin, were appointed a committee to consider the propriety of telegraphing our action to the General Conference, now in session at Richmond, Va.

On the question, "What is the duty of the Church in the present labor troubles?" Bro. J. B. Quigg made the first and principal address, and advocated measures which, as he admitted, were revolutionary. Bro. Quigg's address elicited a lively discussion, in many thrilling and earnest speeches.

Bro, W. H. Hutchin offered the following resolution which was unanimously adopted:

"Resolved, That the editorial utterances of the Christian Advocate, concerning the labor troubles in our country, have been timely and wise."

The question of a District Sunday-school institute, introduced by Bro

right of appeal. The lawyer of the association claimed, that the civil courts would grant damages, to any minister so located. Decidedly pleasant was the essay, "The deference due our older ministers, in the ad-

justment of the appointments," by Bro. J. M. Lindale. For discriminating thought and breadth of sentiment, it was certainly superior

Some good speeches, clear and discriminating, particularly the one by Bro. T. R. Creamer, were made on the resolution, "that the church is justifiable in espousing a form of temperance work, that necessarily leads to political attiliations." Bro. Quigg defended the resolution in an earnest speech,

The question, "What is the best plan for Secretary McCabe's visit to the District, as requested by Conference action, was taken up in connection with our general Benevolent work, and discussed by Bros. J. France, R. H. Adams, J. B. Quigg, J. D. Rigg, T. O. Ayres, J. O. Sypherd. Bro. Rigg showed what an advantage came, from the publication in the Conference Minutes, of the names of the contributors to the missionary cause, and how many of the leading conferences were going back to that plan. Many excellent suggestions were made as to general benevolent work; but no plan for the chaplain's visit was settled upon.

The following resolution of thanks was adopted by a rising vote.

'Resolved that the thanks of this association are due, and are hereby tendered to the kind people of Millington, who have shown their hospitality in opening their homes for our entertainment; to the trustees, for the use of their comfortable and elegant church; to the pastor, for his brotherly attention during our meeting; to the ladies for their beautiful floral decorations; to the presiding oflicer, for his courtesy to all the speakers; to the visiting brethren, for their words of cheer and wisdom; and to Prof. Robinson, for his valuable services at the organ."

An essay, "Science and Religion," was read by A. S. Mowbray,

The discussion of the resolution "that a preacher who neglects to leave the records of his charge in proper order should be reported to conference by his successor." was somewhat shortened, by the approach of the closing hour.

Bro. J. D. Rigg was elected Vice President, and A. S. Mowbray, Secretary and Treasurer. The place and time chosen for the next meeting, were Trappe, Md., and the third Tuesday and Wednesday in May, 1887. Pastors of Trappe, Easton and Oxford, were appointed curators, with the following instructions:

1. To provide preaching, for the evening before the association, and for the first evening of the meeting.

2. To put no more than two questions for discussion, on the programme, for any one

3. To provide that the pastors' reports be limited to three minutes, each. It was manifest during the meeting, that

the brethren felt such work to be exceedingly pleasant and profitable. The people of the town attended well, and showed much interest in the discussions.

THE SECRETARY.

A Letter from Rev. A. D. Davis. DEAR BROTHER THOMAS:-The new M. E. Church in Hunting Creek Neck, Accomac County, Va., will be dedicated

D. V. next Sabbath, May 30th, Bro. J. B. Quigg will preach at 10 A. M. and Bro. C. A. Grice at 2.30 P. M. Bro. Grice had taken the preparatory steps last year, to build this church. We commenced work on it, the week follow-W. Wilson. ing my arrival, and will have it finished for dedication, in less than eight weeks from commencement. It is a nice plain structure, after the fashion of No 1. A, of our Church Extension plans, 24x32. In order to save this important appointment from going into other hands, I made my self individually responsible for \$200. Brothers Grice and our Presiding Elder cussion. have generously joined me in this responsibility. Wont some of your readers be so generous as to forward to my address, Parksley Va., some contributions to help relieve us of this burden. If your people fully realized, as we do, the importance of this Virginia work, I am quite sure they would contribute liberally to help make it a success. I have purchased the Bishop Mallalien Taber-W. Wilson. nacle, and am ready for an aggressive campaign against the hosts of sin, and desire the prayers of all the friends of Jesus upon the facts, were of different opinions, as to the justice of the law, that locates a min-and especially of the contributors to Onancock, Va., at once, whether you

ister without a formal trial, and without a the tabernacle fund, that many souls expect to attend. Expenses will be may be converted in it, as the weeks and months roll on. Parksley Va.

The Salisbury District Preach-ers' Association, Will convene at Onancock, Va., Monday, May 31st., 1886.

MONDAY, 2.30 P. M.

Sermon by Rev. R. W. Todd. to be followed with sacrament of the Lord's supper.

TUESDAY, 8.30 A. M. Prayer Meeting, conducted by R. Watt.

Address of Welcome, C. A. Grice; Response, B. C. Warren.

"Conversion of Children," W. W. W. Wilson.

"How shall the Church best meet her Responsibility for the Religious Training of her children and Youth?" A. T. Melvin, E. H. Derrickson, C. S. Baker, S. N. Pilchard, W. B. Guthrie, and W. R. Mowbray.

Essay on Music, W. B. Gregg.

"Does the average Church Choir promote Spiritual Worship, and how may the Choir be improved?" O. S. Walton, E. H. Miller, W. R. McFurlane, J. T. Prouse, F. C. Mc.Sorley.

TUESDAY, 2 P. M

Devotional Services, R. Irving Watkins.

"How to win souls for Christ." A. D. Davis.

"Is the Methodist Episcopal Church of God, on Salisbury District? If not, how may she be influenced and inspired so to do? I. G. Fosnocht, G. W. Wilcox, W. P. Taylor, D. F. Waddell, and J. A. B. Wilson.

"Popular objections to the Truth, and how the pulpit should meet them. Robt. Watt.

"The Christian Church and Popular Amusements; such as the Agricultural Fair, the Skating Rink, the Circus, &c." Paper by W. B. Walton, followed by general discussion in short speeches.

Children's meeting, conducted by F. C. McSorley. Programme of addresses and music, to be arranged by special committee, to be appointed at the opening session.

TUESDAY, 7.30 P. M.

Devotional Services, W. T. Valliant. Literary Essay, "What's the Mater?" J. D. C. Hanna.

"What principles should govern in making ministerial appointments in the Methodist Itinerancy?" Paper by J. A. B. Wilson, followed by general discussion.

WEDNESDAY, 8.30 A. M. Devotional Exercises. W. E. Avery. What is the Scripture Doctrine of Christ's Millennial Reign? W.G. Koons, J. H. Howard, W. L. P. Bowen, J. W. Gray and B. C. Warren.

"The Pauline Philosophy of Heathen Responsibility, and of Christian Mis-sions." R. W. Todd.

"Pulpit Plagiarism." W. F. Cork-

ran, followed by general discussion.

equalized, so that cost of travel will be WILMINGTON DISTRICT-FIRST QUARTER. the same to all attending. By a resolu-Asbury, St. Paul's, tion of the Association adopted last May, brethren who cannot attend, are re-St. Georges Delaware City, quested to send a contribution toward New Castle, the expenses of the Association. Red Lion,

R. W. Topp, A. D. DAVIS, S.N. PILCHARD, )

A class of 30 probationers, including on e by certificate, were received into full membership on Sunday morning last at Mt. Salem M. E. Church; 13 others have been recommended. 3 have removed, and 6 out of a class of 52 have been discontinued. Those received and recommended embrace some of the best people of the community.

Newark, Md., Rev. E. H. Derrickson, pastor: Work on this circuit progressing finely; congregations improving, Sunday School preparing for Children's Day. Poplar is having a flourishing singing school, taught by Prof. Nicholson of Pittsville, the effects of which will be appreciated, in Sunday School and general church work.

H. S. Dulany, pastor of Holland's Island writes:-We are happy to report Holland's Island still on the line of improvement. One of our devoted Methodist brethren, Peter H. Parks has donated a choice lot for a parsonage adjoining his own pleasant and attractive home on the Bayside. Capts. W. C. Bennett, Jno. W. Wilson, and W. C. McCoy of our building committee have contracted for a six room dwelling with hall and porch, at a marvellously low figure, and we hope to have it ready for our occupancy in about six weeks. Among the things talked of, is a campmeeting for Deal's Island, and should this come to pass, we shall be on the lookout for heaven.

Capt. W. U. Grant Parks and Miss Ella Shelton of Fairmount, were united in marriage the 11th. inst., at the home of the groom, by Rev. Dr. Bryan, school examiner of Dorchester Co. The Dr. was fortunate, happening here once before on a like occasion. A boat had started for Rev. J. D. C. Hanna, but failed to reach its destination, by running aground.

The weather has been quite cool, but very pleasant. Preparation is being made for the capture of taylor trout and crocus. Our people having been so liberal in material things, we pray that showers of spiritual blessings may fall on them right speedily.

DECORATION DAY SERVICE - Rev. R. C. Jones will preach in Mt. Salem M. E. Church Sunday, the 30 inst., at 10.30 A. M., to Admiral S. F. DuPont Post, No. 2, Grand Army of the Republic. He has been requested, as chaplain of the post, to deliver a sermon on that occasion. As Chaplain of "The Department of Delaware," he desires that there shall be a good attendance from all the posts of the eity.

The T. A. Smyth Post No. 1, G. A. R. will attend the Union M. E. Church, Wilmington, Del., tomorrow, (Sabbath), at 10.30 a. m. when the pastor, Rev. A. Stengle will deliver a discourse appropriate to Decoration Day.

VINCENT-GOSLEY.-Near Delmar Del.

FIRMAN-VINCENT.-Near Delmar, Del.,

Baker,

Snow Hill, Md

### CHAS. RELL, P. E. Curators. EASTON DISTRICT--CHEST QUARTER. ppe, May 30-31 Trappe, Oxford, Royal Oak, Michaels Bayside and Tilgham, Middletown. Townsend, J. FRANCE, P. E. FIRST QUARTER. DOVER DISTRICT. Scaford, Galestown. Cannon's Crossing, Bridgeville, Greenwood, Farmington, Houston, Harrington,

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In the country churches, and where else desired the Quarterly Conferences will be opened with preaching. When practicable, the brethren will confer a favor on the undersigned, by arranging for meetings on all the vacant nights he is with them, in the inter-est of Temperance, W. F. M. Bible, or any other work to be served this first quarter. JOHN A. B. WILSON, P. E.

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Conce ning the improvements of our charch's the frescoing of the audience room renders the most effective part Mr. Nicholas Goldberg of our c ty is a specialist in this line excelled by none. Many M. E. chu che-weich he has fr scoed in Wilming-ton, and in the states of Delaware and Maryland, show the beauty of his work. He will furnish sketches in colors in every style, and estimates, without extra charge. His prices are moderate Address N. F. Gold-berg, Wilmington Del.

REFERENC S. Wilmington, Del.-Union M. E. Church, Calvary P. E. Clurch, Olivet Presbyter an Church, German Lutheran, Madely Chapel. Scott Sunday School, Asbury M. E. Churoh, Institute Library and Lecture Room, Ezion M. E. Church and Sunday School.

PENINSULA-Grace Episcopal Church, Bran-dywine hundred, M. E. Church, Cambridge, E. Church, Centreville, and M. Church, Hillsboro, M. P. Church, Easton, M. P. Church, Middletown, M. E. Church, Trappe, M. E. Church, Still Pond, Ebenezar M. E. Church, Routhsbury, M. E. Church, Newark, M. E. Church, Rock Hall, M. E. Church, Felton Del., Presbyterian Church, Glasgow, Del.

> H. ARTHUR STUMP ATTORNEY AT LAW. 35 ST. PAUL STREET, BALTIMORE

Marriages.

May 20th, 1886, by Rev. C. S. F. Vincent and Mary F. Gosley.

Quarterly Conference Appoint-

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measuring up to her opportunities for Bishop Mallalieu, as he expressed such a deextending and strengthening the cause sire to visit our little Island, before going to

referred to a committee, whose report was adopted, as following:

"In view of the demands upon the time and means of the brethren, it is our judgment, that one such gathering on the Distriet during the year, is all that will be practicable. We would name Greensboro, as the place, and the third Wednesday and Thursday in September, as the time, for this meeting; and that Bros. H. S. Thompson, W. H. Hutchin and W. F. Harman be a committee to prepare an order of exercises for said Institute."

The camp meeting question was discussed under the following resolution:

Resolved. That because of consequent and inevitable Sabbath desecration, modern camp meetings are positively demoralizing to communities where they are held, and damaging to the cause of religion. Bros. Ayers, Stephenson and VanBurkalow, showed how the resolution was a picture of the average Peninsula camp, while Bros. Quigg, Adams, and Creamer set forth the perfections of Ocean Grove and Brandywine Summit.

On the question, "Does the M. E. Church deny to a preacher, located without his consent, the right of trial and appeal?" Many important facts both of history and law were brought out; but the brethren, while agreed

"In what, if in any respect, could the office and duties of Presiding Elder be modified with advantage to the Metho-dist Episcopal Church?" T. H. Harding, W. B. Walton, J. D. C. Hanna, W. W. WEDNESDAY, 2.30 P. M.

Devotional Exercises, S. N. Pilchard. "Modern Faith Curcs," J. W. Easley, followed by general discussion.

"What are the elements essential to Ministerial success?" H. S. Dulaney, W. W. Johnson, R. I. Watkins, E. S. Mace. "The Intermediate State and Place," W. E. Avery, followed by general dis-

WEDNESDAY, 7.30 P. M. Religious Services, W. F. Corkran. Temperance Mass Meeting. General pening remarks on, The Temperance jucstion, the Live and Leading Issue of the Day, A. D. Davis. "The threatening Aspects of the Organized Liquor In-terest," J. D. C. Hanna. "The Success of Prohibition, and the follies and wrongs of License, High or Low," J. A. B Wilson. "Relations and Duties of Christians to the Great Reform," W. W.

It is greatly desired that all the pas-tors of Salisbury district attend this meeting. Please write Rev. C. A. Grice,

May 20th, 1886, by Rev. C. S. Baker, Fay S. Firman and Lizzie Vincent. TINGLE-FIGGS.-At Delmar, Del., May 20th, 1886, by Rev. C. S. Baker, Elisha Tingle and Viola Figgs. HADDOCK-MASON. - May 20th, 1886, by Rev. E. H. Derrickson, Isaac Haddock and Mamie Mason, both of Worcester, Md. Agents Wanted "METHODISM OF THE PENINSULA." This Book will be out by the first of June - Wellage sure of it: "No such book has Dr. Wallace says of it: No such book has yet appeared in the prolific domain of Methodist authorship. From the examination given its racy pages, I predict that it will meet with marvelous success." After reading the proof sheets, preparatory to writing the Introduction, Bishop Hurst says of it: It is most excellent; I am more than plensed." Ministers and others desiring to act as agents, will be supplied at the usual discount. Retail price of book \$1.50. For terms and territory, address the author, R. W. TODD,

N B. Ministers who subscribed for the

book at Conference, or who will now do so

P: actices also, in Cecil County Courts, with Post Office at Perryville for Cecil County business.



Fall Term opens Sepf. 10. Three Courses : the Classical, the Latin Scientific, and the Modern Language Facilities of every kind Modern Language. racintus of every sind improved --new Buildings, enlarged Faculty, and increased resources. Tuition by schol-arship, \$6.25 a year; to sons of ministers, free, Expenses of living exceptionally low.

free, Expenses of living exceptionally low, The Preparatory School, by giving ex-clusive attention to the requirements for admission, saves time and cost in preparing for College. For Catalogue, or desired information, address

J. A. McCAULEY, D. D. President.

PROF. S. T. FORD, PUBLIC READER. 260 W. 21st STREET, NEW YORK. TOWER HOUSE, Webb Avenue, Ocean Gtove, Beautifully situated, one block and a half from the ocean, three minutes' walk to the hatbing ground: Artesian water, sewer con-nection, Permanent or transient guests taken. Beautiful view from tower. Terms moderate. Mrs. A. GOODNOW. 21-29

will receive their copy, by mail; post paid, as soon as published, by remitting to the author, one dollar and twelve cents. R. W. TODD,

- 22

## Southern General Conference. sight, I had ever looked upon. What

Methodism, composed of an equal number of lay and clerical members met for its Petersburg there are 270 delegates here, tenth Quadrennial session, in Richmond, on a narrower basis of representation. Va., Wednesday, May 5th. The five surviving Bishops, McTeivre, Keener, Wilson, Granberry and Hargrove were present. Of them. Dr. Fitzgerald says:

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"The Bishops were all present at the opening of the General Conference, and took part in the opening services. Time has left its impression upon the seniors of the Episcopal college, and sickness and toil have told upon some of the juniors. The absence of the four who have died-Bishops Paine, Kavanaugh, Pierce, and Parker-lent a sad solemnity to the | the Missouri in Montana-a faithful and | did forty years ago." services."

Dr. Bledsoe uttered words of heartiest welcome and kindly greeting, and expressed the plensure of the committee of entertainment, that so many of the wives geles, in California; another from Ariof delegates had accompanied their husbands to the Conference. The following touching allusions were made to the deceased Bishops :

"During the last quadrennium, four of our Bishops have finished their work and gone to their reward. Their experience, and their wisdom, and their faith, and their consecration are a part of our heritage; and their glorified spirits are part of that incorruptible treasure, which we are from year to year laving up, at God's right hand in heaven. They have only been transferred to higher and grander spheres of glory and activity. They have laid aside the silver trumpet, at the well-known sound of which, the fortresses of sin trembled and the heart of the Church has been thrilled with delight and joy, and have taken up the praise of Him, to whose service they consecrated their lives while upon earth. They are not here to receive this welcome, but they have been welcomed in the temple above by Him who says, "Well done, good and faithful servants:" and though their lights may have gone out here in part, yet

They shine in the light of God, His likeness stamps their brow; Through the valley of death their feet have

trod. But they shine in glory now

Bishop McTyeire responded:

Dr. Bledsoe and Brothers of Richmond. In the name of the General Conference, I thank you for your hearty welcome to Richmond and to Virginia. We are glad to find ourselves here, among people proverbial for hospitality, and in a city that is so rich in historical associations of the Church, as well as of the State.

Virginia first heard the gospel according to Methodism from that model missionary, Robert Williams. I wish we could find his grave, and help build a monument over it. In Dinwiddie he met the evangelical Jarratt, and had his co-operation in the great awakening that blessed their labors. Asbury's soul

This representative body of Southern do I see to-day? Instead of the ninety men who made up that Conference at We have extended on the north to Baltimore, and southward down to Mexico. We have an Illinois Conference, from which delegates reported here.

In that General Conference Texas had only two delegates; in this, thirty-sixrepresenting 100,000 members.

Forty years ago, there was but a narrow strip of country west of the Mississippi represented in General Conference; but a man answered to his name this valiant soldier of the cross; another from the valley of the Columbia in Oregon; and another from the Sacramento Valley, and one from Los An-Mexico. We are now covering a region of country, and men are here represent-

ing it, that was hardly known to us on the map, forty years ago. God has enlarged our borders; God has blessed From the New York Times our labor; God has increased our responsibility. I pray that this return to the Old Dominion may revive the spirit that laid the foundation of Methodism in Virginia, and has sent out its blessing to parts of our connection.

### ITEMS.

THE HEALTHFULNESS OF DISHwASHING .- There is no such certain cure for a poor circulation; the constant and varied exercise with the hands in hot water, sends the blood to the extremities before it. A young lady who is an enare never so supple as on Monday morning, when she has a pan of hot water brought into the sunny breakfast room, keeping.

me what would you think, if your wife left you to take care of the house You would be horrified at the idea, but let me tell you, my friend, vice is never respectable because it wears breeches.

The Rev. Dr. Howard Crosby, of New York, noted for his moderation of views, has written a pastoral letter to the mem- where the grand sweep of the H n this, for the demorali

Dr. Theodore Cuyler said: "To my person sonal knowledge, the greatest man in modern Germany is a Christian, and Gladstone, perhaps the most powerful intellect of modern times, stands side by side with Bismarck in this respect. With my own eyes 1 have seen Mr. Gladstone kneel by the side of a common street sweeper, and pray for the salvation of his soul. I know of no grander sight than the premier of England, and the leading statesmen of the world, kneeling by

the side of a common street sweeper, and pouring forth his eloquent appeal to God in behalf of his humble brother."

The Rev. Dr. Theodoric Prvor, father of Gen. Roger A. Pryor, is in his eighty-first year, and in the fifty-fourth year of his ministry. It is said "he preaches with as much morning who lives at the head-waters of frequency, fastness, fluency and force as he

David Sinton, Ohio's richest man, is a Scotch Irishman, and grew up around the big iron mills of Pittsburg. He began business as a clerk in a country store, at \$1 a month: then was a clerk in a blast furnace, zona, and one from Colorado. And we afterward manager, and at last, half owner. have even a few delegates hailing from He is worth \$12,000,000, and gives largely to public charities.

What a Business Man Thinks of the Pennsylvania Limited

"I have just finished one of the pleasantest railroad trips I have ever had," said a prominent merchant, as he alighted from the Pennsylvania Limited at Jersey City last ovening "I had no idea.," he continued. "that the railroad people had reduced the art of travel to such perfection. A business

trip becomes a merry holiday, fall of comfort, pleasure and cheer. "I received a telegram at my house, up

town, Tuesday morning, at 7:30 A. M., urging my presence in Chicago by noon of Wednesday, if it were possible to accomplish the journey in that time. It seemed almost impracticable, but I remembered that the limgolden harp, and are attuning it to the swiftly and freely, and neuralgia will fly ited left New York at 9.00 A M, and hastily packing my bag, started for Desbrasses Street thusiastic planist, tells me her fingers Ferry without waiting for breakfast. The train left Jersey City at 9.15, and as it whirled over the meadows. I sought the dining car and seated myself at a neat and flower-adorned table, where I enjoyed a deand "takes Katic's place washing up the lightful breakfast of all the delicacies of the breakfast things." Do not be afraid of season, admirably cooked, and served with it, only let your dish washing be done scrupulous neatness. The sensation of taking decently and in order .- Good House. a meal while flying onward at the rate of forty-five miles an hour is not only novel,

> but appetizing. The hours flew by so swift-Hon. John B. Finch propounds this ly that we had stopped at Philadelphia and question to husbands in the habit of Harrisburg and were rolling along the banks spending their earnings at saloons: Tell of the Juniata before we realized that we had traveled nearly three hundred miles. The view from the car windows engrossed our atten tion from this time until the curtain of night and put your baby to bed, and went fell on the scene. This sections of the route off down to the saloon, to spend her abounds in the most beautiful scenery imagtime and money there, while you were mable. The road lies through and over the suffering for the need of it, and then Alleghany Mountains, and after following come home to curse and beat you? the banks of the blue Juniata for many miles, the actual climbing of the mountains begins a short distance east of Altoona. Our third stop of five minutes was made at Altoona, after having completed an uninterrupted run of one hundred and thirty-two miles. The most magnificent portion of the rea scenic standpoint lies beyond bers of his church, against the Sun- Curve, and the subsequent ascent of Alleday newspaper. He says "There is grippus, reveals some of the wildest scenery no influence more insidiously seductive in America. We viewed this just before sunset, when all the mountair

COUGHING, with interlades of wheezing and sneezing are heard in all public places. Everybody ought to know the remedy; and that is Hule's Honey of Horeheund and Tar—an absolute and immediate cure of all pulmonary complaints. For sale by all pulmonary complaints. Fo Druggists at 25c., 50c. and \$1.

Glena's Sulphur Sonp hoals and Or. Glena's Sulphur Sonp hoals and beautifion, 259. German Corn Remover killsCorns, Bunions, 259 Hill's Hair and Whisker Dyo—Black & Brown, 59a. Fike's Toothnehe Drops curvin I Minuto, 25a.

## Sunday School Cards.

The Ten Commandments, Illuminated

The Ten Commandments, Illuminated Border Size 4 x 24. Price per Set, 25ets. The Lord's Prayer, with Illuminated Bord-er. Size 4 x 24. Price per set, 25 ets. The Cardinal Virtues, Illustrated: Faith. Hope, Charity, Temperance, Prudence, Jus-tice and Fortitude Selections from Scrip-ture bearing on each. Price per set, 10 ets. Precious Words. A series of eighty short Verses, mostly from the Bible. Miniature Floral cards. drab ground. Eight cards on Floral cards drab ground. Eight cards on

heet. Frice per set, 20 cts. Floral cards, with short Texts Six cards sheet n sheet. Price per set, 20 cts. Floral Cards; drab ground, short Texts. on sheet.

Four cards on sheet. Price per set, 20 cts. Floral Cards. Precious Words from the Book of Life. Twenty Texts. Price per set, 25 cts.

Kindness to Animals Texts and appropriate Poetry Price per set, 10 cts Floral Texts Cards. All different Texts

Floren rexts cards. In drab. Miniature Flowers on gold and drab. Miniature Panels. Fen cards on each sheet, with short, impressive Texts. Twenty different.

Price per set, 25 cts, Floral Cards, gold and drab ground Short Texts. Eight cards on sheet. Price per set, 25 Words of Love Miniature Floral Panels Four panels on sheet. Price per set 25 ets Floral reward Tickets on diagonal old-gold and olive backgrounds, with short Texts of Scriptures. Eight cards on each sheet. Price per set. 20 ets

Reward Fickets. Flowers on birchbark ground with short verses from the Bible Eight cards on each sheet. Price per set 25 ets

Favorite Flowers, birchbark ground Min-inture Panels, with Texts Price per set, 12 cts.

Proverbs and Promises Favorite Flowers, drab ground, with selections from the Prov-erbs of Solomon. Size 34 x 34 Price per set, 20 ets Flowers on Gold Disk green ground Brief

All different Price per set 20 cts. **F**ests Miniature Floral Fanels, assorted grounds with Texts Price per set, 25 cts. Floral and Fern Reward Tickets with rief, impressive Texts Six cards on each

sheet Price 25 cts. Any of the above sent by mail on receipt of price. One and two cent stamps taken.

J. MILLER THOMAS Wilmington, Del

## CLUB LIST.

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	Independent,	Price. 3.00
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	Cottage Hearth,	1,50
1	Wide Awake,	3,00
	Our Little Men and )	
	Women,	1,00
	The Pansy,	1,00
	Cultivator & Coun- )	
	try Gentleman,	2,50
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	St. Nicholas,	3.00
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	Harper's Weekly,	4.00
	Harper's Bazar,	4.00
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	trated Newspaper,	4,00
	" Sunday Magazine	2,50
	" Popular Monthly	3.00
	" Pleasant Hours.	1,50
i	" The Golden Rule	2 00

## P. W. & B. Rallroad.

Trains will leave Wilmington as follows; Trains will leave Wilhington as follows: For Philadelphia and intermediate stations, 6 40, 7 00, 7, 0, 9 15, 9 10, 10, 30, 11 35 a. nt.; 12 45, 2, 30, 4, 6 35, 7, 4, 9, 55 p. nt. 

7 11, p.m New York, 2,00, 2,52, 3,15, 6,30, 7,00, 10,05, 11,25 11,51 a.m. +12,22, 1,54, 2,50, 4,00, 5 00, 5,22 6,29 7

40 p. m. Baltinore and intermediate stations, 10.05 a p 554 40 p. m.

12.09 p m. Ballimore and Washington, 1.23, 4.45, 8.04, 10.68, Ballimore and Washington, 1.26, 4.45, 6.31, 7.45 p. m. 11.00 a m. 12 55, 41.16, 4.55, 6.31, 7.45 p. m.

11.00 a m. 12.00, 100 vision leave for: Tains for Delaware Division leave for: New Castle, 8.35 a. m.; 12.35, 2.59, 3.59, 5.25, 11 fa

n. m. Harrington, Delmar and intermediate stations, 8.25 m.: 12 35 p m. Harrington and way stations, 8.25 a. m. 12.33, 5.25

For Seaford 6.25 p ut.

For Norfolk 10.53 a, m. 11.53; p.m.

## D. M. & V. Division.

Leave Harrington for Georgetown and Lewes, 11.05, m. 545,846 pm. Leave Harrington for Georgetown and Franklin City, 10 06 a

Leave Georgetown for Franklin City, 1210, 209

p E). Leave Leaves for Georgetown and Harrington, 523 45 a m. 300 p m. Leave Franklin City for Georgetown and Harring. ton, 6 55, 8 00 a m.

Leave Georgetown for Hairington, 703, 914am 3 26 p m

Connects at Franklin City with steamer for Chin-

rotcague Island. For furthor information, passengers are referred to the time-tables posted at the depot. Trains marked thus (\*) are limited express, upor which extra is charged. FRANK THONSUN FRANK THONSUN J. B. WOOD General Passenger Agent noral Manager.

## Wilmington & Northern R. R. Time Table, in effect April 1, 1886

GOING NORTH.

Daily except Sunday.					
dd's Ford Jo	7,00 7,20 7,44 7,55	p m. p.nl.p.m. p m p m. 2,45 8,00 6,12 *11.15 3.03 5,25 *6,42 *11 5) 3,23 6,02 3,33 1,13			
ont, dd's Ford Jo ane.	7,44	3,23 6,02			

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Lenape, West Chosier Stage Coatesville, Waynesburg Je 7,00 7,15 7,30 8'03 St Peter's, Warwick Springfic[d, Bird+boro. Birdshoro, 8'03 Reading P & R 8,45 Station 10,40 2 40 6,00 8,38

Saturdays only GOING SOUTH 

R Station	5 00	3 3 00	9,36 3.00	5.05	
Birdsboro,	5,36	8,32	10.25 3.32	5 55	
Springheld,	6.08	9,60	11.03 4.03	6.35	
Warwick,			11.15	.6.47	
St. Peter's,			11.30	7.00	
Winesburg Jc.	625	9,16	4.22		
Coatesville,	7.00	9.54	5.01		
West Chester Sta	ge				
Leuape,	7.10	0.31	5.46		
Chad's F'd Jc,	7.541	0.13	6.02		
Dupont, 6.0	5 8,201	1.03	6.23	+1.00	*6.45
Wilmington. 5 as	0 1 1 1	1.0#	C 10	÷1.0*	47.00
Wilmington, 6.35 French St. 6.35	0.441	1 20	6.43	*1.35	"7,30
Saturdays only	1 10				

# CLUB LIST. The PENINSULA METHODIST and any of the following Periodicals will be sent to any address, postage free at prices named. Pegular Price for Price Price Price for Price Price Price for Price Price Price Price for Price Price Price Price for Price Price Price Price Price for Price Price

Western Maryland Railroad, connecting with P. W. & B. R. R. at Union Station Baltimore. Commencing Novemb r 22, 1885, leave Union Station as follows:

Commencing Novemb r 22, 1885, leave Union Station as tollows: DAILY.
2.05 A M Fast Mall for Shemandoah Valley and Southern and Southwestern pol: ts. Also Glyadon, Westnulaster, New Windsor, Union Bridge, Mechan-loctown Blue Ridge, Hagerstown, and except Sun-duy, Chambersburg, Waynesboro, and points on B&C V R B. Steeping Car for Luray open at 10.00 o'clock 3 30 P M - Southern Express for points on Shen-andoah Valley, Norlolk an Western, East Tennes-us, Chambersburg, Frederick (through car) and stations, Hagerstown, Blue Ridge, Hagerstown, and except Sundury, Frederick (through car) and Astitusburg.
2,60 A,50 Martinsburg, Waynesboro, Chambersburg Shippens-stations.
3,52 Hanover, Geitysburg, and points on H. J., H.& G. 3,75 A. De M.-Accommodation for Union Bridge, R (through cars), and points on H. J., H.& G. 3,25 P M-Accom. for Glyudon, (Reisterstown.) 4,50 Hanover, Geitysburg, and points on H. J., H.& G. 3,25 P M-Accom. for Glyudon, (Reisterstown.) 4,50 Halls, Finksburg, Frederics, Gyndon, (Flem R, Changer, Sundar), St. George's, Glyndon, (Flem R, Changer, St. Jander, Glyndon, (Bolterstown.) 4,50 Hanover, Geitysburg, and points on H. J., H. & G. 3,75 Halls, Finksburg, Fratapreco, Westminster, Medford, New Windsor, Janapreco, Westminster, Medford, 5,50

route from	American Agricultur
Altoona.	Frank Leslie's Illus- )
forse Shoe	
t of Allo	" Sunday Magazine

was refreshed by the revivals in Brans-	than this, for the demoralization of our	the poets say, in glory. It was a grand sight.	Christian Thought, 2,00 2,50	Sew Windson ("
wick and Amelia counties. In this very			Babyhood, 1.50 9.00	ststons west, also Hanover, Gettysburg and principal on H J, H & G R R, (thrugh ears) Functions
city, seventy years ago, he preached his	the kind of reading furnished by the	excellent, and comprised in the many every	Peterson's Magazine, 200 275	on H J, H & G R R., (through cars.) Entities and principal Waynesboro, Chambersburg and Shippensburg 6.30 P M - Accommonation for Glyndan
last sermon. He had to be carried to	Sunday press, on the double ground,	thing one could expect at a first-class New	Lippincott's Magazine, 3.00 5 70	6.30 P M-Accommonation for Glyndon.
the church and to his place in the pul-		York restaurant All the meats and voget	Philadelphia Medi-)	<ul> <li>A Yuésboro, Chambershinongu cars.) Emmittiours,</li> <li>5 20 P M - Accommonation for Glyndon.</li> <li>6.30 P M - Accommonation for Glyndon.</li> <li>TRAINS ARRIVE AT UNION STATION.</li> <li>Daily-Southern Express, 12,23 A M Fast Mail</li> </ul>
pit, and there, seated on a table, he		ables are cooked as they are ordered, and cooked well, too.	cal Times, 2.00 2.75	Daily-Southern Express, 12.25 A.M. Fast Mall Daily Securities
provided his last sector on a rable, ne		cooked well, too.	Dorcas Magazine, 1.00 1.75	Union Bridge Accom 8 15 udon Accom. 7.25 A M
preached his last sermon, in Richmond.		"Another short stop at Pittsburg, and one	Good Words, 2.75 3.25	R R, and principal II & G R R, Frederick Div P
Virginia gave us Jesse Lee and William		of Alliance is the last that I amount to a	Atlantic Monthly, 4.00 4.50	Bridge Accom, 3.15 P M, H J H & S A M, Union
McKendree and other worthies, clerical	A wonderful revival has closed in the	turned in about this time, and when I awak-	Andover Review, 3 00 3.75	<ul> <li>a.5.5 P.M. Data Dapress, 12.23 A.M. Fast Mail Daily eacept Sunday-Glyndon Accom. 7.25 A M V R R, Edge Accom. 815 A.M. Express from R &amp; C R, and principal main line points 11.33 A M, Union Accom. 3.15 P.M. H J Di &amp; G R R Glyndon Accom. 3.55 P.M. M J J M &amp; G R R Glyndon</li> <li>B. H GRISWOLD, J. M. HOOD, General Manager.</li> </ul>
and lay, who, like these leaders, have			Littold Lucing 1.00 4.00	- Ag't.
obtained a good report through faith.	nearly eight hundred persons have pro-	between role wayne and Chicago. I could	Runal Nam Vanlant Gast 040	A Valuable m
It was Virginia Methodism that gave	fuzzad conversion Such Citch Cot and	not resist the temptation to take breakfast	Woman's Magazine, 1.00 1.75	SMITH - PELOUBET'S
us the first Christian college in the South-	sowing has never before been seen there.	on the Limited, which was hardly finished	Homeletic Review, 3.00 3.50	Dial PELOUBET'S
ern States. There Olin and Garland	The aggregate number of converts re-	before the train came to its final stop in the	Cash must accompany order.	The Rible Rible
and Smith trained a generation of our	norted by our Methodist press through	Union Depot Chicago. This was 9.30, twen- ty-four hours and a half after leaving New	Address,	Comprising Antiquities, Biography, Geo- graphy, Natural History and Live too
wouth Their alumni here done much	ported by our methodist press through-	ty-lour hours and a half after leaving New		graphy, Natural History and Literature, with the latest researches and referature,
	out the West, thus far this Winter,	York. I felt as fresh as a daisy, met my ap-	Fourth & Shinley Sta	
	amounts to six thousand.	pointment, loafed around an hour or so with	Wilmington, Del	the Revised Version of the New Testament Over 800 pages, with S colored N
In 1846 the first General Conference	Chan Hon Fan, a Chinamen of Portland.	friends, took the East bound train at 5 that afternoon, and here I am back in New York	WIDE-AWAKE AGENTS WANNESS	The struggentions and
of Southern Methodism, was held at	Uregon, who came to this country a cooling	1 41 88 53 38 533	Ing I-poort l'arrant	1 TICE S2.50 D. STAND, CIOTA BING
Petersburg.	as non a regularly ordanned preference of the	at 6.55 P. M. Thursday. Isn't that busines? Not only business but pleasure, I can assure		
I had received my first appointment,	i	you, for I feel as if I had enjoyed a regular,	to the Great Rebellion, from the powerful pen of the	Revised and law
and was at the good old town of	the ragersound conterence.	old-fashioned boy's holiday.	A thrilling review of the portentous events that led to the Great Rebellion, frout the powerful pen of Grea John A. Logan. Strike quick for choice field. Hub- bard Bros., Publishers, Phila, Pa.	Authors of "Select Note
Williamsburg. I left those few sheep	"Pope Leo is said to have an income of	1 1 hope 1 have not haved you with at the		Authors of "Select Notes on the Interna-
in the wilderness for awhile, and went	\$1,500,000; and yet it is said that his person-	enthusiastic recital, and think you might	Will togobing & Trangent, and self-	
up to Petersburg to hear, and to look	al expenses do not exceed \$2.50 a day."	write it up, for the benefit of those who trav-	Circulars Free.	Presented for 10 new subscriptions at \$1 each, or sent post-paid on receipt of price
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what to me was the most impressive	The state of the galoot Dat he washing a	Chicago, or Cincinnati is, 'Take the Limited.'	Price \$1 00.	Peninsula Methodist for one year for \$2.25 cash with order. Address
that to the was the most mipressive	I OIN:	Good-bye."	J. H. McCRACKEN, Gel'l. Ag't., 5 North East, Md.	
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				South St., Wilmington Del



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