## halenimsula <br> Mld thonist

SREV. S. SNOWDEN THOMAS, A. M.

## HOME CALLS.

When the work-day hours are e ciosing ADd the erening twilight inils,
Send formest their lorighout the eity
Salls
Calls so low. you may not hear them
Bat hoors many hear and saile Eat how many hear and sariee;
And tired hand and head so wery And tired hand and head so we,
Are forgooten for the while.
The dear home-sounds ring ew The dear home.sound ring tweetly
In he ears of toiling wen
And for lore of wite and children And for lore of wire and childr
They seek their tooses akain.
So I sit in a brooding trilight,
And wateh as they homeward With glad stepp harrying on ward go, To the bearts that lore then so. And I long to cry out to them: "Oh, garar the thome love well;
Be tender and true to opor dear one,
Bow
For I Know there is one among them
Whose heart in sadness roams, Who hears no call in the trilikgt, Save the call to the Howe of homes.

## Episcopal Address

To the Class-leaders of the Methodist Episeopal Church:
Dear Bretherex:-The General Conference of 1888 requested the bishops to prepare a course of reading for classto prepare a course of reading for class-
leaders, aud to issue an address to them leaders, and to issue an address to them
concerning their uffice. That request was made in the following terms:
"Whereas, The Discipline in Part I, chapter iii. $\$ 62$, provides for a course of study for the class-leaders, but does not specify or give particular directions to the course of study; therefore,
$\cdots$ Resolved 1. That we request the bishops to prepare a suitable course of reading for the class-leaders of the Church,
and cause the same to the printed in the Discipline.
2. That we request the bishops to prepare an episcopal address to classlion to the course of reading, and will tion to the course of reading, and will
at the same time be an affectionate reat the same tiwe be an affectionate re-
minder of the gravity and responsibility of the class-leader's office We further request that this address be printed in tractform aud that it be made one of the test-broks in the course of reading."
In fulfilling this request we desire first of all, to fasten your thoughts on

## the vature of the class leader's

No brief term better describes it than that by which it was designated in the episcopal address to the General Con-
ference of 1860 ; namely, a "sub-pastorferenc
ate."
From the beginning Methodisn has been intent on faithful dealing with individual souls, believing that only thus couid it fulfill its divine-appointed mission, which Juhn and Charles Wealey
declared to be "to ruise a holy people." declared to be "to raise a holy people."
They plainly saw that they must follow the eximple of the Great 'Teacher, who not only publicly proclaimed the truth, but also privately applier it to the individual conscience, as in the case of Peter, the woman at the well, and many others;
and of Paul, who taught the people "from house to house," and "warned every one night and day with tears." They saw thati no amount of public preaching, bowever orthodox and zealous, could fany
accomplish the end in view. They were interested in securing, not merely the conviction of sinners and their public profeesinn of faith in Christ, hut also their actual converion attested by the
witnees of the Spirit, and the subsequent witness of the spin Christinn knowledge and boliness,

What Mr. Wesley thought of this hand-to-hand work you may learn trom hand-to-hand work you may learn
his own words in the Large Minutes of the Wesleyan Conference: "Great as this labor of private instruction is, it is absolutely necessary; for after all our preaching, many of the people are almost as
ignorant ta if they had ne er beard the gospel. I speak as plainly as I can, yet I frequently weet mith those who have been my hearers for many years, who know not whether Christ be God or mav.
And how few are there who know the nature of repentance, faith and holiness! Most of then have a sort of confideuce that God will save them, while the world has therr hearts." He adds: "I have found by experience that one of these discourse than from ten years' public discaching." From the beginning our Disciplin has contained a most searching and arousing chapter on Pastoral Visiting which abounds in trumpet-blasts
like this: "What avails public preaching like this: "What avails public preaching
alone, though we could preach likeangels? We must, yea, every traveling preacher must instruct the people from house to house. Till this be done, and that in good earnest, Methodism will
ter." (See Disciplin,
-
140.)
If, however, all ministers were as zealous as this most salutary exhortation summons them to be in prosecuting this part of their work, the urgency of their
public duties and of other legitimate depublic duties and of other legitimate de-
mands upon their time would render it simply impossible for many of them to do a tithe of the iudividual work needed. Especially is this true in the case of an itinerant ministry like ours. Mr. Wesley quickly found himself and his associate pastors utterly overwhelmed in such en-
deavors, and was providentially led to deavors, and was providentially led to
orgauize class-meetings. The primary purpose of these meetings was to collect the mecessary "penny a week" from each
member, but they quickly took, on a far member, but they quickly took, on a far
deeper and richer sim. In his for March 25, 1742, Mr. Wesley says: "I appointed several earnest and sensible men to meet me, to whom I showed the great difficulty I had long found of knowing the people whom desired to be under
my care. After much discourse they all my care. After much discourse they all
agreed there could be no better way to come to a sure, thorough knowledge of each person, than to divide them into classes, like thuse at Bristol, under the inspection of those in whom I could most confide. This was the origin of our class-
es at London, for which I es at London, for which I can never
sufficiently praise God; the unspeakuble sufficiently praise God; the unspeakuble
usefulness of the institution having ever usefulness of the institution having ever
since been more and more manifest."
We would thus fasten your earnest tention on the indispensable, necessity of individual effort to secure the actual conversion of awakened persons, the reclamation of the backslidden, the instruc-
tion of the iguorant, aud the training of each believer in the practical duties of a holy life; and also on the absolute impossibility of the full accomplishment of this work, by ministers alone.
Heuce the vast importance of the "subpastorate," we would almost say the copastorate, to which you are called. Bishop Coke and Asbury, in their Notes on the Disciplin (published by request of the General Conference in the Discipline of 1787) give their deliberate judgment in these emphatic words
"The revival of the work of God does perhaps depend as much upon the whole body of the leaders, as it does upon the
whole body of the preachers." Ouz leaders, under God, are the sinerrs of our society; and our revivals will ever in a
great measure, rise to fall with them." "In short, we can truely say that through the grace of God our classes form the pillars of our work, and in a considerable degree our universities for the minis-

## Such was the estimate of the class -

 meeting made by the first bishops of American Methodism more than a century ago. Whenever, in any country in all the years from then till now classmeetings have been faithfully sustained and wisely conducted, that early estimate has been fully justified. They have fanned many a spark of grace into flame have led many a timid seeker into the triumphant knowledge of a present salvation, have reclaimed the backslidden,conforted mourners, established the wavering, developed budding talent, and led thousands of the noblest sons of the Church into the ministry.
We cannot, therefore, look upon the decline of class-meetings without profound concern.
In alluding to this topic we take pleasure, howerer, in assuring you that the
extent of this decline has sometimes been greatly exaggerated, aad that in many places class-meetings are numerous and largely attended, and in a most encourag. ing degree maintain their old time power and usefulness; in some a large majority
of the members being frequent actendof the members being frequent attend-
ants. This remark applies to no particular class of churches, but is true among some of our poorest people and some of country churches.
Yet we sadly admit that no such proportion of our people are regular ciassgoers as formerly, and that in some
places class-meetings have entirely died out, or have been displaced by othe forms of service which cannot accomplish the purposes in view. To this fact, in large part, we attribute the increase in the number of unspiritual church members, the presence of worldliness in the Church, and the lack of more numer-
ous, searching, and sweeping revivals. We do not forget that circumstance change, and that the incidental pheno mena of religious awakening and refor mation may be expected to differ from age to age: but it seems to us certain that if the great mass of the members of
aill our churches should meet once a week ail our churches should meet once a week
in class-meeting under competent leaders, who should, as the Discipline directs " 1 Inquire how their souls prosper, 2 . Advise. reprove, comfort, or exhort as the occasion may require," the essential forth anesr on every hand; and awestruck communities would be constrained to say, "Surely the Lord hath visited his people."
The necisity for class-meetings, or for some similar means of grace, is deeply imbedded in human nature. The so cial principle must have exercise in re ligious matters. All evangelical Christians, in times of religious quickening feel this; and various means of grace akin to the class-meeting have been devised to meet this deep-seated want: such as "inquiry meetings," "conference meet.
ings," "young converts' meetings" and "experience meetings." In the class-meeting we have, and have always had the the ends thus sought; and we look to
our clasg-leaders to resto
than its old-time power
(concluded yext week.)
Monumental Benlficence.
A great Christian charity, the Johns Hopkins Hospital, was formally and impressively started on its career ot pure philanthropy, in this city, oo the second day of this month (May). The buildings, seventeen in number, within an enclosed
area of fourteen and a half acres, are constructed in the very best manner fo the purposes of their erection. To accomplish this design,the most advanced ideas of medical science and sanitation, and the world's experience in this regard as well, have been diligently studied, and carefully observed. And, to-day, honoring the memory of the princely benefactor, and ornamenting the city where he accumulated his great wealth, surrounded by beautiful grounds, and from the elevation occupied, overlooking a large part of the city-in tasteful and pleasing architectural expression, stauds
this institution for human suffering, this pure product of the humane and tender philanthrofy of our holy religion. Till the coming of Christ, a hospital like John Hoplkins was unknown. Antiquarian research has unearthed many a fragment of chiseled marble and other relics of architecture pointing to the splendor aud glory of classic Greece and potent Rome, and indicating temples of false faith,and abodes of sensuous pleasure, but never has there come to light a column, a stone, anythihg clearly suggesting studied tenderness toward the sick, or care for the unfortunate. Exquisite sculptures, and other creations of genius and art, in abunnance, testified to wealth; there were scholars and sages and soldjers, but no provision for the poor, the diseased, the hospitals. war, in riches, but no men of world-wide fraternity, none even of national philanthropy. And up to the time of Cbrist, selfish neglect, it is well known, ruled the the prosperous in their relation to their
suffering fellowmen. It was reserved for Him to inaugurate revolution in th realm of the humanities. In the beau. tiful story of the Good Samaritan there was laid the first stone of the Johns Hopkins Hospital, and all other institutions which seeis by large-hearted generosity and kindness to ameliorate human suther-
ing, because it is human. That parable ing, because it is human. That parable, divine sentiment, "All ye are brethren," was the seed-corn of all earth's present and prospective harvest of man's good will to his bruther
Go over to Bruadway, bounded on the north by Monument street-where on the opposite corner stands the Broadway Methodist Protestant Church-and in the grand hospital as in the church, very humble in the comparisou, read the gospel in brick and stone. In the church and hospital combined read Christ's care for both the souls and bodies of man. Johns Hopkins, however, would make the hospital more distinctly Christian than is implied in itself. To his trustees he said: "It is my special request that the influences of religion should be felt in and impressed upon the whole management of the hospital." He had previcus. ly said to a friend, referring to his realth and in explanation of the fuct that he had never made a will, "that ho !ooked
upon his wealth as a gift, for which he was accountable; that he was sure it was given to him for a purpose, and he did not believe he would die before he was given to see how he should dispose of his estate." With such a conviction, when he thought that the hospital had been given him as the direction in which three millions and a half of his riches should go, of course he desired that Christianity should beimpressed upon its whole management. To a blatant infidel in London, who expressed the wish that all the churches were destroyed, there came the pungent reply from a bystander, "Will the infidels take Mr. Spurgeon's orphan house off his hands?" So it may be said with the same point, and equally silenceing: Would the enemies of religion take the Johns Hopkins Hospital off the hands of the trustees, and replace the millions which are behind it? To say nothing of the churches as the agencies of religion's existence atd progress in the world, hospitals and all the active forces in the field of civilization and the humanities spring from organized Christians who constitute the churches. Blot out the churches and there will be no need of trustees of princely gifts devoted to charity.
This great beneficence has had extensive and elaborate notice and eulogy at home and abroad, in secular journals and religious, but there is room amid all these proprieties for the tracery of a mor distinct reference to the Johns Hopkins Hospital as the product of the religious idea of stewardship entertained and ex pressed by its founder; an idea simply and purely Christian. And hence we go over no previously trodden ground in this hurried tribute to the group buildings, plainly labeled Charity, now beautifying the Northeastern section of Baltimore--Methodist Protestunt.

The Christian Eudeavor days at the Chautauqua assemblies have been very successful this year, bringing to-gether numbers of young people from the sur rounding towns. At Chautanqua, N. Y a typical Christian Endeavor prayer meeting, held in the auditorium and very largely attended. At Round Lake three days Christian Endeavor Confer ence was one of the features of the Assembly.

It was noticed by many who journeyed T Philadelphia to attend the late Convention that no smoking cars were called for on the longest trains. One train that contained nearly a thousand delegates, hundreds of them young men, had not a single smoker on board, even in the bagyage car, a fact that speaks well for the attitude of the young people on the tobreco question.

## junior societies.

One of the great developments of the work during the past yenr, has been in the formation of Junior Societies for the children, on the same geueral plan a the regulsr Societies of Christiau Endear or, only under the more immediate guidance of one of the older members who is called the Superintendent. These Juni-

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## What Harry Missed.

There certainly was a mischisfous twinkle in grandmother's eyes, as sheadd ed the last fer mords to a uote she was writing, folded it up, and put it in an envelope. In spite of her gray hair and feeble steps, grandworber cajoyed a little mischief now and then, quite as well a any of her grandehildren.
"Harry," she said, going to the door and addressing a boy who was stretched luxuriously in a hammoctz envung across the shady porch, "will you take this note down to the apothecary's for me? I forgot to send it by Zed, wheu he went to the store."
"O grandma!" and Harry's face wrinkled up into a perfect saril of frowns "Need I go now? It's so warm.
"You won't find it very warm, riding on your bicycle on the shady side of the street," grandmother answered.

## "Can't Zed go, when he cornes

 I'm just fixed so comfortably!"What's Zed wanted for?" asked a cheery voice; and the flushed, good-hum ored face of the chore-boy looked around the end of the porch. "Here's the bas ket of things, Mrs. Lindsay," he added, as he put down a well-filled basket on the top of the steps and wiped his per siring face. "Did sou want me for any thing, ma'nm?" he asked.
"I was asking Haskr, if he would not go down to the apothecary's for me, but he doesn't seem inclined," Mrs. Lindsay answered.
"I'll go for you," Zed offered prompt-
s. "I'll cool off walking dovn."
"Well, Zed, I will let you go, if you will be so kind," grandmother said, after a moment's pause. "Be sure and do all he reached the gate.
"Yes'm," Zed answered, with a bewildered look on bis round freckled face. Didn't he always do all that be was told to? That caution sounded as if he had been remiss in something.
He understood it trenty minutes later, When, atter the clerk had put up the packthe soda forsped around behind the soda fountain, which Zed had been refreshing a draught of cool soda would be, and wondering what "Ice Cream Soda" meant.
"What will you have, sir?" asked the clerk.
"Why I don't want any soda!" stammered Zed. "That is, I'd lis" to have some well enough; but I haven't got any money,"
"I'hat's all right," answered the clerk. "The order in this letter is to give the bearer a glass of ice cream scde; so I suppose you wou't object?'
A broad smile illuminated Z̈ed's face. as he remembered MI• 6 . Lindsay's iujunc, tion to do all the errand. She had meant this ireat for him, since Harry had de. clined to do ber errand. "Strawberry!" he said, as promptly as if he had been used to ordering ice-cream socia every day of his life.
Wasn't it good, though, that tall glass of sparkling soda, with that delicious ice cold lump of strawberry cream floating in it? Zed breathed a sigh of perfect content, as he leantd back in his chair and leisurely dipped out the refreshing mixture, with a dainty long-handled spogn.
Whe
sitting on the pome, grandmother was
 while Harry still rolled about in the
hammock, having some pangs of conscience in regard to his disobligingness; though grandma uttered never a word of reproach.
"Here's your package, ma'am," Zed said; "and that ice-cream soda was prime; I'm ever so much obliged for it," and he beamed all over at the remombran of this unexpected treat
"What!" shouted Harry, sitting up-
ight in the hammock. "Has Jenkins

## got his ice-cream soda have some, grandma?

"Yes," grandma answerad placidly picking up a stitch in her knitting, that Harry's exciamation had made her drop. "Part of my order was, that the beare should have some ice-cream soda."
"Oh, why didn't you tell me?" groan ed Har: y. "I'd have gone in a minute grandma, if I had known that."
"Yes, I hyve no doubt you would," grandma answered, tranquilly; "but thought that the boy who was willing to do my erraud for the sake of being oblig gg, deserved the treat.'
"Oh, to think what I missed!" Harry nourned as be fell back in the hammock and I am afraid he regretted the lost icecream soda more than the fact, that he had grumbleci about doing an errand for dear patient grandmother, who was a ways devising pleasures for him.
After that, when he was inclined to grumble over a: errand, he remembered what he had missed by his unmillingness, and went at once; but he never found ice-cream soda waiting for himat the end of his journey, as Zed did that afternoon That was something he had missed!Minnie E.Kenney, in Sunday School Times

## A Little Girl's Talk.

A Few Sundays ago, I beard a little girl's talk over her pocket-book, before church time. Her brother aaid to her "Where's your money? There will be collection today.
She went to get her pocket-book "I have tro silver ten-cents and a pa er one.'
"Her brother said: "A tenth of that "Bree cents.
"But three cents is such a stingy litle to give. I shall give this ten-cents. You see, I would have had more here, only I spent some for myself, last week; it would not be fair, to take a tenth of what is left after I have used all I want-
ed." cents? The silver ones are prettier to keep."
"So they are prettier to give. Paper ten-cents look so dirty aud shabby. No; I'll give good things.'
So she had put one ten-cents in her pocket, when some one said:-
"I hope we can raise that $\$ 300$ for home issious to-day.
"Oh, this is Home-Mission day! Then "hat other silver ten-cents has to go too," Aud she went to get it with another doleful groan.
I said; "If you feel so distressed about , why do you give it?"
"Oh, because I made up my mind, to alwayo give twice as much to bome missione as any thing else, and I aball just stick to what I made up my mind to

Now this little affairset me thinking: We should deal honestly with God in giving. "It is not fair," said the little girl, "to count your tenth after you have used all that you want.
. We should deal liberally in giving. If the fair tenth is a petty sum, let us go beyond it, and give more. 3. Let us give our best things. That which is the nicest to keep is also the nic st to give Herald.
us give until we feel it.-ZZion's

## How Alice Found Out

Alice was thinking deeply, and not being vaturally thoughtful, her forehead was knit into little puckers with the unusual effort. She was puzzling over "unconscious influence." They had talked about it in the prayer-meeting, those wise deacons and grave elders; but for some reason or other, while they said things that set her thinking, they used such long wordst that her fifteen-year-old brain couldn't make it quite clear as to just what they meant. Such big words must be for big people, and yet papa had put his hand on her shoulder as they came
little girl remember?" So there must be something in it for her too; and again the ittle puckers came in her forehead, until at lust she gave a sigh, and turned her chair around to whtch the other travel ers in the car, who, like herself, were all anxious to reach the city.
They weren't a very interesting set of people, she decided. Thore was ou cross-looking old lady, all bundled u in a shawl; and just in front of her a young man sat, reading by an open window, regardless of the fact that the cool evening breeze was uncomtortably chilly for an older person.
'Selfish thing!" thought Alice. "Why osen't he shut it?"
A Srosen't he shut it?
A cross the aisle sat a pale-fuced woman with a sleepy, fretful baby in her arms Alice turned away. Babies were such nuisance-why didn't people leave them at home? Here was something pleasanter to watch.
On the sofa at the end of the car wa perched a small boy, perhaps five year of age, busily employed in nibbling in finitesimal bits from a very grimy stick of caudy, which he regarded with a lov ing eye, but which was steadily growing beautifully less."
He was a very sticky little boy indeed. There was a great deal of candy on hi ace, and a great deal more on the fron of his blouse-waist and pretty kilt skirt and a large amount on his hands and in his curls.
"Oh!" was Alice's inward comment "I wonder how his poor mother will feel when she sees him. And how fond he seems to be of that horrible candy!"
Just then the small consumer of confections slid cautiously down from the
sofa,and slowly approached a sweet-faced sofa, and slowly approached a sweet-faced
child in a black dress, who had been watching him for some time. Coming close to her chair, he looked up into her face with his blue eyes, and said gravely Hello!"
The little girl smiled, and thus en couraged, the small adventurer remark ed, with dignity, "My papa's the 'ductor of this car," and then waited for his announcement to take effect. He had made the desired impression. "Is he?" she asked with interest.

## your papa?" <br> "our papa?"

"My papa's over there,"-indicating gentleman at the other end of the car He's got whiskers.
"Has he?" doubtfully. Then, after a period of thought and a protracted nib-
bling at this sticky treasure, he said triumphantly: "But my papa's got buttous on him."
Auother pause. Alice was listeuing with a smile, and sone of the other passengers were watching the little scene Then the small boy spoke again.
"Who's your mamma?"
The child-face grew almost unchildlike in its sadness, as the little girl answered, "I haven't any now." "Did

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\begin{aligned}
& \text { "Yes } \\
& \text { away.", } \\
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es, once, I think; but she went
Chere amay"
"To Heaven papa srid."
"Where's to Heaven?"
"Right up there-don't you see, in the sky? Come here!" and she took him by the hand. Together they crossed the car, and looked out at the sunset sky, where one great band of blue lay over the shadowed fields. "Do you see that blue place?" asked the child in a whisper. "That's where mamma's gone, right up there."
The
dick was forgotten. The and asked softly.
"How did she get there?"
"I don't know"-turning away. "No. body knows, not even papa; but I guess hat God came down and took her.
Very sober were the two young faces as the children still stood by the window, holding fast each other's hands .The ovingly. lovingly. The boy was evidently think-
ing deeply. Suddenly he held up him. piece of candy, very grimy he said.
"You may have it all, has silence in the
For a moment there was sileno had been car. Then the young man who quietly, reading put the window down ald lady and turnmg, said kindly, "I am sorry the shartless. I hope you have was so though"
The cross face gres quite pleasant as the old lady replied: "I think not, thank you." Avd, as Alice watched stin, soan this same old lady turn after a mor ment to the tired mother, and heerd her ay, "You look almost worn ous. we hold the baby aue."
will be good with we.
Alice's face grew thoughtful, and her rea were full of a new light, as she said oftly to herself: "Just because that little boy was sorry. Perhaps that's what tiney meamt by unconscious ir fluence."-Sinday School Tïmes.

Letter from Parksley, Va.
Dear. Brother.-Camp beginning Saturday, July 27 th and closing Monday Aug. 5th, was a success. There were twelve
We worshipped under a Tabernacle, 50x80, substantially built, on sills. The attendance was very large and order exceptionally fine. It was estimated that from 2500 to 3,000 people were present, the last Sunday. The tollowing preachers were with us: Revs. Charles Hili, James Conuor, C. W. Prettyman Thos. E. Martindale, A. S. Mowbray, J. E. Grabam, IV. A. Wise, and I. L.
Wood; also Revs. James Twilley and Wood; also Revs. James Twilley and
W. F. Hayes, of M. E. South, G. F. Farring of M. P. Church, and Kev. Dr. Wharion of the Baptist Church; all of them preaching for us.
We closed Monday night with a grand march around the grounds; singing praying, shouting, exhorting, and relat ing experiences. There were ten or welve concerts.
The preaching was of a high order and the people were delighted. Our boarding tent got for itself so good a reputation, that it is boped the same parties will take hold again.

The ground is within five minute walk of the Depot, and is laid out in an oak grove, within the streets of our
booming little town. We abundance, and of the most excellen quality. There is some talk of fitting up this ground in superior style, and charging a fair rent. This will relieve us of considerable anxiety; and we feel pleased at the contemplated improve ments

Your brother
> H. S. Dulaney.

> An Important Element Of the saccess of Hood's Sarsaparilla valent for his money. The recives a fair eqni. "100 doses One Dollar," The famililiar headline is original with and true only of Hood's Sar
saparilla. This can enoils saparilla. This can enaily be proven by an economy buy only test the mathes Sarsaparilla, For real
by all druggists. by all druggists.

> Camp-Meeting Calendar Concord, Del., Aug. 17-27. Ocenn Grove, N. J., Ang. $19-29$.
Rawlinsville, Pa., Aug. 28 to Sept.
 WILMINGTON DISTRICT-SECOND-QUARTER





## BRINGHURST'S COUGH SYRUP.

##  edy for conghs, colds. and bron ious. 1 Itde and sold only by

2. JAMES PELT, A pothecary ELT, A pothecary,
BIxthand Merket Strat
W!lwinglo, in
WE ARE PREPARED

## Pinting \& Bol-Findiuge

## The sunday Sthool.

## Legson for sexpay, atg 25 th, 1889

by bev. w. O. nollifay, e. s. n.
[Adapter irom Zinn's Herald.]
THE ANONTING OF DATID. Golden Text: "Man looketh on the out-
ward appearance. but the Lord looketh on ward appearance. hut the
the beart" (1 Sam. 16: 7.)

1. The Lord said unto Samuel.-He had been God's messeager to Eli long since dead, to Sanl before and after his eleration, and now he is sent to David. How long wilt thou mourn for Sauls -At the first announcement "cried all night", auto reje Locted Sand, be bad "cried all night" auto the Lord; and though we had exhibited no sornaess in the kime aud bad denlt with him severeiy, all the while Samiel deeply griesed over 1y, all the While Samitel deeply griesed over
Saul's disohedient course. "He contiuued to mourn for Saul, not merely from hisown per sonal attachment to the fallen king, but also, or perbaps still more. from anxiety for the welfare of Israel." (Keil). Says Kitto: "日e would prohably bave leen willing to let him ion of Jonathan as a sufficient remedy for the errors of his father's reign; hut thatsuc cession bad been cut off res a punishment for Sarl's bebavior. Fill thy horn with oil.-The first king had been rejected; the second was David, and bimself the grandson of Boaz and Ruth, aud the great grandsou of Rahab (Ruth 4: 15-22; 1 Chron, 2 5-12). A king among his sons. - Samuel was not yet informed which "A king for Dfe; not oue to gratify the people's desires, tot to fulfill all My ucill, as
is said in Acts $13: 22$, and to serve My glorg. is said in Acts 13: 22 , and toserve My glory.
Or My kinq; the Hebrew phrase to me, or for Or My kinq; the Hebrew phrase
me, being commonly used for the word mine me, being col
2.3. Hoor can I g\%-Sawnel's lear was quite natural and well grounded, as appears
from the fact that he was not blamed for it, from the fact that he was not blamed for it
and was directed to proceed in a secret man and wals directed to proceed in a secret man-
ner. Saul still beld the reius of government and bad doubsless already showed signs o that mania wiich alteryards possesssd bin
He certainly would not brook the public au fintiug of a rival, and wonld execute a bloody vengence on whowsoever should attempt it. Take a heifer. . . to stacrifice-au apparent con duplicity, aud yet there was no duplicity about it; it was simply concealment, which is not in iteelf wrong. Call Jesse to the sacri
fice.-Notice three specific directions: Samue fice.-Notice three specific directions: Samuel
was to iurite Jesse; to awnit a divine signal; to anoint the one divinely named "It was not the purpose of God, that Sam uel sbould stir up a civil war by setting up David as Saul's rival. . Iu the providen tina goverument of the world, nud in
dealings with individuals, coneealment o His parpose until the proper time for its de velopment is the rule. haer than the excep tion, aud wust be so. There is, therefore,
nothing in the least inconsistent with truth in the occurrence here related', (Spenker's Commentary
ing (R. Y. "catwe to meet nim trembling") ing (R. V.. "carne to meet nim trembling") was the visit, so great the awe which the associated iv men's minds with ideas of re bule aud jodgment, that the elders were in trepidation. Migbt there wot he son to punish Or possibly, as his breach with Sanl was well known, might he col be about to take some step which would excite the king's displeas. ure towards the town? His answer, bowever, allayed their fears. Nothing could be more peaceable than to ouer a sacnade. Surication required by the lav (Geu. 35:2; Ex. 19:10 17) Stuctiffich Jesse and his sons.-Quite likely he became their guest, and personally superin tended tuese preparatory actsof purification by which they could acceprably attend th saciifice anel be fitted to learn God's will. "If' any surprise be felt at the offering of acritice in a place other explagation is to be found in the frect that the ark of the covenan of the Lord way not at this time. the ther nacle, but in the city of Kiriath Jearim, and so the tabernacle had ceased for the presen to be the
(Taylur).
6, 7 When they verc come-either to the public sacrifice, or to the subsequent sucriti cin! meal at Jesse's house. "Elibu" of 1 Chron. $27: 18$ ); his stature and majestic bearing, ac ike to Salul, at once impressed the prophet He said to himself that he was gazing upon romised sign. The Lord said-by immediate and direct anggestion to bis mind. Look no

In his countenance and height.- Neither per
soual beanty nor stature was to have weigl in the selection this time. In the first caso God had given the peoplo a ling after their oun henrt, and he bad proved $\mathfrak{n}$ failure; vow
He intends to give them a king after His own He intends to give them a king after His ovon
heart; and bis qualities will be quite difterharrt; and bis qualities will be quite differ-
ent from those ot Saul. DIan looketh on the ent from those of Saul. Dan looketh on the
outward appearance-and therefore is often deceived; for a man may be large of body but mall of soul; beautifal in form but corrup in heart; and fhose siglt all things are naked-to determne a man's true fitness or unfitness for kingIy office.
8-10. $\Delta$ linadab-the second son; the eons vidently passed before the prophet in the rder of their age, and $n$ divine notification as given in respect to ench. He said-nou
robably aloud. So the seren passed, and un choice was made; yet these comprised all who were thought by their father to be worthy of inspection.
"Seven-including the three who had al
ready passed. Compare a similar mode o expression in Judges 14:17. It appears from bis, and frow 17:12, that Jesse bad eigh sons; but in 1 Cbron. $2: 13$
ascribed to him" (Cook)
11. There rcnaineth yet the younges-Dnvia ears lefore ticcession bout or near twenty. He kecpeth the shecp.How mucl the world is indebted to David arly pastoral life for some of the choicest come. The Pacificial teast must be delar ed till the lightly esteemed shepherd lad hould be summoner
"Many a great genius lies buried in obscur ity and contempt, and God often exalts those whom men despise. The Son of David was military life, but God saw a pastoral life which gives advantage for contemplation and communion with heaven), the best preparation for kingly power" (Heary).
12. more--in Gen. 25:25, where it is applied to the hair. Red hair occurs but rarely in the East, and is regarded as a sign of beauty. Complexion appears to be included in the meaning bere-a healthfal bloom on the
cheek. Beautiful countenance and goodlywore exactly, "beautiful-eyed and goodly in ppearance." Moses and Joseph in their youth were similarly described (Gen. 39:6;
Exod. 2: 3).
"This iodicates that his eyes were keen and penetratin, enlivened by the fires of genius
and beaming with a geuerous wrmth by whieh the hearts of men and women alike vere affected" (Steele),
13. Anointer him in the midat of his brethren -The act was public, the significance of the act was privale, since, later on, David's
brethren did not entertaiu the idea of bis high desting. Prophets, priests, and kings were anoiuted, but there had been but one king thus far, and be was still alive and re garded as "the Iord's anoiuted." His breth ren may have "supposed that Samuel bad selected David for a pupil in his prophetic school'" (Cambridge Bible. Syirit of the Lnid
came (R. V. adds "mightily") upon Davidspecial and contiuunl impartation of the Spirit, qualifying him for kreat teings and iuspiring bim with uoble purposes. Practically, from this time the real power passed from Saul into David's lands. It is he who comes to the front, kills the Philistine cham
ion Goliati, and becor es the martial hero pion Goliath, and becor es the martial hero
of the people. Says Hazard: "In that act of the people. Says Hazard, "In tbat act of anointing, the unseen hands of Jehovan Saul's empty of strength."
"Tho special superantural preparation for bis office hegan from that hour
with this new calling, with the consciousness oid work. It had not lost its sacredness; it could still impart wisdom to one who sought wisdom. He led the sheep to their pastures, he took ibem to the streams, he followed hem into thickets and ravines, where they had lost themselves. These poor silly creat-
ures were worthy of David's dilizence. And ures were worthy or the answer came: "The Lord is my Shep herd; $I$ shall not want." What a revelation the soul of a youth! A guide near him, with him, at every moment: a gaide, as be with him, at every moment:
was to the sheep" (Maurice).
"Holiness, as Understood, b
the Writers of the Bible." A little book with the above title is now receiving large attention. It comes from the pen of Joseph Agar Beet, author of excellent commentaries on Romans, Corinthians, and Galatians. The well known exegetical ability of the au thor insures ussomething worthourstudy.
The book is all the more welcome, be-
cause it meets $\Omega$ felt wrat. The doctrine of holiness has been beclouded, by the statement of the illiterate, the far-fetchfor the degense of a pre-conceived theory, and by the introduction of facts, connected with Christian life and experience, ted with Christian life and experience,
which have no direct bearing on this subject. It will be easily seen, that a correct, unprejudiced treatment of the sub ect, of shich this book treats, will drive away these mists, and give us the clear teachings of Moses and the prophets, of Jesus and the apostles.
The author seeks the original meaning of the word "Holiness," and states that "sanctification" is only another name for the same thing
Hence the treatment of the one is the reatment of the other. He finds that in the Old Testament, the word "Holy" had a well defined meaning, viz., separated for sacred service
It was applied to inanimate things as well as to persons. The temple, the vessels of the temple, houses, fields, and cattle, were made "holy" or "sanctified," by a formal consecration to God. The sabbath was "holy." The priests and the Jewish people were "sanctified," or "holy" because they were separated for God's service. This meaning is followed throughout the Old and New Testament, and is found to be the same in both. The words "holy and sanctify" are traced in all their different uses, and the meaning is found to be the same-separation for

In harmony with this definition, the author teaches that "Holiness" or "Sanctification" has no more intimate relation to purification from sin, than that what is consecrated to God is supposed to be pure beforehand. In support of this he gives the fact, that "the word is predicated of not a few objects, in inference sin, or the the gold of the Temple." The author continues, "But it is quite clear, that when predicated of men, "holiness"-that is devotion to God, implies complete vic tory over all sin. For all sin in thought, word, or deed, tends to frustrate God's purposes. And as soon as we resolve to live for God, devoting to his service all we have and are, and in proportion to the earnestness of our resolve, we he ing to hinder, and actually hindering our earnest purpose. This adverse force is in part a result of Adam's $\sin$, and in part of our own indulgence in personal his pur is directly opposed to God and complete des, therefore, there can be no out complete victory over this inward force of evil
Another fact given in eupport of this idea is, that the scriptures never sperk of sanctifying from sin." They use "clean $e^{3}$ and "purify,"
in this relation.
They represen
They represent the cleansing as prece ding the sanctification; as in Eph. $55-$ 26; speaking of Christ's purpose regard-
ing his Church, Paul says, "that he might sanctify it, having cleansed it by the laver of water in the word.
The author also says "although we cannot be suhjectively holy without purity, yet holiness is much more than purity. For purity is a mere negative excellence, sur might be conced of, as existing with out activity. Indeed a mere negative sinlessuess has sometimes been the ain doubtless a positive side to sanctification and this side being frequently overlooked, many errors result. We are not only to be cleansed from sin. but all our rausomed powers are to be consecrated to the service of God. To my mind there is little difference between perfect consecration and complete purification, as applied to the powers of a personal being. If all our faculties are devoted to the service of God, what room is there for sin? What more do you mean by sanctification than this; "By the grace of God I have been able to withdraw
my affections and all my powers from the service of satan and sin, and am now employing them in the service of God."
Hence sanctification, at least in this sense, may be attained in the hour of conversion. The general experience of christians, bowever, it is to be feared, confirms the theory, that this perfect abandonment of all known sins, and the perfect consecration of all known powers to God, is in a large majority of cases something subsequent to the conversion. The father gave the prodigal a welcome home, even in his rags. As to this part of the subject, our author says, "This complete and abiding victory over all sin, in thought word, or deed, marks, I venture to be lieve, a stage of the christian life, higher than justification, and sufficiently definite to be an object of thought and faith. It may be suitably called, full salvation, or as we look
tification.

## ivalion

Ve shall feel much satisfaction, if this article shall secure as readers of this valuable book, some of those who are seeking this great experience, some who are searching for the true doctrine, or some of those who may be prejudiced against it. It is published by the Book Concern in New York, and sold at the Methodist Book Store, Wilmington, in neat and durable binding, for $3 \overline{5} \mathrm{cts}$ Gom batatoco ocoul
W. G. Koons,

## Mother and Children.

Let mother get the children by themselves once in a while. A good time will be on Sunday evening, about twilight,
before the lamps are lighted. If she will take them into her room io the twilight, in the moonlight, in the deep darkness, she may talk to them seriously, about their failures, their sins, their duties to each other, to father, to mother, to the who made them. She may give them word-pictures of what she would lik them to be. She may point out to them the evils that are in the world, to which they are to be exposed and from which she is anxious to save them. Mother might confess some of her own faults to her children, and ask their forgiveness of that holy place, she might ask for the blessing of the Holy Spirit upon every raember of that family circle. What a holy service would such a season of prayer prove, and how certainly would bene-hold!-Our Youth.

An exchange says: Our lady fr ends may
be glad to know that fruit strins may be in be glad to know that fruit stains may be in-
stantly removed frons their bands by wetting them in water and holding them over the burning fumes of sulphar, or sulphar
matehes. A convenient way of burning the yulphur is to sprinkle some of
newspaper, and set it on fire.

## ALL HOUSEHOLDS,

Evproug o ver


The importance of purifylng the blood canolood you cannot enjoy good health. lood you cannot enjoy good health. good medicline to purify, vitallze, and enrlch sour confidence. It is pecullar in that it strengthens and builds up the system, create an appctite, and tones the digestion, whil it eradicates dlsease. Glve it a triaL.
Hood's Sarsa parilla is sold by all druggists.

100 Doses One Dollar

## BTERY DAT

Brings us nea buyers for our clothing. We are selling bargains in men's suits; we are closing out lots and lots of them. You know we will soon have to put in
Fall goods-in fact we are busy now making up for Fall. We have our tailors at work on stock for the ready-made department. We had to buy a lot of boys clothing to-day to piece us out, but we bought them so as to sell cheap boy's odd pants. We will have new lots in shirt waists. Do you know we have a big stock of men's and boy,s
shirts, white, fancy wool, silk stripe and all the new styles? We'd like you to

## J. T. MULLIN \& SON,

feninsula 雪ethodist, J. MILLER THOMAS,

WILMINGTON, DEL.
OFFICE, 604 MARKET STREET.
TEEMB OF SUBSCRIPTIOR.


We club the Peninsula MethodIST with the African News, from now to IST wiary 1st, 1890, at $\$ 1.35$, for both
Januars. (Back numbers of the African papers. (Back nu
News furnished.)

Pennington Seminary is one of our foremost Mrethodist schools, and has at tained to unprecedented prosperity of late gears. It is very strong in scholarship, and in discipline and religious tone is very worthy of confidence. We are
ghad to lears, that the school will open with a very lar, e attendance
vertisement in this paper.

While with Dr. Parkhurst in Zion's Herald, we beartily respond to the generous words of the North Western Chris. tian Advocate in reference to Dr. Gallagher, we feel disposed to give these words an additional application; using them
with reference to Dr. Reed, "Old Dickinson's" new president, and the "Methodista" of its patronizing territory. W quote from Dr. Edwards.
Lawrence University, passed throug Lawrence University, passed through
this city, (Chicago) on his way northmard to place his hand on the helm at Appleton, Wis. We wish him smooth seas,
assisting tides, favoring sailing breezes, full cargoes, bigh rates, and magnificent balances. Wisconsin Methodists will welcome him generously, and, we hope, make his presi,

## Kenton. Md.

The editur spent last Sunday with this charge, at the invitation of the pastor,
Rev. W. W. Sharp. Last February, we Rev. W. W. Sharp. Last February, we
had the pleasure of being with Brother Sharp, when he received a large number of probationers, during the progress of
on extensive revival; and last Sunday, majy of these probatiuners were to be admitted to membership, in the Church. Thougb fifty-two were recommended, only twenty-eight were present. With
twenty-six already admitted, the Kenton twenty-bix already admitted, the Kenton
church will have an addition of seventy eight members, as the fruits of that revival; with more to follow.
We bad a beautiful day, and large and attentive congregations, at Kenton in the morning, and Central in the afternoon. The Sunday-schools are pros-
pering, and church interests faithfully pering, and chuch interests faithflly church building at Kenton, have completely metanorphosed the audience room, and made it as neat and attr
as almost any in the Conference.
A lot has been engaged on which build a parsonage; and, if Providence favor, this enterprise will soon be under wi. change in this pretty little town. Since last April, no license to sell liquor has been granted to any one here. The one hotel, is no longer allowed to treep a bar.
This most desirable state of things has
been brought about by two influences,last winter, and the active efforts of the local W. C. T. U., of which the pastor's rife is the active and efficient president These zealous and devoted ladies aid-
ed by Bro. Sharp, and other earnest ed by Bro. Sharp, and other earast
friends of good morals, who may be counted on every time, for the home as against the saloon, secured signatures to a remonstrance against the renewal of the hotel keeper's license, and presented proot in court, that this applicant for $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{i}}$ common drunkards, in allowing gambling, and in selling by the bottle to be carried from his premises. On this tes application, and Keuton is no longer disturbed and discredited by drunken brawls; and the wages of laborers go to comfort their families, il
into the rumseller's till.
We were glad to learn, that the sent ment of the community is strongly in favor of no license, and but few, if any, of the tespectable citizens, are dissatisfied with the decision of the Judge.

The unsevory disputes connected with the marital relations of the late Senator Sharon of California, have had a tragic result. Ex-Judge, David S. Terry, who had married a woman who claimed to
be the widow of Senator Sharon, had been highly incensed against Justice Stephen J. Field, of the United States Supreme Court, on account of his decision, denying his wife's claim to have lence, and that of his wife, on that oc casion, were such, that Justice Field or dered them both to be coummitted to jail for contempt of court. In view of hreats of personal violence, on the part
of Terry, Deputy United States Marshall David Nagle, was detailed as a bod guard for Justice Field, on his circuit
in Califoruia, in the discharge of his of in Califorvia, in the discharge of his of
ficial duties. Last Wednesday, Justice Field. and his attendant, who were o the same train with Terry and his wife, stopped for breakfast at Lathrop, California. Soon after they were seated, former, recognizing Justice Field, came to him, and slapped him in the face. A Deputy Marshsll arose, and firing his Mr. Thot him through the heart. Mr. Terry was at one time, Chief-Jus and a prominent politician. Thintornia, ago, he killed Senator David C. Broderick; and now that dastardly act has heen fearfully avenged. Besides ald other
features of this case, the indignity offer features of this case, the indignity offer-
ed to the United States Supreme Court, in the person of oue of its Judges, makes it an offense of the most aggravated
enormity, deserving the severest possible penalty
Ther
There is little doubt, that 'Terry would promptly interfered
While we deplore
Where the sudden and vioushering an unprepared soul into the presence of its final Judge, we think it clear, that in this case, the victim brought
down ruin on his own head, and was the cause of his own death.
Truly, "the way of transgressors is hard." "Bloody and deceitful men shall not live out half their days." "Whoso sheddeth man's blood, by man shall his blood be shed.
The funeral
Friday of 1 of Judge Terry took place Friday of last week, at Stockton; the
service being read in the Protestant Episcopal Church there, by one of the vestrymen.

## Brandywine Summit

In our report of this camp meeting last week, two of Friday's sermons were omitted. At 3 p. m., Rev. J. D. Rigg preached on the text, "And they said, believe on the Lord Jesus Christ, and
thou shalt be thou shalt be saved, and thy house,"
Acts $16-31$; and at 7.45 , Rev. R. Irving

Watkins, from the text, "Of whom the whole family in hea
named," Eph. 3-15.
Tuesday, the 13th, Bro. L. T. Grubb led the family devotions, and Rev. C. A Grise, the early prayer meeting. At 10 a. n., Rev. J. T. VauBurkalow preached from the words, "he shall baptize you with the Holy Ghost and with fire, Mat. 3-11; at 3 p. m., Rev. Geore Cummins, of Phiadelphia, preacher from the words, "Lil harvest, and in the time of harrest ntil harvest, and in the time of harres I will say to the reapers, gather je to-
gether first the tares, bind them in bunles to burn them; but gather the whea into my barn," Mat. 13-30; and at 7.45
Rev. C. W. Prettyman preached from Rev. C. W. Prettyman preached frum, Amos 4-12.
Wednesdar, Bro. D. M. Bullock led the family prajer service, and Rev. B. F Price, the early prayer meeting. At 10a.m. Rev. E.C.Atkins, preached from the words, "All things are yours, and ye are Christ's, and Christ is God's" I Cor $3-2 y-3$. At 3 p. m., Rev. Jerome Lin demuth, of the Phila. Conference,
preached from the words, "The Lord preached from the words, "The Lord give grace and glory; no good thing will he withhold from them that walk uprightly," Ps. $84-11$. In the evening
Rev. W. W. Sharp made a brief address "What think ye of Christ," and A Dolbor followed in an earnest exhor tation.
The early prayer meetings Thursday, were le dby Bros. J. C. Pickles and T C.Smoot. At 10 a. m., Rev. J. B. Quigg, preached a temperance sermon from God, I beseech thee, save thou us out of his band that all the nations may know that thou art the Lord God, even thou only," 2 Kings 19-19.
The drink traffic, as the chief embod iment of Satan's malignancy, was repChurch and to the public weal, as to be fitly symbolized by the power and might of the great Assyrian Sennacherib, in his invasion of the kingdom of Judah, and King Hezekiah's prayer to God fo deliverance was appropriate for us to use

## reference to this great evil

Brother Quigg cited proofs in suppor of bis estimate of the magnitude of the byterian, Congregational, and Lutheral Churches, as well as from our own. The ecessity of united and earnest effort on the part of all friends of sobriety and union in prayer to God, for deliverance from this great foe, urged upon all Christians.
The last session of the children's meeting was held at $1.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. After Vdresses by Revs. W. H. Smith an Wilmer Coffman, of the Phila. Confer Collins, the little ones were led in procession around the grounds, as they sang
"We're narching to Zion." Bro. Grise "We're narching to Zion." Bro. Grise
in his closing address announced that he had the names of twenty of them, wh had professed to find the Saviour, during the meetings. At $3 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$., the Rev J. O. Sypherd, preached to a large aud thinge I have spoken unto you, that in me ye might have peace. In the world ye shall have tribulation, but be of good The evening sermon was by Rev. W.H Smith of Philadelphia, on the words "How much owest thou unto my Lord," Luke 16-5.
The closing exercises, were held at 8 experience meeting, Dr. Grise made a experience meeting, Dr. Grise made a
few remarks, thanking the ministers, the few remarks, thanking the ministers, the
choir, and visiting triends, for assistance rendered, and stating that there had been forty persons who had reconsecrated themselves to the service of God, and twenty conversions.
The congregation then formed in dousinging. "All hail the power of Jesus
name." The mee
eral handshaking
eral bandshaking.
The common verdict seems to be that there never was better preaching on this ground, than what was heard this year. ground, than, Sundsy morning sermon, Dr. Murrays was considered one forts. Brother W. E. TomkinsCn preached a remarkably able and impressive sermou Monday atternoon, as did Bro. J. T. Van Burkalow, the evening of the eame day. Indeed, similar commendation might be given to all; Sweeney's leadership was an inspiration here, as it is wherever his veice heard in sacred song. There were thirheard in sacred song. There were thir four minutes, and ranging from seven teen minutes to one hour and twelv ninutes.
Death Loves a Shining Mark. We deeply deplore the loss to the Church, and to his family and friends, that must result from the unexpected death of Rev. Jeremiah H. Bayliss, D editor of the Western Christian Advocate. The sad event occurred Wednesday morning, August 24th, in Bay Vies, Michigan, whither he had gone for rest and recuperation. He was born
in Wednesburg, England, a noted locality in early Methodism, December 20th 1835. His mother, Priscilla Smith, " woman of almost angelic spirit," died when but thirty-seven; his father, Sam'l Baylis, is still living in the eighty-fourth year of his age. The famils came to this country in 1837 and settled in New
York. As early as his fifteenth year Oork. As early as his fifteenth year
Jeremiah was the subject of converting grace, but made no public protession till two years later. In 1854 he entered Genesee Wesleyan Seminary Lima, N. received the degrees of A. M. from received the degrees of A. M. from
Genesee College, in 1868; D. D., from Genesee College, in 1868; D. D., from
Ohio Wealeyan University, in 1873; Ohio Wesleyan University, in 1873;
and LL. D.. from Albion College in 1887.

He was married to Miss Surah Ann Britton, in 1859, who with their fine parable loss.
Dr. Bayliss gave to the Church twen--seven consecutive years of service, in he regular pastorate; filling the pulpits of leading churches in Chicago, Ind
apolis, Detroit, and Cincinnati. apolis, Detroit, and Cincinnati.
At the General Conferance of 1884,
ewas elected editor of The Western Christian Advocate, although he was not delegate, over two competitors who where among the strongest wembers of prised his most "by a vote which surprised his monst ardent friends." Four mears later, he was a delegate, and al orship of the Western
Dr. Bayliss has shown bimself a most able and successful editor, loyal to Meth odism, and firm and strong in advo cating the best interests of the Church; and large hopes of future usefulness are disappointed by his early taking off. To us who survive come with special em-
phasis, the admonitory words of Christ, as to the irpprovement of present opporunities, "the night cometh, wherein no man can work.

Among the articles contributed to the Historical Society of the Central Pennsylvania Conference, and noted by the Nerus, we note the following.-Visitor's bound volume of the Methodist Magazine, 1818; Methodist Disciplines, 1796, 1836, and 1860.
In Rev. B. F. Price's memorial stanzas last week, the first line of the second stanza should have read, "It is the hour of solemn pause," instead of "praise."

## Deal's Island, Md

Dear Editor:-Our camp meeting continued eight days, closing Monday, August 12th.

McFarlane, W. W. Chaires, Bros. Jome McFarlane, W. Wennett, Z. H. Webster, T. B. Creamer, W. P. Compton, Dr. W. \&, Gooding, W. B. Gutrie. D. F. Wadhell,
C. T. Hammett, and Jas. Wilson, were C. T. H

We ruled out all Sunday traffic, and disorder of every kind at the start, but as the meeting progressed we found there was no real neet of my rule un he subject, as all st

## clined to out.

Frequently during the meetings, the Holy Ghost came upon us in a perfect empest of Divine power; and thirtywo souls professed conversion. Our xpenses were met, and, enough money left over, to finish paying for the ground; oo that on: carap ground is tree from debt. Our own people seemed to take pride in preserving the most perfect order; thus setting a good example to visitors to do likewise. Some of our
oldest citizens tell us that such good order was never known on Deal's Island camp ground, in the memory of the present generation. Thursday of last week, Rev. E. F. Hoffecker, of the New York Conference, conducted me to the office f the The Christian Advocate, where we ad a very pleasant interview with Dr. Buckley, who told us, that years ago, when he was a boy, he visited Red Lion Camp "down on the Peninsula," and that a man offered to sell hin a watermelon for $\$ 2.50$. On being asked why e charged so much for it, the man re moved a plug from the side of the melon and assured the Doctor that it had the best juice of any melon that ever grew. It is hardls neccessary to add, that "the juice" of the melon was rye whiskey. I told the Doctor that in these days our Peninsula. Benj. C. Warr.
Tucknhue, N. Y., August 19, 'S9.

## Hurlock's Camp.

This camp meeting closed Thursday night, August 15 . It was a new de-
parture in this line of work. The prime object of other camp-meetings is, to induce the unconverted to accept Christ ject to this and similar meetings is, to induce christian people, who do not possess perfect puritv of beart to attain this br a perfect submission in all things;
(Rom. 12;1; $2 ;$ which will reult their purification (Eph. 5; 23 ) camp has resulted in great good, not alone in the immeriate work, but in
causing people to think. The inquiry is prevelant. Surely the Chirit of inquiry is prevelant. Surely the Church water at rest, stagnant. Rer. G. D. Watson D. D. formerly of the Wilmington Conference, has had charge of the services, a man of learning, sensible, in The meetings were largely spirit loving.

## Comference ditus.

-The managers of Deal's Inland Camp-meeting. Rer. B. C. Warren in charge, decid
to hold over Sunday, the 11 th inst. to hold over Sunday, the 11th inst. understand that a very large crowd was in
attendance daring the whole camp, and esattendance during the whole camp, and esLeader, and adds, Rev, W. W. W. Wilson preached an excellent sermon, at Deal Island camp, Snnday. We knew that he the familiar expression-"he is built that the fan
The recent camp at Concord, Rev. S. A. Cornwell in charge, is said to have been one of the most pleasant as well as the most suceather was good throughont the encamp ment and the attendance as good as conld be expected. The number estimated to be up on the ${ }_{1}$ rounds on Sunday was fire thousand people.
The camp-meeting at New Church, Va. Rer. J. E. Graham, in charge, was largely attended, Sunday. It is estimated that
3,000 people, or more were present. No as3,000 people, or more were present. No as-
semblage was more orderly or better besemblag

Stocron, Md., Rer. C. H. Williams, pastor, has been holding a village camp daring this week; preaching three times lastSunday and each afternoon and evening through the rest of the results.

The trustees of the M. E. Charch, Georgetoma, Del., J. D. Kemp, pastor, have purchased a neat wrought iron fence,
they will place around the Cemetery.
We find the following announcement exts, in some of our Peninsula exchanges: Rev. Dr. S. J. Morris' sabjects for last Sunday's discourses in Greensboro. Md., were
as follows: Morning -Doing good, well pleasing to God ; text, Heb. xlii, 16. Eveningthrough the Red sea; text, Exodus xir, 17 through
31.

Kev. F. C. MacSorley, at Immanuel M. E Church, Crisfield, Md: Morning, "for
the wages of sin is death: but the gift of the wages of sin is death: but the gift of
God is eternal life through Jesus Cbrist our Lord."一Rom. 6. 23. Evening, "He is of age ; ask him
John 9. 21 .
John 9. 21.
Rer. W. R. McFarlane, at St. Peter's and Quindoqua, "Great peace have they whicb love thy law ;
Ps. $119,165$.
Rer. W. P. Comptom, at Princess Anne: Morning, "Although the fig tree shall not
blossom, neither shall fruit be in the vines; blossom, neither shall fruit be in the vines; the labour of the olive shall fail, and the fields shall yield no meat; the flock shall be cut off from the fold, and there shall be no herd in the stalls; yet I will rejoice in the
Lord, I will joy in the God of my salvation. Lord, I will joy in the God of my salvation.
Habakuk 3.17, 18. Evening, "The qr een Habakak 3. 17, 18. Evening, "The qr een
of the sonth shall rise op in judgment with this generation, and shall condemnit; for she came from the nttermost paris of the earth reater than Solomon is here." Mntthew, 12 42.

Rev, R. W. Todd retarned from a visit to Federalsharg, and filled his pulpit last Sunday morning and evening. There is a slow eye.-Kent Necrs.

Rev. H. S. Dulaney and wife are enjoying
well earned racation-visiting their friends.
Rev. Cbas. Hill will be absent from the pulpit two Sundays. Rev. T. A. H. O'Brien, of Cherry Hill, preached for him last Sunday morning and evening: and Rev. Mr. 25th inst. Bro. Hill, with his daughters, Mis inst. Bro. Him, with his augrers, Miss Annie aud Miss Deanie, left
last week, for Ocean Grove, N. J.

We notice, that the prefix "Rev." is attachod to the name of Clarence Wilson, son of Dr J. A. B. Wilson. Glad to see it. Hope he will be just as good a preacher as his father,
and just as successful in bis work.-Crisfeld Leader.

At the M. E. charch, New Castle, Del., Rev. E. L. Habbard preached two instrnctive and interesting sermons to large congregations, last Sunday, and admitted three probationers tochurch membership, at the morningservice.
-
The friends of Rer. B. C. Conner, formerly his only son Ralph Winchester, who was not quite two years old, died, July 15. Brother Conner and famity are taking needed and well earned rest at Ocean Grove.

O
thei
and
her and family, again. Mre. Wilson, as well as
ber husband, is rery popalar here.-Crisfield Leader.
Rer. J. O. Sypherd, pastor of our charch in Laurel, Del., preached two interesting sermons in St. Paul's M. E. Charch, last visit among his former parishioners, in Still Pond, Md. We learn that Bro. Barrett ing, to the great gratification of a large congregation.
Rer. J. D. Kemp and family, of Georgetown, Del., left last Monday, for Woodlawn camp. Cecil county, Ad. They will be gone time in Chestertown. Ma. Rer. Mr. LeClair will gill the M. E. pulpit in Bro. Kemp’s absence.
Rev. T. L. Tomkinson former pastor of the M. E. Charch, in Odessa, Del., has been
visiting Mr. Jere Peacock. Bro. Tomkinson is a member of the Central Pennsylvania part of the field. He preached for Bro. Jones last Sunday.
Fred E. McKinsey, pastor of our Cburch at Port Penn, is preparing to celebrate the
semi-centennial anniversary of the introduc-semi-centennial anniversary of the introduc-
tion of Methodism in that town, the I4th and tion of Methodism in that town, the All former pastors, neighboring ministers, and friends, are invited
exercises.

Taylob's Island, Brother G. W. Bounds writes very kindly, of our recent visit to his charge, and of our report of the dedication of Chapiain Memorial Church". We give a cloity will read your paper with more interest than they ever did before. You made a good impression, and by your wise words
and actions, helped Methodism here con-siderably- Our communion service, the Sunday after you left was grand and impressive,
many partook of the sacred symbols. Bro. Brodhend preached a grand sermon from the words, "The very God of peace sanctify you
wholly". The reviral sercices continued wholly". The reviral serrices continued
with mach interest; tp to (date Aug. 9,) about thirty have professed conversion
Bro. and sisterBrodhead left for the
Bro. andsisterbradere Thareday the 8th home
Trusting that God is helping you wonder
Trusting that God is helping you wonder-
fully in all your work, and that we may have the pleasure of your presence on our "Isle" in the near fature.
am, very hastily, yours,
Reply to "Loyal Methodist."
Dear Bro. Thomas:-I bave never joined any combination, or been complicated with
and the Wilmington Conference upon which I was not willing, the light of the most searching investigation should be tarned. The article in last week's Peninse-,
Methodist, signed "Loyal Methodist," refers, I presume, to a circular letter, which I recently addressed to the foar Presiding Elders of our Conference. Yon have my permission to print that letter, if you desire to
do so. It would correct Bro. "Loyal Methdo so. 'st wounprenension. But, perbaps, it
odist se misappsary
will be annecessary, after he has read this will be annecessary, after he has read this
letter.
From time to time, a score or more of breth From time to time, a score or more of breth-
ren, bave rolnutered the opinion, in my ren,
presence, that we ought to have a conference
paper, pore closely related to as and our inpaper, more closely related to as and our in-
terests, than in the natare of the case, a prirate enterprise, edited by a member of anoth better chance of finding its that will stand Methodist homes within the Peninsula. You will recollect, that I candidly expressed this conviction, in a letter to yon, in March last. Elder, Rev. John France, some six weeks ago who regarded it with some favor, and who suggested the writing of the circalar letter pend upon the godly judgment of the brethren, as the same should be communicated by the preeiding elders.
In reeponse to this letter, Bro. Murray wrote
doubttully, and rather discouragingly. Bro Wilson wrote, declining to take any action in the matter; but afterwards, in an interview, inclined to the project. Bro. Agres' response was tavorable.
I have taten diversity of opinion, howevmatter.
In the insinuation, that $m y$ letter was inapired by uufriendliness to you, and disloyal ty to the Peninsula Meriodist, Bro. "Loy al Methodist" is greatly mistaken, as I think
you have sufficient reason to know. He also
misapprebends my proposition. It was not
to "publish a conference paper which is to to "pablish a conference paper whidh is to
sabstitute the Peninstad Methonist," bat (with the acqniescence of the proprietor, of course.) to parchase, aud then const, with publish the Pensiscla Merics that would if possible, double or treble its circulation, and thus, by its agency, more largely to en hance our own denominational interests.
The suggestion of "making thoasands for onr worn out preachers" is not in my letter. It is "Loyal Methodists" irony, I presume. Bat to this there conld certainly be no reas onable objection, provided the paper and its editorial and other management should be-
come subject to the authority and saperviscome subject to the authority and
ion of the Wilmingten Conference.
Let me kindly adrise Bro. "Logal Met
Let me kindly adrise Bro. "Logal Metho-
dist" not to impate bad notives, to bis breth dist" not to impate bad notives, to bis breth good ones are possible, and also to
ren, if n, if good odes are possible.
ite over his own proper name.

> Fraternally,

## w. Todd.

A Correction.-In the last para graph of Bro. McKinses's communica tion, last week, on the "Reunion at Mt Pleasant," in the fourth line trom the end, "magical thought" should have been "practical thought."

A Woman's Home Missionary Society, of 33 members, was organized in Ebenezer MI E. Charcb, Easton, Md., Sunday, Aug. 4th,
with the following officers: President, Mrs with the following officers: President, Mrs,
Leola Saxton; Cor. Sec., Mrs. Sallie Tarner Leola Saxton; Cor. Sec., Mirs. Sallie Turner
Rec. Sec., Mrs. Lemuel Hubbard; Treas. Rec. Sec., Mrs. Lemuel Hubbard; Trens.,
Mrs. Elizabeth Robinson; Agent for Woman's Home Missions, Miss Nettie Avery; Viee Presidents-Mrs. E. A. Fountain, M
ter H. Thompson, Mrs. Fitzgerald.

Salisbury District.
Since my last writing. Parksley camp has closed, and the one at New Church is still in progress. It is located south-east of the
town of New Church, abont a quarter of a mile from the railroad. - There is a large tabernacle, with a seating capacity of about
fifteen hundred ; and yet it could hold only fifteen hundred; and yet it could hold only
abont half the people who came on Sunday. Bros. Baker, Connor and Sheppard preached that day, and were all very higbly appreci-
ated. The preaching, Monday, was by
Ber Bros. Ayres, McLain, and Mowbray, in th the time we stayed, there was very good or der, except Sunday night, when there was
too much talking at the rear of the andience. We went to the place on a tour of haved, sare that the murmuring was going up and out in a volume. Most of our camp
meeting nudiences are seated wrong. The best bomely illustration of the better way and the most striking one that comes to me third of its spokes palled oot. Let the hab represent the palpit, and the remaining two-
thirds of the spokes, the pews. This plan thirds of the spokes, the pews. This plan
brings the speaker witbin easy speaking range of the people.
Bro. Graham
Bro. Graham, the pastor at New Church, a hard and persistent worker, blessed with much appreciated by bis people.
Parksley and New Church camps wer great camp-meetings, and showed the tre mendous growth, in influence, of the $\mathbb{M}, \mathrm{E}$
Church, in Virginia. The preachers showed their goodness of heart and good sense, by preaching a straight. strong gospel; and the
people showed their appreciation of the same by the numbers present and their marked attention. The Lord bless them, 凡s they welcome home the church of their fathers tion to these camp meetings, but for the un necessary sale of goods on the Sabbath day. The pastors were pressed into a corner, and
felt that they could hardly help themselves Our brethren, the laymen, were wrong in pressing for Sunday sales. The law of th a bar-room on Sunday, and is it not a pity that members of the church of God should Even during the darkest hours of the late that she the glory of the M. E. Chure, cant afford to go back into Virginia, as compromiser with lawlessness. As long a
the M. E. Charch shouts high, she must walk straight, or fall under the rebuke of sinners. If we can't find away to pay camp expenses, other than profits from a Sunday retail store, we had better quit the camps before God quits as. This letter is not censare, but to point out a better and a sa way. We will say, this time, that the pas tors were unduly forced, and
Our church at Cape Charles had their ex cursion, Wednesday the 14th inst, and cam

Ville had theirs Thuraday, the 15 th inst.,
and did well for their new church; we dont and did well for tbeir new chureb; we
know the cet earnings in the latter case. It is now past the middle of August, and
we hope to bear in a few weeks more, the we hope to bear in a few weeks more, the
shonts of new born souis from the Nanticoke to Cape Charlee. May God in his infinite mercy rain as much grace on ns, as he hat I dont know but I do know, that I want great revival. The Lord send it down T. O. Ayers. P. E.

## Easton Dlstrict.

Union and Salem, constitute a new circuit which was organized at the last session of longing to Still Pond, aud Salem to Pomona circuit. Both churches are in Kent connty Md., within abont five miles of Chestertown and are under the care of Rev. H. C. Tarner, a local preacher, and a student of Dickinson College. Bro. Turner is very acceptable with the people, and doing a good work. He ex present year. The outlook for this new cir coit, we think is promising.
We next visited Pomona circuit, which is Walton's Bond, who was for a long time, editor of $T$ Christian Advocate, and who was present ths dedication of the charch in 1851. It has been twice enlarged; first, by the addition of by the addition of an school, and recently, The main audience room nlso has been im proved and beautified at a cost of $\$ 375$; and a new organ has been added afa cost of $\$ 250$. J.und the school, which is under the care tion; indeed, I do not know of a bette equipped Sunday-school on the district. Th circuit has a very fine parsonage, which baa recently been repainted.
Walton's Chapel has been improved by baving the audience room papered. Rev. W. R. Mowbray, is the pastor of this circuit, and
feels himself greatly encouraged, by the pirit of enterprise and in.
is people are manifesting.
Fromle are manifesting.
From Pomona, we went to Rock Hall which is under the pastoral supervision hor. N. Mres, Rock Hall and Piney Nect. church at Rock Hall basa large congregation and a flourishiug Sunday-school. Bro. Mc Quay is sbly assisted by his wife, who takes lively interest in the cause, and an activ has, daring the past quarter, been improved p the addition of a handsome front porch ding summer kitchen; the credit of the is Bro. McQuay's fourth year, and I need not say, that he lives in the affection of his kind hearted people.
T next went to Wye camp ground, where and Wye, and Hall charges. Rev. J. D. L contes, a local preacher, is supplying the work
at Wye. He lives at Hall's cross roads, where the people of the circoit have rented
a parsonage. and fitted it up in a very comortable manner. The entrance of his fami ly into this new home was signalized by reception on the part of the churches, the pastor and his family very happy.
made the made the pastor and his family ver
The work here is prospering finely.
At the Centreville quarterly conference Rev. C. A Hill, pastor, reported that the dition. It is worthy of note that, as an expression of their high spprecintion of Hill, Centreville has advanced his salary to 1000 , and ask his return for another year A striking feature of Centreville church, is heir Sunday-sch
Of Wye camp meeting, I will not speak further than to say, that it is a very respec nd no discredit to Methodisn

Yours fraternally,
Fbance.
"I cannot praise Hood's Sarsaparilla half blind, with scrofula, was cured by this medi-
bung almost blind
cine.

Maryland's Exposition. Elaborate preparations are being made for the great Exposition to open at Baltimore
Monday, September 9th and continue until Saturday, September 14th
A monater parade, Industrial and Civic, with be foate and over 50,000 men in line Will be one of the features of the first day. Band Concert in which 50 bands will take part, Dedication of the Post Office by the
President and Cabinet and Maryland Graid
Ball are on the program for Tharsday the
The Bomdardment of Fort McHenery is
The Bomdardment of Fort McHenery is
arranged for Friday the 13th. Eight United
States Men-of-War, the Maryland Oyster Stutes Men-of-War, the Maryland Oyster
Nayy and 000 men will be in the engagement

Some of the bestanta bles in the conntry are
entered for the races which take place each day, on the Pimlico Track. day on the Pimlico Track.
The railiosds are making low rates and the
B. \& O. with its analil liberality ano ounces B. © 0 . with its nsanal liberality ano ounces
that excuraion tickets whll be sold to Balti-
more from all stations on its lipes east of the Oblo River, for all trains September 7th to
Olth inclusive, at one fare for the rond trip,
valid for valid for retur
21st, inclugive.

## Autumn In The Alleghenies.

## Tro Personally-Conducted Tours to Cresson via Pennsyllania Bailroad.

 Appreciating the attractiveness of themountaing in early autumn and the hent mountaing in early autumn, and the henefits o be de rived from a visit to the highlands at
his season, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company bas arianged two personall $\begin{aligned} & \text { toondcuted } \\ & \text { tours to Cresson and the Alleghenies on }\end{aligned}$ Thurgday, Angust 29th and Alleghenies on
Theptember 5th.
These tours will be conducted on the same bigh grade whlch has characted on the their pamedecessors of a like nature. The Tourist Agent nd Chaperon will accompany the party, who
will travel in a special train of Parlor cars sod fine day cosches. The excursion tickets,
inclading railroad fare in both directions, and one day's hoard at the Monntain Hoase, will nsual low rate. The round-trin rate from
New York is $\$ 9.50$. Philadelphia $\$ 8.00$, Washington and Baltimore $\$ 8.00$, and correspond-
ingly low from other stations. The special and tourists from other points will take regnlar morning trains to Philadelphia, or the
nearest station west thereof, at which connec aearest station west therei,
tion with the special can be made.
Among the many advantages of these trips Among the many advantages of these trips
the opportunity they afford for reaching
ohnstown and winessing the destruction in Johnstown and witnessing the destruction
the Conemangh Valley is not the lesst

## Farmers' Mass Meeting and Jubilee at Middletown, Va.

 On Thursday, August 29th, the citizens ofthe Shenandoah Valley will hold their mon-

## ©

Wine is a mocker；strong drink is raging and whosoever io deceired therebr is no
wise．－At the last it biteth like a serpent，and stingeth like an adder．－Scripture．
Oh ：thou invisible spirit of mine，if thon
not hast no name to be knorit．

## The Temperance Question in

 India．From an article by Bishop Hurst un－ des the abore title in the Julv Century， we quote the following：＂An army sur－ geon，of twents yeare intimate knowl edge of India，in a paper read before the Colonial Temperance Congress in 1886， wrote thus：＂Twents years＇personal ob servation in the Nortb－western provinces has demonstrated to me the appalling fact that the entire race of hereditary owners of the soil have all been swept off by drink． Brandy or government rum is what these poor creatures take to when the taste has been lighted up；and it is certainly a subject for thoughtful consideration，that while we in this country are rejoicing at the reduction of the excise revenue i Britain，what are we to say of the grad－ ually increasing liquor revenue in India？＇
＂What wonder？A penny＇s worth is all that is needed to intoxicate，madden and wreck．Eren if a poor native has no money，he can manage to get liquor He can get it on credit，and mortgrge be intoricating oup．Then the the intoxicating cup．Then the back
door－that invention of the saloon－keep－ er in Great Britain and the United States －is made to do its full work，if the pro prieters prevent ingress at the front door
＂Now，dark as this picture is which $\pi$ have uuwillingly been compelled to draw there is no real ground for discourage ment．The Gospel has uever been car ried to a country mitbout at the bar time，it not carlier，the transportation of
the vices of the land which sends the cruth Already the missionaries are awnke to the dauger．The English people are becom－ ing aroused to it．The real rulers of In－ dia do not hold council in Calcutta，or enact laws in the Westminster House of Parliament，butare the vast commoualty of the British Isles－or rather are the whole Auglo－Saxon race．India will be lete conquest ulize over the evils of lete cong a do false faiths，and over the vices whici
still grow，as tares among the wheat，in still grow，as tar
Caristian lands．＂

## A．Blessed Way to Die．

In a New England State lived a devout Free－will Baptist farmer a man beloved and trusted by all who knew him，of whom every－body would say，＂He is a ho－ ly man．＂This old gentleman had con－ secrated a certain place in his orchard for secret prayer．It was known only to his fumily，and its selection and use were not tainted by ostentation．Im－ pressed with the reverent language of the Old Testament，he always took off his shoes when he wemt there to pray，and Oue day，after he was quite years，be lisapeared Being ser for and not found，his aged wife said ＂Go to the place where he prays；be nay be here．＂They went，and the old man was found in the attitude of prayer，dead， the shoes lying in the spot where he an whys placed them when be sought the immediate presence of God．One of his neighbors tells the story．Sanctified by a holy character and devoutsupplication bis life and death form a beautiful illu tration of the oue whose life contradicted them，and whose prayer was not fulfilled－ Let we die the death of the rightcous， and let ony last end be like his．＂－（Anon－ mous．）

General Heiry Dopoan，the head of the world renowned porder manuficturers of E ． 1．DuPont de Nemoure \＆Co．，died at his reme nar this city，of general debility at ？ clock thursday of last week．The family were gathered around his bedside，as he
paised a way．He was just 77 years old that day，laviug been born on Aagust $8,1812$.

Our camp closed Monday morning Aug．12th，when we struck our tents，and returned to our homes．
There were ninety three family tents on the grounds，and the atteudance was good throughout the meeting，with larg－ er crowds on Sundays：eqpecially so last Sunday afternoon and night．
The order was goud，and the rules were observed about as well as usual． Many of God＇s people were gracious－ ly baptized with tbe Holy Ghost．Some few of the unconverted were led to see the need of salvation，while huudreds， doubtless，quenched the spirit，and would not heed the gospel invitation．The preaching was of a high order，and full of the unction of the Holy Spirit．It seems to me such sermons，delivered as they were with power，must accomplish much more than is now to be seeu．The following mininters were with us，and rendered efficient service，Revs．Robert Watt，T．D．Valiant，of the M．P Julius West，Rev．J．Baxter，of Phila Julus
delphia，Enoch Stubbs，J．D．Kemp，J D．Rigg，A．S．Mowbray，S．M．Morgan T．E．Martindale，George A．Sheets， Asbury Burke，and E．C．Macnichol． Several other brethren were on the ground for a little while，but did not preach．Tuesday，the 6th was Temper－ ace day．Rev．A．S．Mowbray gave us， most excellent sermon in the morning ealing some sturdy blows at the accurs d rum trafic．In the afternoon，Mrs Julia Tomkinson，wife of Rev．W．E omkinson，gave an interesting addreas； did Bro．Sheets and others．
The W．C．T．U．，had charge of the services of the day．Everybody seemed pleased，and we hope some good was done for the cause of Temperance Mrs．Anna Clements，died Tuesday afternoon，the 134 inst．She was about sixty years old；duriag furty of which sixty years old；during corty of which
she was a member of church．She has been a great sufferer for a yeur，and died a triumphant death．

## （ （bituaries．

## 

Mrs．Jennie Tyson passed to her hearen est from her earthly home in Galena，Md
riday，Aug．， 9 hb ，at balf past four oclock， in the afteraoon．She was 42 years of age an aetive，and faithful menuber of the Metho youngest child of the late Nathan and Jaue youngest chil ort， 1863 ，she was converted
Peacock．In Oct and nnited wilh the clurch，uad cer the min－
istry of Rev．Stepben Townsend In 182 istry of Rev．Stephen Townsend In 1872
she was united in marriage to Farren Tyson
who was stricken down at her side in whe mas stricken down at her side，in young
manhood．learing ber thus early in manhood，learing ber thus early in her wed．
ded life to uroury an irreparable loss ded life to usours an irreparable loss．Her
two brothers．living in the same town with their sister，in fulifliment of a mother＇s with ing request．Iooked after their widorved ais．
ter＇s temporal welfare；and faithtolly did they follilitheir mother＇s last wish．For a
year or more，her bealth had been gradually year or more，her beelth had been gradually
failing，from a complication of diseases，which ailing，from a complication of diseases，which
covertly，hut surely，caused the morta！cita del to fall．Until paralysis deprived her of she waver of speech，and the power to move cloing da $y$ y of her life，were full of suffier ment In conversalion with her pastor，she
would talk of heaven would talk of heaven．and a world of paiu－
cess iov，in contrast with the suncering of this earthly life．Her bed sickneess was brief，aud
death came suddenly，with surprise to kind death came Ruad
red and friends．
Her place in the church is empty．and $\pi e$
shull miss ber．She was a faithful and tro frivad to the itiverant，and always had
warm welcome for hin in her by warms welcome for him in her home．
was a constant reader of the Christimn cate，and Prninsula Metriodist．Her fon eral took place from the church．Sunday af ernoon，Aug．11．Good hye，sister Tyson，
we shall hail thee in the eternal mornitht we shall hail thee in the eternal moraing
＂There eyes shall sec thee，sister，then，
Nor sherl the parting tear nyain，＂

Memorial Resolutions
Adopted by the quarterly enuference，Kent
sland，Md．，Joseph Rohinson pantor，July 7th， $18 \varepsilon 9$ ．
Whereas，it has pleased our heavenly Fath to remove from our midst，to a betier and John Denny；thereforen，resmolved 1st．That while we feel our loss of they orthy officlal menhbers，we bow in subrris
ion to he Diving will，knowing loss is their gain．
2 d
ies．our deep felt sympathies
3d．That copiss sympathies． iethonism

BOOKS FOR ENOUTRERS，
And for those dealing with Enquirers． GRACE $a n d$ Truth．by wi $p$ Nacte ay，M．A． 52 d thousand（over 200．000 bold in England）．Mr．D．L．Moody
 Who would be a minner of souls，or to place in the handid of the converted．＂


 clear nsweimple Tanguage and forcible， pertinent iilustration can miake it．＇ ${ }^{\text {Very }}$


 serve in he wariare．and tire way to have in 2 clear．heipfrul style，aboouxting with







 dot dis removed．By Crasar Malan



 $\stackrel{\substack{* * * \\ p r i c e}}{ }$

## miller thomas．

 Whandaron DrisbOoks helpful IN CHRISTIAN WIRRK． GLLDRENS STEETIVGS AND how der und Sellie Mr Carn by Lury J ．Ri butions of rians，methods and outting talks to children by nearly forty otherg， including the best known and most suc－ cessin workers anmong chitaren in this THE PRAYER MEETING AND ITS IMPROVEIENT Hy Rev IO Thomp son． 12 mo． 256 pages，cloth，$\$ 1.25$ ． ＂This is so gool a book that we wish we
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