# Will mingulla 

## Riches of Poverty.

## y basp sich

## Why art thou cast down, my heart? Why trouble. Why dost mourn apart, Why trouble. Why dost mourn apart

 O'er nnught but earthly weaith ?Trust in thy God, be not afraid, Trust in thy God, be not afraid, He is thy friend, who all things made
Dost think thy prayers he doth not heed? He knows full well what thou dost need; And beaven and earth are his! My Father and my God, who stil Is with my soal in every ill.

## The rich man in his wealth confide

 But in my God my trust abides; Laugh as se will, I hold This one thing fast, that he hath taught,Who trusts in God shall want for nuught. Yes, Lord; thou art as rich to-day As thou hast been, and shall be ay 1 rest on thee alone
Thy riches to ing son
And tis enouch for be given,
h and heaven.

## Editorial Correspondence.

MbRIDGE-bECEWITh's Camp
This beautiful town, on the Choptank River, some eighty miles south cat of Baltimore, is connected by rai with the main line of the Del. Rail road, at Seaford, 33 miles distant, and is by this route 117 miles distan from Wilmington. It is one of the oldest towns in the state, having re cently celebrated its 200th anniversary. To us the place has a very special interest. 'Twenty-five years ago, by Episcopal authority, we were re moved from a charge in the city of Philadelphia and appointed to Cambridge. Most cordial was our welcome, and most auspiciously passed the first Sabbath. but before the second we were all with a severe attack of pneumonia: Through Divine mercy, the skill and unremitting attention of Dr. Thomas Handy and the most assiduous nursing, the patient survived this terrible conflict with disease, yet so worsted, that for several years he was unable to resume preaching. The kind and generous attention bestowed upon the invalid pastor and his family by the people of Cambridge at that time have not been forgotten, nor has the sense of gratitude lost any vividness by the lapse of years. Four months' supplies for the pulpit were furnished by the brethren in hope that the pastor might be able to resume his work, and only at his urgent request, did they consent then to accept his resignation, paying him his salary in full to the time of his leaving.
The pleasure of our visit, was mingled with not a little sadness, as we learned how many of our friends here had passed beyond the grectings of this life. Thomas W. Anderson and his excellent wife, and son Thomas Cornwell, Mr. and Mrs. Wilson W. Byrne, Dr. Phelps and his son-in-law, Col. James Wallace, were nearly all we could recall of the survivors.
In the company of brother James E. Bryan, pastor of our' church in Cambridge and brother L.. E. Barrett of Still Pond, we had a pleasant ride to Beckwith's Camp (iround, some eight miles out. Rev. Jame Connor is in charge, and we are glad to learn
is in high favor with his people. Saturday evening, August 2 , our young brother, R. A. Tuff, preached the opening sermon; Sunday, Revs. W. S. Robinson, J. E. Bryan and A.
Davis preached; Monday, C. H. Will-
iams and A.D.Davis were the preach ers; Tuesday morning, the people
were gratified in hearing Rev. W. E. were gratified in hearing Rev. W. E.
Evans, of the M. E. Church South, Chaplain of Randolph Macon College Va., who with his family were visit ing relatives in the neighborhood; in the afternoon W. S. Robinson preach ed again, and I. E. Barrett at night Wednesday we heard a most excellent sermon from Rev. George L . Hardesty sermon from Rev. George 1. . Hardesty
of Woodlandtown circuit, on the duty of all men to repent-Acts xvi 30-31. Chaplain Evans preached a gain in the afternoon and Rev. T. O A yers was announced for the evening meeting was held before the afternoon preaching under the direction of Bro Ayers, Messrs. Tuff, Williams, Thom Ayers, Messrs. Tuff, Williams, Thom
as and Walter H. Thompson, Esq., o Easton, Md., making five minute ad dresses. Just before closing Bro Ayers proposed a temperance pledge as follows

## "I really do think <br> I never will drink Gin, Brandy, or Rum <br> Or anything else

That will makedrunk come.'
Quite a number of the little ones, with some of the elders, joined in this tem perance covenant. Would it not be
well to turn our children's meetings to some such practical account mor generally?
The editor's duties required him to leave by the ovening boat for Wilmington via. Baltimore. His im pressions at all these meetings wer favorable, thegroves are exceptionally beautiful, the order observed highly creditable, the preachers indicating most unmistakably the spirit of their high and holy mission; and the court eous attentions shown the editor af fording ample proof that the grace of hospitality is not an obsolete virtue
on the Peninsula. Flattering commendations were bestowed on the Methoist, and gratifying additions made to its subscription list
While in Cambridge, we visited the old Methodist grave yard, where rest the mortal remains of the fathers and mothers of early Methodism, the saintly ancestry of not a few of the present residents of this city. We
were gratified at the assurance given us by the fastor, that its present sadly neglected condition will not be allowed to continue. Our Cambridge friends owe it to themselves not less than to their honored dead to make this "God's acre." a place of beauty IW e read with dcep interest the in
scription on the tomb stone of one of the most successful of the early itinerants:
"Here sleeps the Rev, Joseph Ever ett, who departed this life Oct. 16 , 1809 , in the 78 th year of his age and the 30th of his ministry. He was fervent in devotion, zealous and faith-
ful in the cause of religion, a friend of the oppressed, conscientious in al his dealings, frm in his friendship, so that in his last monents he could adopt the language of St. Patil, 'I have fought the good fight, I have finished my course, I have kept the faith; henceforth there is laid up for me a crown of righteousness which
the. Lord the righteous Jurge will give me at that day.'
'Let me die the death of the right-
cous and let my last end be like his,'" On his left lie the remains of his herished friend, Dr. Edward White from whose hospitable home he had started upon his itinerant career in Oct. 1780, and to which he returned after thirty years of faithful toil, and in holy triumph and ecstasies of joy, shouting glory, glory, glory till he ceased to breathe.
In the same sacred enclosure is the grave of Rev. Benjamin Benson, an ther Peninsula contribution to the itinerant ranks. Born in 1807, he
entered the ministry when twentythree years of age, and after ten years service, died in great peace in C'am bridge, Md., Oct. 1840.

## A Methodist Don Quixote. 

These eccentricities, perhaps brought him as much success as op position; but the chief source of his troubles came fom his inde pendence, and even defiance of his tations regulations and authority of any kind caused an irrepressible con flict between him aud the church from the beginning to the end of his labor. Four times the first year or his ministry did they try in vain t send him home. Though constantly and with many tears, besieging concense, as soon as a circuit of appoint ense, as soon as a circuit of appoint
ments was given him, he would fly the track and be found traveling on another minister's round, as complacent as a hen setting on the wrong nest. Regularity was death to him Once he had been persuaded to take a circuit, and he says, "I had no sooner consented to try for a year, the Lord eing my helper, than an awful distress came over my mind." He staid the other circuits, but says of it: "Scarce any blessing on my labors, and my mind depressed from day to day. et he insisted, to the day of his er, and refused indignently all propoitions of his admirers and convert organize a following of his own-
Dowites," as they would call themselves, "Split-off Methodists," as he dubbed all such schismatics. When his presiding elder, the renowned esse Lee, sent him injunctions against irregular traveling, under
pain of expulsion, he replied to the messenger: "It does not belong to Jesse lee or any other man to say that is to be determined between God and my own soul. It only belongs to the Methodists to say wheth er I shall preach in their connec tion"."
"Jut
will will you cil ms monitor, "What odists will not own you, and if you take that name you'll be advertised in the public papers as an impostor. "I shall call myself a friend to man kind," said Dow, expansively. "Oh," exclaimed the advocate of regularity, "for the Jord's sakedon't! You are
charge-who is!"
One would think so, for Dow was
this time only eighteen years old
and the callowest fledging in all green New England. It was no use. This young eccentric would not work to
any line. He obeyed only dreams, impulses and "impressions," which he accepted as divine guidings. At one time they thought they had laid out for him in Canada, a field sufficiently ding to give him "ample scope and verge enough," wherein to wander, preach and organize churches. It id seem that almost the whole bound less continent was his. But a conti-
nent has limitations. That thought nent has limitations. That thought got to the edge, and then was seized with a "call" to carry the gospel into reland, and despite all remonstrance, Ireland without a government pass. port, without church credentials of any kind, minus an overcoat an bag of biscuits, and unlimited con fidence in his ability to "get through some way," constituted his mission ary outfit. His real reason for going age would improve his health, as he Thereafter "journal."
Thereafter, wherever Dow pushed his peculiar mission, he found the gainst church authority had pre ceded him, and turned the Methorlis: clergy and laity against him, and generally closed their homes and houses of worship to him. This cold ness, and sometimes enmity, he had
to overcome before he could begin his vork in any place. Nevertheless, he prosecuted it vigorously for over forty years with few interruptions, ivertingall the converts of his minis try into the Methodist church tha services, but much of the proceeds of he sale of his books to that body To the last he declared, like Wesley, "my parish is the world!" and exEnion to Balize the West Indie and the United Kingdom. He would lay out routes of three or four thouand miles, covering appointment months or years ahead, and he rare-
ly failed to appear on time or to find an audience awaiting him.
"The campmeeting era," which bean about the commencement of Dow's ministry, was his great oppor unity. These meetings were free They were the legitimate outcome of the religious uecessities of the time The land was a blaze from backwoods to scabeach with that popular excltement, which soon got the expressive name of "The Wildfire." A host of prachers, Methodists, Presbyterians Baptists, Quakers-went from camp
to camp, preaching, singing, exhorting. The meetings were gring con-
tinuously. The country secmed to give upall other pursuits for religion Twenty thousand often assembled at one place, coming hundreds of mile One (iranada, the western poct," wrote pirited, for camprnceting use, and these traveled, unprinted, on the air That peculiar psychological phenome non called "The Jerks," appeared and spread like an epidemic. Penitents,
ong ranks under the trees, and the weird torchlights, as if ready for interment. Three thousand fell in It was common practice to prepare the campmeeting grounds by cutting all the saplings about six fest from the ground, leaving the stumps for the infected ones to grasp, to keep them from falling, and Dow records that the ground around them was orn up as if horses had been hitched there. At times a sudden influence vould come over the multitude which would strike preachers, sing ers, mourners and listeners speech less, so that not a word could be spoken for a period-a hush more ivful and inexplicable than the jerks or the shoutinge
nto this work Dow plunged with he abiundon of a knight errant, and with wonderful succest. His thin skeieton frame, pale, sharp face, lu minously black cyes, long hair, curl ing to his waist, sharp, strident voice, fierce, jerky sentences, qualified him o add intensity to the prevalent ex citement. And he was fond of ap pealing to the fears and superstition of humanity. He was full of dire predictions. The world was in tra vail for the last day. Napoleon was wading knee-deep in the blood of Europe. The last vial of wrath seemed to have been poured out upon the earth. The prophecies and the apocalypse were drawn on for texts.
which he used literally. Any local which he used literally. Any local
calamity-and a long list of sudden or accidental deaths within his ken -were worked upon the minds of his hearers, as links in the chain of these awful portents. If there was any "scare" in a man or woman or child, he'd frighten them to their snees. He used the argumentum adconspicuous atheist, reprobate Calvinist in the audience-all of whom he classed together-the man was sure to be singled out for direct attack A favorite device was to ask he audience to grant him a favor and require all who were willing to do so, to stand. When up, he would bind them to pray three times a day for a week for salvation, and abjure them not to add the perjury of a broken promise to their many other ins. This, he exultantly calls "catching 'em in a coveant," he expecting to make converts of nine-tenths of those who kept the promise into
which they had been thus trapped. The quality which gave Lorenzo Dow his greatest power with the "lower million"-to whom, after all, his mission went-was his courage. Ie was as bold as a man secking martyrdom. His mien was defiant and his language brusque and ag-
gressive. He belonged to the church militant by one of those contrasts

2


## But Thou, my ever-reads Guide, <br> A'simpie prayer-and at ms tid

Thou stand' it with outretched hand
And hesceforil may
Fore'er envelup me
Then stall 1 live in , ${ }^{\text {tright }}$
a wafty, Lord, with Then

## Its Not So.

Its not so. "The jail in which Rev. Freeborn Garretison was im prisoned in 17SO, for preaching th gospel in Dorchester Co., is still stand ing in the town of Cambridge." have ruoted from the Minutes of the Wilmington Annual Conference for 1883. At the time the resolution wa offered, there was a doubt raised as to which one of two old buildings w the one in which Garrettson was im prisoned, or, whether the building was still in existence at all. The opinion settled down in favor of the old building, where the fire engines were kept.
The thought occurred to me some time ago to investigate the matter, with a view of making a sketch o for publication, and preservation Investigation has lead me to the con clusion that our Conference resolu tion is in crror, and ought to be cortion is in error, and ought to be cor-
rected. I began by looking up the rected. I began by looking up the
history, and found on page 370 , Vol. history, and found on page 370,

1. Stevens' history of the M. E. Chureh, the following borne away to Cambridge jail, where during a fortnight. 'I had' he says, 'a dirty Hoor for my bed, my saddle bays for my pillow, and two 'arge windors open, with a cold east wind blow-
upon me; but I had great consolaupon me;
With this description of the jail, I visited the old house, the identical building, according to our Conference resolution, in which Rev. Freeborn Garrettson had been imprisoned. An examination convinced me that The "woo lur je vindows" were not to found. I was satisfied that the Conference had made a mistake
I next culed upon Hon
I next cailed upon Hon. Wilson Byrme, who kindly went with me to the old jail, so called, and aided me in collecting facts. The out-come of the whole matter being, that the old house now standing. is said to have
been built out of the material taken been built out of the material taken from the old jail, which
molished a long time aro
The lower part of this building now standing has no windows at all. The upper part, which is a mere cock-loft, a small hule for a window in the rear end. Any person who will read what Garrettson has left on record, and then look at the old house now standing, will, I think, say, with me of the resolution in question, "
so."

## Remarkable Re-Union.

 Representatives of the five genera tions of the Wright family met at the old camp ground at Hurlock's Dorchester Co., Md., for a day's pleas ant association, Friday, There were many inviled guests pres ept to enjoy the interesting re-union An approprafernoon by Rev. T Ayres, of East New Market, Md. Dinner and supper were served in the grove.Mr. Kennely Wright, the ver.era- $\left.\right|_{\text {year }} ^{\text {pal }}$
be head of this fimily has 13 chil grand-child to grand-children, and 1 great grea
grabd-child, all living. Adding these 69 who hare died. and the husband hare a total of $25 \%$. Father Wrigh is 86 years old.and still sound in mind and body; though his ere is some what abated. He marricd his second wafe about ten years aga, and is no ofing on a farru which is a part only of the tempral gain with which God has blessed his personal toil Excep
the years of youth his whole life has been devoted to God. For very many years he has been class-leader and
exhozter. His children, four sons and nine daughters have all been con verted, and with one or two exceptioss, are prominent members of the ried, and are living in this vicinity except a son, whose home is in Mis souri. Four of the second generaton are members of the Wilming of our Western Conferences, one doctor, and the rest farmers and prominent business men Christian example and teaching in the honored father has spread like leaven until well nigh the whole fami ly are leavened. The writer visiting
many of these homes, found them happy and prosperous. The home o the great greatgrand-child is suchaon God his wont to dwell the father upon the the third and fourth generation." Such wise children make a glad father "The generation of the upright shal be blessed. Health and riches shall be in his house; and his righteous-


Items
Mrs. Robert L. Stuart, of New York
wealthy Presbyterian widow, a wealthy Presbyterian widow, has set aside a fund of 850,000 to issue the dectrines of Ingersoll.
Four things are necessary to consti tute a Christian. Faith makes Christian; life proves a Christian crowns a Christian. - Hopfner.
Our greatest glory is not in falling, but in rising every time fall.-Confuciza.
The soohuestern Prebyterian, New Orleans, seems to have little hope
that the great Cotton Ezposition will kecp the Sabbath, and sars truly that the "logical conclusion from a be that New Orleans desryition will can be said against it. An Inter-Ecclesiastic Congren conposed of clergymen from differnt
Protestant denominations held in New Haven in May, 1885.
George I. Seney turned his beant ful collection of paintings oyer to the
Metropolitan Bank: The bill of sale Metropolitan Bank: The
was registered at 8350,000 .
The revision of the Old Testament completed.
The famous Georgian, Robert Toombs, has joined the M.E. Church, South.
It is said that in the botanical gardens of St. Louis there are living specimens of
A holy life spent in the service of God, and in communion with Him, is without doubt the most pleasant and comfortable life that any man cen live in this world.-Melanchthom.
Rev. E. Y. Buchanan, brother of the ate President James Buchanan, has been rector of the Protestant Episcopal Church at Oxford, Pa., for fifty
years.


Temperance Atloat There is no place in which the blessings.of Temperance are pre the floatin carriers of the Atlantic. The late dvance made in Temperance afóa is that on board the Allans' stearmer Nestorian, commanded by Captain James. It appears that while an the royage from Glasgow to Quebec the hips company and others came to ship sompany and formed an association wether and formed as the chief plank in their constitution: "The under igned, forming a soc the Allen liue steamship Nestorian,
James, this commanded by Captain James, thi 28 th day of A pril, while on a voyage
from Glasgow to Quebec, in latitude from Glasgow to Quebec, in latitude orty-five degrees north, longitude
fifty-six degrees west, do hereby agree alstain from all intoxicating lis uor as a beverage, and pledge ourmmaity. "Hurrah for the Nesto rian- Temperance Socicty! hout that will go up from the Tem-
perance hearts who read this; and Captain James will be congratulated on all sides that he carrics
water navy should indeed rule the
n face of danger level heads are the scamen's

And now is there need fur Temper
ance work in onr Sunday-schoo's? onr Sunday-schoo's? With this country spending yearly \$35, 000,000 tor drink (six times what it spends for education)-drink liburries of the land in less than two months, the total value of the church property in the United States in less than six months, the total amount used searly for both home and for cign missions,estimated at $\$ 5,000,000$ in less than three days-it is clea for reform. Were the seven million for reform. Were the seven million
children now in our Sunday Schools pledged to total abstinence, and then taught regulary the precepts of the
Bible, about man being his brother's kecper, we should have reformation generation.
rudependent

## $A$ Turriling Inbiten

At a temperance neeting in Phila clergyman spoke of wine as a drink demonstrating it to his satisfaction
to be Scriptural, gentlemanly and to be Scri
plain, elderty cryyman sat down a asked the liberty of saying a few words. Permission being granted, he spoke a follows
A young friend
long been intemperate, was previled upon, to the great joy of his friends, to take the pledge of total alssti He kept the pledge faithfully for some time though the struggle with his habit was fearful, till one evenwere passed around. They came to a clergyman present, who took a glass saying a few words in vindication of the practice. 'Well,' thought the
young man, 'if the clergyman can take wine and justify it so well, why not I ?' So he took a glass. It in-
stantly re-kindled his frey and slum. bering appetite, and after a rapid downward course he died of
tremens-a raving madman The old man paused for utterance
and was just able to add-"that

## oung man was mather refend doc



Bence near Wesley ay, August 11 th 158t, after a short, but severe joincel the aged, about M. F. Church 50 years has been an
for more than 50 fer member of the active and faithful ame. In he itinerant minister has al wass been a welcome guest; hour of whom will recall the happy full of spent here. Sympatheticand a wise christian kindness, she wall who counsellor to her family and all true souglit her adrice. She was a best and devoted wife, and one family are of mothere. Most of her family are members of the M. E. Church. Her funeral was largely attended, Md., on I. E. Church ot $1 \cdot \mathrm{th}$, at. 5 o clock P meser. (G. W. Wilcox, officiating Her remains, enclosed in a beatiftu casket, were
Hill M. F, cemctery.

Mrs. A. M. Buwers and daughter
Mary are risiting Rev. J. S. Bowers. bridge. Md.
Rer. H. Meeka, of Fuirtice, preach Sunday morning August Ba
unday morning, August sa.
Rev. J. S. Willis, of Milford, is ported as having a crop of 1,500 has kets of Bartlett pears.

## Sunday-school hesson

24, 1884-2 S: muel 24 : 15-25.

## rev. W. o. holwa


Gond Text. 'So the Lord wase entreated
or the land, and the plague was stayed from

## 1. The Putens

So-in accordance with David' coice. In punishment for his sin in numbering the people, he was alowed to elect one of three plagues-
a three years' famine, a three months defeat before his enemics, or a days' pestilence. He chose the latr, preferring, with a noble trust, to fall into God's hands rather than mes. The Loid selt a pilencehiterally, "a death ;" a deadly plague r permitted to smite Israel. Lyon sracl.-It would seem as though the and and shared the in Darid's sin hat actuated it; for weng motive "the anger of the Lord was kindled Isracl" that the punishment was ointed. - The rendering adopted by he majority of commentators is until the time of assembly," refer 3 P. M.). This agrees with sacrifice pression which thes with the imchat the pestilence did not gives nercy. and but was shortened its and Jerome. and supported by Josephus in the length and breadeersheba.- Over he pestilence raged. Se the land men-a frightful mortality. ennacherib's army, the plague in of 180,000 in army, which carried epidemic in the Cale night, and an before Syracuse which deginian army 000 men.
Laish, at one of the anciently called Jordan. Beersheba, on threes of the Palestine the southern border of Palestine. The two placentier of miles apart. If the pestilence 150

 hougl they hundreds of tho
petilence buret upon with supermos, in trength and violence, that it migh be seen at once to be a dirert jud, ment from Citilene Stoyed. (1).16).
2. The When the anyel-the viside

16: Wudginent or of othe messenger purposes, in both the old Divine purpose, The execuld and New The final judgment is to by duty in the final (Matt. 13: 41) performed by angels (Matt. 13: 41). Stretched out the more dramatic account, given In Chron. $21: 16,28-30$, the angal in "between the earth and th heaven, having a drawn sword in his hand stretched out over Serusiem." Here his destroying progreis was arrested the evil-language of accommoda. tion. by which the Divine behavior o deseribed in terms dimilar from human action under simer ombitions. course he is said to "repent himin of the evil ;" so when God changes His course or attítude towards man, He in said to cepent Him of the men do when they repent. Our y express the motives and to filof the Infinite Ore. Few minde cape this misconception of Deity ing portrayal of Him in hum speech perpetuates; and yet we have no other speech by which to describe Him. Threshing place-or floor: a large, circular floor of hard-beaten
earth, situated generally on some eminence, where the wind could easily separate the chaff. dimumal, he Jebusitc.-H is name is varibusly spelled-in the Septuagint, "Orna" in Chronicles, "Ornan ;" also "Aray nah," "A ranyah," "Avarnah." Thie arious spellings probably arose from proper name into Hebrew suppose thrt Araunah was formerly the king of Jebus (Jerusalem), and had been spared by David after his expulsion from Mount Zion, for old friendship's sake.
"The divine choice of his (Arauhah's) land for the temple site Five it freely fur this purpose, suro rests the probability that he wats hah's threshing-flow. religion. Araut Moriah, the hill to the eastwated of erusalem, as it was euclued at that
cinind．－David freelr nind sincerely confesuer his individual sinfulness and invoke uron himaelf the de－
served penalty．Thes sheop，whit havethey doni？－His own wickedness seemed so black that he could not see the peoples guilt．He delt that he would gladly have them spared．
＂Done！Why，they had done much
amiss．It was their sin that pro－ voked God to leave David himself to do as he did；yet，as became a peni－ tent，he is severe upon his own faults， while he extenuates theirs．Most people，when God＇s judgments are abroad，charge others with being the cause of them．so they can escape； but David＇s penitent and public spir－ it was otherwise affected（Henry）．
4．The Hallowed Memorial（i．18－25）．
18．And Giad came－to bring God＇s answer to David＇s prayer．It was this same propbet who was sent to David with the choice of the three judgments．He is spoken of in 1 Cbron．21，as＂David＇s seer；＂and he wrote the history of David＇s reign． He appears to have been in constant． attendarice upen the king，from the day when he came to him in the
Cave of Adullam（ 1 Sam． $22 ; 5$ ）． Cave of Adullam（ 1 Sam．22；5）． showed that God was now placable， that wrath was about to be restrained and peace restored．
＂Besides his prayers，David was now to make public affirmation of his guilt，and of his willingness，hence forth with the people to devote him self as an offering to the Jord，by building an altar（Erdmann）．＂
19，20．Araumal looked and saro thi king：-He had looked before，and seen the angel，and had hid himself， with his four sons in terror（ 1 Chron． 21：20）．Bowed himself to Darid．－He came out from his hiding－place，and saluted the king witn the customary act of homage．
Stanley，who regards Araunah：as the dispossessed king of Jebus，says ＂Beside the rocky threshing－floor the two princes met－the fallen king of the ancient fortress，the new king of the restored capital－each moved alike by the misfortunes of a cit． which，in different senses，belonged to each．＂
21，22．Araunah said ．．．．David said．－A Araunah respectfully inquired concerning the motive of the king＇s visit；and David told him that is was to purchase his threshing－floor to be used for holy purposes， view to averting the further progress of the plague．Araulah said．－The Jebusite displayed a surprising will－ ingness to comply with Davill＇s re－ quest．Osen for burnt sacrificu－the
very oxen with which he was thresh－ ing．Thesking instrumerts－wooden frames furnished with sharp teeth on the under part，to be drawn over the grain．Instrumcnte of the oxen－the yokes，or other harmess．He also offer－
ed the wheat for a meat－offering（See Chronicles）．He would beggar him－ sclf on the spot，if by so doing he could cause the withdrawal of that terrible angel．Quite likely，too，he was glad of an opportunity to please David．His politeness was some－ thing more than＂Oriental．＂
＂The burnt－offering might be an ox or bullock，a goat or ram，or a pair of pigeons．The more valuable was pre－ ferred，as indicative of a full conse－ cration．The burnt－offering was en－ tirely consumed upon the altar（Vin cent）．＂

23．All thesc did Araunah as a kint， give unto the king－meaning either that Araunah was himself a king though fallen，or that his gift was royal in its magnificence．Stanley inclines to the former opinion．Cook， following Keil，prefers a change of rendering：＂All these， 0 king，Arau－ nah gives to the king．＂
Jamieson says：＂This man had
been ancionty a heathen king or
chief，but was now in pued $>$ te，who
still retained great property and in－
Hucince in Jerusalem；and whose pio－
ty was evinced by．the liherality of
ty was evi
his offers．＂
24．Will buy it of the at＂prict－ ＂for the full price＂（ 1 Chron． $21: 24$ ） Neither will I offer ．．cost me nothing -a worthy sentiment，revealing the essential nobility of David＇s charac－ ter．His sacrifice should be a genuine， not a pretended one；his own，not another＇s．So David bought fifty shekels of silver．－In the parellel passage in Chronicles it reads that David paid＂six hundred shekels of gold by weight＂for the place． the silver shekel was worth only 55 cents，and the gold $\$ 876$ ，the dis－ crepancy is a large one．Various at－
tempts have been made to reconcile the two statements，the most plausi ble of which is that David paid for the threshing－floor and oxen fifty shecke！s；and afterwards included in the purchase the surrounding area on which Solomon＇s temple was
built，and for this consummated transaction the larger sum was paid．
＂The explanation given by $B$ ，chart is that the fiyty shekels here men－ tioned were gold shekels，each worth welve silver shekels，so that the fifty gold shekels are equal to six
hundred silver，and that our text should be rendered；＇Davil＇bought the threshing－floor and the oxen for money，viz．，fifty shekels；＇and that the passage in Chronicles should be rendered；＇David gave to Ornan gold shekels at the vaine［or weight］ of 600 shekels＇（Cook and Keil quot－ ed by Delitzsch）．＂
25．Built there an altor－－with all despatch probably，in order that the pestilence might cease as sobn as possible．Offered burnt－nfferings and
perce－oferings－in token of expiation， consecration and reconciliation： visible token of the restoration the divine favor was given by the descent of fire from heaven upon the burnt－offerings．On this spot the

## 世hiliten＇s 跑prattment．

## SOMEBODY＇S MOTHER．

 And bent with the chill of a winter＇s day， And bent with the chill of a winter＇s day， And the womans feet with age were slow．At the crowded crossing she waited long，
Jostled aside by the careless throng Jostled aside by the careless throng
Of human beings who passed her by， Down the street with laughter and shout， Gled in freedo Came happy boys like a flock of sheep， Past the woman，so old and gray
Hastened the children on their way． None offered a helping hand to her Lest the carriage wheels or horses＇feet

## Should ramp street．

i last came out of the merry troop The gayest boy of all the group； ＂I＇ll help you across，if you wish to go．＂ Her aged hand on his strony young arm She placed，and so without hurt or h
He guided the trembling feet along， Proud that his were young and strong；
Then back again to his friend Then back again to his friends he went，
His young leart haypy and well content．
 For all she＇s aged，and poor，and slow；
And some one some time may lend a han And some one some time．may lend a han To help my mother－you understan，
＂Somebody＇s mother，＂bowed low her hea In her bome that nicht and the prayer she Was，＂God be kind to that noble boy Who is somebody＇s son，and pride，and jo
Faint was the voice，and worn and weak But heaven lists when its chosen spe Angels caught the faltering word；
And＂Somebody＇${ }^{\prime}$＂Mother s pray
benrd．

There are some boys who do no like to leara anything that is hard They like easy lessous and easy work；but they forget that things which are learned easily are of
comparatively little ralue when they are learned．A man who con－ fines himself to easy things must do hard work for small pay．For example，a boy can learn to saw wood in five minutes；any boy can learn to saw it in the same time； any ignorant person can learn it just as easily；and the result is，the boy who has only learned to saw wood，if he gets work to do，must do it in competition with the most ignorant class，and accept the wages for which they are willing

it is very well for a boy to know how to saw wood．But sup－ pose he knew how to build a steam engine？This would be much hard－ er to learn than sawing．wood；but when he had learned it he would know something which other peo－ ple did not know，and when he got work to dr，other people could not come and get it away from him． He would have a prospect of steady work and good wages；he would have a good trade，and so be in－ dependent．Boys should think of this，and spend their early days in learning the things which they need to know in after years．Sume boys are very anxious to earn；but $t$ is is not always best．It is often more important that boys should liarn．when they are young，they can earn but little，but they can learn much，and if they learn things thoroughly when young， they will earn when they are old－ er much more than enough to make up for the time and labor which they spent in learning what to do and how to do it－Domestic Journal．

## Tanght To Lie． <br> A boy of twelve years of age，

who seemed disposed to emulate he character of George Wasbing． ton in one respect at least，was brought up befure the police mag－ recently．His mother bad placed him as a servant with a lady at
Long Branch，and he ran away． On being arraignerl，the justice ask－
＂Did not the lady treat you
＂ell？＂
＂Yes sir，＂the boy replied．
＂Did she give you a good home？＂

## Then why did you not stop with

 ＂Becanse she made me telllies！＂
＂Tell lies ！＂said the surprised justice．
tall lies？＂

When people called to see her she made me say to them that she was not at home，when she was at home，＂replied the little fellow．
The boy was sent to the juven－
le asylum，but nothing was done ile asylum，but nothing was done
to the lady who had tanght him to tell the fashionable lie．－N．Y．Ob－ server．

The＂Making Of A Man．＂
＂Captain，＂said a small boy， he entered the Fourth street sta－ tion house，Williamsburg，one eve－ ning，＂can you send a policeman Cuptain Woglom looked down Captain Woglom looked down
at the boy and saw that his eyes
were filled with tenrs．Ine askarl the bo
quest．
＂Pecause，＂said Je，berinming with a sob，＂I was leaning against a store window in Broadway，and I must have pushed too hard，for I broke the glass．The store door was locked and I could not find the owner；so I came to the station house as fast as 1 could for fear thieves would go in．If I give you thirty－five cents，Captain，toward paying for the glass，will you please let me go home till to－mor row？It＇s all the money I＇ve got， and I live too far away to go home and come back again to－night．I＇ll bring the rest down to－morrow， but please put some one to watch the place．＂
luw，＂was the comment of the cap tain，as he handed the money back to the boy．＂＂Take back the money I＇ll see that the place is watched If you go to the owner of the store in the morning and tell him what you have just told me，I don＇t be－
lieve he will take a cent from you．
The little fellow dried his eyes said＂Thank you，＂and leaving his name and address，

What Can 1 Do？
A lady was going to visit a poor
woman，when her nephew，a boy
about five years of age，brought
ferer．＂I can do without lunch，＂
good breakfast；＂and，accordingly
be did without lunch that the poor
woman might have his biscuit．
This was a very small act of kind－ and may have been pleasing i the sight of the Lord，who has promised that he who bestows a cup of cold water in His narne The Highway．

Dear me！there＇s no use in try
ing to win the prize，＂exclaimed
ittle Nettie Ciray，tossing her book aside，weary and discouraged．＇ can＇t get it so long as Hattie Fisher keeps just two marks ahead of me．
I do wish something bould happen

tother Harry，－．Teil you what


＂and Children，don＇t you want to
Alena from the adjoihning room．
Harry，as Nettie with burning
If on a low stool near beated her

Well，then，＂began Alena， once upon a time，an eagle dwelt on a high mountain far a bove the tree tops．She was well
pleased with her surroundings till one day she saw another eagle sail－ ing higher than herself and alight ing on a crag that overlooked her ＂Dear me，＂sighed the firs eagle，＂I can not bear to be an un－ lerling，to know that another is a bove me．What shall I do？＂
She brooded over the matte night，then went in the morning to an archer and offered him he own quill－feathers that he might accepted her offer，and，plucking the longest and stoutest quills，he
wontoutand son roturned rith
＂（）h！thank you，thartk you；＂，said the enviods fird，that harl remain－ ed near by awaiting his eoming．

Henceforth there will be no ono above me，but I shall soar a－ way queen of the air；so good－bye．＂ With that she atternpted to fly， but found herself quite unable to rise and fell to the ground instead．

Hold on，＂said the archer， you neerln＇t flutter so，for you are sure my prisoner，and I shall take good care that you do not es－ cape．So you can bid farewell to． all hope of ever＇seeing your na－ tive cliffs again．＂

Alas！＂alas！＂cried the wretch－ ed bird，＂in helping destroy my rival I never thought of bringing worse fate on myself．

There，that is the story，chil－ dren；now run away，and if tempted to wish another ill，re－ member the fate of the envious eagle．＂－Gospel Banner

## ROYAl <br> e <br> $\mathrm{BAKING}^{\mathrm{N}}$ <br> POWDER <br> Absolutely Pure

## DRHALLSEENELSH LONDONAIA PILLS

## DR．JOHN BULL＇S Suis Tuilisime <br> FEVER and ACUE

Or CHILLS and FEVER，


## 4

Peninsula Methodisit,
PUBLISHED WEEKLY,
BY J. MILLER THOMAS, Publither and Propric
Hilmington, Del.

Office ${ }^{\alpha}$.
Shipley sts.
pley Sts. W. Cor. Fourth and

## SUBSCRIPTION PRICE:



J. T. Van Burkalow, Gal. 6-14; Chas. $\begin{gathered}\text { EASTON DISTRICT - Kcv. J. H. } \\ \text { Calducll. P E Simyrna, Del. }\end{gathered}$ A. Hill, Matt. 8-23; J. H. Willey,
Exod. 19-9; Friday, Revs. E. S. White, Acts, 4-14; W. J. O'Neill, Luke 16, 19-31; R. C. Jones, Jno. 316; Saturday, Rev. Jacob Todd, D. D., of Newark, N. J., preached from
Phil. $4-7 ;$ T. E. Martiadale, Deut. 33-27; J. O. Sypherd, Jno. 1-29; Sunday, Revs. Dr. Todd, Acts 10 ; Chas. Hill, P. E., Phil. 2-9; L. W. Layfield, 1 Saml. 28-15; Monday,
W. J O'Neill, Jno. 17; R. W. Todd Matt. 14-16; J. D. Kemp, Matt. 1-21 Tuesday, Reve. J. E. Smith, Heb. 11 $-13,1$; Thos. E. Terry, 2 Cor. 12-9; F. E. Coxson, of the Philadelphia
Conference, on Naaman's Ieprosy Conference, ou Naaman's leprosy;
Wednesday, Rers. Sam'l Shannon, Wednesday, Rers. Saml Shannon,
of the Baltimore Conference, C. F. of the Baltimore Conference, C.
Sheppard, centennial discourse, Ps Sheppard, centennial discourse, Ps
$44-1$ : 1 Sam'l, 12-24; Thos. E. Ter ry was announced to preach in th evening
Sheppard wenary sermon bum of Methodist Church History, from the birth of John Wesley to th present time, in striking, lucid, and compreheosive' outline, the whole compressed within forty-five minutes, and delivered without the hindering aid of any manuscript. This was followed by a most happily conceived and admirably written epic from "our Conference Poet," Rev. Robt Wre of giving this centenary poem in
ure ure of giving this centenary poem in
full to our readers before the year i out.
Special revival services were held daily, with steadily increasing inter est, conversions gladdening Christian hearts, fresh baptisms of the spiri dtrengthening believers.
Children's meetings were held, one -a children's love-feast, under the direction of Rev. R. W. Todd, was of great interest, quite a number of the little ones telling "the story of Jesus and his love," with their seniors who rejoiced in

## Wimington Conferemere Ners

## WILMINGTON DISTRICT - Rev

 Charlex Hill, P. E., Wil., Del.The Quarterly Conference of As bury M. E. church was held Saturday evening, when the subject building a new church was thorough ly discussed. The committee appoint-
ed on the matter at the last meetiug reported that the present edifice can be enlarged 20 feet in width and 30 feet in depth, with a number of im provements for $\$ 28,861$, and they
were authorized to proceed with the were authorized to proceed with the work as soon as three-fourths of the amount is subscribed.
thought that anything beyond soliciting subscriptions will be done in the matter before next spring.-Rernibli-
The L/adies Aid Society of Scott M
E. church, T.R.Creamer, pastor, have purchased a new carpet for the church and will have the furniture repaired and newly upholstered. The auditory will be reopened on Sunday, Septem ber 7 .
Rev. J. Richards Boyle, pastor of Grace Memorial M. E. Church, Wilmington, Del., is summering at the Lyles of Shoals, off the corast of New Hampshire. By his invitation, th supplied his pulpit last Sunday supplied his pulpit last Sunday morning. The visit was made specially pleasant by the courtesies ex tended him and his wife by Capt Alexander Kelley and bis interesting
family, while guests in their beautifamily, wh
ful home.

The Smyrna Record says there is room for another M. E. Church in
Smyrna, and thinks it will be better Smyrna, and thinks it will be better
for religion and the community when for religion and the
the church is built.
The officers and teachers of the Middletown M. E. Sunday-school, A. Stengle, pastor, are making an excursion to Tolchester Beach, by steamer from Fredericktown. The day for the excursion will be anweek of August or very carly in

## eptembe

Church Hill charge, W. J. O'Neill, pastor.-The ladies of the Church, will hold a festival in the church yard and grounds adjoining, Friday
and Saturday evenings, the 22 d and 23d instant.

DOVER DISTRICT-Rev. A.

## Miby, P. E., Frederica. Del

The work is progressing fincly on Dover district. Several charges have ncreased their salaries
Owing to the fact of
Owing to the fact of the commit ce of arrangements, for Barratt' first issue of the paper by Rev. S. N Pilchard will be postponed for a few days over the time appointed. $-E x$. The task of rumodeling and re-fit ting the Method st Episcopal church of Dover, has been agitating the membership of that body for some time. An architect has given his ews on the subject, and we learn hat it is proposed to alter the base ment so as to make it all into on oom for Sunday school purposes and prayer meetings, with folding parti-
tions for class rooms; build a room ions for class rooms; build a room
back of the church for the Infant back of the church for the Infant School, $25 \times 36$ feet, and a room for the library. The audience room to be carpeted, painted, frescoed, and have stained glass windows. Committees have been appointed to estiwate the cost of the work, and to solicit subscriptions to meet the ex On of the
One of the largest woods' meetings
drer held in tine county, was held crer held in the county, was held
last week in James T. Carey's beautiful grove, about a mile and a quarter from Milton, Del., on the Lewes road It was under the control of Rev, Nathaniel Conaway, and seldom has a ca.
ed.
No services will be held in the Mr E. church, Federalsburg, until the re pairs
Bro. Conner,writing us in reference to Beckwith's camp, says the preaching was equal to the "best ever heard cellent. and the social pleasure ex financial results a perfect success." Deeply regretting that there were very few conversions, he reports the members greatly quickened and en will begin Sabbath morning, the 34 th inst., providence permitting. Assuring us of his interest in enlarging the circulation" of the Peninscla Methodist, he concludes,-"permit me, through your paper, to return
my sincere thanks to all the brethen who so ably stood by me in thi mecting.'
Harrington, G. IV. Burke, pas frst proximo, ing to begin about the meeting," as announced in last week's Merhodist, but will be held in tent. Miss Lizzie Sharp of Philadelphia, has promised to assist in the services.
Interesting incidents of Rash's

Warner in charge. We must the Warner in chatge thrilling event, thar-
fail to mention a conversion, of the tro rows, near Kenton,
bath, the other on Monday, August 3 a and 4th. At their request the publicly at $7 \frac{1}{2}$ o'clock p. m., Monday Manship, baptized by Rev. A. Warner, acassisted by the ritual and discipline of the M. E. Church. It was a thringed scene. Tuesday Mr. Warner preach an and Mr. Manship followed widst of the exhortation, and in the mide altar, shower. two young girls at triend, were Miss V'incent and her it was "only sweetly saved, realinginel.

SALISBURY DISTRICT:-Rev. J.A
B. Wilion, P. E., Princess Anne, Ma.

Wonderful work of grace on Deal'
Island, John D. C. Hanna. pasto From a private letter tendering the pastor's congratulations to the editor, "on the satisfaction the Pesissula Methodist is giving, and assu our him of a very large adde great plea subscription in giving the following report of sure in giving the following report gress in his charge :
"A protracted meeting began her June 19, and has been in progres ver since. It was helthern point of the Island, and nearly 90 souls were converted. hrger tent has now been secured and and the work is still continuing near the center of the Island. Up to last night 105 had been converted. The work is spreading until we canno tell what the end will be. Last nigh 22 interesting penitents-men and women of influence-were at the altar, and 8 were converted. It is the most wide spread work in the history of the Island. Everybody is thinking nearly everbody is praying. The Is land is really transformed. Old men and women, middle aged, and young, are being saved. In some cases whole amilies, consisting of half a dozen o more, have rejoiced in acceptance Some who have not been to church pr years, have been reached, and still he good work goes on."
The congregation of the M. E Tomkinst Princess Anne, W. E. remodel and enlarge their church edifice. The building will be length ened 20 feet. The vestibule will be taken out and the tower will be taken om. The inside of the church wil Stalisbury Ad.

A pienic held at siloam church, of last week, was very lindale, Wednesday ed.

Immanuel M. E. church, Crisfield a tent inceting on the pastor, will hold ing J. Vandegrift's the wharf adjoinSeptember 7th. It will opeginning all day meeting. - will open with an meeting at $9 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. prexperience the administration of the Lord's Supper at $10.30 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. ; children's meet ing at. $2 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. ; preaching at 3 pe m. ;
prayer mecting and revival services at 7 preaching The mectings will be continued 7.30 . night, save Saturday, during every count The people of adjacent charges, vited to attend. A are cordially in. sufticient to accommommoth tent, will come, will be secured.-Crixfich
Lreder:

Sperially interesting services were Crisfield,Md., Rev. John : E. Chnreh, P. L., delivered, by request, his ilson, brated sermon on missions, prepara-
tory to a special missionary,

The Rev. Samuel Keppler, of tho The Charch, fforuthy died on the M. E.. Sh of August lat, of genera]
evening debility, in the 80th year of his age fifty-thre to the ministry. His widon devotives.
Under the preaching of the Rev, Dr. Hoyte, Presbyterian, South, ther has been a great revival in Pensacola, Florida, and more than one hun dred persons have been converted Thirty-six have been added to th Presbyterian Church.
Mr. Moody says that nineteen out fwenty of the backsliders among the converts at his mectings in Grea Britain eight years ago, have bee
The Rev. Smmuel S. Sevier, a gradute of Lincoln University, Cheste county, Pa., sailed a few days ago for Liberia, on the west coast of Africa, to engage, in missionary work. He was one of ten colored boys brought to that institution eleven years argo to be educated, and was recently or dained by the Presbytery of Chester in September, three more will sail.

The Rev. J. D. Kemp, of the M. E. Church, Lewes, Del., has been grant d leave of absence for a few week His pulpit will be supplied by the Rev. Joseph W. Hudson.

A friend, writing from Ocean Grove on Monday, August 4th, says: "An immense audience was present on Saturday at the re-union of the army chaplains and the members of the Sanitary and Christian Commissions The presence of Gen. Grant added to the enthusiasm of the occasion which rose time and time again to the highest pitch." The General gratefully acknowledged the honor done him by the large audience present, and took occasion to commend the noble work done by these Com missions during the war.-Philadet phia Methedist.
Rev. Dr. J. A. Roche gave us pleasant call last week. He had been aiding at the Landisville camp-meet ing, and was then on his way to Ocean City, where he was engaged to reach on Sunday evening, August ing his youth, and though pretty ell on toward the ordinary limit of human life, moves and talks with as much sprightliness as though he were yet in the prime of life. May his earsle life be prolonged for many Philadelphia Methodist will of Cod.-
According to the Methodist Recorder, of the Inner Temple, a verrister over eighty years, has spent a large part of his life in founding a large probably 30,000 . He has amassed probably 30,000 volumes, chiefly of has bological character. This library by been handed over by Mr. Allan until deed of gift to Dr. Rigg in trust an be taken for securing leyan Methodist for the use of Wesple. The solist preachers and peo the books sole conditions and peoone place for the be kept together in the place should purpose, and that of the cities of C mindon , and limits

The wife of Rev. tor of the M. IP. Church Jones, pas-
Del., died Del., died suddenly on Sund Laurel, known inst. Mrs. Jone tertown and highly esteem was well pastora, where she spented in Chessince, and the her husband not long has the sind the reverend gentleman merous friends sympathy gentleman are left behin motherless sere aftioct-

Rev. B. F. Price, pastor of Madely M. E. Church, is expected to preach
in Grace Memorial M. E. Church tomorrow, the ${ }^{*} 24$ th inst.
Christian K. Russ, the father of Charley Ross, has spent 860,000 in searching for his son, and examined over 700
be his.
Messrs. J. Taylor Gause and Wm. M. Field, sailed for home the 16 th inst., and are expected to arrive in New York early next reek.
Rev. E. I.: Hubbard and Father Taylor ministered to the good people of Asbury M. E. Church last Sunday morning, in the absence of the pastor, W. L. S. Murray. Revs. D. Dodd and W. Galloway will suppls the pulpit next Sunday
Bishop Wiley has started on his journey East. On reaching Japan, he will organize the conference, Septembervist. Aftervardrhe will visit the missions at Peking and Kiūkiang, and proceed to meet the Foochow Conference at Foochow, November 10th.

Bishop Fowler has gone to the Pacific coast. He will select a place in San Francisco for permanent residence, and then going on to PugetSound Conference, Will preside over the Confeterces along the Pacific Railroad; returning to Chicago. late in the fall. The Western says he is looking exceedingly well and hap. py.
Rev. R. W. Todd, of North East, Md, visited Summit Grove Camp, on the Northern Central R. R., and preached.
Brandywine Summit camp meeting closed the 12 th inst. The camp was prolonged four days. Rev. Chas F. Sheppard of the Elkton M. E Church, conducted the religious excises Wednesday morning, the 7th inst- Rev. R. C. Jones, of Port Deposit, delivered an address at th children's meeting in the afternoo on the same day. Presiding Elder Hill preached the next morning, and Rev. T. W. Hammersley in the äfter noon.

Items.
The New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island C'onference, and the Nova Scotia Conference are an integral and important part of Canadian Methodism. From the reports published, we judge that the spiritual state is in good condition, and the Educational Institutions af Mount Allison are prosperous-Our Methodist brethren in the maritime Provinces have our best wishes for religious and financial prosperity all along the line.

Queenstown, a small village of 150 inhabitants, has six liquor stores, and Bacchus reigns without "let or hinderance." This is the only election district in Queen Anne's Co, where local option does not prevail, and the district of poorest lands, fewest industrial interest, most inferior schools and least effective churches in the entire country.-Ex.

Some time during the late freshet at Rowlandville, a small pocket clasp Bible, which had been presented to Cornelia Christy by her Sundayschool teacher. was washed out of the cupboard of the parlor of the house in which she lived, and borne away by the raging waters. One day last it was picked up some ten or twelvemiles distantat Havre de Grace, by a resident of that place, who returned it to its owner, not very much the worse of wear from its strange adventure. A small framed photograph of the young lady's grandfathr was also found near the Bible and returned to her but very little inreturned to her but
jured.-Cecil Democrat.
-Prof. Brewer, of Yule College, stades that 15 of our 21 Presidents were farmers, or sons of farmers. This fact is not without significince. As an exch nge mays, "there is no calling which has greater opprortunitics than agriculture for usefulness, honor and position, for you g men of ability and education."

Local Optiox Vindicatid.-IV clip the following paragraphs from an able Editorial in the Wilmington Morning Nenis of last Monday
"The temperance men of this county placed an excellent Legislative ticket in the field on Saturday. There is not a man in the list who would not be moments hesitation, with the dispos moments hes mation, requiring integ rity and intelligence. They therefore possess genuine representative qualities. Four of them-are Democrats, we believe, and four Republicains, but they all agree on one major pro position, namely, that it is both proper and right for the responsible citi zens of any locality or limited district within the State to possess the power at an orderly election, to pass upon and determine for themselyes by a majority vote, at any time, whether or not they will permit the sale of intoxicating beverages within the urisdiction covered by the rotes.
This is the whole of it , and i
very simple and very rational.
The whiskey büsiness, wherever it is useful and wanted, cannot be af-
fected by it. It simply provides that fected by it. It simply provides that all our political affairs shall be applied to the whiskey business those places where it is hurtful and is not wanted. In other words it subjects the whirkey business to the regulatory authority of genuine local selfgovernment. This is fair, equitable and just. It is the genuine principle of town govern-ment-a principle which has been practiced in this country ever since its settlement, and which is the germform of all our politioal institutions. It is right, practicable and just, and it is a wholesome sign that the people are gol
operation.
The temperance men here, we beieve, are not going outside of this single purpose to elect members of the Legislature. They are not going to support Mr St. John, or take up
with partisan politics in any way. with partisan politics in any way.

Of Wesley, when an old man, A more's "Methodist Memorial" says:
"His face for an old man was remarkably fine; a clear smooth forehead, an aquiline nose, an eye the brightest and most piercing that can be concoived, and a freshness of complexion scarcely ever found at his years, and expressive of the most perfect health, conspired to render him a venerable and interesting figure. Few saw him without being struck with his appearance, and many who had been greatly prejudiced against him have been known to change their opinion the moment they were intro duced into his presence. In hiscoun tenance and demeanor there was a cheerfalness mingled with gravity and a sprightliness which was the natural result of an unusual flow of spirits, and yet was accompanied with every mark of the most serene tranquility." This beauty in age was the flower of a life wholly consecrated

Binhop simpsoung Will.
The will of the late Bishop Simpson, disposing of an estate valued at about: 8100,000 has been admitted to probate. In the main body of the will, dated June 10, 1875, the whole estate is left to his wife during her lifetime, with the stipulation that it be transmitted undimnished to the heirs and the recommendation that upon his wife's duath the estate be divided cqually among her children or their representatives. Attached to the body
of the will and dated May 26,1881 , is a codicil annulling any preceding distribution of the estate inconsistent therewith and leaving one-seventh of the real and personal property in trust with the trustees of the Methodist Episcopal Church, chartered in Ohio, for the endowment of an Episcopal chair for the Biقhop, who shall reside in Philadelphia, provided that the sum of 850,000 , including this bequest, shall befraised for this purpose prior to the meeting of the General Conforence next after the testator's death. The codicil declares that this bequest is made partly in memory of the Bishop's son, who died in infancy, and partly, because the testator regards the êndowment of a bishop's chair as an importa'nt need of the church:

## A Letter to every Pastor. HSHOL HMPGON's PICTURE!

Dear Bro: In order to encourage the work of secureing contributions to the Centenary Fund, on "Conference Academy Day," we have arranged to furnish you with good cabinet pictures of Bishop Simpson. We shall soon send to each pastor a specimen pic ture for use on that day: You may show the picture and make the following offer: Qne of these beautiful photographs will be given to each child who will collect one dollar, and to each adult contributing one dollar or more. Keep an account of how many are nceded for your charge. Send the number to either of the undersigned after that day, and we will forward them to you. Brethren, please urge this important matter of relieving our Academy.

Yours truly
RTiNDALE,


Committee

It hasbeen said that "Paul preachd no system of theology," the object being to discredit" so=called "doctrinal preaching." Paul's example goes directly the other way. If any man ever preached clearly, strongly, poweriully the doctrines of our Christian system it was Paul. We need no protests a gainst preaching "systems of theology' 'as such, for nobody is engaged in that business. The protest strikes only a man of straw set up for a tar
get. There is no true preaching with out the bone and sinew and blood of doctrine in it. There are plenty of flabby, bloodless essays, called ser mons, that are not vexed with Christian doctrines at all, but they are not Gospel sermons. Whosoever would preach the Word" must preach doc trine, and it is folly to declaim a gainst it.

What Rome thinks of the Bible as a book for the people can be seen from the following frank statements of the Oatholic Revicu: "Frankly, very little good seems to have come from the reading of the Scriptures by the people at large. It has produced more re:igious fanaticism than anything else and more abortions which are caricatures of religion. Even among Catholics it fosters a Calvinistic spirit...which in many cases induces individuals to set up their church."-This is as foolish as it is church. - Wrank. - $r$.
continued fhom finst pade.
sins, yelling, "Run, run, the Old Sam
is after you." Returning, he took the is after you." Returning, he took the
billet, cut the words "Old Sam" in it, and nailed it to a tree, installing it as "Old Sam's monument." He then proceeded logically to this demonstration: "You disturbers of the meeting, your conduct is condemna ble-which expression means damyou, you are, nothing but a pack of damned cowards, for not one of you durst show his head." "Old Sam's monument" stuck to the tree for years, and Dow records with great satisfaction, that one of the ring leaders in this assault, a few months later, had his nose bit off in a fight, and another was flung from a horse and had his neck broken-all of which he cited as redounding to the glory of God and the vindication of Lorenzo Dow.
On another occasion, being apprised of the approach of a mob of several hundreds, sworn to take his life, he left the pulpit, took his wife by the hand, and marched out to meet the enemy. When met, he mounted a stump and poured out upon them a tirade of hot reviling, the very boldness of which overawed them. The result was that he led them back to camp, and in a short time had th most of them on the anxious seat. to be concluded.
An Old Camp Ground.
A correspondent from Centreville to the Baltinore Herald writes as folows in reference to Wyc Camp
"The worship of God is going on o-day in a tented grove near this place, where nearly a century ago, noted leaders in Methodism wrestled triumphantly with the great foe.
Wye camp is held in one of the most beautiful groves in the county, which is splendidly adapted to, and seems especially designed for its present use. It is situated upon a slight hill, with "large, fresh water streams close by and three fine springs of water within the grounds. Wye is said to have been first used as a camp ground as early as 1805 when Bishop Asbury held a camp-meeting there, and when 399 people were converted. On each side of the bishop's pulpit, stood a fine young sapling, both of which are now noble trees, and are still were simply the covered bodies of carts and wagons arranged in a sort of square with a small pulpit and a few board seats in the centre. A little straw in the bottom of the cartbody composed the bed, and a small fire of chips and dry twigs was all that was required to supply their
simple wants. The time, from early simple wants. The time, from early
dawn to dark, was mostly occupied with religious servicea, a single meeting often being three or four hours in length, when feeling ran high and the "mourners' bench" was crowded with lowly penitents. Strong men were suddenly prostrated to the earth, women were seized with conviction,
and children burst into sobs under the passionate appeals of the eloquent servant of God. Near the centre of the circle at Wye, there stood until a short time ago, a gnarled and crooked tree. One hundred years ago, it was a straight and handsome sapling. At one of the early campmeetings there, Colonel Massey, a local celebrity in that day, was leaning against it, when he was powerfully scized with conviction, and in his struggles he twisted and bent it out of shape, and it grew into a crooked thing, known ever afterwards as "Colonel Massey's tree." W ye camp ground has been in the possession of the George family of this county for
over a century and a half. Although Quakers, they have always entertained the highest regard for Meth-
odism, and cight years ago, Mathia George presented the grove to the Methodist Kpiscopal Church of Cen treville. The church has year by year made improvements additional, until now, it is the finest ground on the shore, and possibly, in the state. There are this year about 49 two story tents, most of them permanent -painted, with venetian blinds and cosey little balconies. In the centre of the circle is a large tabernacle, capable of seating 500 persons, and stretching out on the three sides from it, are rows of comfortable, highbacked benches, neatly finished and painted, instead of the rough board seats heretofore used. The rows of picturesque cottage tents, with their







Chicago \& NorthWestern












 GEN. PASS. AGENT, C \& N. W, RY, TRUSSES and all private appliances a speciality.
PRIVATEROOM FOR LADIES. Lady Entrance, No. 1 W. Sixth Street. ELT, Druggist, IUS URHAM for the Millionl.


 craan, the best and cheapest fro pisnics, sociables
weddigss, and gatherings of all kinds. 103 m


The Cuibul fixion State Wh Is the most attractive es-
tablinhaent in Wilumgtor: We call it central because of its location; also because it is the place where the thoughte of so
many goung meu centre, who wanta first-class suit, both io fit and material, at the most reasonable prices. I came to this corner to do business, and can accommodate, in atgle, in material, and workmanship, the most fastidious.
Ferd. Carson, S. E. Corree Severth and Market Season, at the
Boston 99 Cent Store. Rustic Wor's, Vases and Bors for
Lawns, Widow Screens in three stylse, Oil S:oves. Coolers, Cream Freezers, Hammocts. Baby and Dol! Carriages, Trunks, Valises and Satchels. All
kinds of Citlery and Piated-ware. Rokinds of Cittlery and P
gers' Plate. Call In.

| 801, Corner Eighth and Market Streets, |
| :---: |
| wilamington. Del. |
| $40-\mathrm{tr}$ |



BOOKS
 PERKINPINE \# TOOLNS LAkise HATS
fOSS' PHLLADELPYIA STORE,



MCSHANE Bell Foundry. Manufacture those celebrated 1 Bells
and Chimes for Churchen, Tower
Cl


Dutter, Cheese, Eggs, Pcultry, Litr, Sicch

 Flour, Cheese, Hams, Lara, Fish. Appies. Oranges, Ltmons, de., dec.,


| A Trial Requested. |
| :---: |
| 33-1gr |

## Largest Carriage Factory

 IN THEWORLD.

time Boak Silh and Can Mede time. Black Silks and Cashmeres. Medium Dress Goods. Lawns and Ginghams. Nuns' Veilings and Buntings. Carpets. For want of room to show these goods, we are now erecting a building for the sale of this line of goods; also, Wall Paper. Ready-Made Clothing. Just opened our Spring stock for men and boys, prices ranging from $\$ 6.00$ per suit up. Prints and Muslins. Best Prints $6^{\frac{1}{4}}$ c, best makes, such as Cochico, Merrimach, Arnolds and Paéfics. Queensware. English iron-stone china tea set, $\$ 3.25$. Shoes. We handle nothing but reliable goods. Groceries. Fish, Salt and Lime. Terms strictly cash.
J. M. C. CARHART,
A. C. CARHART.

## J. \& J. N. HARMAN, No. 410 KIng STREET.

## FURNITURE.

A large assortment of every kind of Furniture. Our stock is alwags Complete and we are selling goods at the Very Lowest Cash Prices.
Steamed Feathers and Mattresses.

504 MARKET STREET. China Vases, Cups and Saucers, and Mugs,

Dry Goode, Hosiery, Notious, Carpeas,
TARLE, FLOOR AND STAIR OIL CLOTH,
Glass, Ciii., Crockery and Wooden Ware, Cutlery, Rugs, Stair Rods, VELOCIPEDES, EXPRESS WAGONS,
Fire Works, Flags, Lanterns, Wheel Barrows, Base Balls and Bats, Gumes Eruns, Looking Glasses,
Toys, Dolls, Doll Carriages, Sleds. Jumpers and Sleighs for Boys Xoys, Douls, Dat Carriages, and Girls.

Window Shades, and a varied and cheap assortment of
BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS.
HARPER'S BAZAAR PATTERNS Children's Carriages. $A D A N S$ \& BRO. Children's Carriages,
Children's Carbiages.
THE WILMINGTON
Umbrella and Parasol
MANUFACTORY

 Hed for
equal
ang cit
Omib
0mb
Ij
 made to order-Ho-covered or Repalired, prompt-
ly and in the best manner. A call is solictiod

## AGENTS Wetw wigas  ${ }_{\text {DRADLEM Mr }}$

## .PENINSULA METHODIST.

## JOB OFFICE.

We are prepared to furnish Churches and Sunday-Schools with collection envelopes, collection and library cards, concert and excursion tickets, etc., etc., etc., at short notice and reasonable prices.

Also, to do all kinds of Job Printing.
Orders by mail promptly attended to.
agive US A TRIAL.

## J. MILLER THOMAS,

COR. FOURTH and SHIPLEY STS.,
WILMINGTON, DEL.

WANTED A WOMAM

s.W. Cor. Fourth and Market Str.

## C <br> Conference Academy.

Boarding and Day School for both sexes. The largest school for higher education on the Peninsula. Eight teachers, all specialists Music, Art, Languages, Mathematics, Sciences, and elementary studies Board and tuition, $\$ 200.00$ per year. For Catalogue address Conference Academy, Dover, Del.

## Grand Musical Festival.

 Will have their Second Annual Musical Opening on
Tuesiday, Sept. 30, 1884.
Preparatory to this Event we will sell Goods at Pulverized Prices

## FOR 40 DAYS.

THE PEOPLE'S PROVIDERS.
THOMPSON, KERSEY \& CO., Easton,

Maryland

## Peirce College of Business,

RECORD BUILDING,
917-919 Chestnut St., Philadelphia. Pa.


Thowas May pieke, val, Puscipat





## Peninsula Methodist

$\$ 1.00$ : Year.

An extra copy for one year will be farnished free to any person sending the names of ten subscribers and ten dollars.
J. MILLER THOMAS, Publisher.


## END To The <br> Peninsula Methodist JoB GFFICE

## CLOTHING

And why? J. T. Mullin \& Son Sixth and Market streets, Wilming, ton, have made preparation for a
still larger trade this coming seat son than ever before. They have on their counters the best selection of fine goods to be seen in any
Tailoring Establishment. They have Corkscrews in all colors, nar row and wide Diagonals, Cheriots in all shades, and in fact all the new and desirable goods to be
found. Their cutters do nothing else but cut and fit, and you know they cannot afford to keep, any t,at the best. Their suits are an advertisement of themselves, and then when their pricesare compared, they are found to he much the lowest, because of long experience to their customers, and buying largely of first hands and for the ready tash, they can well afford to

## Ready-Made suits.

## Thee keet a full assorvinent on on Nen's, Youths'

 dren's suis, have hee trice marked in pian ligures on then, amid to know about them it is hat to seethem made by then in the dull scang is
 J.T.MULLIN:\&ESON. clothiers, tailons

## A Safeguard.

Tive fatal caphing frectuently develle nto the gravest is a constleration which shoum and lungs, a prudent perron to kect, "t

 nnd work thase. That cminent phystelat of this. Sweetzer, of the Malne
Proi.
Sebool, Brunswick, Me., says:-



The same opinion is cxpressed by the
wellh. nown Dr. L. J. Addison, of Chicago, 11ll, who says:-


 than apybing inand pulmonai
nerlous bronchal
AYER'S

## Cherry Pectoral

Is not $n$ new claimant for popular cont dencc, ,aving the llves or the third gencratio who bave come into being since it There is not a houschold In which thl Invaluable remedy has once been in-
iroduced where tis use has ever been roduced and there is not a perso who has ever given it aisease suscep-
for any throat or lung did mot been made IU Ders CuErry pectoral ha in numberless instances, cur eases of chronic Bronchitis, Lar nygit has aved many pationts in the carlice stages in Pulmonary Consuires to be taken in miant doses, is pleasant to the taste, and hiddern, as there is nothing so good an ATER'S CIERR RY PECTORAL For tren These are all plain facts, which can be
cricict by anybody, and should bo renembered by everybody.
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral ayer \& Co., Lowell, Mass Sold by all druggiste.

## AYER'S Ague Cure

## orders which, go far na known, is used in no other remedy. It contains no Quinlne, nor any mineral nor deleterlous substanco what ever, end consequontly produces no injurlous effect upon the constitutlon, but leaves the astem ra healthy as It was before the attack. We warrant ayer's agUe core cure every crse of Fever and Ague, Inter- mitent oor Call Fever, Remittent Fever Dunb Ague, Billous Fever, and Liver Com sfier due trial), dealers are suthorized fallure, circular dated Joly list, 1882, to refund the Dr. J.C.Ayer \& Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Draggits. <br> $12-26 \mathrm{t}$ <br> Blood Purifier.

DICKINSON'S
ALTERATIVEREMEDIES
Are not quack medicines, but are relis ble; and being purely vegetabie, benefit the system while they

They are Sure Cure -For-

Tautios, $1 \quad$ FFever Sores, $^{2}$
Felons,, , AND MLL Scriofuta Tracties Bies Sold by all Druggists. Hat bis
,




