2
PENNINSUIA MEIFIODIST, DHOHIMEFE 26, 1885.

## ฮemprramer.

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## 

## Temperance in the Bible.

Who wne the fire drunknel? Grmatis 20.21.

Who took the finst temperince platye. Judges xiii. 13.15.
Did nuybudy mentionel in the Bible Cver take a
Danicl F
Was he any heallhier aud censequence" Daniel i. $15,1 \%$
Ought kinge to driuk wine: Prov. xxxi, f.
Trunkardè \& canke companions of Can any drunkard enter the kiugdom of heaven! 1Cor. vi. 9.10 .
Does God pronounce woe uphn drumkards? Isiais x. 11, \%2.
Why has He pronieel this woe? Isa, xxviii. 7,8 .

Are drunkards likely to get rich. Prov. xxi. 18.
What are the consequences of drinking? Prov. xxiii. 29. 30.

## How may we aroid the

 Prov. xxxiii. 31.What will be the r
his: Prov. xxiii 21.
Prov. xx. 1 .
Where wns def $f$ n
Jer. xsx. $\overline{5}$, 6 .
What blesting did (iod pron ounce upon the first temperance society? Jer. xxxy. 18, 19.
It temperance a viee" Gal. $x$. . 2 2 2.

Tobacers, and cpitan were nut known when the Bible was written, so they are not mentioned hy mame in the Bible but "there anything in the Bitle that gov-
(rns all temperance hatbite" Roon. xiv.

## Local Option in Maryland.

- 

Cothe EhroronThe Inmpmonet
Iete Sir, In answer to your iator of
October 0 d d, 1 have to state that we now have local option in some twelve counties of our state with the exception of rome four election distriets and a nummubably copualine the in other counties, ancher county. The total number of hiibition haz leen ohtainel liy means of lucal option. Our poliey hitio leen as a uke, to oltain fur each county a di-tinct taw, requiring a vote to twe taken on the
quation of prohibition, and cither the Werergate majurity of the whole county so detersme the putetion, or the majoririly, sonte coumice havin": illoptel the whe methorl aud some the wher. But er, we have never provided ly the matour laws that there should be at second vote. Fo that, if prohibition is gained uatil another special act of the leuisins ture is obtained for a re-vote. In learly :all of our counties where prohibition has reen thus secured, it has worked well and the laws have lxeen gonerally well enfurced. In a number of counties, where
the guestion has been subnitted the secwhe gucetonn after haring tried ted the sece od ther, after haring tried l-rulibition been, on the secome trial, has zenerally creased vote for prohibition: and there have benl but two exceptione to thi be was in a county where the law was rery feeble one, and muder one or allowed to sell alucht withuegests were and by reason of which dourestriction greatly multiplied, and lecame, for the

 This was pusvel, merrover, its the firt vove of the comamenconem in $\mid$ Ni. $\mid$ and reparaled nhout a your nther it hand kune inte opration mad when the rentiment Was net mearly wo strong for prohibition
 a very strimgent fiestise law tu the voters in the alternative. The uther exerption was the case of a county where the fan
was adopted in [sso. by a Yery small majority, and that by throwith ont on district for irngularity or frated, and hut for which, our uppenents claim, the law would have been defented. Here anan in any other county of the state; the officers themselves seeming not to be in eympathy with it, aud some of theln strughy "pposel. And ather a trial thereaf for four vears it wat.
mision latst Fall, repealed.
I send you a copy of a local option tract, containing strong testimony, and that from our best citizens representing different busincss arucations as to the us. I may briefly say that it has emptied, in a number of cases, our jnils and almshouses, and in others greatly decreased the number of their inmates. It has also greatly decreased the inmates of our penitentiary; it has appreciated property, lesoned taxes, and has heen, gener-
ally, the great promoter of peace, happially, the great prome
We commenced this work in 1873 by he organization of the Maryland State Temperance Alliance, which was a prohibitory association from the beginning; its main object, as stated in its constituhion, being the prohbition
licensed liguor traffic lyy law.

Our local ontion muvement has never been strictly a political one; and yet we
have sumetimes interrogated candidates, and vuted for those answering favorably or for those whom we knew to be in swmpathy. In other cales having created a
strong publie sentiment, the pincipte has been vielded by larislatures for counties through petitioning or otherwise and where the question has not been previously introduced or agitated in the political campaign. At first the politicians looked upon the measure with a to it, some of them very bitterly. Nor as a rule, have they ever been in favor recently, have come out publicly for it, and for the reston that the police has becone such a pupular one with us.
had, tis to the expord reate that we have hibition within the latet of lwated pro Would gratly ficiliate the phasare of ulmitted.

The rum power did not antaronize var effirt so much at first; but within aw we were making such strung whey upun them in the state, they become : larmel, mure active nud more thoroughand jut fort to defeat prohibition than formerls. muber of temprerauce men in the be ly many of thaer losol aloof, especialance siseictics, who lelieved to tempersuasion alone, exered through their
litle rociutien, by ittle nociuties, lyy recuing the interueir
 We, therefore, foumblat fint thes wous fint half dozen years of people, for the almel from any other our trugerec, at continued sucectisist, and the sere yet our enamating therefigo, and the guod resolts, ized the movenent that scarcely propar can be foum tuywhere throuty a man state who makes any clain at all af the ing a temperance man who does hat no Bal.fimorse, Mor protibition.

## Maximues.



huw heriure the moble mind

Who leares that

## may le: hard to guil, nuds still To keep, a lowly, stendfiust heurt;

## To keep, a lowely, stendidian

orfons it in to wear the crown
of a diserved and pure sureess;

Breat may he be whe can command And rule with just and tender swa iet is diviner wixdutn taught
better by him that can ohey.
Bleseed are those who die for ciod, And earn the nurtyr's erown of 1
int he who live for dood may be
$A$ greater contucror in Mis wight.

## Honest Young Abe, A Lesson

## For All.

When Abraham Lincoln was a very
roung man and very poor he was appointed postmastcr in New salem, a hard struggle to get bread and a hard struggle to get bread and
butter, and was at the same time trying butter, and was at the same time trying
to study law. One day a post-office agent came round to collect a balance due to the Washington office from the New Sa Iem office. The bill was seventeen dollars and sixty cents. Dr. Heary a friend of "poor Abe," happened to fall in with the agent, andwas as sure as could be, that he had nothing in his pockets to pay it with. Ife went, therefore, to the oflice in order to lend him the money, or offer to lend it.
When the agent presented the draft Lincoln asked the man to sit down, and at down himself with a very puzzled look upon his face. He then stepped out, came back with an old stocking , nod his arm. This he untied, and poured upon the table a quantity of small silver coin and "red cents." These they count-
ed; exactly seventeen dollars und sixty cents, just the anount called for; and morcover, it was the rery money called up the money and pent it by ter had tied ing the legal cenll to give it up. time, any money that is not mine. Th money I knew belonged to the govera ment, and I had no right to exchange or That is the purpose of my own.
That is the right and true ground 1 care, never touch it, never use it, I atm not now talking about cheating or stealthe intention of returning it. Money in rust should always be kept apart from neglecting this, and not makined. By neglecting this, and not making grood the
money when the payday came, mans a man has lost the confidence of his fellownen, and damaged his integrity beyond just using it. It it casier, perhaps, to may than tokecp it; easy enough too, one for. All the make it good when called can slide into shows how maturally one had al rood looke habits. If anybody dolla grood excuse for using seventeen dollars and sixty cents of Government money, Mr. Iincoln had when he was a or " 10!' 'That is any and many a time! But boys, $\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{o}}$, no! the strictest integrity, and not a jot lesse. The Child's Paper

It has heen said that true religion will than and the a more thorough gentlen:an rut: Yue courts in liurope. And it is ais thou may see simple laboring men simply becamse they tave ats any duke Gal; nud, fearing have learned to fear elven, and to thing him, to restruin them than of themethe of other people more than of themselves, which is the very
rout and essence of all good breding Canon Kingsley.

And now the cross of Christ is up Anted as now ensign to the nations. No yiftel as on watchword invented by men nymbol or watch word invented by men in any part of he worl joy and pence, as the cross which is sacredly associated with his hlessed name. By his cross is mennt no mere material image or hal lowed sign, touched by the hund or visible to the eye of man, but the shame he endured, the denth he died, and the doctrine of salvation through his preciot blood, his accepted sacrifice. In the cross of Christ, so undersiood and felt, all true Christiuns continually glory; while died on the cross, to be crucified to the world, and to win the glorious and incorruptible crown of eternal life. As we gaze, then, with the enlightened eye of faith on him who was lifted up from the earth on Mount Calvary, let us feel and own the attractive power of his cross, and be drawn unto him, and joined indissolubly unto him, along with multitude felt the preciousness and the power of his atoning blood.-Rev. James Dodd, of Dunbar.
cheery "Good-morning" often sends a ray of sunshine streaming through the innermost recesses of a household, resting there all the livelong day, and again follows hastening footsteps into the marts of business, lighting up and brightening "the ways of the world" as
it goes. A hearty "Good-uight" often southes many a troubled mind to rest and heals the wounds which have either come anew to a struggling soul, or been reopened by the harsh words or deeds of senson, as the daily battle of our life progresses

Goord-morning" with a heartfelt wish for blessings in the tone of its utterance, cheers the heart of faint and fearful oncs, and softens many a hard spot that in the by beneritance or cultivation light that beams from the eye with such gool-night words, lights many a weary spirit to at chamber of reat and pea
and to a land of pleasunt dreams. and to a land of pleasant dreams. all hours of the salutation are in order at ner of the household.
The homes where "Good-murning" and "Good-uight" are carefully and lovingly said, one to another, are the homes of the world where good thoughts are generated, where good deeds have place, and from whence go out good lives.-
Sel.

The First Strawberries.
A little ginl unce had a bed of strawthey should ripen and be fit to eat. The

## me came.

Now for a feast!" said her brother to beautiful merning, as he pieked up some I can not cat these," said she; fur "Wre the first ripe fruit."
"Well," said her brother, "all the hure reatson for our making a feast; for hey are the greater treat.
"Yes; but they are the first ripe
"Well, what of that?"
Dear father told us that he used to he made the first out of all the money home, and that then he always felt thive (in spending the rest; and I wish loo." (rod the first of my strawberries,
"Ah! lut," said her brother, "how an you give strawberrles to (iod? And cen if you could, he would not care for "Oh, I have found out a way"
she. "Jcsus said, 'Inasmuch ns ye have done it unto one of the least of these my brethren ye have done it unto me;' and I mean to go with them to Mrs. P'erkins' sick child, who never sees a strawberry,
they are so poor."- The Children's Firiend Methodist.

The thirty minute off-hand speech of Dr. J. H. Vincent bofore the Presiding Jilders' Conference, in New York, is said to have been one of his best efforts. The subject on which he spoke was one to which he has given much thought: the reparation of young men for the work of the inistry. He waxed cloquent. Speaking as he did, from a fullness of knowing as he did, from a fulliosss of a genuledge, a depth of conviction and a genu-
ine love for God and souls, a profound ine love for God and souls, a profound words. We have no man in the Church to day who is touching the sources of power, more effectually than Dr. Vincent. He is building for eternity.Buifalo Christian Acluocate.
There is a gascous, talkative, counter feit kind, of cant, that is called Holinese by its possessors, that is more marked by snarling, growling and denouncing than it is by anything akin to grace While real Holiness is in price above rubics, choose any other malady rather than the above sour, growling, fraudu ent pretence.-Bible Evangelist.
Isn't there clanger that cven the Evangelist may partake unconsciously of the pirit it condemns. Would it use such language about professors of holiness if were itself imaculate?-Baltimore

> Q wad some pow'r the giftie gic us, To sec oursels as others sec us; wad frac nonie a blunder free us, And foolish notion." (ED. P. M.)

There is to be a great congress of English-speaking Roman Catholics held ext year in London, at which, among other subjects for practical considera tion, is the introduction of devotions, payers and hymms in the English lanruage. Instead of the latter, Cardinal Mamning proposes, to use his own words vernacular devotions, or devotions, in Englis!, in our churches."

A missionary, who has written a careful revien of the progress of missions in Bengal in 1884, notes prominently the fact that the Moslems have assumed ia more favorable attitude toward Christinnity than ever before. Moslems form




there hase of not beeh aud approprith such a
the prophet been given appropriate materian
It would Isaiah for a selection form It would follow mor for a Christection from need to cons concerning turally after the le las of the Sanneet the Bing the saniour the
onde account of the world's light and hithe christmas the birt ed season all spring he and joy at thate. The son or God to be our front the coming of of the a review; and prefer a Clurists Some super they give and to such we wrist mass lessonn that they notice in advance suggest that certain chapters search the brook of Isue schoo they can ons of it, and find of suahh, or
I. Tur phat Foreton
II. The Axtonatuan for his Conish
III. The Way or hement of his comeng His Comato Sumisg.
Give the school asid Triempie
vance. See that they are five points in ad else call them back two or thiten down, of the school until you are sure they have from in their memories. It would be well to se
cure a healthy rivalry see how many difierent ang the classes to and each class could find on each perso five divisions. The superintendent of thes out a few verses on each point, and thend cal his own way find out whiof, hand the moos in verses on oach head. The honor of being the the first in such a work would be a sufficient re
ward. The result ward. The results of the search would be of the greatest value to many a scholar, show prophecies about Christ 700 years berere the came.
athon of the methin
nation's preparation for of suRering, captivity nation's preparation's of suRering, captivity,
and servitude for the coming of Jesus as the Messiah, The preservation of a royal line.
II. The Announcrment of His Coming.-Isa-
ah had a clear vision of John the Baptist. See xl, 3: "The voice of him that
III The Huy of other passages
is a child is bon
there sh
of Jesse,
IV. Jis Sufferings and Death.-See the lesson for Dec. 13 on "The Sullering Saviour." - His Mission and Tiumph.-The prophecy abounds in varied and beautiful declarations concerning the work Christ was to do for men. He was appointed to preach good tidings unto the meek," etc. Isa. lxi, 1 well The superinter points and bring them to gear on the children: since Cbrist has given so much for
hevien of the fourtif quarter.
First of all, put clearly on the board and in the minds of the children the division of In the minds into the two tribes of Judah and Israel, and the portions of Palestinr occupied by the two. The off dive one of the Persons,
best outhines for a reve Presona
I. That bing Elishat and his servant. Ben-hud Judah.
of Syria. The king of Isran and The priests of Syria. The the Syrians. Jehu, The priat Itaof Batal. Zibiall. Athaniah Hezkiah, Abi.
 adun.

## If. ThE Placreel. Jerusalem.

 bothan. Samaria. Assria. Gazal. Bably give Aphek. Ninevte them on the map, each place Sodom. important or country.III. Tus leverts. from his

## enemies. The hors

round about Elish
2 . The the leper:
3. Jehu's false $\mathrm{zc}^{2}$.
the priests of Baill. 4. The Temple repain the people. 5. The interve shooting of the arrows and the
Joash, and Fard Syria.
8. Hezekiah the good king and his good Here and There on Snow HIll
reign. District.

No. 41.
I have referred to the extreme sensi tiveness existing throughout the Fast ern Shore counties of Virginin, on the lavery question, when I was sent t Northampton circuit in 1854. Our own prominent members professed to accep the disciplinary ruling on this subject as right, and yet we were seriously ham pered by public opinion, and an abiding fear of excitement. I was privately ad monished not to be in haste to read the colored members down from their place in the galleries of our churches to tale the communion around the altar.
To neither suggestion could I acced rend the Rules pubiicly as a matter duty; and at the rery first sacramental
service I conducted, as soon as the white people were through, I made a brief ad ress, saying that at this one point, all ocial distinction must ranish, and a long as these people were recognized, is nust yield then the common privilege of gathering around the table of our dy ing and risen Lord. To send the el ments up to them in their accustome and crowded corner, I thought would
mar the ordinance, and dishonor Christ anar the ordinance, and dishonor
I therefore insisted on their coming down and at the very place where we com muned, do the same in remembrance of the universal Saviour.
As they came up the nisles, about half the congregation started up to leave the church, and rudely elbowed their way t dide, the offended parties began to express their indignamuch made of "niggers." A committ as appointed to wait on the preache and if he persisted in such an incendiar practice, to give him just so many hour

## leave the State.

Meanwhile, we were having a preciou me with the old saints around the altar They apprehended a present Christ, and ith tears of joy, exclamations of love and praise, they celebrated the great fac of their salvation through his atoning blood. The service ended; I was approached by over cautious brethren, and informed of the action outside. Thank ut among them shaking hands, and re joicing in a good meeting.
It was found, however, that at the fternoon appointment, there would be an outbreak of resentment, and the poor people getting wind of the rumor, would not come when invited forward. The matter caused considerable talk. In the Southern churches there was no such re secause forsooth, no suspicion existed there of any undue sympathy for the slaves. I argued with my friends that ost what it might, we must adhere to principle, and even the Devil would r
pect us more for so doing
Had I shared in the perturbation of some of my official members, I should did une of our vencrable brethren some years before. He was preaching against the desecration of the Sabbath, by social isiting, and pointed out the great wrong inflicted on the house serronts, who had to remain away from worship to cook extravagant dimners, and wait on efer to was the intrepid James Brook Ayres. Snid he, in his positive manner "If' I was one of your servants I would not do

This was cnourh. Several hot-headed persons left the church, and in consultaion made the preacher's declaration as sume the character of disaffection and rebellion, for which they threatened to arrest and try him. He did not give them the opportunity, for, before sun rise on Monday morning he was heading towards the upper regions of the Con ference tertitory, and n
line of Virginia again.

Rev, George Cummins took a differ
ent course, when waited on subsequently,
with an order to lenve the Sitate. Hi with an order to lenve the Sitate. Ho
enlmly eyed the commitece, receiver heir messnge in silence, inquired into heir authority, and ended the interview by asking them if they had, anything further to say. He was so imperturbable bout the matter, that the "fire eaters gloriously slunk away.
To settle the controversy in regard to my administration, it was fortunate that good Bishop Scott just about that juncture isited us. The leading nen of the circuit gathered in to greet him at my humble parsonage, and I squarely raised the uestion of propricty in regard to this pandering to prejudice by sending the clements to the galleries. Said he, in his usually deliberative way, "I would not do it.'
It was a thought still more serious in fraction of existing usages, when some time afterwards, I frund two white men xcitedly trying to tic hand and foot, a enerable colored man, with the view of aking him off to a "trader," to sell him from his home and family. I leaped out of my carriage, and took the old man's part in the fray, cuestioning their right to do as they intended. They earried him oft, however, leaving malediction and it was fenred I would somehow com tu grief. But I followed up the case, ob tained a lawyer, and got him free hall narrate the circumstance

Week of Universal Prayer, Jan
uary $3-10,1886$. Sunday, Jan.3.-Sermons. "Occupy I come."-Luke xix. 13.
vivi. For tho Spirit of Praver vouch afed to us; for all the bounties of Prov dence; fur (rod's long-suffering goorness in that He has not taken away His Holy Spirit from us on account of ou ttle fath and many pro cation; for for continuing and multiplying oppor unities of proclainaing His gospel of grace ; fur the progress of Christian mis
sions among Jews and (ientiles. and the sons among Jews and Centiles. and the Lord, notwithstanding all the opposition of infidelity and abounding iniquity.Psa. exlvii. 2 Sam vi. 12-19. Psa. exv 18-33. Isaialh liv.
Tuesday, Jun. 5.-Hemination and Confession. National sins; social sins personal sins. Want of appreciation of the love of Christ; hardness of heart unfaithfulness and slothfulness in ser Ce; false shame in confessing the ally among our own class and kindred. Want of zeal in missionary work, both thome and abroad. Want of brotherkindness and charity:-Isaiah lviii Pat. li. Rom. li. I Cor. iii. Ysaiah xlvii
Wednesday Jan. 6.-Homis and Forige Mrssiovs. For the revival and carts of all who believe; for Home Tissions and Evangelistic efforts-that nore laboress, full of the spirit of love and power, may be sent forth, and that great ingathering of souls may take pace; for Native Christians among the Heathen-that they may be kept stead fast and zealous in secking the salvation $f$ their countrymen; for Missonaries nd Teachers-that great grace and ristom may be given to them; for God burth for chat and for the maintenance of religious liberty in all lands.-Dixek. xxxvii. Acts x. 34 48. Rom. xi. 22-36. Joel ii. 21-32 Acts xxvi. 12-23. I Thess. i. Micah. iv Zech. iv.
Thursday, Jan. 7. Tire Churcm and Christ way be more united in the bonds of faith and love; that, holding fast the Head, it my grow with the increase of God; that it may be delivered from
ing; that Clirist may be all in all in its teachings; and that the grace and poyor of the Holy Spirit may rest more anis more on Christian families; on all in. strictors and pipils in institutions of learning, on Sunday schools, and on Christian Associations of young men and young women.-Fiphes: iv. 1-24. John xv. 1-12. John xvii. $6-26$. Col. iii. 1-17. Prov. xxiii. 13-26. Gal. v Acts xx. 28-38. Fpistle Jude. ProvFriday, Jan, 8. Natrone and Gor. ernments. l'or rulers and all in authority; for the spread of justice and pence; for the defeat of malicious plots and conspiracies; for the manifestation of a Christian spirit between employen and employed; for the removal of all race and sectional prejudices; for the abolition of traftic in slaves, opium, and intoxicating drinks, and all other imoral trades and practices; for a favor ble reception of Christian missionaries by heathen ruless and peoples; and for he coming of Christ in His Kingdom.Tim. ii. 1-6. Psa. xi. 2. Tim. iii. 2. Thexs. ii. Psu. Ixxii. Rom. xii. 1-s. Posf xxix. Mall. xxiv. 29-51
Saturday, Jan. 9. Tup Cirristis ad Charity; for the deepenius of our piritual life in Christ and such con formity to Him as may fit us for being nore used for our Snviour's glory; for wore love to the Bible; for the better observance of the Lord's day of family worship; for the success of efforts to prevent or cure intemperance, to relieve the sick, and to rescue the perishing; or benevolent institutions and Christian work of all kinds.-Eph. i. 15-23. Natt. i. 1. Cor. Xiii. Phil. ii. 1-16 and iv. -13. Rom. xii. James i
sundey, Jon. 10. Sermors. "Let your loins be girded about, and your lights burning; and ye yourselves like unto men that wat
Lake xii. 35--36.

Will You Get an Answer to Your
Signal?
Captain Hawser is down in the trim, nugg cabin of the "Racer," overhauling his box of signal-flags, and Will Waters, the new cabiu-boy, is standing by watchhy the captain. "Those are to signal with, Cap'n Hawser?
"Yes, that's what we talk with; and a red flag is as good as a tonguc-better, ven-when we are a quarter of a mile away from a ship or a life-saving station shore.
And you get an answer?"
Get an answer, boy? What do you mean? See here. I'm off a life-saving sation, and I am in distress, and I want boat immediately, having lost mine I show the ensign, this American flag, and this pennant-red striped with white That shows 'em on shore I want to talk with 'em. They will answer it I show them a red pemmant with a white ball in the centre, and above it a blue square flag with white block in centre. That neans want boat immediately, they will ansiver that too; and what is more, hey will send a boat. Of course they will. Why not, hoy?"
Will goes to his berth, and sits down by it. He bows his head. He buries is face in his hands. He is away from ome. He is in distress. There are temptations about him to give up pray ar, to use profane language, to forget God. If he lifts a "signal" to God, won't he see it and answer it? If men can trust one nother, and "signaling" can get answers, can't a boy trust God? and there alone Will Waters kneels by is berth. And God, looking down out of the wide, lonely sky, sees that "sig. nal" lifted by a boy on a wide, lonely sea. Won't God answer? Try him, boys, on ser and on land.
"He shall coll on me, and I will an"wer him." That is one of the promise in God's signal-book. Do you know where it is? Only try the signals.-

4
PENINSUIA MAETFODIST, DECEMBER 26, 1

Weuld have of Jolin Weoley, by reading |hat he "deservel to be damned for his would have of John Werce, by myinnt 1he
 thate scoms and intent of it in ignoured, and disy winted emtencers and expressions this writer. "The probiewor eass. "the haw of
herovity," in the" cese of children of henerity, in the sese of childrenn sion tu Christ." Who douhte this? Is then he halvancare they The l'rofessor is canfol to guard this puint, by suying, It is not, that hotiness is inherised; nu
 infinnots, "acording to this haw, any, mash, ne mather how low hramd of Cuin
thnugh he may lave the brat apon his bruw, the were a Chrimtian, atthuy gh he has never known or hean
her, has a sure thing of sal wation." :wainst the critic's logiedl inference, us hear the Profissor's comelusion:,
ferrine to the "commen inleritance" Chritian children, that is, children Christina parents, who are fiithful to their charge, he says, we mine can nev-
any that the soul of such a one can er be loot. We do say that the immense prepouderance of probability is on the sappalling difficulty before him, if he is bent on making hist way thens, bot from this frightfful "law of hereclity," which, Bro. Maenichol would have us helieve the Profesor teachess anakes "a sure
thing" of the chiid's salvation, luat from the blessed influence of faitlful parcutal training, in accordance with
the Divinely ordaived "law of heredity." As to the great-grandmother's influnee, vur critic has sippert, going batk a whole eneration further than the Pro-
fiser. The ouly additional remark nec csary here, is that our brother, in his desire to nakke a point, must have for rotten what st. Paul says of "hereditary
faitl" in the case of his seloved Timothy whose "unfeigned faith" he tells him, "dwelt first in thy grandmother Lois, and Another must his representation that the arture, credits revivals, and conversions nfter the Methodist pattern. No carefull reader, we think, would draw any such an
inference. The artiele is cmplasizing the duty of training our children for (iod, that they may be saved from growing up in sit, and leading such live : at make revivals, tecthically so called,
nectesary ; and dites his curness protest necesary: amd enter his cirnest proter portionately on revivals of religion." in-
stal of following the Divine order, and stad of following the Divine order, and
secaring the conversion of chiliten in carly childhocel.
cwen a "convulitec change," the Profes-
apitations sum :ularms is often natural
to one who hats no Chris ofin heritage hy right of liirth, or who has livad a life of
rest flagrant crime, or of intense worldliness.' We might uultiply illustrations. Our bruther's illundering, or woree; bat will only add one more; not dwelling ing the acern illustrusun frem it ha er phace, more than a column back, and using it to illu-traue sonnthing elve; and introducing it with the nutrue natement "and then illn-tratee by rayiug "Plant an acorru," \&e.
ha refireneen to the youmg man of fif. tren yeare, who wair rejected hy his pastor, we tiinuk the caricature is brouder, if fresible, than any of the ethere. He Wiss not rejecter, bectusic: of his "lack of experience un the subject of rejentance, as tice crities states, bues, has any une will sere who will turn to the article, because he could not honestly sny he had felt "this and that revolutionary change in his menul exercises," that he was "over-
dhat he "deecrvel to be had not repent eld, but that his pastor thought his jeni-
tentian feelings were not sufficienty inMentinl feelings were not sufficiently Conve. We heard Bbithop Jnnes say, in a wrumen, at a dediention in Wilmington, in nuswer to the quation, how much sorrow mukt I feel for my sins, before
and many elam Gud's promise of pardon,
-junt to much as will make you top "junt no much as will make you stop
juning," not that you must feel you "dewerved to be damned." The young mun said, "he only knew that he loved Christ, and it : cemed to him that he had ways done so" And this is the canc of our lithers!"
We trust our brother will read the rticle over again naure earefully, and hoos, "up and down this entirc l'eninuaa." or anywhere else, he will teach par ents their privilege and duty to bring up their children "in the nurture and ad-
monition of the Lord;" and warn them not to "depend so dixyroportionately," upon having them converted only after yours of transeression. We are sory to think, of such marvelous success, that there shall remaiu none, who must be rescued from ives of "flagrant crime, or intense world liness, by revival effort, and whose con-
version many necessarily be as "convul sive," as he cau poxsibly desire.
For ourselves, we are in fullest synputhy with every intelligent effort to save lost souls, convulsively, or quietly; in old age, or tender infuncy; bnt feel as well, an intense solicitude, that the church shall fully appreciate its responsibility and wonderful opportunity for childhood piety. "Train up a child in the way le should go; and when he is promise is unto you and your shildsen." With the kindlievt feelings toward the critie, we respectfully suggest, that whe next time he goess shooting he natike
sure of two things; first, that he knows his game: and secondly, that he so load his gun, that it wont do more execution

## the breech than at the mazale

Misery loves Company
ft wis not othen that the vervatile and accomplished editor of our "Great Ofiial," gels caught, in the inaccurate use y taken in the meshes, for once at lenst. His contession appears in last week's Adrocate, and is very amusing, as well
as in perfect keeping with the character of the man. As is well-known, he seldon finds "ccasion to "own up," or "bach domn, without at the same time so dislaying his marvellous tact in repartee make in ore if nothe fcel shad he fellow had to humble himself. Who but Dr. Buckley, would have ever y aftiming that "not one person in a hundred thousand" was any wiser $t^{1}$ ann himelf: The Doctor certainly believes
iu humility as the fore-runner of honor I 3ut here is the penitent's confesion-an unconditional surrender, because as he ays, he can "find no loophole of retrent." A correspondent informs us that the word sloven is improperly used in our Young People's Edition. He says that a girl or a woman is never properly
called a sloven. She is or may be called a slattern. Sloven belongs to men and hrys. The corrmuondent is right, though we were greatly हurprised to find him w. We venture the affirmation that not one perem in af hundred thousand in the the United States is aware of that diatinction. We lave gone through every attainable authority, and find no toophole of retreat. Sloven belons only (1) persons in masculine gender. Stuttern, or, as one dictionary gives it, slut, is its correlative. Yet we have mentioned the fact to twenty well-educated persons, and not one was aware of the distinction. May the correppondent be as accurate
Onergs as he proved to be in this."
One's cachinatory museles must be
very rigid, if they don't twitch a little,
The Docas he reads the last sentence. thion tactic.

The Ohio Werleyau Üniversity has an acellent rule, forbidding its students to attend theatres. This rule whey were repeatedly counselled against its viola pon, and nssured that it would be ention, and nssured that it wounded the rule; the Faculty dealt promptly with them all. Nine of then were seniors and because of their higher standing and longer connection with the Uniserinder these were suspended for the renainder to cave town. The other offenders wer required to re-matriculate and sign strong paper of confession and pledge for the future, and to be placed upon pro bation, but were permitted to remain in college. All but one signed the paper and the University moves right on with its beneficent work, stronger in the con-
fidence of its putrons and the Chureh at arge than ever before. A part of the secular press prates about "bigotry," and "narrow-mindedness," but
The Ohio Wealeyanmeans to be loyal Christ and to His Church, and the Church will show her loyalty to it.Buffalo Christian Advocate.

## socintes!

A mong the crying evils of the tiwesare axity of discipline, and the consequent Liberty degenerated into License in the realm of thought and action is Revelation, of the Church, of the State, and even of the family which lass is the essential unit of all society. It looks as if degeneracy of tice Israclites in the days of their Judges when "every man did that which was right in his own eyes." Young Diseipline is almost a lost art ; and as to
volators of State lan, few are punish-
cd, except such tas can nut get off by legal quibbling, or some form of bribery We rejoice to chronich one case, wher age of their convictions, but put that courage into action. As order is said to be heaven's first law, so heaven's first
condition of order is obedience. "Behold condition of order is obedience. "Behold hearken than the fat of rams;" so the self-willed Saul learued, to his lasting confusion. Parents, teachers, and rulert of all kinds, in Church and State have
a responsibility in the maintenance and enforcement of law, upon the faithful meeting of which turns very largely the welfare of zociety, to say nothing of their individual interest in the matter. Again we say, All honor to the authorities of the Ohio Wesleyan University, and may there be added to its hundreds of pupils of both sexes, many, from families whuse parents believe, it is good for a man that he bear the yoke in his youth."

At the Detroit Conference M . Church, held September 10-16, at Pon tiac, Michigan, Bishop Warren presiding, a very lively discussion arose upon the present phases of the 'Temperance Question. The Committee on Temper adopted almecial report which wa lowing portions of this report we commend to all friends of Temperance Reform ;
(1). Bishop Merrill's argument (see Pexingula Mierionist of Oct. 31st.) fatur of complete constitutional and conccivable method of merely regulating the traffic by represuive, yet permissive, legislation, we regard as a valuable contribution to sound temperance literature We commend most heartily the vigorous and unanswerable arguments in support of the demands now being made in all
thrown by wrong legislation, around the thrown wicked traffic in hurtful intoxvile and wicked withdrawn, and that tho
toxicants, be wis. traffic be outlawed. We especially comnend to all thoughtful citizens the emphatic declarations of the paper that "If the thing be wrong the law should con. demn it. Government must deal with the traffic. It must allow it or condems the It must side with the seller of liquor . It mith the community whose moral in tincts rebel against the free trade in tho vile beverage."
(2). We deem it out of place for us, a Conference, to cither commend or condemn any political party as such. It is, in our opinion, enough for a purely religious body to make unequivocal declaration on the great principles f moral and political rightcousness; thus leaving the people whom its action may be supposed to inHuence, free as citizens, without ecclcinstical dictation or suggestion, to make onsciencious choice of their political organizations and methods.
(3). The attempt to regulate by license or by tax the traffic in intoxicating beverages, is to legalize erime whilo it debnuches public sentiment, and we hereby unqualifiedly condemn the policy and pledge ourselves to oppose it by very measure in our power
(4). The only true policy of the gor crnment in its efforts to remove the evils of intemperance from society is to prohibit the sale of intoxicating beverages and enforce such prohibition by the most vigorous measures.

That we hold that every member of the church, realizing that a very solcmn duty is resting upon him, should conscientiously and prayerfully, by moral suasion and by legal and political measures, engage in the work of the destruction of the liquor traffic; that he res right to withhold his powers from the most ative correration in the crusade against this branch of the busine which is cursing the race and filling the fld with sorrow and woe.

The paternal heart of the happy edithe Golden Rule, thus suggestive y explains:
"In view of the fact that at second sonMulern to the editor of the Golder the very day, November 12 editorial force, it has been suggested hat perhaps it wh to thi referred We beg to inform those interested that such is not the case. The young man seems to be a hard worker, but is not ready as yet to wield an editorial

## Wanted-The Gospel

When I go to the house of God 1 dos not want ammsement. I want the do
trine which is according to grodliness. want to hear oi the remedy against the harrassing of my guilt and the disorder of my alfections. I want to be led from weariness and disappointaent to that goodness which filleth the hungry soul. I want to have light on the mystery of providence, to be taught how the judgments of the Lord are right; how I may pass the time of my sojourning here in fear, and close it in peace. Tell me of that Lord Jests, who his ownself bear our sins in his own body on the tree." Tell me of his intercession for the transresors, as their "Advocate with the Father." 'Tell me of his chasteninge. their uecesity, their use. Tell me of his presence, and sympathy, and love. Tell ne of the virtucs as growing out of hi cross and murtured by his grace. 'Tell me the glory reflected on his name by the obedience of taith, 'Well me of vanquished death, of the purilied grave, of a blessed reaurrection, of life everhating and my bosom warms. This is gospel these are glad tidings to me as a sufferer beeause ghad to me as a sinner.- Mowon.

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