

The world this rapture cannot know, But to the humble Thou wilt show, How sweet it is to trust; Glory and praises to Thy name. Still keep within, thou blessed flame, Till dust return 10 dust!

Then shall our ransomed spirits find, The Savier, who hath been so kind To lead us into light; There in the city of the blest, Our weary souls shall find a rest, His presence our delight.

Oh! search and find within His Word,

e blessed secret of the Lord

And treasure it with care; To meditate will then be sweet. And He will guide thine erring foet, Into His kingdom fair!

Claymont, Del, Scpt. 23, 1889.

The Residue Doctrine: Is it Scriptural?

REV. J. T. VANBURKALOW.

That man is a fallen moral agent, and that all the unregenerate are in a state of moral depravity, is a doctrine held by all orthodox Christians. The Holy Scriptures plainly teach it, and this teaching is confirmed alike by history, observation, and experience.

But few followers of Pelagius can be found at the present day, who, in the face of inspired statements and palpable facts, think of calling it in question. Article VII of the Methodist Episcopal Creed calls it "the corruption of the nature of every man, that naturally is engendered of the offspring of Adam."

Theologians have given this hereditary moral depravity three other designations, namely, original sin, inbred sin, and induclling sin. The third one was derived from a passage in Romans, as follows: "It is no more I that do it, but, sin that dwelleth in me." St. Paul also denominates it "the flesh," "the carnal mind," aud "the old man."

Of course, the moral nature must be fully cleansed from this hereditary taint and tendency to sin, ere there can be a fitness for Heaven, for St. Paul asserts, that "without holiness, no man shall see the Lord," and the Savior said in his sermon on the mount, "Blessed are the pure in heart, for they shall see God."

Ample provisions of grace have been made, for the entire sanctification and full salvation of all who comply with the appointed and proclaimed conditions; for "where sin abounded, grace did much more abound." Christ "gave himself for us, that he might redeem us from all iniquity ;" "wherefore, he is able also, to save them to the uttermost, that come unto God by Him."

There are various views, as to when a believer is fully freed from depravity. The Romish theory is, as given by the Council of Trent, that the sacrament of baptism rightly administered, washes away guilt and depravity of every kind; but this statement is immediately contradicted by these words: "But concupiscence, or the fuel of sin, remains," and no intimation is given as to how or when the believer will get rid of it, this side of purgatory.

Calvinists hold, that "as long as a man lives on the earth, there abide still some

dists of the present day claiming, that they were, and that all Christians are

wholly sanctified, when they are regenerated. Dr. Pope of England, author of a work on Methodist Theology, holds that

while regeneration is instantaneous upon the exercise of true faith, "sanctification is always a gradual work, and the time when completed is known only to God." Then, like the Council of Trout, he virtually contradicts himself by saying, "after the highest point is attained, there still remains something of the peculiar concupiscence, or affinmity with evil.

which besets man in the world." But, all the standard works of Methodism, except Pope's, teach that entire sanctification is subsequent to the new birth, is not the result of growth in grace and necessaril gradual, but is secured by entire consecration and full assurance of faith; hence, that it is the Christian's

privilege and duty to seek it with all his heart at once. They hold therefore, to the residue doctrine; that is, that there are remains of the carnal mind in the regenerate, which must be removed by the subsequent work of entire sanctification, in order to render them "meet for the inheritance of the saints in light."

Nearly all other denominations, as we have just shown, believe, that conver-

sion, though it turns us around and starts us toward Heaven, by bringing us into covenant relations with God, quickening our moral nature, and causing the love of God to be "shed abroad in our hearts, by the Holy Ghost given unto us," does not fully free us from original sin. Our claim is, that scripture teaching and general Christian experience, concur in establishing the truth of the doctrine presented in our standards, beyond rea-

sonable doubt. "To the law and the testimony: St. Paul said to the Galatians: "The flesh lusteth against the spirit, and the spirit against the flesh; and these are contrary the one to the other;" and Whedon, in commenting upon it says,-"Describing the struggle alike of a low religious life, and a state of unregenerate conviction." Matthew Henry, on it says: "In a renewed man, there is a struggle between the old nature and the new nature, the remains of sin and the beginnings of grace. The Galatians, though being led back to legalism by Judaizing teachers, were evidently not entirely backslidden and spiritually dead.

In the 3rd chapter of 1st Corinthians, the apostle says: "I, brethren could not speak unto you as unto spiritual, but as unto carnal, even, as unto babes in Christ. I have fed you with milk and not with meat; for hitherto ye were not able to bear it, neither yet now, are ye able. For ye are yet carnal; for whereas there is among you envying and strife and divisions, are ye not carnal and walk as men?"

could not write unto you as unto spiritual "he evidently did not mean to assert, that they were not spiritual, in the least degree, but that they were very defective in spirituality, and that, as "spiritual things are spirituality discerned," they could not assimilate strong meat, but, like natural babes, had to be fed on milk. By milk and meat, Whedon says, "He did not mean the easier and harder doctrines of theology, but the principles of the lower and the higher Christian life."

Doctrinal teaching is intellectually understood even by the unregenerate, but spiritual truths must be experienced to be discerned, and the more spiritual we become, the more receptive we are to the deep things of God. The Corinthian Christians were spiritually stupid, because of the remains of the carnal mind. Hence, this passage proves the residue doctrine.

So, also, does the 1st verse of the 7th chapter of the Apostle's 2nd epistle to the same people, in which he says, "Let us cleanse ourselves from all filthiness of the flesh and spirit, perfecting holiness in the fear of God." This exhortation plainly implies, that they were not yet fully cleansed from that two-fold filthiness.

Likewise, the apostle's benediction, at the close of 1st Thesalonians, "The very God of peace sanctify you wholly," was an inspired assumption, that the people were still somewhat carnal.

The exhortation to the Hebrews, "Let us lay aside every weight and the sin which doth so easily beset us," is evidence that those Christians were hindered in running the race set before them, by untoward and evil moral tendencies, or remnants of hereditary depravity. A besetting sin is a weak point in moral character, and a proneness to yield to temptation, to commit some particular sin.

With one it is concupiscence, with another covetuosness, with another anger or pride. In every case it is a proof of remains of inbred sin. Jacob was evidently converted at Bethel; for he entered into a covenant to be the Lord's servant, and he afterwards told his son Joseph, that the Lord blessed him there; but inbred sin was not all destroyed, till he wrestled with the angel of the covenant at Peniel, for the besetting sin of covetousness, made him a sharper in bus iness.

"Cornelius was a devout man, one that feared God with all his house, who gave much alms to the people, and prayed to God always," and he was accepted with God; but he was divinely assured, that he needed something more; and, when St. Peter preached at his house, he received the full baptism of the spirit; and "God purified his heart by faith," as He did the heart of the disciples at Pentecost.

dulness of spiritual apprehension, and want of firm faith.

The Lord intimated that they needed purging, cleansing, and purifying; and He prayed for their sanctification through Divine truth, the day before He died to redeem the race. Seven weeks afterward, they were all filled with the Holy Ghost, and their hearts were "purified by faith," so that the were complete in Christ, and perfect in love. Many other scripture proofs could be presented, but let these suffice.

Oh! for the eradication of all the remains of the carnal mind, in all the people of God! Bellevue, Del.

Calvinistic Confusion.

Not long ago we referred to the current proposition to revise the Wesminster confession, and noted a point or two which uneasy Calvinists desire changed. The demand is still urgent. Almost every Presbyterian newspaper has something to say about it. The younger men fairly insist that something shall be done, and many of the old men are likewise importunate. In the last issue of the Interior, Rev. A. W. Pitzer, D. D., who has already had some experience in revising the catechism, comes out with a strong argument favoring expurgation of certain paragraphs bearing upon foreordination and election. He says:

"It was the writer's happiness to start the movement that resulted in expunging from the confession the unscriptural statement of the law of prohibited marriages. No harm has come to the Church from this expurgation; none will ever come from the elimination from the confession of every statement that is not clearly Biblical. The confession is no proper place for irenical logic, the opinions of men, or the traditions of the fathers. Here we must demand a clear "thussaith the Lord." He alone is Lord of the conscience. If any statement of the confession is not fully sustained and fortified by the Word of God, surely it should come out- We dare not, in fidelity to our Lord, embody the opinions of men in the confession of our faith. There are some statements properly subject to the charge, that they are neither Biblical. nor wise, nor for edification. They are misleading; they misrepresent, and injure our Church; they furnish our enemics with weapons, which they use with tremendous energy and effectiveness against us."

Being reminded that he should specifically state what he wishes to revise, the doctor boldly declares that he would strike from the catechism, chapter three, section four, the following words, viz: "These angels and men thus predestinated . . . , and their number is so certain and definite that it cannot be either increased or diminished." "This state-Here the people addressed are called Those disciples were converted, long ment," he affirms, "adds nothing to the

Presbyterians.', "I have explained the meaning of the phrase a thousand times," he vociferates, "but it will not stay explained." "Let it come out." Of course, doctor, let it come out. If you have explained it a thousand times, and it won't stay explained, better oust it. Arminians are becoming more "keen-eyed" every day, and they will keep you rattled on this subject so long as "elect Presbyterians live, unless they become charitable and Biblical enough to allow all God's creatures a fair chance. There are indications that the Arminian "clubs" have succeeded in beating a little bit of sound doctrine into the cranium of even Dr. Pitzer. Referring to the tenth section of the tenth chapter, he says that the words, "and therefore cannot be saved be they never so diligent to frame their lives," etc., is "ultra-Scriptural." "Every promise and every warning of God is addressed to man as a free agent, and not as 'one who cannot be saved." True enough, Dr Pitzer. We have always thought so. Glad to see you and others arriving at the truth. We believe with you that "there is not a Presbyterian in the United States who would wish to read either of these sections to his congregation." These brethren know the weakness of the doctrine of election, its offensiveness to human reason, and its want of harmony with the main teachings of the Word of God. They may uphold for a while longer the Calvinistic system as a whole, but when they thus loudly call for the suppression of some of its more repugnant features, they betray their confusion and thereby confess that they can no longer stand before the tremendous thumpings of Arminian clubs. By and by they will understand that the system itself must fall. Arminian truth will shiver it to atoms, leaving it an existence in history only .- Michigan Christian Advocate.

Mr. Neville, the great London banker was offered and refused \$4,000,000 for his business shortly before his death. In early life he failed and had his accounts settled by the bankruptcy court. Later, when his second venture had made him rich, he paid all his old creditors the balance on their claims in full, with interest.

That men who themselves smoke should allow their growing boys to indulge in the habit is a marvel. That men who have sons and daughters should be willing themselves to smoke is a glaring proof of the weakness and selfishness of human nature, and goes to prove the doctrine of total depravity .-- Independent.

Germany is supplying arms to the Arab warriors in Africa, while New Eng-land supplies them with rum. Taken together these are dangerous weapons.— Boston Herald.

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PENINSULA METHODIST, OCTOBER 5, 1889.

Bouth's Department.

Punctuality and Regularity.

David M. Stone, editor and proprietor of the Journal of Commerce, has had the longest editorial service of any man in New York, if not in the country. All the journalistic giants, with whom he was contemporary, have passed away-James Gordon Bennett the elder, Horace Greeley, William Cullen Bryant, and Henry J, Raymond. Recently interrogated as to the practices by which he had attain ed such vigorous age, he replied :---

"Well, that is hard to say. I take plenty of exercise, plenty of hard work. plenty of sleep, plenty of belief in God and the future, and, with an easy conscience, I find that what is the sundown of life with most men, is to me as pleasant as the June days of my youth. Why, do you know I have not had a single vacation since 1849? Think of that. I have not been absent from my office for one whole day in twenty-nine years One of the rules of my life has been punctuality. If I made an appointment I kept it to the minute. I have never kept a man waiting. To punctuality and regularity I attribute as much of my good health and success as to anything else. Now, take the matter of church. Some men do not like it. I do. Good old Dr. Scudder, who was pastor of my church for eleven years, preached from his pulpit over one thousand sermons, and I heard them all but three, and would have heard those but I was engaged myself in other churches making addresses in behalf of charity. I have heard every sermon of Dr. Behrends, the successor of Dr. Scudder, for six years."-Zion's Herald.

Timely Care and Culture. REV. C. H. WETHERBE.

The truth is coming to be recognized with greater clearness and force than it was a generation ago, that the period of early childhood is more important, in respect to its proper care and moral culturethan any succeeding period of life. Re, peated experiences and constant observation have demonstrated the fact that very young children are subject to great. er dangers, in a moral and spiritual point of view, than young men and women are. This may seem to be an unsupportable statement; but, if the saying, credited to Archbishop Hughes, that give him the first seven years of a child's life, and then, it mattered not into whose hands the child went,-if that saying be founded on a safe working principle, then my assertion is true, namely, that very young children are subject to greater moral and spiritual dangers, than young men and women are. The little ones are more easily impressed with either good or evil things, than are those who have reached the age of from fifteen to twenty years. Some very small evils produce a good deal of lasting harm, when their power is brought to bear on very young children. Here is an illustration, recently related by Judge O. J. Harmon, of Oswego. Some years ago he had a vine which was growing on a trellis. He noticed after it had run up some distance. that one branch seemed to stop growing. He finally got on a ladder, put himself up by the top of the vine, and saw that a spider's web was wound around the end of the vine, preventing it from growing upward. It had curled and twisted it. He brushed off the web, but a gnarl remained on the vine at that point during its existence! He was then impressed, more than ever, with the unspeakable importance of exercising timely care and the right kind of culture in behalf of very young children. We cannot begin too soon. . Northern Christian Advocate.

The Most Popular Book.

The Bible is still "the book" in point of universal distribution as well as of au- on what you have done for me."

thority. During the year 1,453,357 copies were printed or purchased by the society, and the issues for the year amounted to 1,440,455 copies. We give a few items from the table of distribution to show some of its features: Among the distributions were, of English Bibles, 349,492; of the Book of Proverbs in English, 6,218; there were 15,756 German Bibles and 32,538 German Testaments, whereas the corresponding figures for the French were 1,069 and 3,263. There were 57 Latin Bibles sent out, 26 Russian, 55 Finnish, 57 Chinese, 8 Arabic, 501 Zuln, 12I Dakota, 1,211 Hawaiian, and 586 volumes for the blind.-New York Commercial Advertiser.

Dishonest Gain.

The old birds were hard at work, diving for fish in the lagoon. The boys watched one, which was quite near them, with considerable curiosity. It would flutter an instant over its prey, then plunge down, and with open, dip-net bill resting on the water, would adjust the catch in the capacious pouch beneath. In one of these expeditions a gull, with trained and eager eye, hovering near, settled down on Papa Pelican's broad head, and as the fish was tossed about so as to drop into the pelican's pouch, the thievish gull would adroitly snap it up and sail away with a derisive "ha, ha!" while the pelican, as if accustomed to this sort of pocket-picking, simply flapped heavily up again to renew its search for food. But the gull, as the boys speedily saw, had laughed all too soon. For down upon it from the neighboring shore swooped a strong-winged fish-hawk. With a shrill cry of alarm, the gull darted now this way and now that, in zigzag lines, striving to escape. Fear and fatigue prevailing, he let his choice stolen morsel slip from his grasp. Then the hawk, with a lower swoop, clutched the falling fish and bore it away to the near-

est rock .- From "Among the Florida Keys," by Charles Frederick Holder, in ST. NICHOLAS for August. Take Council of the Highest.

Sometimes our young people, who are

drifting into some form of conformity to the world, excuse themselves by saying that they have seen members of other churches dance, play cards, attend the theater and drink wine without losing religous caste because of so doing. This seems to us a very weak plea. We are certainly not justified in assuming that it is right for us to do everything which members of other churches may do. We should go to the Bible and the Discipline of our own church to learn what we should do—not to the example of others, whom it may not be safe to follow. We are not their judges; but it may be that the people who are held up as a proof that certain worldly amusements are innocent are doing wrong and losing ground religiously in doing these very things. One thing is certain, it is not dancing, card playing Chris tians that are successfully working and witnessing for Christ. It is equally certain that the spirit that circulates in connection with these practices is not helpful to growth in holiness. Among Methodists such practices are signs of religious declension. It is not wise to try how near we can drive to the edge of the precipice.-Christian Guardian.

A good many years ago, a little girl of twelve years was passing an old brick prison in the city of Chicago, on her way to school, when she saw a hand beckoning to her from behind a cell window, and heard a weary voice asking her to please bring him something to read.

For many weeks after that she went to the prison every Sunday, carrying the poor prisoner a book to read, from her father's library. At last one day she was called to his deathbed.

"Little girl," said he, "you have saved my soul. Promise me that you will do all your life for the poor people in pris-

The little girl promised; and she has kept her promise. Linda Gilbert has been all her life the steadfast friend of the prisoner. She has established good libraries in many prisons, and visited and helped hundreds of prisoners; and from the great number of whom she has helped, six hundred are now leading honest lives. Prisoners from all parts of the country know and love her name; and surely the God of prisoners must look upon her work with interest.

And all this because a little girl heard and heeded the call to help a suffering soul .- The Home.

MISS MARY LOUISA WORLEY, the daughter of a London physician, has distinguished herself as a young woman of remarkably high degree. In 1884 she won a scholarship at Girton college, Cambridge, in 1886 graduated with classical honors at London university, and 1888 did the same thing at Cambridge, capping the climax by passing so brilliant an examination for the degree of London Master of Arts that she took the first place and at the same time won the gold medal for classics. Miss Worley intends to make teaching her profession.

The Congregationalist says: "The late Emperor Frederic was a more consistent Protestant than his son, the present emperor, who bent his knee to the Pope at the beginning of the recent interview at the Vatican. When in 1853 Frederic visited Pius IX, he accepted the proffered hand of the Pope, not to kiss it. as was expected, but to give it a hearty German shake. Pius, the next time he met the young prince, kept his hands folded behind his back."

Pleasant smiles; gentle tones; cheery greetings; tempers sweet under a headache, or a business care, or the children's noise; the ready bubbling over of thoughtfulness for one another-and habits of smiling, greeting, forbearing, thinking in these ways. It is these above all else which makes one's home a building of God, a house not made with hands; these that we hear in the song of Home, Sweet Home .- Wm. C. Gannett.

The retail liquor traffic is now prohibited in seventy-nine municipalities of the province of Manitoba.

An Important Element

Of the success of Hood's Sarsaparilla is the fact that every purchaser receives a fair equivalent for his money. The familiar head line "100 Doses One Dollar", stolen by imitators, is original with and true only of Hood's Sarsaparilla. This can easily be proved by any one who desires to test the matter. For real economy, buy only Hood's Sarsaparilla. Sold by all druggists.

Land Excursion to West Vir-ginia, Virginia and Mary-land.

On October 1st and 15th, the Baltimore & On October 1st and 15th, the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company will sell round trip excursion tickets from Philadelphia, Wil-mington Del., and Chester, Pa., to points in Shenandoah Valley, Maryland and West Vir-ginia, named below, at one fare for the round trip. Tickets good 30 days, and permit stop over privileges between Baltimore and desti-nation.

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timore, Md., for particulars about this excur-sion, apply to C. R. Mackenzie, 833 Cheet-nut Street, Philadelphia, Pa., D. D. Court-ney, T. P. A., B. & O., Reading, Pa. or agents of the B. & O. R. R., Wilmington, Del., or Chester, Pa. 3-t REMEDY FOR 3_t.

Excursion to Washington.

The Triennial Conclave of the Knights Templar will be beld in Washington, D. C., October 8th to 11th, 1889, and will be the largest gathering of its kind, ever held in this Constru Country. Excursion tickets will be sold to Washing-Excursion tickets on the B. & O. R. R.,

EXCURSION LICKETS will be sold to Washing-ton, from all stations on the B. & O. R. R., for all trains October 5th, 6th, 7th, and 8th, at rate of one fare for the round trip, valid for the return journey until October 31st, in-clusive. clusive. October is one of the pleasantest months in

the year to visit Washington, and inspect the magnificent public buildings, museums and Luray Passe B. & O. Guide I ed upor 3-t

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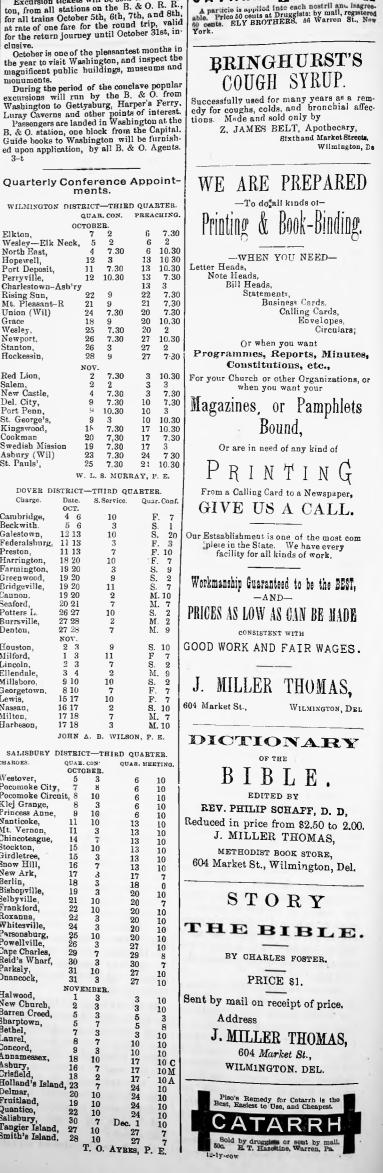
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PENINSULA METHODIST, OCTOBER 5, 1889.

The Sunday School.

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FOR SUNDAY, OCT. 2 Samuel 5: 1-12. 6th, 1889

BY REV. W. O. HOLWAY, U. S. N. [Adaptes' from Zion's Herald.]

THE TRIBES UNITED UNDER DAVID. GOLDEN TEXT: "Behold, how good and how pleasant it is, for brethren to dwell to-gether in unity" (Psalm 133; 1).

1. Then came-after the murder of Ishbos heth, which David indignantly repudiated by slaying his murderers, and giving the bead of the unfortunate king, which had been brought to him, honorable burial. The lameness and youth of Mephibosheth, Jonathan's son, and the only surviving male mem-ber of Saul's family, rendered him unfit for royalty, and left the way open for David. All the tribes-by representatives, chiefly the fighting men (see 1 Chron. 12: 23-40). This warlike deputation reached the total num-ber of 339,600 men. *Hebron*—the capital of Judah, about 3,000 feet above sea lovel, and one of the oldest cities in the world. Its earlier name was Kirjath-Arba. Spake-announced the threefold reason, why they had chosen him king over all Israel-their relationship to him, his proved valor, and the di-vine selection. Thy bone and thy fiesh-as common descendants of Jacob, the one family blood flowing in all the tribes Adam used a similar expression in addressing Eve, (Gen. 2: 23), and St. Paul uses the same ex pression, to describe the relation of the church to Christ.

2. Thou leddest out and broughtest in Israel. Under Saul, before the latter's jealousy ex iled him from court and camp, he had been the favorite leader of the armies of Israel. The people had not forgotten his military prowess. The Lord said to thee-an unrecord ed prophecy in respect of the terms here used. His kingship had been predicted (1 Sam. 16 1), but the words here used are peculiar. Shalt feed my people-"shalt shepherd my peo-ple," the first time this figure, so frequent in the prophets and in the New Testament, is applied to the governor of a people. Day id's early occupation may have suggested it. A captain-R. V., "a prince."

3. So all the elders-the spokesmen of the tribes. David made a league (R. V., "covenant") with them-a solemn compact, on his part, to rule faithfully according to the constitution of government, as defined by Moses and Samuel (1 Sam. 10: 25); on their part, of allegiance. Before the Lord-not merely a political, but a religious or theocratic, act. Anointed David .- This was his third anoint ing. Samuel anointed him first; the people of Judah had performed the act on the second occasion, for their own tribe, at Hebron; and now united Israel anoints him. For the three days' festivities which occurred on this occasion, the multitude present, the unani-mity and joy of the people, the tribute gifts to the new ruler, see the account as given in 1 Chron. 12: 23-40.

4, 5. Thirty years old-at the beginning of his reign in Hebron. He reigned over Judah seven years and a half, and was, therefore, about thirty-eight years old, when chosen king over the reunited Israel. The age of thirty, was regarded as the age of responsi bility. At this age, the Levites entered up-on their duties. Our Lord began His public ministry at the age of thirty.

6. King and his men-David and his army. Went to Jerusalem-to capture it. The expe dition was probably undertaken shortly after the anointing. The position of this Jebusite stronghold—on the border line between the rival tribes of Judah and Benjamin; its unrivaled military advantages—'a natural for-tress of almost impregnable strength;" and its central situation, doubtless, led David to seize upon it, and convert it into his capital. It consisted of both an upper and lower city. The latter had been captured from the Jebu-sites in the days of Joshua, by the men of Judah; the citadel, however, successfully resisted attack, and the lower city was, there fore, probably abandoned by its captors. Jebusites-a tribe of Canaanites, descendants of those who possessed the land before the advent of Abraham (Gen. 10: 16). Which spake unto David-in reply, probably, to his demand for the surrender of the city. Except thou take away the blind and the lame, ect.-Keil gives a better rendering: "Thon canst not come in hither; the blind and the lame will keep thee off." So secure did they feel in the strength of their citadel, that they tauntingly told David, that they did not need to man their battlements with warriors; the blind and the lame would be quite equal to the care of the defences. They had reason for their confidence, if we may accept Lieut. Conder's measurements. He makes the val-leys of the Kedron and Hinnom, 506 feet below the plateau on which Jerusalem is built; and at their junction 650 feet below. The Ordnance Survey map reduces these meas-urements fully one-third; but even in that case, the walls might reasonably be regarded as inaccessible. Zion was 110 feet bigher than Moriah, the site of the Temple.

'This choice of a capital was made by David, as elsewhere declared, under Divine direction (Dent. 12: 5-21; 1 Kings 11: 36). It was the place where the Lord had chosen to put His name (Psalm 78: 68)'' (Schaff). 7. Nevertheless-despite their confidence, and the strength of their position. David took . . . Zion-the first mention, in the Bi-ble, of this memorable name. Zion was probably the southwestern hill, overlooking the vale of Hinnom. The word "Zion" means, to be "arid," "dry," or "sunny." It was about sixty acres in extent on the top. City of David-the name by which it was probably known in the time of the writer.

8. David said .- This explains how the capture was effected. Whosoever getteth up to the guilter.—This exceedingly obscure passage is thus rendered by the Revisers: "Whoso-ever emitth the Jebusites, let him get up to the water-course, and smite the lame," etc. The following words in italics are omitted. They were probably imported from the par allel text (I Chron. 11: 6), to complete the sense. Geikie supposes that Joab and his followers, who were the first to reach the rampart, waded along a subterraneau aqueduct, which led to a shaft leading up to the citadel, "and, having ascended it, burst upon the townsmen where least expected, inside the town itself." Wherefore they saidfounding a proverb on the occurrence. The blind and the lame shall not come into the house -R. V., "There are the blind and the lame; he cannot come into the house;" a scornful

proverb, meaning that they were adequate to defend it, in a sarcastic sense [The writer begs leave to suggest that any

one who has had any experience with Eastern beggars (who are composed in part of "the lame and the blind"), their persistent demands for charity, and their maledictions when refused, can easily surmise what taunt and invective they would indulge in, if placed upon battlements supposed to be impregnable, and within earshot of an attacking army; and can thereby infer why these impotent wretches, whom we are taught to pity, should have been "hated of David's soul.'']

9. David dwelt in the fort (R. V., "strong hold")-made the citadel of Zion his residence or headquarters. Built round about from Millo-probably the name of the Canaanite fortress on the north. From this point, where the defences were the weakest. walls were raised and the circuit completed.

10, 11. David went on, and grew great-R. V., "David waxed greater and greater. Нe had the opportunity now, and had been taught by the discipline of past years, how to uso the opportunity wisely. And the Lord was with him .- The Revisers change "and" to "for " David "waxed greater" because he enjoyed the favor and blessing, of the Almighty Ruler of the hosts of heaven and the powers of earth. *Hiram*—in the Chronicles, "Huram." He was probably the father, or grandfather, of the Hiram who supplied to Solomon, the materials of the temple. This mention of David's palace is probably interjected here, in advance of the time, to show the sequence of events: 1. The place was taken; 2. The walls were built; 3. A palace of cedar was erected. But there were spaces of time between these events. Tyre-on the Mediterranean, northwest of Jerusalem, a Phenician city, distinguished for its commercial and mechanical enterprise

and wealth. Sent messengers-a friendly embassy. He could fornish just what David plied from David's home resources, owing to the demoralization and depletion of continued wars-materials and skilled labor Cedars doubtless from Lebanon, shipped to Joppa. "Three causes co-operated to bring Phenic

ia into close and friendly relation with Isra el: (a) The contiguity of the countries, and the short distance between their capitals; (b) similarity of language. Phenician so closely resembles Hebrew, that it must have been readily intelligible to the Israelites; (c) Tyre skilled workmen for the buildings, erected by David and Solomon" (Cambridge Bible). 12. David perceived-His spiritual perception revealed to him, the true source of his present prosperity. He had a clear idea that he had not risen to the throne by his own efsake-not for David's sake alone. God had chosen the Jewish people to be the repository of His promises, and the germ of a kingdom as wide as the race of man. It was to further God's far-reaching purpose, that David felt himself called to the throne.

Led by the Spirit.

"For as many as are led by the Spirit of God, they are thesons of God." (Rom. viii. 14).

All men are prompted and led by some dominating influence. As our hearts are carnal, and enmity against God, we are not naturally led the Spirit, but graciously if at all.

Many men are led by covetousness. Nothing moves them or draws them, unless it is in the direction of realizing their covetous aims. Covetousness is their pole star, and however the winds may compel them to tack, you may be sure the gains of covetousness is the objective point, and they will surely come about and head for this result.

Other men are led, and only led, by ambition. All they say in social or public life, all they write, is sowing to reap the harvest of ambition; and all they do of every sort of work, is done to realize ambitious hopes.

Some are led almost entirely by their prejudices. They will not listen to reason; they see no merit nor recognize any claims of any persons or plans, against which their prejudices are arrayed. On the other side no demerit, no damaging facts, no amount of discreditive evidence can keep them from supporting men or measures, which their prejudices lead them to approve.

Multitudes are led by the habits which they have formed, and they have no better reason to offer for their doing so, than that habit has made it agreeable to do or painful not to do. Men belonging to these classes cannot be "sons of God."

The distinguishing characteristic of a son of God is, that he is led by the Spirit of God. But the sinner refuses to be led; he "grieves," "quenches," and "re-sists" the Spirit. They mind the things of the flesh; but they that are after the Spirit, the things of the Spirit. The Spirit leads into all truth needful for salvation. What are the things or fruits of the Spirit? "Love, joy, peace, longsuffering, gentleness, goodness, faith, meekness, temperance." What gracious eading is this! The Spirit's paths are paths of peace, and all his ways are vays of pleasantness.

How spiritually beautiful and symmetrical is such a character! How fruitful and beneficent is such a life! It is as the path of the just, shining more and more unto the perfect day, and leads to fairer worlds on high. Come, Holy Spirit, and lead us to life eternal!-Western Christian Advocate.

The Bible in Literature.

From the Rev. Dr. Van Dyke's article in August Century, on "The Bible in Tennyson," we quote the following: "It is safe to say that there is no other book which has had so great an influence upon the literature of the world, as the Bible, And it is almost as safe-at least with no greater danger than that of starting an instructive discussion-to say that needed, and just what could scarcely be sup- there is no other literature which hus felt this influence so deeply or shown it so clearly as the English.

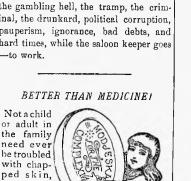
"The cause of the latter fact is not far to seek. It may be, as a discontented French critic suggests, that it is partly due to the inborn and incorrigible tendency of the Anglo-Saxon mind to drag religion and morality into everything. But certainly this tendency would never depended upon Palestine for its supplies of have taken such a distinctly hiblical form wheat and oil, and in return cent to Jernsa had it not been for the beauty and vigor lem its articles of commerce, and provided of our common English version of the Scriptures. These qualities were felt by the people even before they were praised by the critics. Apart from all religious prepossessions, men, and women, and children were fascinated by the native forts. He recalled all the way in which the power and grace of the book. The En-Lord had led him. For his people's Israel's glish Bible was popular, in the brondest sense, long before it was recognized as one of our noblest classics. It has colored the talk of the household and the street, as well as modeled the language of scholars. It has been something more

than "a well of English undefiled"; it has become a part of the spiritual atmosphere. We hear the echoes of its speech everywhere, and the music of its familiar phrases haunts all the fields and groves of our fiue literature.

"It is not only to the theologians and the sermon makers that we look for biblical allusions and quotations. We often find the very best and most vivid of them in writers professedly secular. Poets like Shakspere, Milton, and Wordsworth; novelists like Scott, and romancers like Hawthorne; essayists like Bacon, Steele and Addison; critics of life, unsystematic philosophers, like Carlyle and Rus--all draw upon the Bible as a treaskin ury of illustrations, and use it as a book equally familiar to themselves and to their readers. It is impossible to put too high a value upon such a universal volume, even as a purely literary possession.

Mr. De Pressense, in Harper's Magaine, speaking of French Protestant activity, says: "It finds the funds necessa ry to maintain, in spite of the suppression of state endowment, the scholarships in the seminaries connected with our two theological faculties at Paris and Montauban, which are in full prosperity, with a remarkable staff of teachers and many students. It largely supports all propagandist work, Bible societies, tract societies, evangelization societies. It develops year by year its evangelical mission society, which has exceeded the old fields of its missionary labors in the Basuto country, and extended its activity to the Banks of the Zambesi, and to most of our colonies. Protestant charitable institutions are innumerable: orphan asylums, deaf and dumb institutions, blind asylums, Laforce asylums for scrofulous and epileptic persons, a deaconesses' institute, homes for fallen women, the penitentiary establishment of St. Foy, help for prisoners and convicts, large subventions for church expenses-the budget of this charity is all-sufficient."

"What goes when the saloon goes?" inquires the Seattle Leader. The brothel the gambling hell, the tramp, the criminal, the drunkard, political corruption, pauperism, ignorance, bad debts, and hard times, while the saloon keeper goes -to work.



eruptions, pimples or blotches of any kind, which detract from the appearance and destroy one's comfort if they will use the famous Modified famous Modjeska Soap. It is truly a "luxury of luxuries," giving to the complex-ion a bright, clear look, and gratifying the user by its delicacy of per-fume. Mothers should keep far out of the reach of their children many of the soaps which are, to-day, man-ufactured to sell, and contain chemi-

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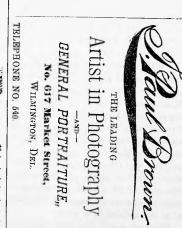
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The PENINSULA METHODIST will be sent from now until January 1 1891 to all new subscribers for only One Dollar. The Pastors of the Wilmington Conference are our authorized agents.

Enforcement of Law.

The North Philadelphia Association o. The North Philadelphia Association of Baptist Churches recently adopted a resolu-tion declaring that "until we can get prohi-bition by "Constitutional amendment" we shall favor local option, the restrictive feat-mes of the Brooks' law, anything or every-thing that will restrain, restrict, or prohibit the traffic in intoxicating drinks."

This is in harmony with the action of our own General Conference, at its last session in New York We reprint from the Appendix to the Discipline,

"The habitual nonenforcement of law, is an impediment in the way of all true moral and social reforms. We rejoice in the awakening sentiment among American people, in favor of a more rigorous enforcement of civil statutes. We are grateful to those eminent civilians in Chicago, New York City, and elsewhere who, in very conspicuous instances, within a few years, have so effectively vindicated the sanctions of law and government. We hold in profound veneration the heroic example of onr martyred brother, the Rev. George C. Haddock, struck down by an assassin's bullet while protecting society against saloon lawlessness; and, believing that one of the most important methods for promoting temperance is to enforce law, we call upon our people everywhere, without distinction of party, to lend their efforts for the faithful administration of the restrictive, suppressive, and prohibitory features of existing liquor laws."

Why may not all true friends of temperance and good morals, unite on this, "one of the most important methods of promoting temperance?" However divided in conviction on other methods, it would seem, we should be a unit here.

Missionary Intelligence.

Gospel in All Lands, a monthly magazine, giving information respecting the Mission work of the M. E. Church, and the progress of Christianity in All Lands. From 1880 to 1885, it was published as an undenominational missionary magazine; since May 1885, it has been the property and official organ of the Mis- of people in South Central Africa. Our sionary Society of the M. E. Church. children excel in the acquisition of lan-One copy \$1.50 a year; five copies or guages, and as faithful witnesses, are almore to separate addresses, \$1 25 apiece or to one address, \$1 a piece.

We think it will pay any church in large returns, to invest \$5, for one year's subscription for five copies of this most interesting magazine,

Subscriptions may begin at any time, but must close with December.

Little Missionary, is published monthly, at the same office, and will be found helpful in leading young people to take an intelligent interest in mission work. 25 cents a year, ten copies to one ad- Bickford, Ontario, Canada, both most afford to do without it.

dress, 75 cts.; twenty copies and over, to one address, 6 cts. each to separate addresses, 10 cents a piece.

The African News; this is Bishop Taylor's magazine, published by him for the diffusion of information respecting the work of the Lord in the Christianization of the Dark Continent; especially as promoted by his own self-supporting missions. All profits are sacred to the absolute needs of these missions. With a moderate allowance for outfit, transit

and temporary sustenance, these missions are expected soon to become entirely self-supporting and to contribute to the extension of the work into the regions beyond. In the September number, Bishop

Taylor gives a chapter from his early ministry in the mountains of Virginia, as well as latest news respecting his work iu Africa. THE PIONEER PARTY.

A retrospect of his first four years, in

his present difficult field, furnishes some very interesting facts. His first company consisted of eighteen men, seven women and sixteen children, forty-one in all; besides three adults and one child stationed at Mayumba, before the party reached Loanda. Three men, two women, and four children returned directly to America, and one young man died before the advance was made into the interior; thus reducing the pioneer party to thirty one.

Of these, Levi Johnion returned on account of ill-health and discouragement without entering into the work; C. A. Ratcliff, after two years of successful work, returned on account of the illness of his wife, and resumed work in the Maine Conference; C. L. Davenport. J. Wilks, his wife and daughter, returned to their home conferences, after three years successful preparatory work; Heli Chatelain, after mastering the Portuguese and Kimbunda languages, prepared a primer and grammur, and a translation of St. John's Gospel. With the Bishop's consent, he went home at the end of three years, to put these volumes through the press; C. M. McLean, after four years of successful work, reluctantly returned on account of the illness of his wife. Miss Nellie Mead aged 16, and her younger sister Edna, died in the Lord, after two years of active service; W. R. Summers, M. D., after three years of hard and faithful service, yielded up his valuable life on the altar of missionary devotion ; as also did Mrs. Mary Myers Davenport, M. D., about the same time.

This is a wonderful showing, in the matter of mortality. The Bishop says; "Of the doomed thirty-one men, women, and children, who dared to go with me into Africa, those two children, and those two eminent physicians, are the only ones who have died up to this day, (May 21 1889.) Glory to God!"

The loss of four by death, and nine by return, reduced this pioneer force to

eighteen. To the Governor General's inquiry, if he was encouraged with the results of his four year's work in Angola, Bishop

Taylor replied, "We have been subjected to many discouragements, but are not in the least discouraged." With the acquisition of the two lan-

guages named above, the missionaries have the keys with which to unlock the understanding of more than a million ready being used, to enlighten the dark minds of the native people."

The Bishop writes, "We are hoping for re-inforcements from America in July." In this, we are sorry to learn, this noble hero was disappointed, but we trust his earnest appeal will yet meet with hearty responses.

Two new missionaries sailed, June 24 to reinforce his missions on the Cavalla river, Miss Eliza Bates from Strong, Maine, and Miss. M. M. Dingman, from

admirably qualified for this difficult work. The News, is published at Vineland, N. J., under the direction of Dr. T. B. Welch, Bishop Taylor's assistant editor, for \$1 a year. Subscriptions received for both of these Magazines, at the Methodist Book Store, 604 Market St.,

Wilmington, Del.

Bro. Houston joined the Philadelphia Conference in 1832, when it included, the whole of New Jersey as well as the territory of the Wilmington Conference, and part of the Central Pennsylvania Conference. His health is fair, and he is usually present in the preachers' meeting, in Fletcher Hall Monday morning, taking a part in the discussions.

James B. Bond, a son of Thomas E Bond, M. D. who was editor of The Christian Advocate from 1840 to 1848, and again from 1852, till his death previous to 1856, died in New York, Wednesday. evening, Sept. 24, at the residence of his sister, Mrs. Harriet Skidmore, in the 75th year os his age. Mr. Bond never married. Hon. Judge Hugh L. Bond of Baltimore is another son of this distinguished editor.

International American Con-gress.

By invitation of the United States Government, a congress of delegates from nearly all the nations on our continent, convened in Washington, D. C., Wednesday, Oct. 2nd. The subjects for consideration are, in general measures to promote and preserve the peace and prosperity of these several states: in particular, to form au American CustomsUnion, to establish regular and frequent intercommunication between their several ports, to adopt uniform weights and measures, and laws to protect patent rights, and trade-marks, and for extraditing criminals, and to adopt a definite plan of arbitration for all desputes between the states, so as to prevent wars.

A Correction.

The stanzas on tobacco, by Rev. J. T. VanBurkalow, in last week's issue, were inserted at the instance of a friend, without the author's knowledge, he having recently repeated it in a conversation on the tobacco habit. It was written some years ago for a little boy to speak; and the stauzas given are only the first two of the piece, being about all that he could recall. He complains also, that in the first stanza, "use it," is printed instead of "chew it;" thus spoiling the rhyme.

Important Notice.

The PENINSULA METHODIST will be sent to new subscribers from now till January 1st, 1891, for \$1. We hope the pustors and our friends generally, will bring this liberal offer to the notice of those who are not subscribers, so that they may promptly forward their names and addresses, and receive its full benefit. FIFTEEN MONTHS for the price of one year's subscription.

If every reader will secure but one new subscriber, our subscription list will be doubled, and we shall be able to pay over \$360 to the Superannuate Fund, while every subscriber will get his money's worth, many times, in the weekly visits of this paper. Will not our brethren, the pastors, see that the list is doubled in every charge?

In most cases, a word or two, calling personal attention to it, will be all that is needed. Every new convert will find great help in the regular reading of its carefully prepared contents, while all who wish to be informed of the progress of the work within our bounds, cannot

Newark, Del., Last Sunday's exercises, in connection with the re-opening of the M. E. Church in this town, were worthy of special note. The little band of enterprising, devoted, and self-sacrificing Methodists have kept up their courage, while heavily depleted by removals, and not a little straightened by depression inbusiness affairs; with assiduous care, and loyal co-operation with their pastor, they have seen to it, that Zion should suffer no damage.

The need of remodeling and refurnishing their Sunday-school rooms was obvious; and upon the true principle, that what ought to be done, can be done, they essayed the undertaking, and a most complete success has crowned their faith and works.

The rooms have been rearranged, walls painted and ornamented with scripture texts, floors newly carpeted, comfortable settees and chairs replacing the old pews. The infant room, provided with cosy little chairs arranged in successive tiers, and neatly carpeted, is a most charming place for the little folks to meet in. Beside it, is a class room similarly attractive.

These improvements, with repavement in front of the church and some other items involved an outlay of \$1650, all of which had been secured before the re opening except \$550.

After a delightful love feast under the direction of Presiding Elder Murray, and a sermon by Rev. J. S. Willis contributions were solicited, and about \$400 were raised in cash and subscriptions. In the afternoon, brief congratulatory addresses were made in the Sunday school room by several ministers. Rev. Mr. Malone of the Presbyterian Church rather startled some of his hearers, by awarding to John Wesley the honor of originating the modern Sunday school | movement. Robert Raikes having instituted schools for secular instruction on the Lord's Day, while Mr. Wesley instituted schools for religious instruction on that day.

In the evening Dr. Jacob Todd of this city preached, and Bro. Willis presented an appeal for the \$150 balance, on the indebtedness. Though the responses were rather slow, and most of the givers had to give again, the entire amount was pledged, and the Doxology was sung with zest.

Independent Officialism.

Independent journalism appears to be penetrating to the very vitals of the Methodist Episcopal Church. It is not so much the local weekly papers we refer to, as the special society publications that have sprung up. Chaplain McCabe is rushing around to the annual conferences, shouting the praises of his World Wide Missions, and taking subscriptions by the thousand. Dr. Kynett has launched his church extension craft, Christianity in Earnest, saying we cannot get along without it, and appealing to every preacher and layman to subscribe for it. Now comes Dr. Hartzell with his Christian Educator, requesting editors to notice it, and laying plans to induce the membership of the Church to patronize it. To all this we demur not, provided the benevolent organizations which these publications represent are not made to suffer financially by the hazardous ventures.

But how about this? If we remember correctly the Manual was discontinued by the last general conference, because it was a dead load upon the treasury of the Church. Whether these publications, costing more than twice as much as the Manual, can be sustained without loss, may well be doubted. But finances aside, what on earth are the official papers published for if not to convey to the Church the information which these official secretaries seek to convey through these special channels? Must our people, in addition to their subscriptions to the official Advocates, pay fifty cents to learn about the work of Christian education in the south, and fifty cents more to get the particulars con-

cerning church extension ? Who authorized these brethren to issue these magazines? Did the general conference? Did the book committee? Did the several managements of our benevolences? Meantime, are they "official" because conducted by officials? If not official, how in the world can our official editors hereafter cry out against independent journalism in the Church? If officials cannot meet the literary demand of officials, how can they expect to meet the ten-fold greater demands of the Church for fresh local news and lively notes? Truly, the necessity for independent jourpalism is practically conceded by the officials themselves .- Michigan Christian Advocate.

4

Salisbury District.

On the wharf at Crisfield, looking for "cooner" to go to Smith's Islands, and found her in the dock bearing the name of James G. Blaine. Halloo! captain, are you from Smith's. "Yes." Can you take me over? "Yes," I told Bro. Jaggard I'd carry you." How long before you start? "Right soon, now; we'll be off in about ten minutes, get aboard." I got aboard, sat down on "the house", opened my satchel, took out a spool of cotton, made a nose-glass guard, and made the glasses fast through the buttonhole of my vest. Then I took out the Christian Advocate, and went at it. "Did we get off?" No; nor did I expect to; as one can never tell when a pungy captain is going to start- You may go in two minutes, two hours, or you may not go at all. There are times, when you might go up town a mile, stay for supper, read the evening paper, and walking down to the boat, find the captain just as you left him, ready to go in ten minutes. Then again, at other times, it would not be safe for you to go one hundred yards; for to do so might result in your being left. Your only safe plan is to go aboard, and be contented till the captain gets ready to go. These captains are all a good set of fellows to tie to, but you must let them go their own way, and take their own time to go. The driver of a horse can go at will; but the sailing craft must wait for wind and tide; and the captain knows more about these than we "land lubbers" do.

These island people are a warm-hearted slice of humanity, and full of hospitality and good cheer. Each fellow has the best boat, and is a better sailor than the other fellow. After about two hour's sail, two sounds were heard, that once heard are never forgotten. The one was the sound of the anchor chain, and the other, that caused by the hoops sliding down the mast. The one is a sort of clink, clink, and the other a cluck cluck said so fast, as to make a clink roar and a cluck roar.

As we stepped into the skiff, we asked how far we were from the parsonage. 'About four miles," answered the captain; on we went, and such a go. The boy and the captain took turns at "shoving." We landed on a point of marsh, almost a mile from the parsonage, and into mud, water, and marsh, we waded on by night, toward "a light in the window for me."

Held quarterly conference Saturday, at 2 p. m., and went out on the Sound, to go fishing. Did I say "New York?" No. Did I "pay my respects to Nep. tune?" No. But while sister Jaggard held her hand over her mouth, lest she might pay such respects, and said, "O Will, don't you see how sick the Elder is, why don't you take him home". Then the doctor opened a clam, and

I held it before sister Jaggard, while she covered her face, saying, "O, don't show me that." Preached twice on Sunday, and had a

good time. Sailed away, this, Monday morning, and came home.

The people at Smith's Island have put the parsonage in good order, so that Bro. Jaggard has a comfortable home. The island is in need of deep driven wells.

Bro. Corkran is having a blessed revival; sixty at the altar, Sunday night. T. O. AYRES.

PENINSULA METHODIST, OCTOBER 5, 1889.

Conference Rews.

PREACHERS' MEETING in Fletcher Hall, last Monday morning, J. Dodd, president H. W. Ewing, secretary; devotions led by J. L. Houston.

A communication was received from A Cowgill, Esq., of Dover, Del., respecting the relies of the Conference Historical Society, and referred to the committee previously appointed on that matter.

The order of the day, an interchange of views on "Co-operation in revival work," was taken up, and remarks were made by J. Todd, H. W. Ewing, V. S. Collins, L. E. Barrett, A. T. Scott, A. Stengle J. T Van Burkalow, A. Thatcher, J. L. Honston, R. I. Watkins, and A. P. Bailey. Rev. H. F. Isett, of the Philadelphin Con-

ference, pastor of our church in Marcus Hook Pa., was introduced, and made a few remarks. On motion of Bro. VanBurkalow, our visiting brother was unanimously invited to attend our meeting, as often as he may find

it convenient. Curators announced the following orders; for Oct. 7th, a sermon by Bro. R. I. Wat-kins; 14th, A discussion on "Total prohibition, partial prohibition, or no prohibition; which?" to be opened by T. S. Thomas; 21st

"Perils threatening our country on account of our educational systems," a paper by Rev C. A. Grise; 28th, A review of "My Religion" by J. Dodd. Other brethren present were, W. E. Tom-

kinson, J. D. C. Hanna, T. C. Smoot, W. E. Avery, T. N. Given, and J. R. Dill. Adjourned with benediction by Bro. Isett.

The congregation at Claymont is highly

delighted with its pastor, Rev. W. E. Tom kinson. Sunday morning, Sept. 22d, he preached an able sermon from the text, "Likewise, reckon ye also yourselves to be dead indeed unto sin, but alive unto God through Jesus Christour Lord." Rom. 6-11.

It is regretted by the comparatively small congregation, that the salary is not higher, and more in accord with the excellent preach ing, with which we are favored.

The Sunday-school numbers *0 scholars with an average attendance of 60. Mr. Abner Vernon is superintendent, and

Mrs. A. V. Sloan has charge of the Infant class. There is a dearth of pure and undefiled re

ligion in the neighborhood, and an old fashioned revival is needed. When will it come? OSCEOLA.

SCOTT, WIL., V. S. Collins, pastor .- Last Sunday was a day of very special interest. After an appropriate sermon, in the morning on Church membership, sixty-eight approved probationers, were received as full members At night, two members were received on certificate, and one on probation.

Revival services began last Sunday in Brandywine, Mt. Salem, and Epworth. At Mt. Salem, there was one peniteut, and one conversion. At Epworth, six penitents, and two conversions.

Upon the return of the Rev. T. E. Terry from his vacation, his congregation gave him a cordial reception at the parsonage in Dover. A delightful evening was enjoyed by the large company present; the choir rendered some fine selections ; and choice refreshments were served.

Rev. W. F. Corkran at Asbury, near Crisfield, Md., is having a fine revival. A new church is to be built at Powellville,

Rev. J. W. Gray, pastor. Excellent revivals at several points on Parsonsburg charge, G. W. Bowman, pastor. T. O. AYRES.

The "B. C. Warren Chapel' on Deal's Island will be dedicated, Oct. 6th, (D. ∇ .,) Rev. J. D. C. Hanna will do the preaching, and "pull the eye teeth." Bro. Warren has a fine revival, and sixty-four have professed conversion. "Church slive, praise the Lord."

The Principio Furnace Auxiliary to the W. F. M. S., Charlestown ct., will send two delegates to the annual Branch Meeting, to be held in Baltimore, Oct. 9-11th.

zed in this place, and a Loyal Legion is in prospect. G.

Priucipio, Md.

CECILTON, MD. Oct. 2nd-The workmen finished putting on the roof of the new church last week. This week the painters will finish their work on the tower ; the floor is being laid, and the building will then be ready for the plasterers. Effort will be made to get it plastered this

month. м.

Port Penn, Del. DEAR BRO. THOMAS .--- With our "Metho dist Anniversary" the work at Port Penn began to boom; enlarged congregations; three conversions, and one young lady seeking; the church praying "Thy Kingdom come;" conviction spreading, and people talking re-vival. We are going into the conflict with large faith; for our Commauder, Jesus, has never yet lost a battle. Pray for us, that our anticipations may be realized, and pray ers answered in the salvation of many souls

Last Friday, Misses Annie and Maggie McMullen, daughters of our aged and below ed brother, Wm. McMullin of our church, were driving a very spirited horse, along the canal road in Delaware City, when it suddenly took fright at a white mule coming up the tow-path, and plunged into the canal dragging the carriage and its occupants into the deep water. The horse sank immediate-ly with the vohicle, leaving the ladies flound-ering in the water. Not being able to swim, they soon became exhausted in their efforts to keep from sinking. Miss Maggie, coming up the second time, caught a robe that had floated out of their carriage, and managed to keep up until help arrived. They were both greatly prostrated when rescued. Miss Annie sustained several severe braises, but no serious results are apprehended. As there were no small boats where the accident occurred, it was some time before the ladies could be rescued from their perilous position

The loss of the valuable horse, is of small consideration to our dear brother, when he thinks of the narrow escape of his daughters the light of his home, and the joy of his de clining years. May it please God to spare Bro. McMullin many years to his family, who take such delight in caring for their venerable parent.

FRED E. MCKINSEY

W. C. T. U. Notes.

A temperance prayer meeting was held by the W. C. T. U., of Wyoming, Sept. 3rd, to implore God's blessing upon a discouraged Union, whose members had requested the Wyoming sisters to hold the service. The Milford W. and Y. are meeting togeth

er, preparatory to the annual State Convention, to be held in that place, the 16, 17 and 18 of Oct. Miss Bett Smithers and Miss Laura Bell,

earnest members of the Christian Endeavor Society of the M. E. church have been aupointed superintendents of the Smyrna Loy al Legion. The Lewes readin groom has been present

ed with a number of good books. Friday, Sept. 20th, was celebrated by the Kenton W. C. T. U., in honor of their first anniversary. Mrs. Julia Tomkinson addressed the members of the Union in the after

noon, and spoke in the evening at the pub lic meeting held in the M. E. Church. In troductory remarks were made by the pastor, Rev W. W. Sharp, who had charge of the music. Mrs. Tomkinson, and Mrs. Sharp. president of the Union, secured eight new members by a canvass of the audience.

The Hockessin Union held one of its enjoy able parlor meetings, at the home of Dr. T S. Mitchell, the evening of August 24th.

There will be a W. C. T. U. booth at the State Fair, in charge of the Dover, Camden, and Wyoming Unions. Arrangements are being made for tasteful decorations; and it is desired, that all W. C. T. U. visitors to the grounds will call, and help make the Booth а эпссека

WHITE RIBBON

From Sharptown, Md. For several weeks we have been deprived

of the services of our pastor, Rev. E. H. Derrickson, and to-day he has left for Balti more. He has an ulcerated eye, and as it is nearing the iris and may reach the pupil, his physician advised him to apply to a skilled optician. Rev. Joseph H. Bell, of Galestown preach

ed for us, last Sunday morning, and Rev. S. J. Baker, of Barren Creek at night. The M. E. Mite Society met at Levin T. Cooper's, Monday night. Good collections were reported, and the Society is in a pros

perous condition. This society is formed entirely of ladies and does most effective work for the church.

Concord, Del.

Sunday, Sept. 14th was a grand day in some of our churches on this circuit. In the absence of the pastor, Rev. W. J. DuHadway, of Seaford, preached at Cokesbury in the morning, and at Asbury in the afternoon; administering the sacrament of the Lord's Supper at each place; both preacher and people enjoying themselves greatly. The next Sunday there was preaching at St. Thomas' in the morning by the pastor, from Luke 12, 20; at Carey's 3 p. m., from 1 Tim 3, 16; and at Elliott's 7.30 p. m., from the

same text. Last Sunday, the pastor preached at Cokesbury 10 a. m., at Asbury 2.30 p. m.; and Bro. W. J. Tindall, at Cokesbury, at 7.30 p. m., revival service, led by the pastor following.

At three of our churches revival meetings are in progress, and we expect to begin an other, at Asbury next week. We are look ing for the outpouring of the Holy Spirit and bolieve that we shall not be disappoint-

We cherish a very pleasant memory of the preachers' meeting in Fletcher Hall, where we grandly enjoyed ourselves; but time and space forbid our expatiating further.

Your brother, W. E GRIMES.

Wilmington District.

NEWARK had a great day Sept. 29th, at the reopening of their Sunday-school room, the repairs of which cost them about \$1600. The whole amount was provided for in cash and subscriptions. Rev. J. S. Willis preached in the morning, and Dr. Jacob Todd in the evening. At the Sunday-school jubilee in the afternoon, Rev. Mr. Malone, pastor of the Presbyterian church, and the venerable Dr. Vallaudingham took part. The day was fine, the sermons extraordinary, and the liberality of the people surpassed expectations. Bro. Browne and his co-laborers are rejoicing in their woll earned success.

CHERRY HILL & UNION, in the absence of their pastor, Rev. T. A. H. O'Brien, have been regularly supplied. Bro. O Brien and wife have returned, after a very pleasant va cation spent in Tennessee with his parents and former friends; finding the work, well advanced, which had been begun on Cherry Hill charge before they left home.

There is a bright prospect of a grand revival at Union. Bro. Weaver, one of the oldest members there, and a class leader has passed away.

ST. JOHN'S, on Zion circuit has one quar terly meeting a year. Last Sunday evening the church was filled with an intelligent and appreciative audience, made up largely of young people. Bro. Hynson, the pastor, expects soon to begin his extra services at this place, and the outlook is very favorable.

Salisbury District.

The new Methodist Episcopal Church at Pittsville will be dedicated, (D V.) Sunday, Oct. 6th. Dr. Reed, president of Dickinson College will preach on that occasion. Who will send me \$10, to help pay for the hand-some little church? Last Sunday was spent in part on Quantico charge, where the work is in good condition, and growing like a healthy boy. They all love Bro. E. Davis and his family, and thus show their ability to appreciate highly cultured Christian char The old rose bush has put on new life, and Quantico is showing its old time glory. Many improvements have been made about the parsonage, and more are to follow; among which are a new kitchen and store coom, a new fence, and that modern blessing deep driven well. So the pastor will have good water, free from surfact drainage.

There are some old habits and old relics of the days of tallow candles and "Bible bangers," that need to "go"; and I purpose open ing the door and giving them a chance to leave. The congregations where the relics remain will know who I mean; but no names will be given, so there will be no personal thrusts. I am going to tell, from time to time, if I find churches clean or dirty. There are too many soiled floors, dirty pulpits, and oo much spider's web lace, in some of our churches. Many are clean and well kept, but not all. I saw a church, not long since where an old red spittoon was spending the days of its superannuation on a shelf in the pulpit, and by its side, resting from its labors, was an inverted glass tumbler.

The "Bible banger", stamper, and bawler, the spittoon, pitcher and glass, ought all to go, as the candle and snuffers went, because of the incoming of better inventions. The audience of to-day is offended, when it "hears a robastions peri-wig-pated fellow tear a passion to tatters, to very rags, to split the ears of the groundlings." To be a Christian, means to he clean inside and out. The Church is the people's parlor, where they go when they put on their Sunday clothes; and it is also the house of God, and should be kept clean, and be the home of clean souls.

Brother J. A. Brewington, pastor at Reid's Wharf, Va., has held a festival and corner stone laying, which netted about \$50. Bro. stone laying, which netted about \$50. Bro.
 A. S. Mowbray was present, and did his usual good work. It will be remembered that the church at Reid's Wharf, came to us, in an unfinished condition, from the M. E.
 Church South, and was named "Melson M
 E. Church" in bonor of our stalwart prohibit to the rof Bishopville, Worcester Co.
 Md.
 Bro. Hazzard hopes Bro. Ayres "won't be offended", etc. No indeed, Bro. Hazzard. A man who strikes out as I do ought to be will.

ing to stand up and take as good as he sends I like to be hit hard; what a funny little thing I could tell just here; something about a camp meeting. This old head of mine will remember things of the past. T. O. AYRES.

Presiding Elder Murray received this note

Monday morning Sept., 23. Bro. W. L. S. MUBRAY,-Silverbrook made her fight; the battle was severe, but victory has perched on her banners this morning. Wo raised \$650 by collections, and \$50 mor is pledged conditionally, if we buy the lot; making a total of \$700 for the day. We are all happy.

Yours sincerely, Jos. W. Colev.

From India.

DEAR BRO. THOMAS,-I am sending you special No. of the Indian Witness, with Bishop Thoburn's letter, in regard to the district now specially open to evangelism. How I wish I had the language! I would love to go there at once. Am also sending you two of the Bishop's tracts; these are to be weekly. The Bishop is at it all the time; and with all his might. He preached two grand sermons during Conference. All well, except a little of India fever.

Yours in Christ, G. F. HOPKINS. Aug. 31st., 1889.

The young people of our church in New ark, Del., organized an Epworth League, Thursday night of last week. It will meet fortnightly; and arrangements are making for a course of lectures, one each month, from the present, through the winter.

ODESSA, DEL., R. C Jones, pastor .- Fifteen approved probationers out of a class of eighteen, were recently received into church membership, in this charge. Bro. Jones' daughters arranged for a pleas

ant surprise on his birthday, Wednesday of last week; and a most enjoyable evening was spent in the parsonage, in the company of a few friends.

Notice

A meeting of the Conference Executive Board, of the Woman's Home Missionary Society of the Wilmington Conference, will be held in Fletcher Hall, 604 Market Street, Friday afternoon. Oct. 11th. All the members of the Board are urged to he present, as business of importance needs their attention.

MILFORD, DEL.,-The improvements on our church in this town have been begun. Contracts have been made for slating and coppering the tower, and also for frescoing the interior.

DELMAR DEL -Revival services are being held at St. George's on this charge. There have been several conversions to date; and the altar is filled nightly with seekers after the great salvation. Every department of our church work is prosperous, despite the depressing times. While the pastor was preaching at St. George s. Tuesday night of last week to a full house, a huge black snake crawled from under a pew where several ladies were sitting, to the centre of the church, and caus ed no little commotion in the audience. There is a very old record about a serpant in terfering with the peace of the Lord's people.

Dedication.

The new and beautiful Ayres M. E. Church, Pittsville, Md., will be dedicated for Divine worship, to-morrow, Oct. 6th. Rev. Geo. E. Reed, D. D., LL. D, President of Dickinson College, will preach the dedicatory sermon; Presiding Elder T. O. Ayres and Rev. T. E. Martindale participating in the all day service.

These we will use for Singing Classes, Choira, &c, SONG HARMONY, 60cts, 56 doz. ROYAL SINGER, 60cts, 56 doz. JEHOVAH'S PRAISE, 51, 89 d. z. For Graded Schools. Do you suffer from scrofula, salt rheum, or other humors? Take Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier. 100 doses one dollar. JEHOVAH'S PRAISE, 51, 69 d z. For Graded Schools. SONG MANUAL Book 1, 30 ets, 53 doz, " 2, 40 ets, 54.20 doz " 3, 60 ets, 54.50 doz. Choir and nuisieni acoletica. EMERSON'S EASY ANTHEMS, 50 ets, 7.20 doz ANTHEMS, 50 ets, 7.20 doz ANTHEMS OF PRAISE, 1, 9 doz The above 5 books are by LO Emerson, one of the best Hiring complicated music books. The music by many composers CHILO.RENS SCH - OL SONGS, 55 ets 3 60 doz Fri les meetings and Suuday schools Fri les meetings and Suuday schools Britter IN SONG, Emerson. 40 ets 4 20 doz Ordor PRAISE, Tutchins, 40 ets 4 20 doz Ordor PRAISE, Thennoy & Hoffmana 35 360 dz Condor y List which please send for 1,000 please octavo music, sacred, secular, anthems, pleas, part-songs, etc, 5 to 10 ets each.

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Take the B & O. flyers from Delaware Ave. Station to the National Capital. Excursion Tickets \$3.25, sold for all trains October 5th to 8th good until October 31st. For time of trains see B. & O, time table in other solter. other column.

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Marriages.

CAREY-BRADLEY.- Sept 1889, at the District parsonage, at Dover Del., by Rev. J. A. B. Wilson, D.D., John T. Carey of George-town, Del., and Mary A Bradley of Sharp-town, Md.

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Wine is a mocker; strong drink is raging and whosoever is deceived thereby is not wise.—At the last it bitch like a scrpent, and stingeth like an adder.—Scripture.

Oh ! thou invisible spirit of wine, if thou hast no name to be known by, let us call thee devil.—Shakespearc.

"Prohibition."

DEAR BRO. THOMAS: Free discussion is what we want, and I am thankful to you for allowing it in your excellent paper. I think however you are a little too much attached to party, as I was, to see clearly. The only difference between us is I've got the scales off my eyes soon. er than you; and like Bishop Haven, you may think I'm ahead of the times. Of course we expect you to be progressive, as an editor, and to bring your readers up to the advanced thought of the age.

You ask me to read the article again. I generally do read carefully, two or three times. I now read again, and find I've made no mistake. "Partial prohibition, i. e., "license high, or low." So you may see the writer explains partial prohibition, as being license, high or low. Partial prohibition is license, and license is a sin (?) against God and man.

"Is it not paying a costly price." Yes it is, and so is the license system; not only in the waste of money, but the loss of sixty thousand souls, annually.

"Total prohibition" "makes lamentaably slow progress." Yes, and the prin-cipal reason, as it seems to me, is, there are so many men like the editor, who cannot see their duty as clearly as some others. If it makes slow progress, that progress is sure, for its advocates are of the very best material.

I am glad that Bishop Merrill is the only Bishop in our Church, to advocate license, for restrictive measures mean license. Bishops Foss and Hurst stand as peers of Bishop Merrill; and indeed as I think a little higher than he, because they stand firmly on the temperance question, as defined in the appendix of our Discipline.

Some people think Mr. Bradly has declared his disappointment, for the purpose of stirring up the temperance people; others think his mind has become weakened. If what he writes is true, I believe he, like many in the church, has become a backslider. I do not wonder at this; for Judas betrayed Christ, and Peter denied him with an oath.

"There are many, even among temperance men, who may be in favor of prohibition, but not in favor of its enforcment." You are right, but such men are of the milk and water kind, and ought to be read out of the temperance ranks. We have too "many" such men in the

church, now, who are a disgrace to it. and ought to be excluded.

"Let us by all means, place every possible obstacle in the way of this work of ruin." I say amen to that. "We think there is need of a revival

in the matter of respect for law both human and divine;" to this we respond with all our heart. Let us have good laws and heavy penalties attached, let all friends of law and order, see that the laws are obeyed, and very soon a brighter day will dawn upon us

W. B. Gregg.

Senator Ingall's Views.

Senator Ingalls cannot be considered in any quarter a temperance fanatic. He has the reputation, whether justly or unjustly, of being a cool, somewhat cyn. yet, friend." ical and sardonic statesman, who does not "enthuse," as the modern expression is, over any issue, much less such an issue as the temperance question. And yet this is what he says, in a carefully written paper in the Forum, written with full appreciation of the recent pray." defeats, which prohibition has suffered in some of the States, and a full and intricate knowledge of its workings in his own State. His words are full of weight | liam, the shoemaker.-Sunday Words.

ation of the law in Kansas, he says: "The habit of drinking is dying out. Temptation being removed from the young and the infirm, they have been fortified and redeemed. The liquor-seller, being proscribed, is an outlaw, and his vocation is disreputable. Drinking, being stigmatized, is out of fushion, and the consumption of intoxicants has enormously decreased. Intelligent and conservative observers estimate the reduction at ninety per cent.; it cannot be less than seventy-five. The increase in the number of internal revenue stamps sold by the collector from year to year, is explained by the fact, that they are required by all druggists, and many of them are repetitions and renewals for short terms. The places where liquors are sold, legally and illegally, have been reduced from one for every 674 of the entire population, in 1880, to one for every 2,220 in 1888.

and significance. Concerning the oper

"Since the adoption of the amendment, four general elections have been held, and at each of them, the people have repeated their adhesion to the principle, by the election of legislatures pledged to prohibition. The result is generally accepted as an accomplished fact. Hostility has practically been subdued. Prohibition prohibits. The prediction of its opponents has not been verified; emigration has not been repelled, nor has capital been diverted from the State.

"One of the most significant and extraordinary results is the diminution of crime in the State. At the January term of the District Court of the county in which the capital is situated, there was not a single criminal cause on the docket. Many city and county prisons are without a tenant. The number and percentage of the convicts in the State penitentiary have been remarkably diminished.

"From comparison of the results in Kansas with those existing elsewhere, the conclusion is irresistible in favor of prohibition. It can be efficiently and successfully enforced. It does not retard the growth nor injure the resources of the people. Its operations practically cease with the closing of the saloon, leaving personal liberty unimpaired. It exonerates the State from complicity and participation in the most formidable agencies of its own destruction.

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"How is it that you never signed before?"

"I did sign it, but I keep it differently from what I did before, friend." "How is that ?"

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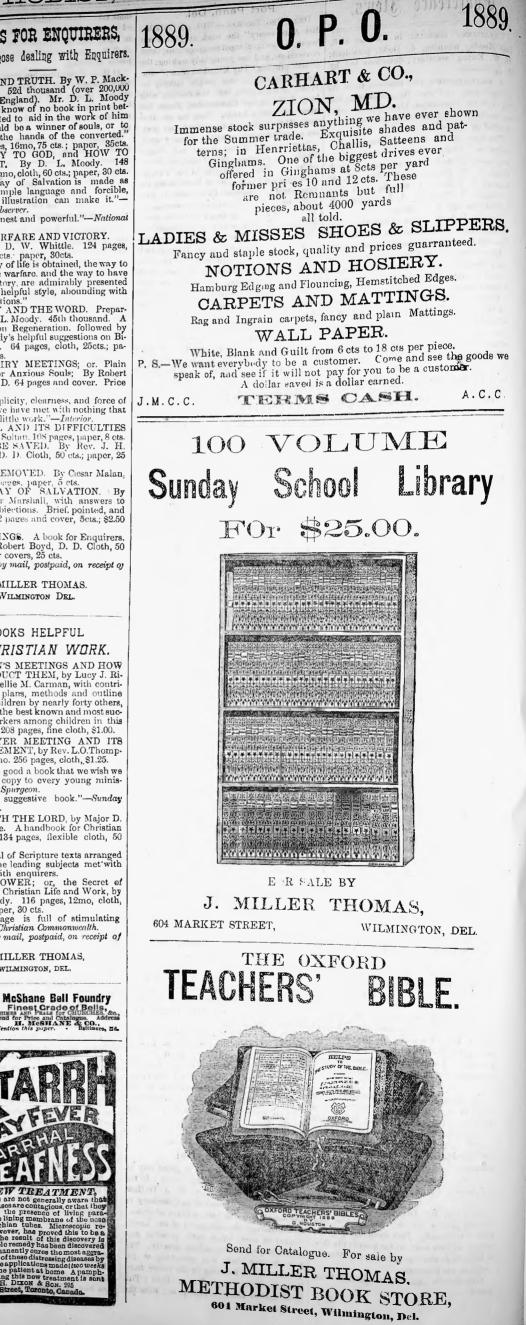
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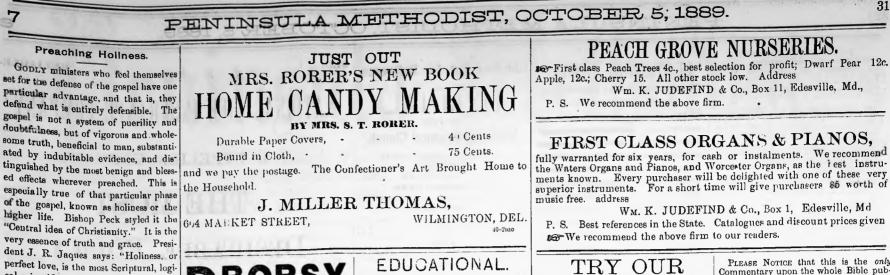
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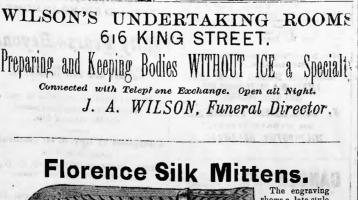
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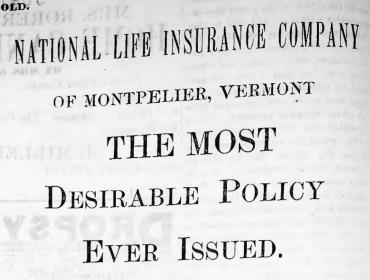
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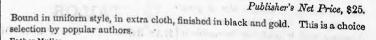
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