

REV. T. SNOWDEN THOMAS, A. M. Editor.

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### FOR CHRIST AND HIS CHURCH.

### WILMINGTON, DELAWARE, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1889.

J. MILLER THOMAS Associate Editor.

### ONE DOLLAR A VEAR SINGLE NOS. 3 Cents.

### TWO LIVES

We worked together, side by side; We planned our future glory so, Till Love called her, and, deeply tried, The woman bade the artist go.

I strive alone and, lonely find That toil which once was pleasure swee Yet choose the path with steadfast mind, Marked ont before my willing feet.

I clamber up the hights alone,— How far they strotch what eye may see? Men follow where my steps have gone: Yes, men are glad to follow me.

And she gave all her hope for this, -One little hearthire bright to keep; But for here goodnisn's nightly kiss, Her babe to sing softly to sleep.

And I—am great; and she is—blest; Life cannot give it all to one: To her the gniet ways of rest: To me, the praise for deeds well done.

My woman's heart at times would give, For what she has, all else beside. Her ardent soul, how can it live Thus trammeled, and be satisfied?

With children grouped about her knee; A life surrendered to my art; All that for her, all this for me-To which has come the better part? --GOOD HOUSEREPING

Letter from Bishop Taylor.

Editor Christian Advocate: I am just returning from a visitation of the five Mission stations I opened in Angola, four years ago. Four years in the life of a Mission, or of a child, is but a short period of time. We dont expect very great exploits from a four-year-old baby. I will, however, note a few facts coming under my own observation, as evidences of life and progress in these baby Missions.

1. Our Mission in St. Paul de Loanda, a town claiming a population of 17,000, probably 1.000 of them Portuguese, and the rest, native Africans. Our Mission property there, is beautifully located, and worth about \$8.000. While we had teachers to man it, we had a self-supporting day-school, and can have it again assoon as we can provide the teachers, which we expect to do very soon. Meantime, William P. Dodson, a holy young man from the Eastern Shore of Maryland, who came out in our first party, four years ago, is holding the fort. He is a fine linguist in the Portugese and Kimbunda; a good musician, vocal and instrumental; a good doctor, having attended medical lectures in Philadelphia, butdid not graduate. He is gathering a good congregation in Loanda-about 40 now, but growing-and has an interesting Sunday-school. He had a very reliable native man saved, recently. I haptized him, and admitted him on probation in our church, yesterday.

Dondo, 240 miles inland by steamer, at the head of the steam-boat navigation on the Coanzo River. Dondo is a growing town of about 5,000. probably all natives, less about 500 Portuguese. We had here a good self-supporting school, now temporarily suspended by the retirement of our workers there, all to be picked again in the near future. Mary Myers, M. D., sleeps in Dondo Cemetry. Her last words were addressed to Jesus: I gave my life to Thee, to die for Thee here in Africa." I believe that a large barvest of souls, to sowing. be gathered from her see hail her in the morning of her awaking, and call her blessed. The Rev. A. E. Withey, presiding elder of the Angola District, and his daughter, Stella, are holding the fort at Dondo.

3. Nhanguepepo, 51 miles over the mountains by caravan path from Dondo. There we have real Mission property worth about \$1,500; also nearly 100 head of cattle, and a few hundred dollars head of cattle, and a lew number domain worth of trade goods. Both here and in Pango Andongo, we are developing some trade, as one of our industries. It can't his wife, head teacher in day school : her through space.

be done in safety, except in the hands of thoroughly trained commercial men, and such are Brothers Withey and Gordon; and within less than two years, in the two places named they have, over and above self-sustentation, made a clean profit of about \$1,500, which is represented by two good Mission farms they have bought have a Methodist Episcopal church orand stock goods on hand and paid for. Those two men could thus support all

our Augola Missions, but as each can easily support itself, they will apply their profits for opening new Missions. This business enables them to exhibit the light of holy living, and fair dealing in commercial circles. The natives who deal with them, many of whom come from ture reading and exposition, singing a 500 to 800 miles from the interior, report far and near, that they "have found another people, and never saw their like before." As, however, we need not train many merchants, to meet the demands of the country, merchandising is but a limited department of our Industrial School work. We want to train hundreds and thousands of farmers, with plows, cultivators, etc., to grow coffee, and other marketable products, and open up farms of their own, form Christian communities, build their own churches, and support their own ministers, and school teachers.

Well, to return to Nhanguepepo; Brother Karl Rudolph is in sole charge nowa grand worker is he. He has the care of the cattle herd, of the store, of building improvements, and of the farm, and is successfully training native boys in all these departments of industry. He is getting the natives soundly saved. We now have a Methodist Episcopal Church organization there, of 13 probationers. 3. Pungo Andongo, 38 miles farther

in, is a town of probably 2,000, mostly natives. Brother C. W. Gordon, Sister Withey and her children, Bertie, Lottie, and Flossy, are at Pungo, and all daily working and witnessing for God.

4. Malange is 62 miles still farther inland. We have there the Mission property in the town, which I bought nearly four years ago, which is worth about 8800. Three-quarters of a mile distant, is the Mission farm, of about 300 acres of rich black clay and loam, that Brother Sam Mead bought and paid for with his wife's money. The farm now, with its field of sugar cane, so dense that nothing less than an elephant could wade through it, and with its herd of cattle, hogs, etc., is worth, in the market, \$1,000, which, in common with all the farms, and town property we have acquired in Angola, has been deeded to my "Transit and Building Fund Society," to be held in trust for the Self-supporting Missions and churches of the Methodist Fpiscopal Church, which by the laws and by-laws of their incorporation they are bound to do, with no power to mortgage it to pay current expenses. Well, of net profits above self-support at Malange, made within the last two years, they have exanded \$300 in roofing and fitting up a chapel, \$800 in building a new two-story Mission house, \$100 for blacksmith shop and pit-saw, and lumber shed, and \$100 in a farmhouse-a total of \$1.300.

I offered to refund Ardella Mead's money that bought the farm, but she refused to receive it. Their lives, and all they have are invested in the work of God. and they have no separate personal interest. Malange station is well-manned: Sam Mead, supreintendent; Ardella, say that the moon can be seen traveling journals. Those she wrote during her

niece, Bertha Mead, (now Mrs. Shields,) her assistant; Robert Shields, her husband, an efficient young missionary ; Millie H. Mead, Minnie his wife, and five children. They have eight native children, adopted by Sam Mcad, which are being thoroughly trained for God. They ganization at Malange, of 31 members and probationers, 21 of whom are con-

verted natives This whole Mission family, including the little children, rise every morning at four o'clock. They take an hour for bathing and for breakfast, and then, from 5 to 6 A. M. for family worship, Scripnumber of hymn sin English, Portugese, and Kimbunda, followed by a free prayer meeting, some praying in English some in Portugese, and a good proportion in Kimbunda. I kept count, one morning, and found that 16 led in prayer. At 6, we have daylight, when they are all distributed to the various departments of work. .Think of such a lighthouse, 400 miles toward the heart of the Dark Continent!

Well, through the good providence of God, and manual labor, these twelve males, and eight females, in Angola Mission are enjoying good health. Their daily contact with the people in these industries has enabled them to make the best success in mastering the vernacular languages of the people of any missionaries I know of, and in Kimbunda, which our young people know as well, or better

than they do English, without the aid of books. Brother Chatelain has recently given us a primer, grammar, and the gospel by John, in the three languages named, which will be valuable aids in the fu.

ture.

I may add that all the workers named, went out in our first party, over four years ago, except Robert Shields, who was sent out three years ago. I feel quite

unable to give a more adequate view of this work and its opening possibilities, "The morning cometh." Will the bats spread their wings to veilits rising glory? Nay, they will pass into their dark holes, and "the glory of the Lord shall be revealed" in a marvelous march of Methodism through its vast continent. Pray for us!

WILLIAM TAYLOR. Steam-ship "Portugal," nearing the Congo month, July 22. -The Christian Advocate.

### Seeing The Moon's Shadow On The Earth.

From Professor Todd's article in the August CENTURY, entitled "How Man's Messenger Outran the Moon," we quote the following : "The moon's actual motion in her circum-terrestrial path, is in the neighborhood of two thousand miles in each hour of time. This velocity is somewhat greater than that of projectiles from the best rifled guns; but these can often seen if all conditions favor the observer. "Averaging a period of some decades.

there are in three years two opportunities when this spectacle may be seen : they occur only at such times as the moon passes between the earth and the sun and causes a total solar eclipse. But even then it is not strictly correct to

"At the time of such an eclipse, however, the moon's dark shadow sweeps over the earth with nearly the same velocity as the moon herself travels; and it is this swiftly flying shadow which the alert observer may see.

"This imposing spectacle has frequently been beheld, but rarely unless from an elevation commanding a vast extent. Often, however, expert observers fuil to see the almost tangible shadow, even when specially on the lookout for it.

"Not strange is it, therefore, that different eyes roport so impressive a phenomenon differently. To some the shadow seen in the distance resembled a dark storm upon the horizon. Some saw the shadow 'visible in the air'; one speaks of its 'gliding swiftly up over the heavens'; while another likens its passage to the 'lifting of a dark curtain.'

"Those who have taken pains to note its color do not generally call it black, but deep violet, or dark brown. One describes it as a 'wall of fog,' another as a 'vaporous shadow,' a third says it was 'like neither shadow nor vapor,' while no less careful observers than Winnecke and Lady Airy speak of the shadow, as 'appearing like smoke.'

"From their stations high above the valley of the Ebro, over which it swept, members of the Himalaya Expedition of 1860 had exceptional opportunities for watching the approach and recession of the shadow. Many observers saw it. 'When the critical moment was at hand,' save one, 'the darkness, sweeping over a landscape twenty or thirty miles in extent and advancing right at me, was in the highest degree sublime and imposing.' Then, and on other occasions it was very distinctly seen.

"So much for the appearance of the shadow; but more interesting here is its speed.

"While observers generally remark the 'frightful velocity' with which it travele, President Hill of Harvard, in Illinois in 1869, found the transit of the shadow much slower, and more majestic and beautiful than he had been led to expect. 'A sweeping upward and eastward of a dense violet shadow,' are his words.

"General Abbot, ascending Mount Ætna in 1870, wrote: At an elevation of 7500 feet I was overtaken by the shadow, which swept with great rapidity over us, darkening the gloom to an awe-inspiring degree.''

### Laura Bridgman's Occupa-tions.

Many ladies learned the finger alphabet simply to be able to talk with her, and she wrote and received many letters. Her room had a window facing south, and she often headed her letters "Sunny Home." She took pleasure in arranging her room and read a great deal. You know that quite a number of books have been printed in raised letters for be seen throughout their whole flight. the blind. The letters must be large Evidently the moon's motion, also, is and are princed on one side of the page not too great to be seen. And it can be only. It takes sixteen large volumes to print the Bible in this way. Most blind persons cultivate one finger for reading until it is very sensitive and can feel the letters very rapidly, but, of course. not so rapidly as we can read with our eyes.

Miss bridgman became quite an author, too. Almost from the time she learned to write, she began to keep daily

large pack, and are full of many interesting things. She recorded all her little daily doings, and in going through them from the earliest to the latest entries you can see how she gradually used more and more words, and began to use capitals, and wrote more clearly. She had also written a few poems. These have no rhyme, of course, because that depends on the sound. What she says in her poens is in great part taken from the Bible.

Her spare time was devoted to knitting, sewing, crocheting lace and mats, and talking. I have a very pretty crocheted mat, which she made in one evening.

Though her life was generally a peaceful and happy one, it had also its severe trials. Several of her teachers, to whom she was much attached, died ; her closest tie with the world was always her constant teacher and companion, who was eyes, ears, and tongue for her. Her teachers naturally learned to sympathize with her condition more than others could, and the loss of one of these dear friends was a great affliction. She even had to endure the loss of her benefactor, Dr. Howe. He had lived to see her grow up into what he had hoped she might become when he took her from her home in Hanover. His death occurred in 1876, and affected Miss Bridgman so seriously, that she was very ill and

weak for a long time afterward. So she lived her quiet life, so the days grew into months, and the months into years-and so, also, quietly and peacefully she passed away on the 24th of May, 1889

Laura Bridgman's days of darkness are over. Many, many persons will for a long time to come think of her, and will often speak of the patience she showed in her affliction, and the earnestness with which she labored to make the most of her life .- From "The Story of Laura Brtdgman," by Joseph Jastrow, Ph. D., in ST. NICHOLAS for August.

Well does the writer remember the case of a parent, who whipped his little daughter, attempting to overcome in this way, her whimsical terror of the dark when left alone at night. The poor little maid sobbed herself to sleep that night.

But the next evening, five minutes after she had been left alone, with the, (to her,) fearful dark, her terror overcame her dread of punishment, and a pitiable little voice was heard at the head of the stairs.

"O papa, please come up here and whip me! I'm so 'fraid of the dark !'

This convinced the father, that the child's terror was more than a whim; and he deeply regretted his hasty punishment, which was never repeated. The following incident, related by a father, is of the same nature:

"I shall never forget, though I have wished a thousand times that I could, how I punished little Mamie for continually pronouncing a word wrong-as I thought wilfully-after I had tried hard to make her say it correctly. She was quist for a few moments after I punished her, and then she looked up with a quivering lip, and said :

"'Papa you will have to whip me again. I can't say it.' "You can imagine how I felt, and

how I kept on remembering the look on her face, and the tone of the sad little first five years in Boston form quite a voice.- Youth's Companion.

### PENINSULA METHODIST, SEPTEMBER 14, 1889. HAY FEVER CATARRH

### Youth's Department. Read up and not Down.

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BY ELLA GUERNSEY.

I thought my father tyrannical, once upon a time, when he insisted that I should bring him the book that a young brother had told him "Sis read after everybody else was asleep."

"Suppose I was only fourtcen years of age, hadn't I the right to read books?" was my defiant question when a mild rebuke was given me for wasting precious time reading hurtful books, trying my eyes by reading in bed, and exposing the household to the danger of fire if I should fall asleep forgetting to extinguish the lamp too near my pillow. Never to be forgotten was the gentle "Daughter, one cannot read even a light, trifling book, neither very bad nor good, without being affected by it in some way."

I was not stinted in good, helpful literature that my father took special pains to put into my hands; but other girls read such splendid books, "The Emerald Necklace," "Duchess of So-So," and could talk glibly of Ouida, Zola, and authors whom I never heard mentioned in our house.

A few years rolled on, and I was mistress of my father's house, having charge of the domestic part of it Our "help' was a sweet-souled young woman, who had improved much after a course of good, helpful reading, but suddenly I noticed a change for the worse in Louise. A sullen look spoiled her usually bright face, and upon many occasions she flouted me, taking special pains to slur and te speak scornfully of women.

For two months Louise grew more cynical, placing women lower and lower, and attributing questionable or mercenary motives to pure, self-sacrificing women, who lived only for the good of others-One day, tried sorely by her scoffs, I asked, "Louise, do you include your mother and sister when you assail our sex in such a wholesale manner?"

An angry light glowed in her eyesher mother was almost an object of adoration. I waited for the wrath which spoke in her eyes to find expression in words, when a dear old friend, drew from the basket of mending, a book, "Puck," one of Ouida's works.

"I guessed the trouble, dearie. Let me read aloud something from one of its pages," and selection followed selection. "It's not a bad book," said Louise, suddenly.

"Did I say it was, Louise? I only said that it does not show women in a good light," returned our friend, camly. "I couldn't read this book, at my age, without getting a little bitterness into my soul.

"All women are not good," retorted Louise. "Dont the papers tell of women being at the bottom of crimes?" she inquired, defiantly.

"Unfortunately they do tell of failings oftener than of the brave battle the patient saints are waging with sin. Louise, I have ever thought, since I have known my Lord, that I had no time to waste in in learning of the deeds of wicked or careless people. Time flies, and there is not enough of it in which to prepare for heaven, or to help others along the way. I have never loved evil; why should I fret my soul by brooding over that which is vile? Long years I said in my heart, supis vile? Long years I said in my heart, sup-pose the Lord should call for me hastily, in a moment; I do not want to have in my hand a book or paper, with pages teeming with thoughts that fill me with doubts of all that is good. While there is an abundant supply of refreshing, sim-ple, uplifting literature, the Lord's own workers, young and old, need look no further for help and pleasure. Genius or talent does not make of sin a virtue, no matter if the luster be brilliant. If a book be a fascinating one, veiling, even making certain vices alluring, shun it, burn it, if possible. When a soul is filled

with distrust and doubts, and we begin to view suspiciously our fellow-creatures, while reading a book, it is time to look closely into the matter. Suppose thee begins to read up, and not down, from this time; as all Christian workers, young Mrs. Lane. In a few moments, Louise took up the

prettily bound book, and laid it upon the coals, saying firmly, "I havn't felt right since I first read this. I want to read up; indeed I must do it, as it seems that I'm so constituted that I read worldly, careless, hurtful books to my soul's harm. Since I've found out that I've been harmed by reading it, I will not place a stumbling-block in the way of another." As for me, I thank God daily for the

careful father who taught me to read up and not down, and I leave this for the young Endeavor to think over : is it wise to give any printed page a second thought except that which reads up?-The Golden Rule.

### Divine Guidance

Unquestionably we need it --- need it in temporal, as well as spiritual affairs. Reason is not an unerring guide in the former, and is often in perplexities and uncertainties which may be dispelled by calling upon GOD for light, honestly inquiring, "What wilt thou have me to do?" In spiritual things, we are entirely dependent upon supernatural instruction, for the most important of all knowledge. Here is a vast field of truth which human reason could not discover. If we had no authoritative Guide, what could reason teach concerning the origin and destiny of man, the existence and nature of GoD? and what answer could it make to the question, which men, conscious of sin are ever asking: "How can man be just before GOD?" or to that other, which men, in all ages have been asking: "If a man die, shall he live again?" And even after we have learned the divine answer to these questions, our spiritual path-way is beset with many dangers, diffculties and temptations from the world, the flesh, and the devil. We cannot by our own wisdom order our steps aright, or escape the perils which surround us. "It is not in man that walketh to direct his steps.' Therefore, we need "the wisdom that cometh from above," and "is profitable to direct;" and we must have it, or make shipwreck of spiritual interests, of eternal well-being.

It is promised to us. There is nothing more plainly taught in the Word of God than that we may have divine guidance: "In all thy ways acknowledge him, and he shall direct thy paths." "The meek will be guide in judgment; the meek will be teach his way." "The steps of a good man are ordered by the Lord." "Thou shalt guide me with thy counsel, and afterward receive me to glory." "I will guide thee with mine eye."

How, or by what agencies does GOD guide men? Certainly not by any audible voice; nor by visions and dreams; but, first, by the Word of GOD, of which the Psalmist says: "The enterance of thy Word giveth light; it giveth understanding to the simple. Through thy precepts I get understanding; therefore, I hate every false way. Thy Word is a lamp unto my feet and a light unto my path." The Bible is the only authorit. ative rule for our faith and practice. It brings to men all the knowledge of doc-

with the teachings of the Word: "Ye The Pennsylvania's Pleasure have an unction from the Holy One... But the anointing, which you have received of him abideth in you; and ye need not that any man teach you; but as the same anointing teacheth you of all and old, should read," continued good things, and is truth and is no lie, and even as it hath taught you, ye shall abide in him." But the Comforter, which is the Holy Ghost, whom the Father will send in my name, he shall teach you all things, and bring all things to your remembrance whatsoever I have said unto you." We know not the method of the Spirit's operations in guiding men; but it is unquestionably a doctrine of Scripture and a fact in the experience of Christians that they may be filled with the Spirit, be conscious of his presence and of his speech in their souls, and hy the aid of the written Word, rightly interpret the meaning of that speech. It is the privilege of every believer to say with the apostle: "I have received the Spirit that is of GOD, that I may know the things which are freely given me of God."

> GOD also guides men by his Providence. The history of the Jewish nation is a record of providential dealings which plainly reveal the guiding hand of GOD. In like manner the history of the world reveals to an intelligent eye the overruling, controlling providence of GoD as clearly as the heavens declare his majesty and power. That what is true of nations is true of individuals, is abundantly attested by human experience. Many a man can see that his life has been ordered by an intelligence and will not his own; that he has been shut up to a given course by circumstances and events over which he had no control, and which have clearly pointed out his path of duty, shaped his career, and determined his whole history. "Aman's heart deviseth his way, but the Lord directeth his steps."

The truth that we may have the divine guidance in all the duties and perplexities of life is very precious and full of comfort. We know not what may befall us, what trials and sorrows we shall have to pass through, but with the assurance that GOD will be our guide even unto death, we need have no fear of the future. No man can be more safe and happy than the child of GOD who goes through life clinging to the hand of his divine Leader and Guide with the firm faith that he will be conducted safely through this world of change, and pain, and toil, to a life of eternal blessedness. Pittsburg Christian Advocate.

Mrs. Dr. Boone, a highly estoemed lady of Baltimore, who for twenty five years was the faithful wife of an itinerant Methodist minister, is the guest of Justice I. W. Jump of Trappe, Md., and receives a hearty welcome from our peo-ple, among whom she once lived.-Talbot Times

### Dyspepsia

Dyspepsia Makes the lives of most people miserable, and often leads to self-destruction. We know of no remedy for dyspepsia more successful than Hood's Sarsaparilla. It acts gently, yet surely add efficiently, tones the stomach and other organs, removes the faint feeling, creates a good appetite, cures headache, and refreshes the burdened mind. Give Hood's Sarsaparilla a fair trial. It will do you good.

## Grand Mid-September Excur-sion to Switchback via Penn-sylvania R. R.

One of the most attractive excursion re-sorts in America is Mauch Chunk and the Switchback Railroad. The scenery around Mauch Chunk is so famous that it won the title of the "Switzerland of America," and the ride over the inclined plane of the Switch-back Railroad is one of the most sensational tring one con experience.

### Tours to the South.

Tours to the South. The tourist who desires to see all that there is to be seen in a given territory under the most favorable auspices and amid the most comfortable surroundings cannot do better than select the Pennsylvania's pleasure tours to Gettysburg. Luray Caverns, the Natural Bridge the Grottoes of the Shenan-dosh, the cities of Richmond and Washing-ton. The tourists will travel in the best style in their own special train of Parlor Cars, be entertained at the best hotels, and be guided in their sight seeing by a Tourist Agent and Chaperon of experience. Every point in the itinerary is full of interest, and the intervening country is a region of rare soniation.

The tonrs leave Boston September 25th and October the 9th and New York and Philadelphia the next day. The rate for the entire round trip, all traveling expenses in-cluded, is \$61 from Boston \$51 from New York, and \$49 from Philadelphin. For itin-eraries tickets, and full information call on or address S. W. F. Draper 'Tourist Agent, 849 Broadway New York, or 205 Washing-ton, Street, Boston.

### Half-Rates To Washington.

For Knight Templar Conclave, via Pennsylvania Railroad.

nia Railroad. The Triennial Conclave of Knights Temp-lar will be held in Washington October 8th to 11th, 1889. The event will undoubtedly prove one of the most brilliant affairs in the history of the National Capital. The grand parade of brilliantly uniformed Knights, mounted on gayle caparisoned steeds, will be, in itself, a picture worth going miles to witness. Besides this there will be receptions, drills, and other features of interest to others than Knights.

than Knights. For the benefit of visitors the Pennsylva rof the defient of visitors and relation of the defield of visitors of the defield of the second of

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### The Sunday School.

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LESSON FOR SUNDAY, SEPT. 15th, 1889. 1 Samuel 24: 4-17.

BY REV. W. O. HOLWAY, U. S. N. [Adapted from Zion's Herald.]

DAVID SPARING SAUL. GOLDEN TEXT: "Be not overcome of evil, but overcome evil with good" (Rom. 12: 21). 4. The men of David said—his followers,

prompting him to use his favorable opportunity. Saul had come into the cave alone, unprotected, unsuspicious. He was completely in David's power, as he probably would never he again, and he was David's enemy, intent on taking his life. The day of which the Lord said-a perfectly natural construction, on the part of these counselors, of such predictions as 1 Sam. 15, 28; 16: 1-12. They doubtless thought, that the long waited for moment had come, and providentially come. By a single spear-thrust, David could end his fugitive career and mount the throne. That thou mayest do to him-R. V., "and thou shalt do to him." Cut off the skirt of Saul's robe privily-only the border, or "golden fringe," of Saul's cloak, which he had probably laid aside on entering the cave, and this so quietly, that Saul himself did not know it. It was au instance of rare forbearance.

"How apt we are to misunderstand (1), the promises of God. God had assured David, that He would deliver him, and his men interpret it as a warrant to destroy Saul; (2) the providences of God. Because it was now in his power to kill him, they concluded he might lawfully do it'' (Henry).

5, 6. David's heart smole him.-David's conscience was so tender, his loyalty to Saul, despite the latter's outrageous treatment of him, so genuine, that he repented even of the affront implied by the severing of a part of the robe. The Lord's anointed-and therefore, though personally wicked, to be treated with reverence. David was justified in defending himself, but not in avenging himself. He had been promised the kingdom, but he had not been commanded to slav the reigning king. To do this. would have been in his eyes a species of sacrilege. "The man who, a few years later, thought to please David, by bringing him the news of Saul's death, and expected to gain a reward by de-claring that his hand had slain him, found out to his cost, that he had mistaken David's character (2 Sam. 1:.2-15)" (Peloubet).

"This rightness of feeling, so frequent in the history of David, this spontaneous, undeliberating truthfulness of expression and action, only possible to the man whose heart is essentially right, falls refreshingly upon the sense, like the gush of waters to one who plods thirstily along the dry and dusty ways of life" (Kitto)

7. David stayed his servants (R. V., "checked his men")-literally, "split them." Day id's forbearance must have seemed to them, folly amounting to madness Evidently David had no small task, in restraining the violence of his followers.

"David's troops consisted of malcontents; all that were in distress, in bitterness of soul, were gathered to him. Many, if never so well ordered, are hard to command; a few, if disorderly, more hard; many and disorderly must needs be so much the hardest of all, that David never achieved any victory, like unto this, wherein he first overcame himself, then his soldiers (Bishop Hall).

8. David . . . cried after Saul-following him as he left the cave, and standing at the entrance. Such an exposure to his evenies was a daring act. "One hardly knew which to admire the more-the magnanimity that spared Saul in the cave, or the valor that braved him and his troops outside of it" (Peloubet). My Lord, the king-loyal words these from a hunted, hated outlaw ! Bowed himself (R. V., "did obeisance")-an act of genuine homage, showing that Saul's long continued and deadly malice had not embittered David, nor weakened the respect which he felt was due to his sovereign.

"David doubtless trusted in his own skill, in climbing the crags of the wild goats, to him, but hoped that such a signal proof of his integrity, as he was able to give, would to Bro. Levin Anderson of Deal's Island honing thus to reach disarm Saul's resentment" (Speaker's Commentary.)

9-11. Wherefore hearest thou men's words? -David generously attributes Saul's hostility, to the false charges against himself brought by his enemies at court; they were inflaming the king against him. Doubtless Saul's courtiers knew how to use their flattery to David's detriment, to say nothing of down-right slanderers like Doeg (22: 8-10) and Cush (Psa. 7), but the real motive of this bitter persecution of David, was the king's jealousy. Thine cyes have seen .- David's en-emies had said to Saul: "David seeketh thy Saul himself could now realize the hart." falsity of this charge. He reminded the king, side improvements, we think our parson- for a general revival.

that his life had just now been providentially placed in peril, and that he had been nrged to use his opportunity, but had spared him, because he was "the Lord's anointed." He held up the piece of robe which he had hearty thanks. severed, to convince Saul how imminent had been his danger, and how torbearing had been the man whose life he was hunting. My our official brethren together a few days

father-not simply words of respect, such as were befitting a junior addressing a senior, but implying also that nearer relation which the speaker sustained; Saul was David's father in law. "Seldom has a more tender, earnest, manly, and candid appeal been made by one man to another, than that which David here ad-

dressed to Saul." 12-15. The Lord judge -. - There could be no higher appeal. So sincere is David in the integrity of his course toward Saul, that he invokes the Righteous Judge to decide between them. The Lord avenge me of thee.-The emphasis is on "Lord," rather than on "avenge:" The Lord avenge me, if I must be avenged. Wickedness proceedeth from the wicked (R. V., "out of the wicked, cometh forth wickedness"), -The proverb as applied, appears to mean: Were I wicked, as I am represented to be, I should do wickedly,-attempt to avenge myself-but my hand shall not be lifted up against thee. After whom is the king of Israel come out?-a further argument to check Saul in his folly. How ridio ulous and undiguified, that so mighty a king should head an army against such an insig-nificant foe! A dead dog, a flea.-David selects the most harmless and contemptible objects, as similes with which to compare his own power with that of Saul. The idea of a campaign against a flea !---a single one, at that, as the word implies, not easily caught,

and not worth catching. 16. Saul said . . . my son David .- David's forbearance and appeal were irresistible. They pierced to the quick in Saul's proud heart. His bitter feelings melted under his son's generous warmth. Saul wept.-For the time he seemed to repent of his pursuit of David, but the feeling was a transient one. Subsequently David had to flee again, and spent sixteen months with the Philistines. Thou art more righteous than I-a confession extorted from him, by the uprising of his better-nature, and its protest against his vindictive and unreasonable treatment of an innocent man. Saul further acknowledged to David, that he knew he was destined for the throne, and made him swear, that he would be lenient toward his family.

"True repentance is a deeper thing than feeling, and is distinguished by permanence as well as sincerity. Saul says, "I have sinned;" but we must not imagine, because he uses these words, that he has truly repented of his trausgressions. Genuine and spurious repentance differ in the root out of which they spring. The spurious springs from fear, or from a desire to escape punishment; the genuine springs from the contemplation of God-and now of God more especially as He has revealed Himself to us, in the person and work of Jesus Christ" (Taylor).

### Somerset Circuit.

My DEAR BROTHER THOMAS.-Intelligence from this field in which the Lord is doing marvelous things, I am confident will interest your readers, and cheer their hearts. The members and friends of this charge have made us feel at home among them from the first. Indeed the two churches have seemed to vie with each other in their efforts to cooperate with their pastor, With such encouragement we early suggested a forward movement in church work. Our first scheme was for an enlargement of the parsonage; and this had not fully matured, before we found the people were ready to rise up and build. The plan was hurriedly completed and laid before the official brethren, who accepted it without the least modification, and authorized us to have the house built at once. After corresponding with several gage in their business, we determined to who completed his work by July 10th, since then we have had enjoyed a good house, with eight rooms, beside halls and garret. Bro, James L. Bennett, a whole souled Christian brother, leading a band of willing workers thereupon set to work to enclose the parsonage property with a new fence and in about thirty days a new picket and board fence ed to seek the Savior. Power came was completed. With due consideration down upon us, and many sought peace. of the preachers' favorite dish, a well. The meetings grow more interesting arranged poultry yard was added. With nightly. Some of the oldest members new forniture, all paid for, and these out- say, they never saw a better prospect

age will compare favorably with the average on the district if not indeed in the entire Conference. For this our people deserve great credit, and have our Not yet supremely happy we called

since and requested them to make certain repairs on our Rock Creek church So fully in sympathy were they with their pastor's suggestions, that they unanimously agreed, not only to improve as he had suggested, but to do much more. This church is therefore, soon to be papered, stained, and fitted up with new furniture. The church yard fence has already been improved by a new one in front, and substantial repairs to the rest of it.

At Dame's Quarter, we worship in a cozy little church, which was made almost as good as new, during the pastorate of Rev. John Tyler, who was my predecessor, and is much beloved by the people of this charge.

Five deaths have occurred among us since Conference. The first was that of sister Mary Parks, a mother in Israel who had been a member of our church for more than seventy years. We do not recollect ever before, meeting one who had been so long in the Master's service. Her life was a benediction to the community. She was in her ninetieth year, when the weary wheels of life stood still and she entered into rest. Soon after, a little babe, of less than a month, the child of Mr. and Mrs. Bussels, of Daine's Quarter' was gathered into the Good Shepherd's bosom. 'The third, was Mr. Louis Fisk, a young man of prominence, who had been married but two months, and had a bright career before him. But alas! he was seized with typhoid fever, and in two weeks, life's hope was broken, and this strong man's earthly life closed, soon after he reached his majority. He spoke cheering words to his sorrowing friends, before he left the world.

The fourth to leave us was Mary Malissa Kelley, in her fifteenth year. She had sought and found the Saviour, eighteen months before her death, but her religious experience was not at first satisfactory; and for several months previous to her death, she earnestly sought the grace of perfect resignation to her Heavenly Father's will. Slowly but surely, consumption wore away her strength, and the shadows deepened, until Aug. 26th, when the end came, and her spirit returned to God who gave it. She did not leave us however, without cheering our hearts by assuring us, she was ready to go.

The next day, Aug. 27th, sister Mary Armiger, who had sought and found the Lord, two years ago, closed her eyes to earth, to open them in heaven. She was among the most patient sufferers, I have ever visited. Her religious life was quiet, and her faith in Christ, unshaken to the last. She too suffered from consumption, realizing fully, that the great Physician alone, was able to make her whole. As the end drew nearer day by day, she trustfully waited for her Lord; telling her pastor, "I'm just waiting for my blessed Master, "to bid me come." "Precious in the sight of the Lord is the death of his mints '

As many of our people are oystermen and will soon have to leave home to ennot be able to attend later. Accordingly our meetings began two weeks ago, The first week our efforts were mostly for the good of the church members. We sought for the baptism of power, and mere made to rejoice in the presence of the Lord. At the beginning of the second week, unsaved persons were urg-

Last Sunday, nine were received on probation, as a result of the meeting; ranging in age from those in their teens to those of fifty years. Our congregations are always good; but last Sunday night, the neighborhood turned out so generally, that many could not get standing room in the church. After preaching, we gave an invitation, and 10 less than eighteen penitents, pressing their way through the crowd, came forward and bowed before God. I think many others would have come, if we could have made room for them. We do not know how many were converted, as there was so general rejoicing around the altar; but we saw three happily converted, and presume there were others. Truly the Lord of hosts is with us. Nothing short of a sweeping revival, and all our apportionments met, will satisfy our desires; and all this we expect to realize.

Yours in the work, W. W. CHAIRS. Chance, Md., Sept. 2nd, '89.

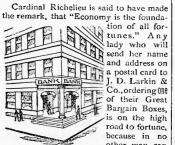
The conversion of children ought to

be made to seem as simple and as easy as it really is. Too often we "forbid" and hinder, instead of just letting them come as Jesus said. A child of only three years, the son of a clergyman living near Boston, was returning home with his father, from an interesting religious meeting. "You told the people they must give their hearts to Jesus, paps !" said the little fellow thoughtfully, as they rode along. "Yes, my boy," said the father, and then added after a minute, You have given him yours, haven't you Philip?" "No;" said the child wistful-ly, "but I would like to!" "Well, then, let us stop right here," said the father "and you can do it." They stopped un der the shade of a tree by the roadside, and the little fellow looked up reverent ly, saying, "Jesus, I give you my heart." Then, with a sweet smile on his face. they rode on. "Since that time," save the father, "there has never been any doubt, that little Philip's heart was giv en to Jesus."-Pilgrim Teacher.

### The 24th of September, 1839, Rev. Dr. Vallandigham, now of Newark, Delaware (then a lawyer in New Lisbon, Ohio,) was married to Miss Mary E. Spence, of Snow Hill, Md. Should they live till the 24th of next month, they will celebrate their golder wedding.

Of some fifty persons who were present at the marriage, it is believed only three are now living-the wife of W. H. Purnell, L. L. D., of Frederick, Md. ,the wife of Rev. E. D. Neill, D. D., of St. Paul, Minn., and Dr. David L. Mustard, of Lewes, Del.

### ECONOMY IS WEALTH.



because in no other way can be obtained so many articles for general use in the household, at so cheap a price, such as very fine Toilet Soaps, Boraxine, Tooth Powder, Shaving Soap, Perfumery, such as very fine Toilet Soaps, Boraxine, Tooth Powder, Shaving Soap, Perfumery, and "Sweet Home" Soap (of which there are one hundred cakes), enough to last the ordinary household a year You will run no risk in ordering, as the goods will be delivered to you freight prepaid, can be kept on thirty days' trial and used every day during that time; then, if you are not satisfied, they will remove all without ex-pense to you. All that is necessary is to send a postal to J. D. Larkin & Co., Buf-falo, N. Y., with your name and address on it, and they will ship you this box, the price of which is only \$6.00. It is so full of valuable and useful presents, that you either get the soap for nothing or the pres-ents for nothing; and instead of taking many trips to the grocery, many trips may be made to the bank with the money you have saved through buying from the above-mentioned firm. **Be Sure** 

291

If you have made up your mind to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to take any other. A Boston hady, whose example is worthy imitation, tells her experience below: "In one store where I went to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla the clerk tried to induce me buy below mustered of Hood's he teld me their's their own instead of Hood's; he told me their's would last longer; that I might take it on ter

### To Cet

days' trial; that if I did not like it I need not pay anything, etc. But he could not provail on mo to change. I told him I had taken Hood's Sarsaparilla, knew what it was, was satisfied with it, and did not want any other. When I began taking Hood's Sarsupatilla I was feeling real miserable with dyspopsia, and so weak that at times I could hardly

### Hood's

stand. I looked like a person in consump-tion. Hood's Sarsaparilla did me so much good that I wonder at myself sometimes, and my friends frequently speak of it." MRS. ELLA A. GOFF, 61 Terrace Street, Boston.

# Sarsaparilla Sold by all druggists. Bl; slx for 55. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecarles, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

# ABRAHAM LINCOLN

Said: "You can fool all the people some of the time and some of the people all the time, but you can't fool all the people all the time." There is a good deal of "solid sense" in the above, peculiarly applicable to the clothing business in these days. When the fact is there are too many "one idea" men in the business now-a-days who believe in Barnum's theory that "people like to be humbugged," who believe that low prices mean "cheap." We don't take stock in this mossgrown theory and hope you do not. The facts are, people want good clothing substantial fabrics, thorough workmanship, durable trimmings, styles, fit. These are the cards that win and we have them.

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Cloth'ers. Wilmington.

### Evenings of

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Peninsula Dethodist, PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY J. MILLER THOMAS,

**2**92

### PUBLISHER AND PROPRIETOR WILMINGTON, DEL.

OFFICE, 604 MARKET STREET.

### TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. Monthe, in Advance, - S5 Centra onthe, " - 60 " Biz One Year. " \$1.00 If not paid in Advance, \$1.50 per Year

Transient advertisements, first insortion, 20 Cents per line; each subsequent insertion, 10 Cents per line. Libersi arrangements made with persons advertising by the quarter or year. No advertisements of an improper character pub-

No advertisements of an improper character puo-lished at any price. A37 Ministers and laymen on the Fenlanda are requested to furnish items of interest connected with the work of the Church for insertion. All communications intended for publication to be addressed to the Pictistra La Mirreitonsrs, Wilmington, Del. These designed for any particular number must be in hand, the louger ones by Saturday, and the news items not host than Theeday morning. All autherthese changing their post-office address should give both the old as well as the new. Entered at the post-office, at Wilmington, Dol., as

nd-class matter

### Those Rules.

The Central Christian Advocate prints "The General Rules of the Methodist Episcopal Church," in its issue of Sept. 4th. The PENINSULA METHODIST, OUR readers will remember, published them under date of June 15th. Would it not be well for such example to be generally. followed? There are many things of popular interest in our little Law Book, that few of our people will ever know unless they are reproduced in our church papers.

"I never push myself," said a brother "therefore I've never been appreciated, and have never received the grade of appointments I ought to have had.' You are right, my brother, in not pushing yourself; but have you pushed the work? Push the work, brother; the churches are looking for the men who bring things to pass.

### Advertising Scoffers

We are amazed at the lack of sound judgment, displayed by wise and good men, in devoting so much attention to the ill-natured and malicious ravings of certain infidels, who by some accident are brought into public notoriety.

No less a minister than the lamented Thomas Guard, polluted the Sanctuary of God, and his own pulpit, as it seems to us, by introducing one of the most blatant and unprincipled infidels of modern times, as the subject of a lecture to his people.

Our holy Christianity's claims to universal homage, as of Divine origin, are not at the mercy of any and every fool, who says with his lips as well as in his heart, "there is no God ;" and the believer belittles himself as well as his cause, when he stoops to answer the stale and oft refuted objections of the enemies of Christ, even though they may be revamped with all the graces of rhetoric and oratory.

We were surprised therefore and not a little grieved, to find in the Central Christian Advocate of last week, an editorial, reproducing one of the most offensive passages, in a recent deliverance of this same disreputable defamer of Christianity, who so wickedly burlesques the Holy Scriptures. Does any one suppose, that such a man is capable of be-"strictly honest," "honorable," or that he is actuated by any other than

an "insincere and revengeful spirit?" Why then soil our fair pages with his name, or with his satanic eructations Better let him, and such as he, severely alone. "Answer not a fool according to his folly, lest thou be like unto him."

Brandywine Summit Camp-meeting Association met on the grounds Monday afternoon, the 9th inst.; J. W. Day, Mt Lebanon church, president, in the chair. After singing and prayer, Rev. V. S. Collins was elected secretary pro-tem. plied to reducing the debt of \$800, for which the Association is liable. Extra improvements have been made this year, at the cost of \$200.

The superintendent, Isaac L. Woodrow of Union church, made a favorable report of the condition of the property. Several tents have been sold for next year's meeting. The preacher in charge, Rev. C. A

Grise, made his report, from which we take some items of general interest.

Efforts were made to secure one of our bishops, or one of our connectional offiwithout success, because they had all been previously engaged for that time. An earlier selection of a minister to have charge was suggested, as desirable for this and other reasons.

Rev. J. D. C. Hanna in charge of young people's meetings, Rev. V. S. Collins in charge of children's meetings, singing, selected Messrs Sweeney and Kirkpatrick's new book, "Joyful Sound,"

for use in the meetings. A preliminary meeting was held Monday evening, and in its fervor and spirof earnest and successful work. The daily programme was as follows :- prayer meeting 6.30 a. m.; experience and praise, 8.30; preaching, 10; children's meeting, 1.30 p. m.; preaching, 3; young people's meeting, 6.30; and preaching 7.30; each preaching service, followed by prayer-meeting.

There were thirty-five preachers in attendance, twenty-seven of whom preached. There were thirty-two conversions reported.

At Miss Lizzie Sharp's consecration meetings, "many were led into closer fellowship with the Lord Jesus." Revs. A. Stengle and T. N. Given, and J. C. Pickels, Esq., were appointed an auditing committee, and the presi-

dent and treasurer, a committee to confer with Judge Clayton of Del. Co., Pa. in reference to an amendment of the charter, so as to authorize the Association to transact business in New Castle Co., Del., as well in Del. Co., Pa. It was resolved that the camp meet-

ing for 1890, begin the first Monday in August.

### "I'm a Methodist," said one brother in Christ to another. "Yes," was the reply; but Methodism has never succeeded in getting a corner on religion; for as sure as we live, there are men in the salvation army, who have religion.' "True, true," was the response, for all irrespective of drum or fife, of mode or style, who truly repent of their sins and believe on the Lord Jesus Christ, shall be saved.'

Last Tuesday evening, by appointment of brother A. T. Scott, pastor of Cookman M. E. church, this city, Bro. Millard T. Toft met his class for the first time as their leader. A more unfavorable state of the weather for outdoor travel is seldom found; the wind was high, the rain was falling, and the night chilly and dark. Bro. Toft was his own sexton. and after lighting up, and waiting fifteen minutes for his members to come, he began the exercises alone by selecting an appropriate hymn. Two came in during the singing, and three after prayer. This company of six had a good meeting, and were amply repaid for breasting the storm. If this is the spirit of brother Scott's people, we shall expect to hear that the pleasure of the Lord is prosper ing in their hands.

# Total Prohibition, Partial Pro-hibition, or no Prohibition,--Which ?"

MR. EDITOR,-I find an article in the PENINSULA METHODIST of last Saturday, copied from the "Northern Christian Advocate," with the above heading, The treasurer, Thomas Johnson, Esq., which astonished me! I am surprised, read his annual report, which showed that the editor should publish such an which astonished mel I am surprised,

an excess of receipts over expediture of article, especially copy it from another \$130. Of this balance, \$100 were ap- paper. The article speaks of "first and second" choice, -- prohibition of the liquor traffic or licence, high or low. There is no second choice with regard to the real temperance question, unless you refer to an ungodly man, who may carry out his opinions according to his blind,

political desire, not for the real good it does, but for party, or wicked purposes. Call license to sell the liquid fire, high

or low; license to make drunkards, disturb families, increase taxes, hinder the progress of the gospel, and ruin souls "second choice." Did not the Bishops say licence was a sin? Then the "seccials, to preach during the camp, but ond choice?" is to sin against God and humanity. There can be no neutral ground on the real temperance question, no more than in the conversion of the soul. I now refer to members of the church, ministers, or those who are anxious for justice or righteousness.

"It prohibits ninety-nine out of one hundred, to sell at all; it prohibits the and Wm. B. Genn, Esq. in charge of licensed one of the one hundred, from selling to Indians, idiots, miners, confirmed drunkards. &c." Astonishing argument! must we advocate such a diabolical sin, because the form of the law is opposed to a petty wrong, compared itual interest, a good promise was given to the wide spread license to ruin the best element of society and jeopardize the rest? Also, the liquor and beer manufacturers and sellers are the very worst element of society, mostly foreigners. What do they care for the form of law, unless the lash is over them all the time, and they are watched with an eagle eye? and even then, they will sell to Indians, idiots, drunkards, your darling son, or the husband of the wife who pleads with them for her life, or the live's of her children.

> Has not the very best temperance society in existence, the W. C T. U., plead with Congress to take the tax from liguors? Yes: for what purpose? why, because license and revenue make the system honorable and protective. Give us free rum, in preference to the license system, where we cannot get prohibition; and it would not be long till in all the states and government, there would be prohibitory laws. License, high or low, is what hinders the work of prohibition. and he who advocates this diabolical system, even as a "second choice" is a partaker of the crime; ad interim, of preventing the overthrow of the destructive gystem.

Is it brotherly, to censure a brother, because he prefers high license to free rum? Yes, undoubtedly it is! Yes, he ought to be more than censured ; branded as an advocate of perpetuating sin of the worst form, by preferring license to deal out destruction and death. "High license," which does not restrict, as has been proven, by the number of acrests for drunkenness and other crimes, is the cause of the nefarious system.

Censure a brother / Horrible! "A Brother!" Call a man a "brother," who becomes a partner with death, by "prefering high license!" Tell it not in Gath, publish it not in the streets of Ashkelon; lest the daughters of the Philistines rejoice, lest the daughters of the uncircumcised triumph."

"Is it wise, to proscribe a religious newspaper, because it prefers restriction and taxation of the liquor traffic, to no restriction or free rum ?" Religious newspaper! With all my indignation, I must say, it is laughable to call a paper "religious," that prefers any connection with the great destroyer,-the license system, because it thinks, (it can't be at all informed on the subject) that it restricts the drink traffic. The irreligious newspapers published by the brewers, and liquor men, do not object to high license, yes they advocate it, because they know that the principal part of the business will be thrown into their hands, and that prohibition will be hindered by it.

"How much light one needs to see the

from some dark corner of New York, where he has had no means to inform himself, or he is so joined to his party, that he cannot see the light that is dawnin in this, the latter end of the nineteenth century. Mr Editor,-I hope you will not publish such an article again, for it is a burlesque on the "Peninsula." W. B. GREGG.

### "Across the Sea."

This Book of Travels, by Rev. Wm. P. Davis, D. D. a Peninsula man, formerly a member of the Wilmington Conference, now of the New Jersey Conference, and stationed at Trenton, interested me greatly, and perhaps for these, among other

reasons. 1, I know the author, and several nucmbers of his family, and have always felt much interest in his success.

2. Nothing would give me greater pleasure, than to take such a trip as Dr. Davis took; but as this seems almost impossible, for various reasons, I enjoy the pleasures of imagination; making preparation with these who prepare, sailing with those who sail, traveling with those who travel, and returning with those who return. I am the better able to do this with pleasure and profit, by the aid of the books which my more fortunate friends and acquaintances, publish, from time to time.

3. The real worth and merit of the book interested me. Some may weary in the first few chapters, from familiarity with persons places and things described, but as they become acquainted with the author and his methods, they will be the better prepared, for the good things that follow. Dr. Davis' observations in Egypt and Palestine are instructive and entertaining. We think the book ought to have a wide circulation, for the information it contains, the loyal spirit it breathes, and the ideas as to the necessity for tourists to indulge in wine drinking, which it explodes. The author says, while abroad my health was most excellent. I did not lose a day, or an hour on account of indisposition. Nor did I resort to the usual expedient of drinking wine, instead of water. There is an insane notion. that however temperate Americans may be at home, it is necessary in Europe to indulge in the use of wine. Water is pronounced unhealthy, and wine is the safest and best substitute. I heard so much advice on this subject, that on the outward journey I began to use the favorite beverage, but discontinued it almost immediately; and at no time during my return trip did I resort to it. I had as good health without it, as others had with it." This book is worthy a place in our Sunday school Libraries, on whose shelves are so many of the trashy sort that prevent knowledge and darken understanding. We congratulate the author on the tour he made with so much pleasure and profit; and bespeak a wide circulation for "Across the Sea."

W. L. S. MURBAY.

PREACHER' MERTING met in Fletcher Hall, lest Monday at 10 a. m.; Julius Dodd, presi-dent, H. W. Ewing, secretary; devotions were led by C. A. Grise Presiding Elder, W. L. S. Murray and A.

T. Scott made brief reports of the work. W. W. Campbell, Bible Society Agent, spoke of his efforts, to enlist the churches in the work of the Society.

The order of the day was then taken up, and W. E. Tomkinson rend an interesting paper on "Mystery;" confining himself mainly to religious Mystery. Reve. VanBurkalow, Todd, Houston, Murray, Thomas, Sanderson, Stengle, and Collins, followed in brief discussion of the subject.

Curators announced a sermon by W. G. Koons, as the order of the day, for next Monday, Sept. 16th.

Other brethren present wore L. E. Barrett, T. N. Given, W. G. Koons, W. E. Avery, R. I. Watkins, C. K. Morris, A. Thatcher, and J. R. Dill. Adjourned with benediction by Bro. Hous-

ton

### From Denton, Md.

Pursuant to announcement, Sunday, Sept.

Church. Mrs. E. B. Stovens, who represents the Maryland Branch of said Society, was with us, and spoke to the delight of her hear-

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re Leaving her home in Baltimore at 9 p. m. ers Friday, and spending the night on the water, she arrived in Denton at noon Saturday, and was the gnest of Mrs. Annie M. Emmor son. Sunday at 10 a. m., she delivered an address of pathos and power, setting forth the needs of women in heathen lands. At Harris' Chapel in the afternoon, she spoke again; then back to Denton to meet the ladies at half past six, and organize a W. F. M. S. auxiliary to the Maryland branch At 7.30 p. m., she made auother address.

At Denton, sixty-three names were secured, and at Harris' Chapel, fourteen; making a total of seventy seven names. May great prosperity attend the efforts of our sisters, to hasten the time,

we the time, "When o'er our ransouned nature, The Lamb for sinners shin, Redeemer, King, Creator, In bliss returns, to reign."

I. N. FOREMAN.

### Denton, Md., Sept 10th, 1889. A Needed Admonition.

REV. R. M. HATFIELD, D. D.

The question is sometimes asked, wheth. er parents should countenance their children in reading books, the design or tendency of which is to destroy faith in Christianity. To my mind, there is but one answer, that parents who are believers in the gospel can consistently return to this question. A spurious liberality suggests, that children and young people should hear both sides of this question, and weigh the arguments pro and con, and then decide for themselves. Some go so far as to assert, that the habit of doubting is to be encouraged, because of its influence in giving tone and vigor to the mind.

Where would this argument lead us, if applied to other subjects than the one under consideration? Take the case of works that are calculated to destroy all faith in the honesty of men or the virtue of women; would any parent of common-sense desire his children to read works of such a character? What is the result of leading a man to regard his father as dishonest, or his mother as unchaste? Is not such a young man likely to become a thief or a libertine?

But bad as it is for a young man to lose faith in his parents, it is far worse for him to lose faith in God and in Christ. When this faith is lost, there is no foundation left, on which to build a reliable character. The teachers of infidelity are the worst enemies of social and domestic purity, and of all the virtues that give decency and stability to society. I say nothing as to the motives of the men and women, who are engaged in this work of sin and death. Charity suggests, that in many cases they know not what they do. It is not for us to judge them. We are all in the hands of the Judge of all the earth, who will render to every man according to his works. There is, however, no excuse for parents who "know whom they have believed," when they expose their children to influences which, if yielded to, must leave these children "without God and without hope in the world." There are some things that are so well established, that questioning their truth, if not an evidence of depravity, tends directly toward moral degradation. This subject is one that deserves the careful consideration of parents .- Western Christian Adu

# A Presbyterian View of the Classmeeting.

In former times the class-meeting was an agency of immense power in the Methodist churches, and it still is wherever it is efficiently maintained. But in many places it has almost fallen into disuse or is only attended by a few. The bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church have undertaken to re-establish it wherever it has ceased to exist and to give it new life and vigor wherever it still continues. In the sytem of Methodist agencies for aggressive work the "How much light, for he either wrote Foreign Missionary Socity of the M. E. the Gospel. — Presbyterian Banner.

### Conference Rews.

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PRINCIPIO, Charlestown Circuit. Rev. T B. Hunter, pastor of this charge, returned last Saturday, from his visit to Ocean Grove. Provision was made for preaching at all the four appointments during his absence. Last Sunday, Principio and Charlestown churches were favored with the services of the editor of the PENINSULA METHODIST. Hissormon in the morning at Principio, from the text, "Blessed are the pure in heart, for they shall see God," was highly appreciated and en joyed, not only by members of the churchhat by the unconverted also. The world knows well, what constitutes a true Christian, and they look for and expect of them, the pure life which must come from a pure heart.

FROM CECILTON, MD. -- Our Sunday school has presented our new church, with a sweet toned McShane bell, which has been placed in position in the tower

The large tripple window in the lecture room, costing \$60, was also presented by the school, in memory of Robert Raikes, the founder of Sunday-schools in England. One window in the audience room, costing \$30, was presented in memory of Sylvester H., and Mary A. Stephens. Mrs. Stephens was an earnest worker in the Sunday-school Although they have gone up to join the com pany of the saved, and have heard the Mas-ter's "Well done," they still hold a sacred place in the memory of those yet toiling in the Master's vineyard.

The pulpit windows too, are the gift of the school, in memory of Rev. Joshua Humphrise and our present faithful pastor, Rev. E. C. Atkins, than whom none are more worthy the honor. The arrangement of these two windows is quite unique; opening exactly east and west. The one opening toward the suprise, is in honor of our present pastor. with whom life's morning is bright with hopes of a long day filled with earnest toil for the Master; the other opening toward the setting suns, in memory of him. whose day of earthly labor has ended, not in gloom and darkness, but in a beautiful sunset whose radiance will ever be an inspiration, to those who are the fruits of his faithful service. All the windows are memorial, and beautiful in design. When completed, our church will be an bonor to our Methodism here.

BRANDYWINE. - Our pastor has returned from his vacation and is much improved in health. Last Sunday morning, he preached a very excellent sermon on "The kingdom of God is within you". Because of the presen of the Holy Spirit, and the consciousness that this kingdom is established in their hearts and that as true Christians, they are heirs to the kingdom of heaven. Sunday evening a very enjoyable service of song was held, Mr. Mageo, of Madley and Mr. Leech of Asbury were present, and assisted in the ex

### A MEMBER.

ercises.

FROM GALENA MD.-Extra meeting be gan at Locust Grove, last Sunday; are con tinued this week with the following programme: Rev. J. D. Rigg, Tuesday Rev. E. C. Atkins, Wednesday; E. E. White Thursday and Rev. W. F. Pitman, of the Presbyterian church Friday night. Ôn Sunday Sept. 5. (D. V.) Rev. B. C. Jones will preach at 10% a. m. and 7% p. m. He expects to hold revival aervice, Sunday morning and night. May there be a large gethering of precious couls into the kingdom of God!

We returned from our extended and exceptionally delightfol trip, to Onancock, Pocomoke City, and Snow Hill, last Friday, via Baltimore and are now ready for earnest work.

A village camp will be held here about the middle of October. Particulars will be furnished you, in ample time. Our 3rd quarterly meeting will be hold, next Sunday week, quarterly conference in Galena Monday, the 23rd inst, at 10 a.m. We expect the Lord to do "great things for us."

### Yours Truly, I. G. FOSNOCHT.

UPPER FAIRMOUNT, MD.-Quite a gloom has been thrown over our community, by the burning out of Cox & Miles, two of our enterprising merchants, and the residence of Rev. Wm. Merill. The fire broke out at 2 a. m. Monday, and the parsonage was in great danger, being on fire several times. Both parties burnt out will re-build at once We are in the midst of a revival of much in terest, having began our meeting in a grove and held it there for one week three times a day, we are now in the church. Eighteen joined last Sunday on probation. We num-Joined has Sunday of produce. We num-ber twenty-five conversions to date. Bros. MacSorley and Anderson have rendered us good service. Brother Avery of Mt. Salem spent part of his vacation here, and preached a very fine sermon for us, the last Sunday in August.

C. W. PRETTYMAN.

Wilmington District. Cookman, Rev. A. T. Scott, pastor, was off by Asbury quarterly conference, Aug. 31. and held their first quarterly conference Sep. 5th 1889. Before the organization the presiding elder read the first Psalm, and gave a talk on the relation of the church to the pastor and its duty of sustaining him in his work. There was a goodly number present of members and friends of the church. The board of stewards and the committee were appointed. There is a very commendable enthusiasm in this new church. They believo they can stand alone and they are going to show observers how. There are many things

may they so comply with the conditions as to realize it in its fullest and highest sense Bethel and Glasgow, Rav. S' T. Gardner, astor. Revival meetings are in progress at Bethel. Love foast last Sunday morning was one of the largest for years. The Trustees are making thorough repairs, on the parsonage fence and grounds. They expect also to put the parsonage in first class condition, and to paint the whole. Much credit is due Mr. Sewell Biggs for leading in this work. Brother Gardner's sons, Edwin and Frank, have won many laurels for themselves, during their vacation, by aiding in the Sunday school and choir. A very fine blackboard has been purchased for the school, and the lesson has been put on the board, each Sunday with colored orayone, in fine style. These young men will return to Dickinson in a few days, leaving many friends who greatly appreciate their vacation work.

in this new organization worthy of imitation

by older societies. God has promised success;

Crouch Chapel, Rev. Chas. Hill, pastor, now holding a revival service. Presiding Elder W. L. S. Murray preached there last Sunday afternoon, to a large audience, and held a spirited altar service, after the sermon. Bro. Keys of Elkton, and his colabores deserve great credit, for their efforts to provide the people of this community with gospel privileges.

Chesapeake City, Rev. E. H. Nelson, pas tor, is greatly delighted with their new church, so far as the builders have gone, and nothing but commendation of their place and work is heard from the good people of the place Bro. Nelson and all toilers for this much needed improvement, deserve grea praise and generous assistance.

### Dover District.

Friday, Sept. 6th, I began my third round by holding conference on Woodside charge at Canterbury, at 10 a.m. The report of the stewards indicated diligence; their finances being nearly up for the current quarter, which has been a very short one. The pastor, Rev. S. A. Bender, has been away on a vacation, part of the time. Many of his collections have been taken, and all in advance of last year's. 15 visits were reported; making 160 for the year, thus far.

Conference in Felton at 3 u.m.: stewards had an unusually good report also; collections well in hand, and 102 visits reported by the pastor.

Frederica, at 7.30 p. m.; Dr. Caldwell, who had been given a vacation, running through the quarter, since July 1st; will be home this week. During his absence, the brethren have taken good care of the work. Sunday, 7th, held conf. in Magnolia at 3 p. m. Here also the stewards made an unusu ally good report, for the place and time of year The benevolent work is being well cared for; 30 visits were reported; and all are praying and looking for a blessed revival. Encouragement was given, to the removal of Saxton to the village of Bowers. It can haveno future otherwise. We hope

and expect, to find it there three months Our Sunday work was as follows: Sept 8th, preaching in Magnolia at 9 a. m.; after this, a 43 minutes drive brought me to Dover, where we found Bro. Talbot was in the midst of the preliminary service; we preached at 11 a. m.; in Canterbury at 3 p. m., and in Fel ton at 8 p. m.

Returned home Monday morning, only normally tired ; having worked no harder than many of the people who support me. JOHN A. B. WILSON

### Easton District.

This is Rev. F. J. Cochran's first year on Trappe circuit, and the promise of a su ful one, grows brighter every week. In the early part of the year, there was just a little ripple of trouble, growing out of the color question; but this came from the intermeddling of some who are unfriendly to the Methodist Episcopal Church. At the quarterly meeting, I found the brothren quite hopeful, and the pastor determined to fill the year with earnest labor. The parsonage has recently been repainted; and this adds greatly to its appearance

At Oxford, Rev. E. P. Roberts, pastor, is

ing \$300, have been put upon the church since

Royal Oak and Talbot circuit is under the pastoral care of Rev. J. D. Reese, who is now holding a tent meeting at the Upper Broad Creek church, which has been attended with great interest, and a promising outlook for a revival. The work of the circuit is moving along very satisfactorily. At St. Michael's, we found that Bro. Wm.

B. Walton, the pastor, was absent, enjoying a well-earned vacation. We were glad to learn, that the church has taken a new departure in the matter of raising "quarterage" -a change, which we have good reason to think, will be greatly to the advantage of the St. Michael's is strong in its memcharge. bership and congregation, and onght to be strong in its finances. The Sanday-school, under the charge of H. Clay Dodson, Esq. has 445 scholars on its roll, and is doing a grand work for the present and future of Methodism in St. Michael's. The presiding elder, when visiting St. Michael's, is always antertained at the home of James Benson, Esq., who is one of the leading citizens of the

town, as well as a leading member of our church. My next visit was to Bay Side and Tilgman circuit, of which Rev. J. M. Lindale is pastor. I was glad to find a very gracious revival in progress on Tilgman Island; over twenty having professed religion, and a number of others still seeking. During the past quarter, Bro. Lindale has had the misfortune to lose his horse, but he has replaced it with one, that I consider a very good horse, for a Methodist preacher to own.

On my return homeward, I stopped over and hold the quarterly conference of King's Creek circuit. The pastor, Rev. J. A. Bein dle, reported that he had preached 25 ser mons during the quarter; made 50 pastoral visits; held 10 general class meetings; delivered 10 exhortations; reviewed the Sundayschool lesson 9 times; given 6 private admonitions; attended 3 funerals; and baptized 6 children. The circuit is so well pleased with Bro. Brindle, that the quarterly conference expressed its desire for him to be returned for another year.

Yours fraternally, J. FEANCE

From Sharptown, Md.

Bro. Derrickson is on the sick list, and has not been able to be at charch for more than a week.

Many of our citizens will spend the week in Baltimore. The daily line of steamers from this river (Nanticoke), have made specinl rates during the Exposition; only one dollar round trip. Our church work is going on in an encour

aging manner, both financially and spiritu ally; and judging from the general feeling. we are moving onward and upward. After an interval of seventeen years, our

people set themselves together, to hold a camp meeting. The old reputation of this place for camp-meetings was good; many important conversions took place at them, and many were drawn into church fellowship, by the old-time ballowed influences, who still survive the surging billows of time, and still linger with us to grace the cause of Methodism; but some of them have hidden farewell to earth's affections, and have entered the spiritual meeting that has no end. Many of those whose faces were familiar to the writer during former camp-meetings, who were then in the very prime of life, were seen at this one, with white locks; their appearance and movements indicating their declining strength; yet with an earneatness, that would inspire the most sedate, they made the grove resound with the praises of God, telling their experiences of a life speat in his service, the very tone of which would make sinners trem-The camp was a success, and seemed ble

to revive vital godliness in our midst. т

### Port Penn Del.

Port Penn became a town, some time away back in the shrouded past. Perhaps we can strike the date pretty well, by saying, "Port enn was created be twee flood, and the period when the oldest citizen's grandparents first began to take notice of things, and remember events. The town is not young, neither is its Methodism. As early as 1801, Port Penn was a preaching place on the famous Cecil circuit. Joseph Everett was then presiding elder, Revs. James Lattomos and Luther Taylor, the circuit preachers. Sunday, July 15th, 1810, Rev. Thomas Smith preached in a woods, about three miles from Port Penn, on the road leading from Red Lion to Smyrna, to five hundred people. That day, four weeks, Aug, 12th, Bro. Smith met Rev. Lawrence Mc-Combs at the same place, and they both proached to about 1500 people. In Sept. of

the same year, they were both on the same prospecting for a revival of religion, that ground again, and preached to 3000 people. shall exceed any in the past. Repairs, cost- As it was getting cold, a collection was tak-

en on the spot for building a church; and \$900 were given; and Asbury church was soon completed. Bishop Ashury refers to Smith's, in his journal; and the late Rev. G. W. Lybrand was of the opinion, that the Bishop meant Asbury by this reference. Asbury took Port Penn's place on Cecil circuit About fifty years ago, the Delaware City circuit preachers began preaching in anold school house at Port Penn; a revival of religion followed, several persons were converted, and a society was organized. The present M. E. church in the village, was built in 1843. Rev. Stephen Townsend was then senior preacher, and Rev. James M. McCarter, the junior. Rev. Geo. Wilshire, then a superannaate, resided within the boundaries of the circuit, and frequently preached in Port Penn. Daniel Lambden was presiding elder, when the church was built, and he and Bro. Townsond preached the sermons on the day of dedication.

This evening, Saturday, Sept. 14th, to. morrow, and Monday, services will be held in our church at Port Penn, in commemoration of this interesting event. This evening the services will consist mainly of "Reminiscences of early Methodists and Methodism. All day services to morrow as follows: Preaching at 9.30 a. m.; love-feast at close of morning; sermon. Sunday-school Workers Assembly at 2 p. m.; reading of paper on Port Peun Methodism at 3 p. m.; address before Christian Endeavor Society at 7 p. m.; sermon at 8 p. m. All are invited. A num ber of former pastors and other ministers will he with us. Hon. Gov. Biggs has been invited to participate in this Methodist jubilee.

### FRED E. MCKINSEY.

### From Dover, Del.

MR. EDITOR,-During the absence of our pastor, on a four weeks' vacation, which was granted him by the official Board of the church, the pulpit has been supplied with such brethren as could be secured. The first Sanday, Rev. Herman C. Roe, of Sinyrna, preached two very instructive sermons; the second, Rev, W. E. England, of Seaford, preached in his usual earnest style; the third, Rev. W. F. Talbot, new Dover, preached in the morning, and Clarence T. Wilson, son of Presiding Elder Wilson preached in the evening, Last Sunday, Presiding Elder Wilson preached a very practical and interesting sermon, in the morning, which caused no little comment, as one of the best that the people of Dover have heard for some time. In the evening, Rev. W. P. Taylor, a Dickinson College student, preached to a large congregation, from Psa. 141-1, a sermon or the tongue; the speaker setting forth the manner in which it may be used, -- for good or evil, and also the manner in which it

ought to be used. Our pastor will be home this week, and will fill his pulpit as usual, to morrow, Sept. 15th.

H. C. T. .....

### Re-opening.

Silverbrook M. E. church, which has been undergoing repairs during the last month, will be re-opened for divine service, Sunday Sept. 22nd. The order of the day will be as follows: love-feast at 9.30 a. m.; preaching by Rev. W. L. S. Murray, P. E., at 10.30 Sunday school in charge of Sister W. E. Tomkinson, at 1.30 p. m.; sermon by Rev. L. E. Barrett, at 3 p. m ; young people's prayer and testimony meeting at 6.30 p. m.; con ducted by Bro Smedley; eermon by Rov. J. D. C. Hanna, at 7.30 p. m. All are cordial ly invited.

C. K. MORRIS, Pastor

Cherry Hill and Union .- In the absence of our pastor, T. A. H. O'Brien, Rev. T. Snowden Thomas, Editor of the Peninsula Methodist will preach (D. V.) Sunday 15th inst., at Cherry Hill in the morning; at Big-Elk in the afternoon; and at Union at night Bro. Thomas was junior preacher on Cecil circuit, of which this charge was a part, in 1850 '51 with the late Christopher J. Crouch, as his senior colleague.

EZION, J. R. Waters, pastor.-Last Sunday at the quarterly meeting services, the people of this charge raised \$140 on stewards' account; \$52.50 of which was their quarterly apportionment for their presiding elder. This, we understand, is larger than any sim-ilar apportionment in the Wilmington Conference, except that of Grace Memorial in this city. The pastor's salary is \$1000 and his parsonage. We are glad to learn, the work is prospering in this charge

The many remarkable cures Hood's Sarsa-parilla accomplishes are sufficient proof that it does possess peculiar curative powers.

### To the Switchback via Pennsyl-vania Railroad.

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vania Railroad. The next special excursion via Pennsyl-vania Railroad to the famed Switchback, in-cluding the delightful sarronndings of Mauch Chank, which have aptly given them the ti-tle of 'the Switzerland of America,'' is book-ed for Saturday, Soptember 14th. A look at the charming Glen Onoko will be one of the salient features of the trip. Residents of Wil-mington and Chester, by leaving respective-ly at 6.30 A. M. and 6.55 A. M., can join the excursion, which will leave Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, at 7.30 A. M. From Wilmington the round-trip rate will be \$3.00, and from Chester \$2.75. For children he-tween the ages of five and twelve years a half-fare rate will prevail. On the return trip the excursion train will arrive at Broad Street in ample time to connect, with the evening in ample time to connect with the evening trains for Chester and Wilmington.

### Excursion to Columbus, O.

On account of the meeting of the Sovereign (irand Lodge I. O. O. F., to be held at Co-lumbus, Ohio, the B. & O. R. R. Co. will sell exemption tickets to Columbus at rate of one firstclass limited fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold September 13th to 16th, inclusive, and will be valid for return passage until Sortember 28th inclusive. until September 26th, inclusive.

# Half Rates to Columbus for the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows, via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The Sovereign Grand Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, will convece at Colum-bus, Ohio, September 16th to 22d. This meet-ing will undoubtedly bring together the larg. ing will undonotedly bring together the large-est assemblage of the order erer before gather-ed on a similar occasion. It is expected that I5,000 mombers, including a large number of Patriarchs Militant, will he in attendance. The purades and public ceremonies which will extend through the week will be highly interesting to the public as well as to mem-ber's of the order. For this occasion the interesting to the public as well as to mem-ber's of the order. For this occasion the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell ex-cursion tickets from all principal stations on its lines east of Pittsburg and Erie (except New York). September 13th to 16th, valid for return until September 26th, **16**:59, at the rate of a single fare for the round trip. The universally admitted superiority of the Pennsylvania Railroad's great system of through trains, equipped with coaches, sleep-ing and dining cars, affording every conven-ience to the traveler, commends this route to the lavorable consideration of visitors.

### Marriages.

MARTIN-TRUMP.-At Mt. Pleasant Pursonage, the loth inst. by Rev. J. T. Van-Burkalow, Charles J. Martin and Mrs. Sa-san J. Trump, all of Brandywine Hundred.

### Dr. Simms' Blood Purifier,

Dr. Simms' Blood Purifier, The Great Blood Cure, for all diseases aris-ing from un impure state of the blood. We refer to the Rev J. E. Kiciney, late of the Wilmington Conference, now of the Pitts-burg, who had suffered loog from impure or manified blood, canaing pimples, balls ulcers, ect. Three buttles cured him soundly; he has gained thirty pounds. It is splendid for weak and sore eyes, especially where thore is scroficlous sympathy. With our Eye Care applied to the eyes the eyes will speedily get better. For evrofula sores, tired feelings, genemi\_paches, weak feelings, itchy diseases, ect. §1. Prepared by Dr. J. Simms & Son, Wilmington, Del. Philadelphih depot, Smith Kleine & Co., Arch street. Sold by dealers in medicines.



Hammond Type Writer. The best machine on he market on account of its perfect alignmont. inchangeable type and durability. RECORD 170 WORDS PER MINUTE. For circulars and terms, address: AUBREY VANDEVER, Clayton, Del.,

FRESCOING CHURCHES. Send for designs and ettimaths without extra charge, to Nicholas F. Goldberg, 415 King St., Wilmington, Del. 29-tf

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# PENINSULA METHODIST, SEPTEMBER 14, 1889.

BOOKS FOR ENQUIRERS,

1889.

### Temperance.

Wine is a mocker; strong drink is raging and whosever is deceived thereby is not wise.—At the last it biteth like a serpent, and stingeth like an adder.—Scripture.

Oh! thou invisible spirit of wine, if thou hast no name to be known by, let us call thes devil.—Shakespeare.

Conversation on Temperance.

REV. I. L. HUNT.

"Why do good people conscientiously differ, on matters relating to the great temperance question now occupying the public mind?"

It is because a man's belief on moral subjects governs his conscience. Saul of Tarsus sincerely believed it to be his duty to persecute Christians.

"I think your remark explains the reason, why some good, conscientious brethren charge some of the friends with at least conniving at intemperance, because they differ with them in relation to the means or best measures for removing intemperance."

Yes; all are for prohibition. "Here all agree." But since total prohibition cannot be secured immediately by law, on account of difference of views as to means for the abolishment of the traffic, the more intelligent propose to curtail it by high taxation, and by imposing upon it other obstacles and disabilities.

"But a high tax on the license makes it high license. Now there are some who do conscientiously oppose such taxation because they believe it to be sinful. They think the Bishops of our Church sustain them, who say "License high or low is vicious in principle and powerless as a remedy." Will you please give me your opinion, on this declaration of the

Bishops?" I will, with much pleasure. Let it then be carefully noted that the Bishops declare that license to traffic in intoxicating drinks, as a beverage, is vicious in principle that a high tax cannot increase or diminish its viciousness. A tax on a license caunot "remedy" or cure its nature, but it can curtail its blighting extent of operation. Such license cannot be cured but must be annihilated.

"I thank you for the explanation. Since to highly tax license would not add to its sinfulness, but would limit the the number and extent of the traffic, the Bishops would doubtless rejoice to have the traffic curtailed by high taxation as preparatory to its total extinction. Some conscientiously decline giving their suffrage for making license to become high license by highly taxing it, supposing that by so doing they would thereby favor license. Will you please be so kind as to expose this mistake?"

By imposing a high tax on the nefarious traffic we do not thereby favor necessarily the vicious license, but restrict it in its operation.

Suppose the good friends of temperance had succeeded in securing a legislature and Govenor who so favored temperance as to enact a law imposing a tax of one thousand dollars on a license. This law would not supersede the local opinion law of the State. This law would remain in full force, only, in case a town should go for license, this new law of the legislature would require the board of excise to demand one thousand dollars for every license given, and how, we ask in the name of reason, could such a tax tend to increase the traffic? Would not such a tax prove a perfect quietus, on all that brood of vipers who with some ten or fifteen dollars, can open their groggeries in full blast throughout the land; while those who pursue a vocation that promotes the welfare and happiness of society require five hundred dollars or more for acquiring a useful trade or practicing of the profession of law or medicine?

"Your explanation is quite satisfactory but some sincere and conscientious people affirm that high taxation increases intemperance wherever it has been tried.

to the wrong cause?" Most certainly ; the two sources of this great evil are appetite for intoxicating liquors and avarice or the love of money. When people are not led by reason, but by mere feeling, to this conclusion, it is seldom that they are reasoned out of them. A pions, conscientions man said in my hearing that "since our town prohibited license, intemperance has so increased that I shall vote for license the next opportunity." Such reasoning is

attribute this prevalence of intemperance

similar to that of a neighbor who said: "I carelessly looked at the moon over my left shoulder last evening, and in the morning I found my cow dead!" It is plain that license is authorized by enemies of temperance under the local option law, while the tax on said license would be authorized by the law enacted by the temperance legislature. It is the belief in the mistaken views entertain by some good people that causes their consciences to be particularly tender in spots only. -Northern Christian Advocate

### We take pleasure in transferring to to our columns, from the Nashville Chris-

tian Advocate, the following appreciative tributes, to the lamented Dr. Bayliss, written by the editor, Rev. O. P. Fitzgerald, D. D.

Rev. J. H. Baylies, D. D., editor of the Western Christian Advocate, Cincinnati, died at Bay View, Mich., August 14. The immediate cause of his death was a carbuncle, which had formed on the back of his head, and from which he suffered excruciatingly. Back of this special affliction, however, there was antecedent physical ailments that prepared the way for the last fatal assult of disease. We suspect, our esteemed brother editor had overtaxed his strength, robust and iron-framed as he seemed to be. He was a restlest toiler. The excellent paper he sent forth weekly exhibited the re sults of skillful and unremitting labors, such as can be fully appreciated only by the initiated. The tension required by such work is great, and only the toughest and most elastic constitutions can stand it for any considerable length of time. The strongest men have to succumb sooner or later.

The death of Dr. Bayliss is a heavy loss to Methodism and our common Christianity. He was able, diligent, endowed with common sense, and possessed the editorial instinct and aptitude in a remarkable degree. He was a genuine Methodist, and a catholic-spirited Christian. He was a lover of the truth and of good men. Under his editorship the Western Christian Advocate was one of the best religious news-papers in the country-irenic, vigorous, and devout in its tone.

A personal acquaintance with Dr. Bayliss, begun some years ago, led us to love the man as truly as we admired the editor. In his death we deplore the loss of a fellow-laborer in the Master's vineyard, and are saddened by the loss of a personal friend.

### Obedience Confirms Vision.

You are troubled in your theology, because you are disobedient in your heart. If you would only live your theology, you would put an end to all controversy. Prove prayer, by praying; prove the inspiration of the Scriptures, by being inmired by their speech Ohod true confirmation of vision and of knowledge; and where the obedience brings joy, rest, hope, strength-where it lifts us up to a newstature, broadens us with a nobler expansion, attunes us to a diviner music-we may be sure, that the vision, which originated it, was a vision that shone from heaven .- Dr. Parker

Prof. Thos. N. Williams, for the past two years principle of Washington College at Chestertown, has removed to Baltimore. The M. E. Sunday-school of Chestertown, of which he has been superintendent, passed But may not these conscientious friends complimentary resolutions regarding him.

And for those dealing with Enquirers.

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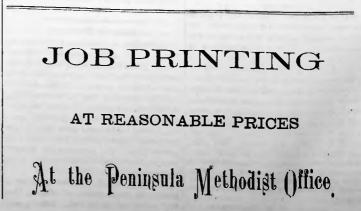
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Can a Stingy Man Get to Heaven? This is a question of great pertinence and importance. It may, too, be presumptuous to undertake to answer it. Yet the Word of God has so many things to say on the subject: Christ taught that it is very difficult for a rich man to be saved. "Rich" and "stingy," to be sure, are by no means synonymous terms. But somehow they do seem to be related. Penuriousness is no doubt one of the chief sins of Christians. There is no propon sity which is more destructive of the Christian life than is this, if it but be give en opportunity. An apostle distinguished it as idolatry,-"Covetousness which is idolatry." And this is the sin against which God aimed the very first command ment, and, which is denominated spiritual adultery all through the Old Testament. When measured by the New Testament standard the stingy man seems to come short utterly. Take this one passage only: "Now if any man have not the spirit of Christ he is none of His." The spirit of Christ was a spirit of selfsacrifice for the good of others. "Though He was rich, yet for our sakes He became poor."

7

"He emptied Himself of all but love, And died for Adam's fallen race."

The test of the saved stae is the having such a spirit as Christ had. The plummet goes deeper than superficial acts or temporary phases of feeling, and discovers what is the main and steady condition and temper of the soul. A man may get angry. That is bad usually. But if he repent of his anger, he will be received again. He may utter a falsehood in a moment of great temptation. But this is alien to his nature. So he repents and is forgiven, and goes on his way hum bly, remembering that "he that thinketh he standeth should take heed lest he fall.' He may yield to temptations, to even greater sins than these, as did David and Peter, and many beside. But because the steady current of the nature is Godward, they are counted heirs still, not being disinherited because of some unfilial acts, though very serious they be. But penuriousness is the sign of a condition of soul wholly unlike the heavenly nature. It cannot belong to him who is really born from above. The spirit of helpfulness to others is the Christly spirit, and he who has it not cannot be Christ's. -Buffalo Christian Abvocate.

Distort a doctrine, and you can easily refute it. Take this sample: "I had learned from the accepted standards of doctrine, that there were three separate and distinct persons in the Godhead.' This word "separate" is repeated five times, in the compars of one page, as referring to the Trinity. There is no such statement in the Nicene or Athanasian creed, nor in the Catechism of the Council of Trent, nor in the articles of the Episcopal Church, nor in the Westminister Confession or Catechisms, nor in the Heidelberg Catechism, nor in any other standard of Trinitarian doctrice known to us. Were the persons supposed to be "separate," the doctrine would be heretical. The Athanasian creed explicitly says, that there must be no sep arating of the substance-necque substan tium separantes. Learn what your opponent believes before you try to refute him.-Golden Rule.

The Rev. Pheebe Hanaford, who is now pastor of the Church of the Holy Spirit, (Un itarian), in New Haven, Conn.; although nearly sixty-six years of age, has the elastic step of a girl of twenty, and all of her enthusm. She has dark wavy hair, dark eyes, and well-cut features. Mrs. Hanaford began preaching in 1866, and has been hard at work ever since. Thousands of people are said to owe their conversion to her personsive elo quence.

Rev. J. H. Correll, of our Japan Mission has returned to this country, and expects to remain for a year. He will be glad to serve the brethren, bye and bye.

Rev. John A. Roche, D. D., of Brooklyn, author of the Life of Dr. Durbin, has been visiting Ocean Grove, and his many friends would be glad to hear one of his earthquake camp-meeting sermons.-Record.





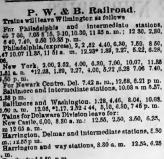
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Daily except Sunday.				Daily.	
Stations	a.m.	a.m.	р.ш.	p.m.	р.н.
Entral Lange Franci	st	7,00	2.10	4.FO	°.40
"Wilmington, French		7.09	2.22	5.06	5.55
" B & O Junction		7,21	2 33	5.17	G.08
· Dayout,			2.53	5.38	6,87
" Chedd's Ford Je		7,46		5.51	14,48
" Lenape,		\$.01	3,04	7.51	
Ar. West Chester Star	713	8 29	4.05		6.41
AF. West Chester Cha		7.00	2.15	4 50	6,00
Ly. West Chester Sta	20	8.87	3,40	6.78	7.28
" Contesville,		9.13	4.15	7.01	8.03
" Waynesburg Jo		5.10	12.25		0.00
" St Peter's	6.59				
" Warwick	7.15		12 50		
" Springheld	7 27	9,27	1,05 4	1.28 7.1	5 8.15
Shringheid	7.33	9.83	1.15	4.38 7 2	0
" Joana	7.56	9,56	1.55	5.02 7.4	5
" Birdsboro,		10.25	2.25	5.93 9 1	5
Ar. Bending P & R St					
ADDITI	ONAL	TRA	INS.		

ADDITIONAL TRAINS. ally except Saturday and Sunday, leave Wilming-6.17 p. m. E. & O. Junction 6 23 p. m. Newbridge i p. m. Arrivo Dupont 6.89 p. m. In Saturday only. will leave Wilmington at 5.17 p. arrive at Newbridge 6.31 p. m. Leave Wilmington 55 p. m. Newbridge 6.35 p. m. Arrivo Dupont 10.55 m. Leave Birdsbord 1.40 p.m. Arrive Reading 1.40

p. m.	OING SOUTH		
Daily	exceptSunda	y.	
Stations, 8.	m a.m a.m. ar	п, р. ш. р.п	<b>a</b> .
Ly. Reading P. a }	Daily 5.60 8.35	9.25 3.15	5.18
" E. SIRLION J		10.10 8.45	5 50
" Birdshoro,	6.88 9.33	10.50 4.10	6.16
" JOADS,		10.58 4.15	6,23
" Springfield, Ar. Warwick,	0.10 0.10 0.00	11.12	6.85
" St. Peter's,		11.30	6.50
Ly. W'nesburg Jc.	5.28 6.55 9.55	4 32	
" Coatesville,	6.05 7.28 10.29	5,08	
" Lenape,	6.47 7.55 11.04	5.44	
Ar. West Chea-	8,05	6.20	
er Stage		6 4.50	0
Ly. West Chester St	7,01 8.06 11.		
" Chad's F'd Jc,	7.31 8.28 11.8		
" Dupont.			
" B. & O. Junctio: Ar. Wilmington,			
French St.	7.56 8.51 11.5	5 6.4	0
ADD	ITIONAL TRA	INS.	
De	Ur Except Sund	ST.	

Leave Dupont 6.06 a. m. Newbridge 6.20 a. m., B. & O. Junction 6.31 a. m. Arrive Wilmington 6.42 a. m. Saturday only. Leave Reading 12.00 p. m. Arrive at Birdsboro 12.80 p. m. Leave Dupont 1.10 p. m. Newbridge 12.0 p. m. Arenae Wilmington 12.39 p. m. For connections at Wilmington, B. & O. Junction, Chadd's Ford Junction, Birdsboro and Reading, see time-tables at all stationas. BOWNESS BRIGGS. Gen'l Passenger Ag't. A. G. McCAUSLAND, Superintendent.

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CHED OLARD Delaware Avet.ue bejoc: \*Express trains. EAST BOUND. \*EXPRESS CONTINUES (2000) \*EXPRESS (20

516 Obs. 1. 11 LA ND. 2015 1. 11 LA ND. 2015 1. 2016 ACCOMMODATION, weak days, a ND. 2016 1. 2016 1. 2016 1. 2016 1. 2016 1. 2016 Traine Market Strett cistion: m For Buildon 51. 2016 2. 2016 1. 2016 1. 2016 2. 2016 2017 1. 2016 1. 2016 1. 2016 1. 2016 1. 2016 1. 2016 1. 2016 2016 1. 2016 1. 2016 1. 2016 1. 2016 1. 2016 1. 2016 1. 2016 2016 1. 2016 ay. icaro \*8.80 a m daily except Sunday; \*5.30 p. m

ally. Pftsburg \*8 30 a. m. atd \*5.30 p. m. daily. Trains for Wilmington leave Philadelphin \*4.10 15, 1000, \*110 a. r. 12,00 moon, \*135, 140 5.00 15, \*430,\*5.07 6.30, \*7.30 3,10, 1010, 1130 p. m. Daily except Surday, 5.46 and 7.25 a. m. \*1.46, 3.30 Dd 5.25 p. m. Eates to Western points lower than via any othor

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nosdayss and Saturdays only. DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY -Accommodation for Hanove rg, Waynesboro, Chambersbur

Data M.-Accommodation for Union Bridge, Januser, Gettyshurg, and all points on B. & H. Wr, (through Gara.) 2.25 P.M.-Accom for Ennory Grove. 4.06 P.M.-Express for Arbitiston, Mt, Hope, Pikes-Hie, Owings' Mills, St, Georges, Glyndon, Gleon alls, Finkhurg, Fatapseo, Carroliton, Westininster, fadford, New Windsor, Linwood, Union Bridge and Inform were alch Manarar Gettratures and unions.

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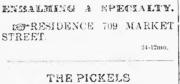
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