# 2 <br> enimgnala 

WRERE YE CANNOT UNDER-
When the frosts are in the valley,
And the mountain-tops are eray And the choicestain-tops are grays are blighted And the blossons die away, A loving Father whispers. Blessed are ye if ye trust Where ye cannot understaud.
If your chosen friend and trusted Proves false to every tie, Or by cruel death is smitten, And you weep helplessly,
Then do not dare to murmur Or ever the cause demand, Blessed are je if ye trust Where ye cannot understand. If after years of toiling.
Your wealth should ily away,
And leave your bands all empty And leave your bands all empty,
When your locks are turning gray Remember then your lather Blessed are ye if ye trust Where ye cannot understand If you see your castles crumble, If you find your wishes vain,
If your treasures are not Jasting If your treasures are not lasting, Time is just as neeting, As the ever-rolliug sand Biessed are ye if ye trust
Where ye cannot understand When you come into the margin Of the river deep and wide, Which surely must be forded
Ere you reach the other side The current breast all bravely You soon will join the band Blest in the dear home conntry
Where they see nad understno Where they see nud understnod.

## Spurgeon on Holiness.

bi Rev, everett s. stackpole.
I went to hear Spurgeon in the Metropolitan Taberuacle, Feb. 26, and was not disappointed, though the fame of this great preacher had greatly raised my expectations. The building is an ideal one for public speaking, surrounded with double rows of broad, sloping galleries. The pulpit platform is on a level with the first gallery, and projects in a semi-circular form into the audience room, so that the speaker has his audience all about him, and near at hand The audience numbered perhaps 3,500 . The singing was grand, led by a precentor. The only musical instrument used was a tuning fork. You should have heard them sing that grand old hymn that Methodists know so little about "The God of Abraham praise." It was written by one of Wesley's itinerants, a converted cobbler, Thomas Oliver Wesley pronounced him "a match for Toplady any day." Charles Wesley caught the tune, "Leoni," one afternoon in a Jewish synagogue. Commit the hymn to memory, and sing it in ou churches.
What a prayer he offered, so simple, so clear, so full of thought, and tenderness, and reverence. and faith. "Oh, for a sincere genuine holiness?" And as be alluded to some one who had recenly died, he exclaimed, "As the militant host melts away into the far country may there come up those who shall le baptized for the deud." What struck me was the apt use of a Scriptural phrase hard to be understood by many.
The reading of the Scriptures was without formality, and accompanied by brief explavatory remarks. Parallel passages were selected bearing upon his theme, and the word of God was made plain and real.

The theme of the sermon was "Abram's Call; or, the way" (Gen. xi. 31, xi, 5).
An historical introduction led easily to the statement that God's call to us is essentially the same as that to Abram.
It is to come out from the world and be forever separate.

1. This call is often only half obeyed. Abram was hindered by his family, whom he was commauded to leave, and so stopped in Haran instead of pushing on to Canaan. In Haran he received no messages from God. "To a friend of God His silence is quite enough rebuke." "To obey the Lord partially is to disobey Him . . . The essence of obedience lies in its exactness. .
obedience is whole disobedience obedience is whole disobedience
Half-way obedience increases our sponsibility, becuuse it is a plain confes. sion that we know the Lord's will, though we do it not. Abram admitted, by going as far as Haran, that he ought to go the whole way to Canaan . . . Some of you have come away from your old
sins, but have not yet entered upon the new life in its fulness. I kniow many professors who have left their vicious habits, but they are not yet consecrated to the Lord Jesus. Their speech is half of Ashdod and half of the Jews
language ; they dare not be Plilistines, and yet they will not be Israelites. They are willing to be saved by the cross of Christ, but they are not willing to take up Christ's cross, and come right out decidedly upon His side at all times. They have enough religion to nake them miserable, but I fear not enough to fit them for joys eternal. They may ultimately get into heaven by the skin of their teeth, at least, I hope so ; but they have uo present joy, no immediate peace no conscious fellow-ship with God. Half-
way house godliness is wretghed stuff: beware of it. This is plain talk, and because it is so true, I feaz it would be considered fanatical if heard in some pulpits.
II. This call, especially as it comes to us, is of a very peculiar character. It is spiritual ; not to leave the world, but to be separate from it while in the
midst of it. Abram was no Canannite though he dwelt in Canaan. "Be out and out for Jesus. Make a point of wearing your regimentals... Be dead and buried to this present evil world
with its frivolities, philosophies, and grandeurs . . . The world's religion is as evil as the world's irreligion.
Such a separation from the world will meet violent opposition, criticism, sneers and frowns. It will demand a mighty faith in God. It will involve trials, but thou shalt be known as the friend of God.
III. This call, when fully obeyed, puts us on special ground with God. He is bound to justify the course He com-
mands. We need not concern ourselves about the results. We are brought into fellowship with Him. We are under his care and protection. None of the Canaanites ever molested Abram, though he dwelt many years in their midst. "Wherever a true saint goes, the Lord of uature, and all the angels of heaven to take care of him." Such a consecrated person, God will honor by putting him to some high service. Moreover he has learned to die before his time, and so dreads not his departure to the heavenly Canaan. He has made a rehearsal
of death, and is prepared for the final of death, and is prepared
act. To give up the world will be no new or difficult thing to do. A pilgrim, he dwells in tents, having no continuing city, but looking for "a city which hath foundations, whose builder and maker is God."
is God." are the outlines of this "holiness
sermon." No Methodist hans iusisted more strongly upon entire consecration
to God, courage and faith in the Christian life. Perhaps some who are lonth to obey the instruction of Methodist preachers will listen to the exhortation of this great leader of the
Christian Witness (Boston).

## Florence Italy.

Two Ways of Doing it.
I drove with my husband to our nearest town, not long since, and, leaving he at the principal store in the place, her on. After making some purchasea I sat down to await his return. Most of the farmers within six or eight miles deal at this store, and to day there werc many coming and going. My attention was attracted to the dry goods counter, where a pleasant-faced little woman was looking at some black dress goods. Her husband was standing near. "Now,
Sam," said she, "thiss tuff is 40 ceuts a yard, and this," holding up another piece, "is 60 cents; it's hetter than the other, but I guess the 40 cent goods will do me." 'The man came and examined both pieces in a very interested way,
and said, "I think, Sallie, you'd better take this at 60 cents; you don't often get a new dress, and you ought to have good one." The little womau was still more pleasant looking as she told the clerk to cut off the dress.
"Sallie," said the husbavd, "I'm going to
cloths."

## cloths." "San .

Sam," said she in an undertone "they're beautiful, but can you afford

He smiled and bad one wrapped As they went out, I said to myself, "True enough-'a good husband makes a good wife'-two such happy-lookiug people, and love and kindness the cause
My meditations were cut short by the entrance of another couple-a grufflooking old fellow, and a pale, careworn roman.
"Now, hurry up, Mary," said he. 'I've no time to be foolin.'
Then Mary said she would like to look at some cloth. She selected a piece that suited her, but when the man heard the price he objected.
"Get something cheaper," said he.
"But," said the wife, timidly, "this for 'Tou's Sunday pants."
"I don't care," said he, "I won't pay so much."
So she was obliged to take an indifferent piece at a lower price. After purchasing a few groceries, the husband said:
"Come on; I suppose you've got all you want?"
"Yes," she said, looking wistfully gingham."

Never mind that now," was the enswer, "I'm in a hurry," and out they
Ah! thought I, here is a poor woman made unhappy by a brute of a man who never allows her the plensure of going shopping with a little money of
her own. She works hard, without any reward, not even kind words. Ah! this must be the kind of farmer's wives who become insane. Then I wished I were a good fairy who might put money in her pocket to buy all those thinga so dear to a housekeeper's heart.
The arrival of my husband aroused
no from my reveries, and when, during my ride home, I related my experience he laughingly said: "Just like a woman
to see and bear so much." "And" said to see and bear so much." "And" said and I suppose that's like a woman too. -Janel.

We clip the following from the Daily

## Saratogian.

An eloquent, earnest and scholarly divine is the Rev. T. O. Ayres, presiding elder of the Salisbury district of the Wilmington conference, who preached noteworthy sermon last evening at the First Methodist Episcopal Church. The text was Romans xii, 1: "I beseech you therefore, brethren, by the mercies of God, that ye present your bodies a liv ing sacrifice, holy, acceptable unto God which is your rensonable service." Fol lowing is a brief abstract of the dis course, which was listened to with rapt attention.
We do no violence in transposing this text to suit the theme, because God has been so merciful that we are constantly placed under obligations to him. I beseech you, brethrea, that you do the blessings received. Obligatious can only be requited in kind, whether comreercial, social or spiritual. Men have ever sought to pay their spiritual debts with materinl equivaleuts. This has been a common error, God will accept no such payment. Offer unto God thanksgiving and pay the vows in kind. Pray from the heart and not from the mouth. Some people pray for daily bread with the granary and the meat house filled to overflowing, and think because they feed the poor tramp that they are gaining eternal salvation.
God does not seek impossibilities, all that He calls for He makes man able to give. Give your body to God. No man is born so poor that he bas no body, and God wants the body as a living sacrifice. By this God means the physical, the intellectual and the spiritua parts of the body. Were every human foot dedicated to God there would be no balls or hops in Saratoga this summer every hand, no gambling hells; every
tooth, no tobaceo shops. In short, present your bodies, physical and spiritual as a living sacrifice to God and the ingenuity of hell may le defied. Since Christ ascended to heaven no dead sac rifices have been needed.

The Christian Union of May 17th says: "On Tuesday occurred an incident which will not easily be forgotten. Death had already invaded the rauks. Dr. C. J. Clark, of Maine, a man whose private life and public work had made him conspicuous in the Church, and who had been chosen as one of the secretaries of the conference, within a very few hours, Mr. Leavitt Bates, a lay delegate much esteemed suddenly passed aray. The assembly was hushed as Dr. Chadbourue, of New England, rend the memorial minute upon the death of Dr. Clark, and then, as though by inspiration, some delegat with a sweet, high tenor-voice, cormmenced in subdued tones, the refrain of Home, Sweet Home.' Like a wave of gentlest harmony the familiar straius moved over the house, and then the verse, 'I would not live alway; I ask not to stay,' was sung, and the refrain re-
peated. The conference, just fresh from cager discussion of business, found ittelf in tears. It was a rare scene. How quickly in godly men does the soul ap pear upperniost! How firmly fixed beweath the contention of ideas and the strife of words are the common sentiments which make Christian men one in faith and hope and love!"

Dr. H. A. Rowland of the Johns Hopkins University has had a new engine constructed for ruling his plates for spectrum analysis or decomposition of light. The engine is run in a glass case, as the machinery is so delicate that the heat from a person's body would affect it. The new machine has ruled as high as 40,000 to the inch, and can be graduated to rule an almost infinite number, but the metal usually crumbles and the lines run into each other, above 20,000 to the inch. The plates are highly polished speculum metal, and glass is sometimes used. The lines are ruled by a diamond point.

## How English Giris Lear

"I do not hesitate to say, that there is one noteworthy and valuable respect, in which I believe English girls are superior to American girls. That respect is their ability to conduct the afflairs of their homes. 'This of course, is not an inherited ability, but is the result of training and practice. I am not considering the daughters of the nobility, but those of mercantile and professional men. In England, the custom is to train the girls, to relieve their mothers of many of the duties of housekeeping. Among fanilies where there are several daughters, it is a common practice to have each in turn, take charge of the house for a week or a month. I do not assert that such a plan is never followed
here, but at the most it is done with comparative infrequency. The system of living in boarding-houses, has in many iustances, made it impossible to instruct our city-bred girls in domestic duties; but, happily, the increased facilities for suburban travel, have placed it within the power of many heads of families, to secure homes of their own.Epoch.

The best thing a man can do, is to put his whole being in harmony with God. There is a prescribed order, and he should work in due co-operation. To be independent of God or antagonistic in mind, heart or life, is to run adversely

## ctumperance.

## Wine is a mocker; ;trong drink is raging and whosoever is deceived thereby is not and whasoever is deceived therbe is is no wise. At At the nast it biteth like serpent, and

 atingeth like an adder. - Seripture.hast no thane invisible spirit of wine, if thou by, let us call

## How the Rum Thirst is Created

Save in the States and portions of States in which the traffic in rum has been ontlawed, there is not a city in which the streets are not dotted
saloons with open doore, inviting all to Baloons with open doore, inviling ane not
enter; not a town where they are not enter; not a town where they are not
found, not a village ${ }^{\text {b }}$ but has its dramshop. They cater for all classes of men from the pretentious saloon on a prominent street, adorned with paintings and resplendent with mirrors and frescoing, its bar frequented by well-dressed men whose calls are served by bartenders in immaculate linen and diamonds, down to the lowest dive filled with the poorest
and most degraded, whose demands for and most degraded, whose demands for
rum are responded to by a dirty keeper, who serves out doctored whisky and stale beer. To a vieitor from some other sphere, it would appear that the males of the human race are possessed of a requires the means of its satisfaction to requires the meaily accessible to every one.
The fact in the case is, however, th the saloons are not so much the means through which the craving for rum can be conveniently satisfied without loss of time, as they are training schools for drunkards, kindergartens for instruction in drinking. Instead of being established for the purpose of satisfying a terrible thirst, which must be appensed they are the means whereby the thirst is first awnkened in tens of thousands of
men. It is an awful fact that there exists such a thing as the rum thirst-that through indulgence, the physical system of the drinker becomes so diseased that it demands more of the same poison as
the only means of deliverance from its pange. It is a thirst which has its parallel in the opium habit and other phewere to be confined to the supplying the demands of the unhappy victims of this demands of the unhappy victims of this
accursed thirst, they would soon die out for want of patronage ; for the man who has become the slave to rnm is au hab. itual drunkard, and in the majority of cases becomes so poor that his custom is reaches this stage, is short, as disease and rum soon carry him to a dishonored grave.
We repeat, if the patronage of the saloons were restricted to this class of fully established-they rould speedily become largely reduced in numbers. At least half of them would at once become unprofitable, and their keepers would be driven to close their doors and turn their attention it follows that half the pation. Hence, it follows that half the saloons
at lenst, exist solely because of the perat lenst, exist solely because of the per-
sons who are dallying with rum, and alloring the rum appetite to grow upon them by iusidious steps. They exist because of the men who are lenrning to be drunkarus-who are slowly debasing their manhood by making themselves dependent upon alcohol in some form.

These men are "moderate drinkers." They scorn the idea that they should ever become the besotted, debased vic tims of the rum habit, yet they are treading the path which leads directly to that
goal. The great majority of these fregoal. The great majority of these fre men with life all before them, and with but little to aid them in the struggle to but fittle to aid them in the struggle to
achieve success save their talents and achieve success save their talents and
euergy. They are full of ambition, buoyant with hope; yet they indulge in "moderate" drinking, oblivious of the fact that moderate drinking leads directly to immoderate drinking. Rum pal sies physical and mental energy, deadens ambition, and substitutes leaden de ens ambition, and substitutes leaden de
spair for buoyant hope; and he who as-
pires to achieve success in his life-struggle with the world would better dally with a venomous serpent than to indulge in
eration.
There are examples, we know, of men who achieved success who were also drinking men, but they are the exceptions. For every one of these who can
be named, there are $\pi$ thousand-yes, ten thousand-who have failed in business and made a wreck of their lives through rum. The vast majority of with rum for a friend. Then, too, the young man should consider the fact that the feeling is growing everywhere that the young man who frequents saloons is an unsafe person to employ. No merchant wants him for an important clerkship, no business firm desires to trust wishes to put her life's happiness into his hands, no one wishes to put business responsibilities under his control. The
shortest and best avenues to worldy shortest and best avenues to worldy
success are closed against him from the start.
Man is a gregarious animal, and loves to meet his fellows. Here is one secret of the saloon's success, of its terriWith its light, and warmth, and socisbility, the saloon's attractions are great to many men, especially if they lack that finer mental fiber which revelts at coarseness and rudeness, and ribald or vulgar conversation. In place of seek-
ing to find ennobling and safe associaing to find ennobling and safe associa-
tions, of making a social place for them selves among pure surrounclings, they take the ready-made society they find in saloons. Once a part of the curre They go steadily down ward with it The saloon is thus the primary schoo in which men take their first lessons in
drinking. It is an institution which caters to an unworthy appetite, which in everv man will struggle to overmasictor in ninety-uine cases out of every hundred. If the saloons were all swept away, the total amount of drinking, would be reduced probably one-half at have just begun the insidious habit of moderate drinking, would be saved from drunkenness and ruin.-Toleda Blade

## 

## A Beautiful Life.

"Bessie, come here quickly. Do you see that funny looking boy?" and both girls laughed beartily.
Aunt Helen, who was sitting at another window, looked up and saw that a little hunchback passing by, was the cause of the laughter. Teas came int ber eyes, and turning she said, "Girls would you like to hear a story?"

Aunt Helen," while Bessie, as usual asked, "What is it about?"
"About Arthur, a benutiful boy, who looked rery much like the one who just passed for-
"How could he be beautiful, if he looked like him," interrupted Bessie.
"I did not mean that he had a beautiful face and form, for he, too, was hunchback, but his was a beautiful life. He early lenrned to love Jesus, and Cbrist dwelling in him, made his life pure and good. He was obedient, ho was patient, ho was lind to all, even hose who laughed and ridiculed him, because of his poor misshapened body.
They never knew of the many tears he They never knew of the many tea
shed, because of their unkindness."
"I am sorry I laughed at that little
boy," said Ina.
Aunt Helen drew her to her and kissed her, then continued: "Arthur was especislly bind to his sister Nell: whom he dearly loved. Many tines di
he ancrifice his own comfort and pleas ure for her sake. Was it her turn to remain at home and care for baby brother, he would plead to stay, that she might ride in his place. Did she need help about her lessons, his books were laid aside to help her, and thus he was always
his love.

Nellie was very different from her brother. She had bright blue eyes and golden hair, but alas! she had so often
heard others call her a beautiful and heard others call her a beautiful and
bright child, that she became proud and selfish. As pride and selfishness took possession of her heart, it crowded out possession of her heart, it crowded out of others; she became unkind to her brother, and even grew ashamed to walk to and from school
cause he was a hunchback.
There came $a$ time when Arthur could no longer go to school ; it wearied him to walk and to study. It was a great trial to him, for he dearly loved
his books. Secretly Nellie was glad One day as she entered the hall upon her return from school, she heard her mother and brother talking; she was about to pass on to her room, when her
ears caught these words, 'Mamma, I wish you and papa could go, too. Where can Arthur be going; it is my turn, she thought. Now it is her mother who speaks, 'My son, God does not want us to go yet, but Jesus will be
there.' For a moment his face lighted and he said, 'Ah yes, and he will care for me while I wait for you.' But his face clouded again, 'Mamma, will NeIme then?' Nellic waited to hear no more, she knew be was talking of going to heaven, of dying; how her beart here her mother found her, sorrowful and penitent. What a long, quiet talk they had, and from that hour, her life was changed. Jesus helped her to overlove reigned iustead. She devoted her whole time to her brother during the haw remaining weeks of his life, and how happy it made hin. His was a short
life, but it was a life full of beauty and goodness, because full of the love of
God, which left no room for evil. He performed no oue wonderful deed, but many little acts of kindness, such as every boy and girl have opportunities of doing each dars."
asked: "Aunt monent of silence, Bessie ry?"
"Yes, dear, your papa was the baby brother $I$ spoke of, and $I$ Nellie. It has been many years since Arthur died, but it always makes mo sorrowful, when I recall my unkind words and acts." Kind words can never die," neithe can unkind words ever be recalled."-
Michigan Christian Adwocate.

## Union With Christ

Those who profess to see nothing supernatural in Christ, regard his teachings and examples, as the sole agencies of his marvelous power among men. To them, union with Christ is nothing more than such likeness to Him as all men may have, by obeying His precepts and mitating His example. They ignore the fact, that obedience and imitation
are impossible, without a supernatural are impossible, without a supernatural birth, by which all true believers are brought into a vital union with Christ, like that between a tree and its brauches, and that only thus can they be concormed to His likeness. Jet the careful student of the New 'lestament cannot fail to perceive, that it plainly teaches
this great doctrine. It is the burden of this grent doctrine. It is the burden of Christ's prayers for His disciples, and also of the Apostle's teaching, that men may be partakers of the divine nature. The prayer of St. Paul for the Ephesians, "that Christ may dwell in your learts by faith, and grant you, accord ing to the riches of his glory, to be
strengthened with might by his spirit in
the inner man," shows that the souls union with Christ is spiritual "WWithout mc and Christ's declaration: "and do nothing," shows that it is indispensable to obedience. This union is also represented, as like that existing between the head and members of the body, which are united in one organism. In another place the relation liko that between the graft and the parent stock, which is also one of vital nion, since the graft partakes of the vital sap
But the lest representation of the dentity of the life of Christians with that of their Master, is his own metaphor: "I am the vine; ye are the nourishment from the vine, and has the same life and nature. The connection is not one of dependence merely; it is one of complete likeness of charac ter, in which the fruit of the branch is the natural fruit of the vine. So the Christian has the same life that Christ had, and bears the same fruit unto holibeautifully said: "Christ and believers are not one as the oak and the ivy are one, but as the vine and the branches are one. The ivy could flourish as well
supported by some other tree; but the soul separated from Christ, has no spiritual life in him." He, that hath not the Son of God, hath not life

Union with Christ derives all its importance from the fruit it bears. It is no to be sought merely for its exalted relationship, nor yet for the happiness and fruit in that it may bear work for the salvation self-sacrificin have not chosen me, but I haye chosen you and ordained you, that you should go and bring forth fruit, and that your fruit should remain." Life begets life and the great object of all life is fruit. The divinc life in men is never fruitless It is a self-propagating principle which is sure to reprodnce itself in others, if it is not stileed and quenched. Whoever
has the life, has the fruit. Eyery one has the life, has the fruit. Every one
who claims to be personally saved, must vindicate that claim by bringing others to the same experience. If one brings that he has lost, or never had life-giving union with Christ. It is a contradiction to suppose that an individual or Church, that is never instrumental in saving anybody, is saved. "He that bringeth forth much fruit.'
Union with Christ it
Union with Christ is not such, that when once established it can never be grace," is not a doctrine of always in The frequent observed and Bible. lapses of men from the Cbristian life inoo sin, prove that the doctrine is neither true nor scriptural. There is indeed contant danger that those truly horn of God and united to Christ, may fall from grace. Hence Christ emphasizes the
need of watchfulness and effort on the part of believers, to maintain on the on with him: "Abide in me branch canoot bear fruit of itself it abide in the vine, no more can ye ex cept ye abide in me." Union with Christ is ot self-perpetuating, requiring no eflor unto prayer" "patient continuance in well-doing,' clingiug ever to Charist, in necessary at every stage of the Christian life. We must be faithful unto death, if we would receive the crown of life. Central Christian Advocate.
"Except ye bo converted," said Chris Conversion is what makes one a Chris cian. Not birth iu a Christian family not confirmation by an ecclesiastic, not enrollment among the people of God, kingdon conversion gives entrance into the which preceed this mo possible; for, says the sume authority, "except ye repent and believo"

Conversiun makes Christian living not only possible, but natural. One no
longer loves the things that he once longer loves the things that hes once
loved. What were justly called burdens and intolerable exactions become mean of growth and enjoyment. He is at one with God and delights in doing His will, There is nothing higher for any one than to do God's will; and it is onl the converted man, that is able to abid the converted man, that is able to abide this supreme test. If we make Christi-
anity less than the new life which is by faith in Christ, we place it in the cate gory of all other religions. For this is its one distinguishing characteristic that it transforms man's spiritual nature making hins a new man in Christ Jesus. - Central Christian Advocate.

Seldom has a more interested audience assembled in Plymouth Lecture Room, than that which met to decide the im portant question, of who shall succeed to Mr. Beecher's pulpit. Every sea was occupied, and all the leading mem bers who were in town, were present Mrs. Beecher was one of the interested spectators. Dr. Abbott was not present as he had resigned the conduct of th prayer-meeting to General Christensen The opposition to Dr. Abbott amounted to nothing. He was unanimously elected pastor, after a ballot had shown four hundred votes in his favor to sixt agaiust him. The society concurred in the action of the church.
"The preaching of the cross" is the preaching for the times. Not fine sermonets, written on tinted and perfume paper, discussing in a diletante way some of the secondary moralities of religion not high-blown sentences and rounded

## [Adapted from Zion's Herald.]

god's covenant with israbl. Gonden Text: "I will be to thim a Giod and they shall be to me a people" (Heb. 8: 10.

1. He said unto Moses.-For the time when Jehovah spoke these words to Moses, wo must look back to chapter 20, verse 21 . The "Book of the Covenant," (beginning a chap. 20: 22 ,) which is a document by itself has been inserted, thus brenking the narra tive connectiou. $\qquad$ of course he was to go down first, and tel the people the terms of the corcoant, and obtain their consent to thew, and perforn and Arron, Nadab and Abihu, and scecnty of the elders-constituting a representative body of the whole people. Moses was the leader, mediator, prophet; Aaron and his sons stood for the pricsthood; while the seventy elders, not to be confounded with the official lossibl hards appinted, (Num. 11.16, possibly having "a bistorical refereuce to whole family of Jacob, when he came down to Egypt," but more probably the heads o the tribes and families, who had exercised authority in Egypt, represented 'the con gregation of the childron of Israel." ship ye afar off-suggestive of the state of man nuder the old cconomy, not having been "brought nigh" loy the blood of Christ. legal ritual; and not find those two precious words, "draw nigh." Ah, no; sach words could never ho heara frow the the low. nor from "an ", law, as "draw nigh" are of the Gospel. Uncould entitle the sinver to draw nigh." 2. Moses alone shall come near the Lo tended Moses to the ouiskirts of the cloud, and to have lingered there until he emerged Neither shall the pcople go up.-The people were to be taught reverence for a leing, too holy for sinful man to approach, without an appointed inediator. Heace they mast not ers probably tarried part way up the height. 3. Moses came.-Having received bis mes sage to the people, Moses went down the mount and communicated it. Told the peo ple all the teords. . . judigments-the "mino nlations in all, and forming a wonderful condensation of the matters, which were in the Books of Leviticus, Nambers and Deuteronomy. This "Book of the Covenwriting subsequently, and distinctly read. All the people . . with one roice.-Their unanimity of consent, as contrasted with their noder the spell of ane fear, which the dramatic scenes attending the giving of the law had laid upon them, and, undoubtedly, every precept which Moses declared to them mended itself to their consciences. They had yet to learn, tuat one cas approve what is good, and yet follow what is evil. All the meant it. These words indicate their ac ceptance of the covenant. But they were ansible their own weakness, and dia not understand the comprebensivenes, an spiritunlity aud strictness of God's law."
4 Moses urote all the uorils.-His Egyptian ducation probably made him a facile scribe Rose up carly.-So did Abrabam when he set out to do God's biddiog, in the oliering up of Isaac. Alacrity sbould characteriza Ita--the first, evidently, after the specific precept recoriled iu chap. 20: 24. The altar represented God's presence in the coveuant nd, around the altar, and representivg th second party to the covenant, the twelve tribes. There is the germ of the caberacle in this arrangemeat. The figure is perpetu ated in the heavenly temple-"Fim that overcometh, I will make a pillario the temple of my God, and He shall go no more out' (Rer. 3: 12.) C'nder the hill-at the foot of Sinai (the modern Ras Sufsafelh.)
2. Sent young men.-The priesthood wa not jet an institution, the family of Aaron not having yet been set apart. This, bowover, would make no difference, since it was the sprinkling of the blood, and not the slaughtering of the victims, which coustituted the sacerdotal prerogative. Any Israelite could do the former (Lev. 1: $5,6,11,12$.)

Burnt-offerings . Prof. Rawlinson: "Burat-oferings were once expiatory nnd signs of self-dedication.
Peace-ofierings were indications of gratitude for mercies received, Both were now ofiered together, to nark (1) Yarnel's
thankfulness for being takeu into corenant; and (2) Israel's detormination to co
itself wholly to the service of God."

Moses took hulf of the blow

## uent use in sprialiting the

 people. Half . . . . he sprinkled upon the allar concurrence, on the part of the people in tho covenant. As the apostle, in I Lebrews 9: 19 speaks of the book being sprinkled, Bush conjecture is probaThe altar is the mection pos God and His people (Exod. 20: 24.) But God and the sinner cannot meet except ou the ground of atonement, and so the altar
must be sprinkled with the atoning blood of must be sprinkled with the atoning barice. As soon as the altar is ac prinkled, the people may
nd receive His blessing there.
Took the book
probably repeated in sulstance the terme of tem (see the three preceding chap every been committed to writing, and the solemn recitation gives them an intelligent idea of what they are called to subscribe to. All
acill we do, and be obedient-an unfaltering

## nd unanimous acceptan

## cy ratify the covenant

8. Sprinkled it on the people-perhaps on the elders, perbaps on the pillars which repthe lattor. "Thus the two parties to the covenant, sprinkled with the blood of the same sacrifices, were brought into sacramental union. Rites somewhat similar, invol ing bleod communion, were common enants" (Prof. Rawlinson.) "Although, as the apostle teaches us, it was 'impossible that the blood of balls and goats could take ing of the flesh,' and, as 'a sladow of good things to come,' it availed to maintain the people in relationship with Jehovah.
, 10. Then weent up JIoses-representing an a people who had bound themselres to
conant faithfalness. They saw the God of Isracl-8o called, probably, because Israel had now formerly and nationally acknow
edged His supreme Godhead. It is fair to uppose that God became visible-perhaps in "the faint, adumbrated form" of Christ
in His humanity, or in sone such shape as Inainh sawn Iity (Isa. 6. 1-5) and lizekiel Ezek. 1 26.) When Moses sags (Deut. 4 12,) "Ye saw no similitude," he was reler
ring to the giving of the law, on Mt. Sinai. Under his feet. -The mention of "feet" confirms the supposition of a revelation in
human form. Pared work - tesselated, as hough "constructed of solid blocke of trausparent sapphire."
beaven for clearness.") Language is
equal to describe the "radiancy of beaut
f this footstool of heaven's own blue
"There is something sublime and signif which the glory of the Lord is referred to. No attempt to describe the vision itself,
nothing which could supply even to the magination, the materials for the construcsuggestion, chaste and glowing Simply a suggestion, classte
glory "under His feet."
his hand-in violence. The revelation on
this occasion, difered from the terrifying
lightnings then, now only light. The belief was general, that a mau conld not see Judg. 6: 22, 23,) aud the belief was true, as regards the full revelation of His awful per sonality. On these and similar occasions, capacity and endurance. Salc God and did cat and drink.-No literal feasting appears to be meant, though some think the elder partuok of the feast offerings. "It seems to continuance of life"' (Murphy.) They saw God aud survived the ineffuble sight. era, priests, and come into private audience with me. Be there-tarry in the mount. Tablcs of stone . . law . . . commandments-
an intensive way of speaking of the Ten Commandwents simply, whtch alone appear to have been writteu by the hand of God.

## Letter from Laurel.

Mr. Eniron:-The revival influences of last winter in the M. E. Church here are still visible, especially among the young members who joined at that time. The congregations are good, and the

Sundny-school p
better condition.
Tho Children's Day was looked for rard to with unusual interest culmina ting in a grand array of floral designs. The storm of tho 10 th inst., somewhat interfered with tho evening exercises but their repetition the following Sunday night, was quite brilliant, and witnessed by a large congregation. It may be that reports of flowers, good spenking and splendid music, are read with less interest by some than those of big collections; but we can make a good show ing on both lines; our collection being a large advance on last year's.
Joshua Boyce, an influentinl class leader and exhorter in this charge, has been quite ill since last week.
The temperance people are greatly pleased with the prohibition candidates for President and Vice-President, and some of them believe that one of the
great national parties would have done well, if they had nominated the same gentlemen as standard bearers.

## Juve 19th, 1888.

## Our Society.

God has intrusted to our care, no daty so responsible as that of the culture
of our minds, and this is one of the first objects of our Society
Here we are brought together each week and our minds are elevated above the petty cares, and daily trials, by the interchange of good thoughts, and we are aroused to earnest work, and a re newed determination to advance, by the
words of counsel and encouragement, from our Pastor, President, and Society friends, our silent teachers: for Example is one of the most successful teach-
The diverse needs of humanity give rise to many kiuds of business and
numerous professions; men are born numerous professions; men are born
peculiarly fitted for each; every man woman and child has a separate field of labor, and no one can perforia well, the sork of another.
We cannot all be orators so great as Demosthenes, musicians so talented a was Mozart; nor can we all write poetry
as did Longfellow or Tennyson, or excite the imagination with fiction such as was written by Lew Wallace or E.
Though we cannot do this, and win for ourselves a name that shall be known the wide world over, we can have a lit tle wor Society and make it a graud success We, as the Young People of S Paul's, can do our duty. If we are asked to sing, we will respond cheer
fully and aing from the heart, even though there may occasionally be discord; there are no unkind critics in a society composed of mutual friends. Are we asked to read, we will rendily answer, I will, and make an honest enany duty that comes before us.

If we cannot read, sing, or declaim, we can cheer our comrades by alway and if we can't do that, we can at least pay our five cents per month, and keep the Society treasury in a good, health ful condition.
Our Society wants to do sume good.
We want this phace so allactive that
profituble eveniug every time chey come with us, and will want to come again. We want to make it more atractive
than the ball room or theatre; it is a better place to be. We want to make it more enjoyable than the club room, cigar store, or saloon; it shall be of more benefit to our young men.
Our aims are high. In fuct, we want to make this Society room so attractive, and so fill it with good music, good rearing, good thoughts, and grood fricnds,
closing all these haunts of ovil ; that will so decrease the buyers of theatro tickets, that the managers will announce "Closed, for the season" and we want that "soason" to extend all the year round. We want our Society to have such an ffect on the saloons in the city, that every one will be closed, and the proprictors, managers and customers all converted into good citizens, members f Young Peoplo's Societies, Sundry chools and Churches. All this means ctive work for each member
Men are true to themselves, when they use all their powers in the right way; rue to Society, when they do it all the good they can, when they love their neighbor as themselves; true to God, when they love Him with all their mind and strength. Aud our Society when aims to make men true to themselves, Grue to their fellow men, and true to ber who faithfully performs his work, must be rauked among the benefactors

## his race.

Let us then, make our Society a grand success, by cheerfully doing all work as signed as our part. Let us welcome the stranger who may visit us; let us oughly true in all our actions; in short tet us be true to God.

## he poet says,

Ihou must be true thyselt,
If thou the truth would

## hy soul must overflow, If thou another's soul woulds needs the overflow of hearts,

## 'hink truly, and thy thoughts Sball the world's

Shall the world's ianioug feed
peak truly, and each word of thine
A great and noble creed."
A truly, ne that

## Mrs. Willlam Urie

The following menorial tribute, pre pared by Rev. II. A. Cleveland, D. D. was read before the Philadel phia Preachers' Meeting, and its publication in the
Philadelphia, and Peninsula Methodist, was requested by vote of that body Many of our readers will be gratified by the perusal of this beautiful sketch From 1868 until his death, in 1880, brother Urie was a member of the Wil ington Conference
On the night before Easter, 1888, in the seventy-fifth year of her age, Mrs.
Ann Matilda Urie, widow of the late Ann Matilda Urie, widow of the late Rev. Win. Urie, formerly member of peace and triumph, exchanged the mortal for the immortal, and ascended from her hom
en. Her five surviving children were
with her by her bedside in the last mowith her by her bedside in the last mo-
ments when her frail body, worn by age and wasted by that subtle disease pneumonia, fell into sleep as a tired child at night sinks to rest in its moth er's arms, and her pure spirit went to be forever with the Lord and with the many thuse mansions prepared for them.
On the afternoon of April Bd you committee, together with the relatives and friends of this elect lady, assembled in the Fifth Street Church-the place dear to her by many hallowed associathe later years, she had chosen to hold ber church membership-that there they might unite in celebrating her final vic tory and in giving God thanks tor his
grace rouchsafed unto her, that she should know his love and fellowship. and be emabled to mamain through all pure heart and a grood example, and to lave to her friends the comfortable as
surance that in her death her spisit at tained its perfect consummation and bliss in his eternal kinglom and glory. 'lalbot county Maryland. in 1813 . Under the mims.
try of the Rev. Levi Storks, and during a gracious revival, she gave her heart to Christ and joined the Methodist Episcopal Church. Sho was maried in 1838
ber of the Philadelphia Conference, and for forty years, until his death in 1.880 , was a devoted wife and a true helpmeet to him in all his labors and ministry, and was greatly respected and beloved by all the churches with which she came into relation.
She was endowed with vigorous mental powers, which were educated into a finely proportioned development. She had all those refinements of thought, of feeling, and of manner that come from good ancestry, good sense and good culture. She had gentleness, repose and dignity, and was not lacking in sympathy. She read human nature as by instinct. To the perplexed she gave wise counsel, and to the hearts agitated by many sorrows her words were as oil on troubled waters. Her piety was quiet, but was also instructed, trustful, devout, coustant and hopeful. She had always a noble sensitiveness and an untribal catholicity. She could never be pretentious, harsh or hasty, but was always
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Extraordinary Offer
All, For Only $82 .-$ One year's subscription to the Perinsula Metrodist and a copy of Rev. R. W. Todd's new hook, "Methodism of the Peninsula," for $\$ 2$, to nevs subscribers, and to all old subscribers, who renew their subscripsubscribers,
tions for 1888; in each case the cash must accompany the order.

## Historlographic.

With this number, the Penrisula Methodist begins its fifth year, us the successor of The Conference Work
er. The genesis of this journalistic enterprise is interesting. Through the courtesy of our esteened friend and
brother, Rev. A. D. Davis, presiding elder of Virginia district, Wilmington Conference, we are placed in possession of some of the more salient facts.
Brother Solomon Hersey-a descendant of the Boheniaia Herseys. to whom Francis Asbury preached Methodist
Gospel, on his first visit to that locality, Gospel, on his first visit to that locality,
in 1772 while he was superintendent of the Union Sunday-school in this city published a small sheet for a while, in
the interest of his school. C. H. Sentthe interest of his scbool. C. H. Sentme title, The Sunday-cchool Worker, enlarging it, and extending its circulatien.
Rev. A. D. Davis, G. W. C. Templar of the Grand Lodge of Good Templaro
in Delaware, had been editor and proprietor for over four years, of the Rescuc, an organ of the Templars and the State Alliance, which had a circulation of some 1200. Pastoral, cditorial, publishing, and tenperance work, involved an expenditure of mental and physical force, that told upon the health or our
good brother Daris; and an arrangegood brother Daris; and an arrange-
ment was made between him and brother Sentuan, by which these two papers were to be consolidated; brother Davis conducting the editorial department for six months.
It is a matter of not a little interest, that the present title of the paper, was suggested at that time, by the editor of The Rescue, but Mr. Sentman decided in favor of The Conference Worker.
In the absence of specific dates, we
conclude from the number of the presconclude from the number of the pres-
ent volume, that the paper was started eut volume, that the paper was started in 1874. If this is correct, it has had man's mauagement, as The Conference Worker, and four years under the new regime, as the Peninsula Metiodist.

We deen it proper to express our gratification, at the cordial co-operation we have received from the ministry and laity of the Peninsula, in our efforts to farnish a useful and creditable Conference organ. Their kindly appreciation of our work, is most encouraging ; and the flattering assurauces we are favored with, of the affection and respect our patrons entertain for the Pextybula Methodist are no slight stimulus in our ambition to excel. To our motto,
"For Christ and His Church," we trust

Recognizing the right and duty of very Christion to criticise men and mea sures, whether civil or ecclesiastical, according to his best judgment, and repudiativg the erroneous iden, that hos alty to the Cburch, requires approve cvery thing to ar attempt, we shall hope to be may do, or attempt, we shant hope thy in-
in the future, as in the past, loyaly dependent, and independently loyal.
Thanking our friends on the Peninsula, and other friends not a fer, and increasingly so, in the regions beyond, for favors past, and pledging our best endeavors to make our paper a means of blessing, to every home or two ; first, as you pray for your preacher, don't fail to pray for the editor; second, continue your indulgent favor, and do what

An Early "Call."
Soon after the return of Rev. Jacob Todd, D. D., pastor of Grace Memorial, from General Conference, his official members met, and by an unaninious vote, iuvited him to continuc to serve as
pastor of this church, for the full term of five years.
Dr. Todd promptly accepted the invitation, subject of course, as are all such arrangements under our econowy, to the approval of the presiding bishop, who alone has the right, to "fix" the appointmen
ference.

The Transit and Building Fund Soci ety of Bishop Willinm Taylor's Self supporting Missions has received during $1888, \$ 153,341,24$.
The following is from Bishop Taylor' treasurer. We shall be glad to report
in the Peninsula Metiodist, all conributions our people may be disposed to make, in aid of the work of our grandly heroic Missiomary Bishop for Africa, vhatever the amount. We sindl remit Bishop Taylor tells us, we'll serve as rouches, for all ministers who may de sire a memorandum of all such appro priatious of funds, as a postscript to thei missionary report to their Conference. Here is the

Dear Editor:-Enclosed find my check for $\$ 100$ for Bishop Taylor's he finauces of this society much abou nd I desire to corroberate what the and I desire to corroberate what the "That 570,000 Lie."
We are not in debt; we have but one bill unpaid, and have mouey on hand to pay that, and would have paid it beare going to Chili, as soon as passago can be secured througl, and our funds are coming in slow.
I should like this to be one of ten or twenty or more, to raise immediately
$\$ 1,000$ or $\$ 2,000$ for this work. I have
$\$$ not lost confidence in the enterprise, or the principle on which it is founded. My faith in it is stronger to-day, than it has ever been, and I believe the whole church will sooner or later believe as I and hundreds, yea, thousauds, of others

## Your brother, <br> Riciand Grast, Treasurer,

 181 Hudson St., New York. June 8, 1888.Einperor Frederic of Germany, funilarly bubw among his people during the life of his father as Unser Fritz, our Fred, after a long and heroic struggle against a painful and fatal disease, yielded to the inevitable, and expired Friday morning the 15 th inst. His reign lasted but three months ; his death following so close upon that of his venerable gire, the Emperor William. His son succeeds to the Empire
liam second.

Preacher's Meeting.
The last two Mondays, the preachers of Wilmington and vicinity hace had under consideration, some practical as pects of t
The general sentiment was in favor of more considerate and careful observ ance of the Lord's Day, as the Sabbati? day, which we aro Divinely commanded o "remember," that we way "keep

## 品

The duty and profit of preaching pecifically upon Sabbath observance, as of Divine appointment, and urging upon Clristians, greater care and fidelity in their own conduct, with respect to seeping holy the Sabbath day, were advocated. The special nuisauce of crying papers on the streets on Sundays, The Sunday traffic in tobacco, confectionary, and in articles of food, was adverted to, as indicating the incrense of Sabbath desecration; as also the unnecessary running of cars, and the ex
action of labor on Sundays, by the managers of manufacturing establishments.
There does seem to be a disregard of the obligation of Sabbath observance ests of our people. We trust every one who respects the authority of the Word of God, will exercise all possible care to
apply the two fundamental principles laid down in that book, for our guidance in this matter; 1st, to devote this sevto rest from all mental!and bodily labor of a secular nature, so far as the claim of mercy and real necessity will allow. It is no time for the friends of ou holy Christianity, to be careless or in different in this matter. Let us ponder
the words of the evangelical prophet If thou turn away thy foot from the Sabbath, from doing thy plensure on $m y$ doly day, and call the Sabbath a deligb shalt houor it, not doing thine own ways, finding thine own pleasure, no speaking thine own rords, then shal Chou delight thyself in the Lord; and
will make thee to ride upon the high will make thee to ride upon the high
places of the carth, and I will feed thee with the heritage of Jacob thy father
or the mouth of the Lord hns spoke

## Isuiah, 58: 13-14.

Resolutions were adopted, commending the Morning Neus and Every Eve ning of this city, for their effective work
in behalf of public morals, especinlly in the matter of reducing the number of licensed saluons, and the suppression of gambling dens.
We have noticed with much pleasure, the out-spoken editorials in these papers, denouncing this nefarious plundering of the people.
The meeting adjourned over to the first Monday in September, when it is presumed its new guarters in the new
Methodist Book Store will be ready for its occupancy.

Rev. Howard Henderson, D. D., has the tip-top church in New York City, and is returned to it for the third year. There is something in southern blood.
He is a Kentuckian.-Richmond Clristian Advocate.

## Dr. Henderson is a bright, cultured,

 and genial geutleman, the popular pastor of 61st St. M. E. Chureh, New York City. For reasons satisfactory to hin-self, within a few years, he exchangel his membership in the M. E. Church South, for membership in the $\mathbf{K}$. Church, and was cordially received. We can assure our estemmed brother of awaits him, or auy other true disciple of John Wesley, who may have a preference for the church that has no sectional boundaries, but with our great Founder, proclaims, "the werld is my parish," provided similar credentials are not lacking.
Dr. Lafferty's jubilant ratio civation
suggests an antiphonal, which we respec fully submit as supplemental commen o bis. Bishop J. P. Newman "han City tip-top church" in Wasklington chird" and was "returned to there must be term of three yerrs. Hood. He was born in New York.
Is'ut it about time for this petty $\mathrm{pan}^{\mathrm{n}}$ dering to narrove prejudices to be rele gated to the buried past? To llaunt the sectional flag is no more seemly for dignified ministerial editors, political partisans
shirt. "Let us have peace."
Dorcaester, Md.-A correspondent writes us, of the earnest work of brothe G. W. Bounds, under very difficult con ditions. As indicative of the pluck and devotion of him and lus people, it is worthy of note that in one of their churches, not yet lached or plase mem a Sunday-school of twenty-five members, with a congregation of but persons, the Children's Day collection opened, after being closed for many years, the collection for the same service was $\$ 10$. These are indeed "handsome sums from mission territory," and the pastor and his people deserve commen dation.

## More Blessings Needed Than

"Will our preacling and profession of perrect love stand the test of detentions, inconveniences, poor provender, ing, and the acomoduons, pety oficinels, as we pass through the camp imeeting season? Have wo had a he canp good din in the fountain, or do we right good dip n wee need "the special enduement of power" to bear the wear and ear of travel? Do we need "the unction
of the Holy One" under such circumstances to keep perfectly sweet? Many a fine testifrom a camp. meeting pulpit, has been neutralized at the station, or in the butcher-lodging-liouse. Some very fine nervous or ganizations need special help right along bis line. Let us get it before we start."
This is the way brother Pepper puts it in the Standard of the 21st inst. We may differentiate and mea plensure, the Divine work of grace in the human heart, anatomizing the Child of God to discover the traces of another parentage, but we can never get such as shall make it less needful for us to seek, and obtain subsequent blessings. The "daily brend" is as needful for the health of the soul, as for that of the
body. Moses' prophetic blessing upon Ashur, "As thy days, so shall thy
strength be," is realized in the experience of all who live the life of fait?.

The New York Tribune has the fol. Gewing compliment
"The Methodist Episcopal Church has reason to be proud of the record of the Conference just ended. It has done the work that cane before it thoroughly aud well. It refused, indeed, to admit that probably a majority in the Church are in favor of their admission. But its refusal was based solely ou a constitutional barrier, and it opened the way, Chward the last of the session, for the remove that barrier in due and legal form. It settled the disputed status of Bishop Taylor, by deciding that he possesses all the power of a bishop in his own field, Africa. It orgauized another milar missionary episcopate in India, y electing as bishop, Dr. Thoburn, appoint a biblop for Japan, because such an appointment would have prevented the union which is now impending between the American and the Canadian Methodist Churches in that country. The granting of local self.government to the Cburch in Japan will give a great impetus to that mission. And in stl
the missionary jurisdictions named above, as well as in China, the Church may now look forward
successes in the
The Conference also put on record its high estimation of the value of woman's work in the Church, by providing for the organization of an Order of Dear conesses, a radical step indeed for Methodism, but one in line with the hest hought of all Christian churches. Another radical measure was the exension of the ministerial term to five years instead of three. This does not mean, of course, that preachers shall be obliged to remain five years with one church. Their appointments will still be renewed annually; but five years is the extreme limit for which they may e renewed. This extension of the erm will do much to strengthen the Church in the large cities, in which it has undoubtedly lost ground because of the short ministerial term. In their tenure of office the preachers now come next to the Bishops, the Editors and General Secretaries no longer holding that position. Lastly, the Conference has selected as Bishops, General Secre taries and Editors, men of worth and prominenca in the denomination, who will doubtless perform with zeal and fidelity the important duties of their office, and who will reflect credit upon the Church of which they are officers.

The conspicuous ability of the mem. bers composing this General Conference was manifest all through the long session. In their zeal for religion and morals, in their patriotism, and in their abounding common-sense they reflected credit not only on the great body whose representatives they were, but on the came.

Whereas, the secular Press of our city proffer us the free use of their columns for their news , amo for mention of church work and pregress, to Sondey ont work, and extracts of sermons to our pool on specinl occasions, and
Whereas, we believe the cause of trath is is thas strengthened in the hearts of mom and
Evening b, the Morning News and Every the welfare of our city, by the in behalf of stand they have dens and tbe ram trafic; and Whereas, they have not only allowed the use of their columns for discussion, but have

## Oforfiference ditus

Rowlandville and Mt. Pleasant Charge:-Fred E. McKinsey, pastor, writes.
On April 24th '88, a series of meetings were On April 24th ' 88 , a series of meetings were
commenced in the Rowlandsille Church commenced in the Rowlandsille Church
which were continued for four weeks. These services resulted in two accessions to the church, and in reviving all of her interesta. Fruit is now being gathered from the seed sowing, and greater things are yet looked for. Rev. G. W. Bounds of Taylor's Island had charge of the special services for the first ten days, and thereafter the pastor was assisted by Dr. W. L. S. Murray, P. F., of
the District, Revs. Otis, Jewell, and Jones the District, Revs. Otis, Jewell, and Jones
of the M. E. Charch, and Revs. Hodge nnd of the M. E. Charch, and R
Grant of the M. P. Charch.
Three deaths have occurred on the charge On April 26th, Mrs. Woodrow, in her 91 st year, and Mrs. Amanda McCearns in her
67 th year; both passed away sweetly trust ing in Christ. The latter had been a member of Mt. Pleasant Cburch since early childhood. Both funerals took place on the was baried from her late residence at 1 tery. The latter was buried from Mt. Pleas ant church at 2.30 o'clock P. M., interment in the cemetery adjoining the charch. The large congregation gathered to pay the last
tribute of respect to the aged dead was indicative of the high esteem in which both ladies were held by the people of the communitp. On June 21, '88, Geo. McMullen' months illness. Affected with the wasting disense, consumption, friend McMullen, was given ample time to make all things right
between bimself and God. Upon coming to the charge we sought him out and endeavored to impress him of his great need. At first he was indifferent, though always Like a little child we led him, and on Mon. day preceeding his death we were made to rejoice with him over his salvation. Conscious as his faith was anchored in Christ. Faneral will take place Sunday, June 24th at 1 o'clock: P.

## cemetery.

fom fabtedly we are gathering the harvest from faithful seed sowing by my predecessor
last year. All social and relipious services last year. All social and religious services Sabbath-school has doubled in size over last year, and is still growing. We all join in sear, and is still gro
saging Exto Perpetua.
A committee is at work soliciting funds for an organ for the Mt. Pleasant Cburch, and are mecting with much success. As
the Trustees have roted the privilego of the Trustees have roted the privilego of
placing on organ in the Charch and the people are being liberal, instrumental mu an assured thing for the near future.
Sunday, June 17th, was Children's Day at Mt. Pleasant. The usual lesson was takeu
up at 9.30 A . M. and at 10.30 a sermon was preached to the children from Ecclesiastes preached to the children from Ecclesiastes
xii chapter 1 verse. At 3. P. M. the special exercises were rendered before a crowded Ewing, declamations by Mastery Earnest Gillespie and Samuel Keunard, and Misses Sidwell, McCardell and Hineman, with BiEsq., interspersed with music, led by Samel McCardell, Esq. were the parts taken by the schoal on the programme. Rev
P. Otis of Tome Memorial Church P. Otis of Tome Memorial Church Port
Deposit, and Rev. Isane Jewell of the M. E Deposit, and Rev. Isane Jewell of the M. E
Church, ${ }^{\text {Rlisiug Sun, were both with us and }}$ made admirable addresses. To the friends and members of the Church indebted for the superb loral decorations, All the front of the ediace was adorned with Over the pulpit a large arch, trimmed with box-wood and fowers, frow which was sus roses, 'was particularly noticeable. The apportionments for Educational collection for the charge amounts to $\$ 14$. Of thas Mt Pleasant Church has given \$9. The remaning si.75 is provided for. Hence Rowlandvill and Mrt. Pleasant have reached the app
tionments and are on the Roll of Honor. ionments and are on the Roll
Colora, Md. June 22, 1888.

The Rev. C. A-Grice, who has been pursuing a course of study witb the Grant Me morial Uuiversity, this week, receive"the gressive Methodism.'
very succesiful festival was held at Brandywine M. E. Cbarch 1 a

The Cbildren's Das collection at Fair-
The Cbildren's Day collection
mount, Md., amounted to $\$ 31$.

Re-opening.
From the Kent Ners, we take the following
report of interesting services, in Galena, Md.
Nit. Olivet M. E. Church wos re-opeued the Mft. Olivet M. E. Church was re-opeued the 17th inst. The structure is a gem of benuty with tower and spire in front, yothic win
dows in beautiful stained glass, severnl o which are memorial; walls uently frescoed recess pulpit, and a rich-toned 900 pound bell in the tower. The church is benutifully furnished and carpeted throughout, nad is seated with folding chnirs of an attractive pattern. The whole cost was $\$ 3,900$, on which $\$ 2,300$ had been raised and paid,
prior to dedication day; leaving $\$ 1,600$ to be provided for.
Rev. Theodore Stevens, of Philadelphin, preached in the morning from Gen. 28: 17 . A collection of about $\$ 500$ was made after the sermon. Rev. T. L. Tomkinson discoursed in the afternoon, from Matt. 5: 23. After the sermon, the sum of $\$ 110$ was realized from collection. Rev. R. W. Todd, $\begin{array}{ll}\text { of Chestertown, preached at night. } & \text { An } \\ \text { overflowing house grected the speaker. His }\end{array}$ text was Deut. made to raise what was necessary to can cel all indebtedness, and orer $\$ 1,000$ was reached, as the result of the day's eflort;
with the promise of an additional $\$ 200$ from two interested gentlemen, should the balance of $\$ 300$ yet needed be provided for. These sums, with nearly $\$ 100$ assumed by the
Ladies' Mite Society, will complete the payment of debts on the improvements. is probable that arrangements will be completed in a ferv days, by which liberally,
will be sccured. All have given libl and some very largely for their mons Scveral gentlemen, not roembers of the church, deserve great praise for the labor upon this enterprise. Surely we have had the Divine guiding band, and the Divine services in this arduons task. Our Sabbati Bro. Price preached on Monday night, Bro. Bryan on Tuesday night, Bro Townsend on Weduesday vight, and Bro. Browne on vice for Methodism in this community, and presages enlarged prosperity in the near future for the cause.

Children's Day was observed iu the M. F Church, Vienna, Md., Sunday 10 th inst. The platform was handsomely decorated was entilled the Star, the Cross and the Crown; an arched wray representing She
pathway to heaven by the way of the Star,
the Cross and the Crown. The childreu and roung people performed their parts well.
The Trustees of the Conference Academy met June 21, in the Acaãemy Hall, Dover, Del. The principal business brought before
the Board was the election of teachers, ns published in the catalogue, and the building ed, and sealed bids were opened, but as the bidders ranged in their offers from $\$ 19.000$ to $\$ 24.000$, (out of reach of the trustees, ) by new plans and bids to be called for, not to
exceed $\$ 12.000$, the amount apportioned o the several charges of the Conference. Th as soon as possible, the necessary plans and
bids, that the Trustees may go forward with the building. The ladies of Dover had through a festival, raised nearly $\$ 100$ for the
beautifying of the campus, for which they received the thauks of the Board
.. L. Gnoding. Ph. D., was unamimously year has the largest class of graduates, ex cept one since its origia, will begin the
scholastic year with a bright outlook.
Children's lay was observed with appro priate decorations, songs, and services, at
Dethel, Clagmont, Mt. Pleasant, ani Edge Moor. Revs. J. W. Hammersley and J. T.
YaulBurkalow reported in Quarterly Coufer that they had called on, talked and prayed present yurle Yt. Pleasant has added 80

## volunes to the S . S. Aibrary.

Easton District.
Dear Emitor,-Hiving completed my first round of quarterly meetings for the present conference report progress. 'The new pastors have al received a kindly welcome, and are begin-
ning their work, with considerable promise of success. In not a síogle case, has any preacher been received otherwise, thau in the most cordial manner. And so far as the
writer could observe, the preachers are equally well pleased with their appointments. Thus shonld it ever be in the Mrethodist Episcopal Church; and as long as it is so, thero will be no real danger to the "Itin-
erancy," no matter how they may leugthen the term of pastoral service.

Wo are heariug quite a varioty of opluious
expressed, on this extension of miniaterina


Jrofessor Maria Mitechell is having an olbgervatory bullt in her gister's garden, at
Iynn, Mass. She will have more Ieisure to devoto to her astronomical aturifer, now that she is relicued from the cares of teaching. The world does move, and the Ciombly Nedical Society in revolving with it, Sor that cians, clected Dr. Mary Willita a member last evening, and thus has opened to rualified women physicians, the doors which have been so long-and, as the Ledger thinks, sso
unwisely-cloged against them.-Philadelphia calycr.
The first nemspaper was published in Eng had in 1588.
Carhart \& Co.s s'ore, Zion, Md., will be ceptingan hour or so at noon for the delivery of mail.

Fourth of July on the Alleghe-
Grand July pleasure tour to C'rcsson.
The Penosglvania Railrond Company, in order to provide an attractive tour for tbe
boliday season of the Fourth, has arrange an grand pleasure tour for the Aleghenies
and Cresson on Monday, July $2 d$. This tour is fixed at a most opportune date, as every
one desires to celebrate the boliday of Inde pendence by no pleasanter trip one can take than this nor any more appropriate, for where conll brated than on the mountain top. The sam mer merits of Cresson are too well known, to
need more than mention. It is one of th choicest spots in the land, and offers every
thing that can in any way, coutribnte pleasing diversion
Round -trip tickets, including one day's
bonrd at the celebrated Mountain House good for return trip within ten days, will bo sold from New York at $\$ 9.50$; Pbiladelphia other stations. The special train, under the other stations. The Tourist Agent, will leave
supervision of ter
Broad Street Station, Pbiladelphia, at 10.40 Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, at 10.40 good on any regular train of July 2d, arriv
ing at Philadelphia in time to connect with the special. Itineraries may
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Mrs. Mancell Talcote, the philmenthropic Chicago lady, who bas given away $\$ 300,000$ in ten years to public institutions, is dead up children in the parks, and buy them boes. There are two talcott day nurserie解 Chicago, and the drinking fountain in
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The latest figures show that there are 16, ,

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## Christ Before Pilate.

A fine Photo-Etching of this Wonderful Picture.
 old subscriber who renew his subscription and sends the name of one new subscriber with
tio dollars. The orizinal of this picture is too well-known to need $\begin{aligned} & \text { lengthy description. } \\ & \text { It is one of the grandest paintings that has been given to the world in modern times. It }\end{aligned}$ It covers about twenty by thirts feet of canves, the figures all being life-size. Everybody is
taniliar with the story. The scene is early morning in the Practorium or ofticial resi
 given in the Nomsn Testavernor at at the appalem. The picture is drawn from descriptions
there related that "when he was accused of the priests and elderst be bore Pilato. It it
it there related that "when he was accused of the priests and elders. he answered oothing."
"And Pliate nnswered and said a again unto them: . What will ye that I thnll do unto Him
whom "And Pilate nnswered and said again unto them: 'What will yc that I shall do unto Him
whom ceall King of the Jesp ? and they cried out ngain, "Crucify, him l" In the cen-
tre of the picture in the figure of the Savior. with His hands bound, ercet, composed. yazing stcadfastly ou the face of Pilath. Around nud behind Him crowd the rabble of
Jerusaien, some fratic. others stracted by idle curiosity, others apparently bet Jerusaien, some frantic, others stracted by idle curiosity, others apparently bent
merely on killing time. In the immediate foreground is a Roman soldier holding the mob
and in check with the shaft of his spear. Pontius Pilate sits as the representative of Caesar in
on the judybinent throne Me is meditating, and is greatly perplexed. He knows nothing
ayainst Christ, lut dare not resist the clamor of the people against Christ, but dare not resist the clamor of the people. On the right of Pilate stands
Caiaphas, the chief accuser of Christ, with bis arms exteader toward the excited populace Cuiaphas, the chief accuser of Christ, with bis armis exteaded toward the excited populace
The figure pressing lorward in the crowd with uplifted arms, is a rufian of the lowest type
He He is shouting "Crucify him! Crucify him! Un the left of Pilate sit two elders watching the proceedings with deep interest. Bet ween Christ and Caarphas, fitting on a bench, is a rich banker traing on with contemptuous curiosity. Near hina is a young rowdy side of the judgement seat nod resting his hend against he wall is a scribe. who views the scene with un air of weary indifference, A knot of old men is seated in the angle on the
room to the left of the banker. They are apparently arguing Christ's claim that he is the
promer room the left of Che Consper. They are apparently arguing Christ s claim that he is the
promised Messiah.
inother with a beutiful face, holding raised above the heads of the mother with a beuutiful face, holdings child in her arns, and looking at. Jesus with tender-
ness and compassion. Through the whole picture are groups of figures and faces reflecting the different emotions that animate each individual

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