

hring, And we greet in his cradle our Saviour and King. \_\_\_\_I G. Holland. -J, G, Holland. Bishop Wiley. THE TENDER STORY OF HIS LIFE AS TOLD BY HIMSELF. (A few months ago the Rev. Dr. Liebhart, editor of Haus und Herd, pressed Bishop Wiley to furnish data for an article concerning himself for that magazine. After much solicitation the bishop yielded and furnished the desired information. It was urriedly written, and was intended simply as memoranda. From this utobiographic sketch published in the Western Christian Advocate, we give our readers the most interesting passages, which will make more complete the sketch already given in the Peninsula Methodist. ED.) My parents were members of the Protestant Episcopal Church. In 815, ten years before my birth, the Methodists began to appear in this egion, and my mother was among he first converts. In my childhood, he little brick church at one end of

tioner" on the Church book, and there remained for four years, without any further allusion to it or me. Another gracious revival took place in our Church when I was fourteen. Again I was found at the altar. and again my name was entered as a probationer. But little attention was given in those days by the Church to the religion of children, and all religious experiences of childhood were looked upon with much doubt by even grave old class-leaders. However, at the end of the six months, I was received into "full connec-

In the mean time my education tion. was going on, first in a little log school-house, under a poor cripple as a teacher, who seemed to be busily working to keep one lesson ahead of his pupils. Then came the first introduction of the "free-school," and huddled into a large brick building, along with about two hundred boys and girls, we struggled for about four and girls, we surgest of education. ry Miss Martin, and married preach-years in the battle of education. ers could not the years in the basic full membership ers could not then be received on tri-

and having occasional preaching in a little abandoned frame school-house at one end of. the town. There were but 13 members, one of whom was a sweet-voiced. devotedly pious, and earnestly working Christian girl, named Francis J. Martin Three years afterward she became my wife, accompanied me in my work in China, and in 1858 died at Foochow, and sleeps there among the few who have stayed to die on the mission field. In 1846 I graduated as a physician. My voice was then completely recovered, and I had been preaching as a local preacher again for more than a year. Then came the question again of my "life-work." Many friends urged me to follow the practice of medicine: others, among whom was my venerated friend, the eccentric Jacob Gruber, urged me to enter the ministry. But there was in the way what constituted then a peculiar Methodist difficulty, which even brother Gruber could not solve. I was about to mar-

the case to Dr. Durbin, then missionary secretary, who said he thought that was just the man he was looking for, to go as medical missionary to China, and he requested the elder to hold the name till he could correspond with me. In a short time I had a letter from Mr. Durbin opening the questian of going to China. This letter deeply impressed both myself and my wife. It was exactly in the line of life that I had long pictured to myself. My wife was a consecrated Christian worker, and in a week I answered Dr. Durbin that we were willing to consider the matter. In a short time we had a visit from Dr. Durbin. It was then arranged that I should attend special medical studies in New York, and sail for China in the Spring. The only way to reach China then was by a more than three months' voyage around the Cape of Good Hope. With the usual incidents of a long voyage we reached Hong Kong in 96 coast on a little Portuguese Lorcha, evangelization of China.

Kong for protection. Brothers Ma clay and Colder determined to do so. Brother White had already gone home with his sick wife. I deter-mined to remain, and so through the long Summer and dreary Fall we were alone of our mission at Foochow/ It was a season of immense trials. The Summer was fearfully hot ; the city was in a constant state of feverish alarm; a typhoon swept along the coast, doing vast damage, and was followed by a flood in the city four feet deep in all the streets of the suburb. We were thus hemmed in in our floodbound house for more thana week. After the flood receded, we were left surrounded by the reeking filth of a Chinese city. My wife succum-bed to the terrible pressure, and in November died, and I was left alone with my two little children, in this surging heathen city, with only three American families of the other mission left. Unconverted pagans carried on their bamboo poles, in a plain, wooden box, all that was left of my heroic young wife to a hill in the suburbs, and there we buried her, and there she waits the resurrection to come forth among the redeemed ones voyage we reached Hong Kong in 96 of China, to be counted among the days. A voyage of eight days up the first who laid down their lives for the

## A Long, Long Journey.

Pepartment.

Children's

When the doctor came down stairs from the sick room of Mrs. Marshall the whole family seemed to have arranged themselves in the hall to waylay him.

"How soon will mamma dit well?" asked Clyde, the haby.

"Can mamma come down-stairs next week?" asked Kitty, the eldest daughter and the little housekeeper. "Do you find my wife much better?" asked Mr. Marshall, eagerly. He was a tall, grave man, pale with an-

xiety and nights of watching. The doctor did not smile; he did not even stop to answer their questions.

"I am in a great hurry," he said, as he took his hat; "I must go to a person who is dangerously ill. This evening I will call again. I have left instructions with the nurse."

But the nurse's instructions were all concerning the comforts of the patient; she was professionally discreet and silent. The children playing on the stairs were told to make no noise. The gloomy day wore on, and the patient slept and was not disturbed. But that night, before they went to bed, they were allowed to go in and kiss their mother good-night. This privilege had been denied them lately, and their hearts responded with jov to the invitation. Mamma was better or she could not see them. The doctor had cured her. They would love him for it all their lives ! She was very pale, but smiling, and the first words to them were:

"I am going on a journey!" "A journey," cried the children

"Will you take us with you?" "No; it is a long, lon. "ourney." "Mamma is going to the South,'

said Katy ; "the doctor was ordered ber to. She will get weil in the orange groves of Florida "

"I am going to a far-distant country, more beautiful than even the lovely South," said the mother taintly, "and I will not come back."

"You are going alone, mamma?" asked Katy.

"No, said the mother in a low. sweet voice. I am not going alone. My Physician goes with me. Kiss me good-by, my dear ones, for in the morning before you are awake I shall be gone. You will all come to me when you are made ready, but each must make the journey alone."

In the morning she was gone. When the children awoke, their father them of the beautiful coun-

an old-time Christmas were tastefully arranged. A burst of laughter rang through the hall, as through the am-Lord of Misrule to open the Christ- NICHOLAS for January. mas revels. A fierce and ferocious

looking fellow was he, with his great green mustache and his ogre-like face. His dress was a gorgeous parti-colored jerkin and half-hose, trunks, ruff, slouch-boots of Cordova leather, and high befeathered steeple hat. His long staff, topped with a fool's head, cap and bells, rang loudly on the floor, as, preceded by his diminutive but pompous page, he led his train around and around the great hall. lustily singing the chorus;

Like Prince and King he leads the ring; Right merrily we go. Sing hey-trix, trimgo-trix,

#### Under the mistletoe!"

A menaferic let loose or the most dyspeptic of after-dinner dreams could not be more bewildering than was this motley train of the Lord of Misrule. Giants and dwarfs, dragons and griffins, hobby-horses and goblins, Robin Hood and the Grand Turk, bears and boars and fantastic animals that never had a name, boys and girls, men and women, in every imaginable costume and device-around and around the hall they went, still ringing out the chorus:

> "Sing hey-trix, trim-go-trix. Under the mistletoe

Then, standing in the center of his court, the Lord of Misrule bade his herald declare that from Christmas Eve to Twelfth Night he was Lord Supreme; that, with his magic art, he transformed all there into children, and charged them, on their fealty, to act only as such. "I absolve them all from wisdom," he said; "I bid them be just wise enough to make fools of themselves, and do decree that none shall sit apart in pride, and eke in self-sufficiency to laugh at others;" and then the fun commenced. -From "Historic Girls," by E. S. Brooks, in St. MICHOLAS for January.

The Tell-Tale.

With the aid of a pair of compasses or a pencil and a bit of string, carefully draw two concentric half-circles,-that is, from the same center, and one about a half an inch within the other. The size of the design makes but little difference, but the result is more easily seen if the diagram is as large as convenient. Divide this double half-circle into a number of compartments, and in each place a letter of the alphabet, a numeral, or a name, as the fancy may dictate; the object being that there shall be no possible mistaking of one compartment for another. Rule straight lines from each compartment to the common center. button is as good as any-and fasten a bit of fine silk thread about eight inches long to it, making a knot in each end of the thread. Now let one of the party take the thread by the end, and hold it so far above the figure that the button shall hang about an inch and a half above the paper. Let him fix his mind firmly upon one of the compartments, and then close his eyes. Very soon the button will develop a pendulum-like motion, and before long, generally in about three minutes, it will begin to move A Gunboat Running the Gauntlet. toward the compartment of which the holder is thinking. It really

of the experimenter. But close in-

the button. Much amusement can be had by putting the names of people in the compartments, and then ple door-way, and down the broad seeing of which one the experimenstair, trooped the motley train of the ter is thinking .- Allan Forman, in ST.

### Told a Lie.

A little newsboy to sell his paper told a lie. The matter came up in Sabbath-school. "Would you tell a lie for three cents?" asked the teacher of one of the boys. "No, ma'am," answered Dick, very decidedly. "For a dollar!" "No, ma'am." "For a thousand dollars?" Dick was staggered; a thousand dollars looked big. Oh, would it not buy lots of things! While he was thinking, another boy behind him roared out, "No, ma'am !" "Why not?" asked the teacher. "Because, when the thousand dollars is all gone, and all the things they have got with them are gone, the lie is there all the same," answered the boy. -Philadelphia Methodist.

#### Influence of Women.

The well-being of society rests on our homes, and what are their foundation-stones but woman's care and devotion? A good mother is worth an army of acquaintances, and a trueheartes, noble-minded sister is more precious than the "dear five hundred freinds." The love we experience for domestic blessings increases faith in an infinite goodness, and it is a foretaste of a better world to come.

Our homes, as one well observes are the support of the government and the church, and all the associations and organizations that give blessing and vitality to social existence are herein originated and fostered.

Those who have played around the same door-step, basken in the same mother's smile, in whose veins the same blood flows, are bound by a sacred tie that can never be broken. Distance may separate, quarrels may occur, but those who have a capacity to love anything must have at times a bubbling up of fond recollections, and a yearning after the joys of bygone days. Every woman has a mission on earth. Be she of high or low degree-in single blessedness or double—she is recreant to her duty if she sits with folded hands and empty head and heart, and frowns on all claims to her benevolence or efforts for the welfare of others. There is "something to do" for every one-a household to put in order, a child to attend to, some parent to care for, some class of unfortunate degraded or homeless humanity to befriend. 'To whom much is given, of them much will be required." That soul is poor indeed which leaves the world without having exerted an influence that will be felt for good after she has passed away. There is little beauty in the lives of those women who are drawn into gay circles of fashionable life, whose arena is public display, whose nursery is their prison! At home does woman appear in her true glory; in the inner sanctuary of home life can she be most like those who walk above "in soft white light" and follow the Lamb whithersoever he goeth .- Cleveland Leader.

collected, and on the 4th of April the decks were covered with it, to protect them against plunging shot. Hawsers and chain cables were placed around the pilot-house and other vulnerable parts of the vessel, and every precaution was adopted to prevent disaster. A coal barge laden with hay and coal was lashed to the part of the port side on which there was no iron plating to protect the magazine. And it was truly said that the old Carondelet at that time resembled a farmer's wagon prepared for market. The engineers led the escape-steam, through the pipes aft, into the wheel house, to avoid the puffing sound it made when blown through the smoke-stacks.

"All the necessary preparations having been made, I informed the flag-officer of my intention to run the gauntlet that night, and received his approval. Colonel Buford, who commanded the land forces temporarily with the flotilta, assisted me in preparing for the trip, and on the night of the fourth brought on board Captain Hollestein, of the Fortysecond Illinois, and twenty-three sharp-shooters of his command, who volunteered their services, which were gratefully accepted. Colonel Buford remained on board until the last moment to encourage us. I informed the officers and crew of the character of the undertaking, and all expressed a readiness to make the venture. In order to resist boarding parties in case we should be disabled, the sailors were well armed, and pistols, cutlasses. muskets, boardingpikes, and hand-grenades were within reach. Hose was attached to the boilers for throwing scalding water over any who might attempt to board. If it should be found impossible to save the vessel, it was designed to sink rather than burn her, as the loss of life would probably be greater in the latter case by the explosion of her magazine. During the afternoon there was promise of a clear, moonlight night, and it was determined to wait until the moon was down, and then to make the attempt, whatever the chances. Having gone so far, we could not abandon the project without a bad effect on the men. equal almost to tailure.

"At ten o'clock the moon had gone down, and the sky, the earth, and the river were alike hidden in the black shadow of a thunder storm, which had now spread itself over all the heavens. As the time seemed favorable, I ordered the first master to cast off. Dark clouds now rose rapidly over us, and enveloped us in almost total darkness, except when the sky was lighted up by the welcome flashes of vivid lightning, to show us the perilous way we were to take. Now and then the dim outline of the landscape could be seen, and the forest bending under the roaring storm that came rushing up the river. "With our bow pointing to the island, we passed the lowest point of land without being observed, it appears, by the enemy. All speed was given to the vessel to drive her through the tempest. The flashes of lightning continued with frightful brilliancy, and 'almost every second,' wrote a correspondent, 'every brace, post, and outline could be seen with startling distinctness, enshrouded by a bluish white glare of light, and then her form for the next minute would become merged in the intense darkness.' When opposite Battery seems, at the first glance, that the Admiral Walker, in the "Operations No. 2, on the mainland, the smokebutton itself is influenced by the un- of the Western Flotilla" in the Jan- stack blazed up, but the fire was soon conscious exertion of will on the part | uary Contury, we quote the following: subdued. It was caused by the soot "Having received written orders becoming dry, as the escape steam,

during the whole passage, there was no prospect of escaping the vigilance of the enemy, but there was good rea. son to hope that he would be unable to point his guns accurately. Again the smoke-stacks took fire, and were soon put out; and then the roar of the enemy's guns began, and from Baiteries No 2, 3, and 4 came almost incessantly the sharp crack and screaming sound of their rifle-shells, which seemed to unite with the electric bat teries of the clouds to annihilate us. "While nearing the island or some shoal point, during a few minutes of total darkness, we were startled by the loud, sharp order, 'Hard a-port!' from our brave and skillful pilot, First Master Hoel. We almost grazed the island, and it appears were not observed through the storm until we were close in, and the enemy having no time to point his guns, fired at random. In fact we ran so near that the enemy did not, probably could not, depress his guns sufficiently. While close under the lee of the island and during a lull in the storm and in the firing, one of our pilots heard a Confederate officer shout, 'elevate your guns!' 'Yes, confound you,' said the pilot, in a much lower key, 'elevate.' It is probable that the muzzles of those guns had been depressed to keep the rain out of them. and the officers not expecting another night attack in such a storm, and arriving late, ordered the guns elevated just in time to save us from the dirrect fire of the enemy's heaviest fort; and this, no doubt, was the cause of our remarkable escape. Nearly all. the enemy's shot went over us.

"Having passed the principal batteries, we were greatly relieved from suspense, patiently endured, however, by the officers and crew. But there was another formidable obstacle in the way--a floating battery, which was the great 'war elephant' of the Confederates, built to blockade the Mississippi permanently. As we passed her she fired six or eight shots at us, but without effect. One ball struck the coal barge, and one was found in a bale of hay; we found also one or two musket bullets. We arrived at New Madrid about midnight with no one hurt, and were most joyfully received by our army. At the suggestion of Paymaster Nixon, all hands 'spliced the main brace."

Christian father, do not part with your children in the morning without a prayer. Better than all the gold that busy hand or busy brain can coin is the shield, which an earnest, thankful petition throws around them, as they go out into a world of temptation and sin. It will be harder for them to heap shame on a bowed head, and if they stray away, filial love and religious obligation will prove a doubly strong cord to draw them back again. Take time to pray .- Philadelphia Methodist.

try at which she had safely arrived while she slept.

"How did she go? Who came for her?" they asked amid their tears.

"The chariot of Israel and the horsemen thereof!" their father told them Now take a small button-a shoe solemnly.

People wonder at the peace and happiness expressed in the faces of these motherless children ; when asked about their mother they say : "She has gone on a journey," and every night and morning they read in the guide-book of that land where she now lives, whose inhabitants shall no more say, "I am sick, and where God shall wipe all tears from their eyes." - Detroit Free Press.

The Lord of Misrule.

CHRISTMAS FESTIVITIES IN QUEEN ELIZABETH'S GIRLHOOD.

It was Christmas Eve. The great hall of Hatfield House gleamed with the light of many candles that flashed upon sconce and armor and polished foor. Holly and mistletee, resemary

From an illustrated article by Rearvestigation will reveal the fact that from the flag-officer, under date of which usually kept the stacks wet, the hand moves with a slight tremu- March 30th. I at once began to pre- had been sent to the wheel-house, as lons motion, which, being transmit- pare the Carondelet for the ordeal. already mentioned, to prevent noise. and bay, and all the decorations of ted through the fine thread, moves All the loose material at hand was With such vivid lightning as prevaled cate.

----Don't Marry a Drunkard.

A young lady in lowa, against the earnest wishes of her parents and the advice of her friends, married a man addicted to the use of liquor. He had promised her he would reform, that after they were married he would not touch a drop of liquor, and she believed him. A year of married life was sufficient to dispet the illusion. The husband drapk deeper and deeper, and sank lower and lower, till at last the wife felt that she could live with him no longer, and applied to the Supreme Court for a divorce. Her petition was denied, the Court informing her that, having voluntarily chosen a drunkard for her husband, she must discharge the duties of a drunkard s wife. "His failure to keep a pledge made before marriage," said the Court, "does not justify you in describing him. Having knowingly married a drunkard, you must make yourself content with the sacred relationship."-Ohristian Adro-



Was

nce

reaıble

ain

'ere

the

3at-

in-

ım-

ich

Dat-

us.

me

s of

the

óm

irst

the

ob-

we

av-

red

ear

bly

:nt-

the

 $\mathbf{rm}$ 

ots

'el-

ind

ver

the

de-

m

her

ar

ted

lir-

ort;

of

all

oat-

om

ver,

iere

in

 $\operatorname{nich}$ 

the

the

we

lots

ball

was

al-

We

1id-

rere

my.

lix-

ce."

rith

ith-

the

ain

irn-

ind

ard-

OW-

ay,

ion

l to

ime

est

ler

se 'd d

E

said rting runk-

with Adro-

of

Fourth Quarterly Review.

SUNDAY, DECEMBER 28th. BY REV. W. O. HOLWAY, U.S. N. [Adapted from Zion's Herald.]

1. LESSON I (1 Kings 1: 22-35) had for its topic "Solomon Succeeding David." The principal points were; Adonijah's attempt to make himself king instead of Solomon. taking advantage of the king's old age and feebleness; the espousal of his cause by Abiathar, the high priest, Joab, and the king's sons ; his sacrificial banquet and the proclamation of his kingship at Enrogel; Nathan's discovery of the plot; his warning to Bathsheba; the interviews of both with the king: David's perception of the danger and his prompt decision to have Solomon immediately anointed and proclaimed ; the execution of this decision by Zadok, Nathan and Jerusalem, to test Solomon's wisdom of Adonijah's conspiracy.

2. "David's Charge to Solomon" was the subject of LESSON II (1 Chron. 22: 6-19). David's formal direction to Solomon to build the temple; his explanation that he had himself been refused the privilege because he had shed "much blood;" the prophecy that Solomon should be "a man of rest" and reign in "quietness" and his throne be established forever; David's exhortations that he should lead a godly life; the material accumulated by David for the temple from the spoils of war and his own resources—a "hundred thousand talents of gold, a thonsand thousand talents of silver, brass and iron without weight, timber also and stones; and the charge to the princes to help Solomon-were the chief points of the lesson.

3. "Solomon's Choice" was the subject of LESSON III (1 Kings 3: 5-15) The principal points were : The great sacrificial festival held by Solomon at Gibeon; the choice submitted to him "in the visions of the night" by the Lord, "Ask what I shall give thee?" Solomon's confession of his youth and inexperience, his recognition of the divine goodness to his father David and to himself, and his prayer for wisdom to judge the people; the Lord's approval of this unselfish choice, his promise to bestow it, and to add to it what Solomon might have asked and yet did notlong life, riches and victory over his enemics; Solomon's return to Jerusalem, his additional offerings before the ark, and his great least to

all his servants.

# PENINSULA METHODIST, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1884.

filling the house so that the pricets could not stand to minister; Solomon's sacerdotal blessing of the people; his prayer, in which he praised God for His mercies to David and besought Him to keep the promise of hereditary royalty; his lofty conception of the inadequacy of the newly-built temple to contain Him whom "heaven and the heaven of heavens cannot contain;" and his petition that, in future emergencies, whether of individuals or of the people, whether in the case of the oath imposed in the charge of trespass, or of the nation being smitten by enemies or perishing by drought because of their sins, God would listen to the prayers offered towards this holy place, and forgive and restore.

Kings 10: 1-13) was "The Wisdom il, like one making his bed in the of Solomon." The journey made by the Queen of Sheba, with camels, with "hard questions;" her reception by the king, who solved all her problems for her; the impression produced upon her by the wisdom of her host and the royal magnificence in which he lived—an impression so vivid that "there was no more spirit left in her;" her admission that "the half had not been told ;" her acknowledgment of the goodness of Jehovah to Solomon, and the blessedness of the latter's servants who could listen to his wisdom; and her departure after a mutual exchange of presents -constitute an outline of the les-

son. 7. In LESSON VII (1 Kings 11 4-13) we studied "Solomon's Sin"his extraordinary harem, composed of 700 princesses holding the rank of "wives," and 300 concubines. drawn from the surrounding nations with whom intermarriages had been forbidden; his own perversion to idola try under the influence of these "strange women;" the erection of sanctuaries to Ashtoreth, Moloch, Chemosh, and other false gods; Jehovah's anger with the king whom He had twice visited and warned; and Hissentence that the kingdom should be rent from Solomon and given to his "servant" (Jeroboam)-a sentence suspended during Solomon's lifetime because of God's covenant with David, and so far mitigated as to permit Solomon's son to inherit Judah and Benjamin.

S. LESSON VII (Prov. 1: 1-16) had for its topic the "Proverbs of Solomon." Their purpose was explained -to teach "wisdom," to enforce "justice, judgment and equity," to be a manual of instruction for the young 4. In LESSON IV (1 Kings 6: 1-4) and unsophisticated, and to teach

her-constitute the outline of the light-house. lesson.

ent ravings, and inflamed eyes of those who "tarry long at the wine." and prefer mixed or spiced wines, were depicted. Counsel was given to shun even the sight of wine which fascinates by its color and sparkle. but, serpent-like, stings at the last. Strong drink leads to licentiousness -the "house of the strange woman." 6. The subject of Lesson VI (1 It exposes its victim to personal persea, or falling asleep when aloft at the masthead; blows fall upon him of which he is unconscious at the time; but he learns nothing from

> self, it is to "seek it yet again." 11. In LESSON XI (Eccl. 2: 1-13) we studied the "Vanity of Worldly Pleasures." In his search for "that good for the sons of men which they should do under the heaven all the days of their life," King Solomon, while "keeping his head' as an investigator, while holding fast his wisdom, plunged into every known delight-mirth, pleasure, wine, women, fame, wealth-extracting from each its sweet, and pronouncing upon each his verdict of "vanity" and hollowness. None satisfied ; all disappointed. Still, rational pleasure he found to be better than sensual-"wisdom excelleth folly as far as light excelleth

experience; when he comes to him-

darkness." 13. "The Creator Remembered" was the topic of LESSON XII (Eccl. 12: 1-14). The youth were summoned to remember their Creator before the evil days come and the pleasurcless years of infirmity and old age; before heart and flesh fail, and the senses grow blunt, and the hair whitens, and sleep departs. and "fears are in the way;" before the loosing of "the silver cord," and the return of the body to dust and of the spirit to its God. The fear of God and obedience to His commandments comprehends all for which man should live; and to these he should especially devote himself because of the final judgment.

Prince Saroni's Wife and the Pearl-Shell Necklace.

BY JULIAN HAWTHRONE. Two stories that well illustrate Mr Hawthrone's peculiar power. Each is of a tragical cast, and the latter especially has at times a dramatic in-

rubies; her familiarity with "pru- zells; while John R. Coryell contridence;" her stability and strength; butes a bright and home-like story, her importance to rulers and princ- called "Baby Deb 'P'ays' for the es; and her promise to love her lov- Christmas Goose," which tells how ers and be found of them who seek the feast was kept in a New England

"Historic Girls." a new companion 10. The topic of LESSON X (Pro- series to "Historic Boys" by E. S. verbs 23: 29-35) was "Drunkenness." Brooks, is begun by the same author, The "woe," "sorrow," quarrelsome- in the same interesting style, with ness, unnecessary injuries. incoher- an account of the girlhood days of Queen Elizabeth, and the Christmas festivities at Hatfield House, three hundred years ago. J. T. Trowbridge continues his serial, because his hero, in spite of his hard experience, has not yet cured himself of "His One Fault;" "Davy and the Goblin" go through another installment of the most surprising and illogical adventures; and Edmund Alton tells a great many more instructive and entertaining things he learned when he was a boy-page 'Among the Law-makers."

Louisa M. Alcott and H. H. Boyesen bring their two very short serials to an end, but have, no doubt, others just as interesting ready to take their places very soon.

There is a spirited full-page picture of a very old-fashion elephant with tusks curved the wrong way, by J. B. Nugent, and a description of it by C. F. Holder.

A. B. Frost contributes a jolly series of pictures to the Rev. Charles R. Talbot's funny poem, "The Schoolmaster and the Truants." There is also a wholesome out-door poem by John Vance Chenev called "For Basswood Chaps;" an "Art and Artist" paper, by Clara Erskine Clement, about Velasquez, with a reproduction of one of his most famous pictures. and a great deal besides of the same bright, healthful, and happy sort.

#### The January Century.

The Century for January presents a (literally) crowded table of contents, both the body and the departments showing a wide range of topics.

Chief among these. in timeliness, is the status of the negro at the South, which Mr. George W. Cable treats with much plainness of speech and much suggestiveness in a paper entitled "The Freedman's Case in Equity," which is likely to attract attention and give rise to discussion North and South. The same theme is touched upon, less directly in an editorial article, "A Grave Responsibility," in an "Open Letter from "A Southern Democrat." Another subject of wide interest is treated helpfully by Washington Gladden, under the head of "Christianity and Popular Amusements." the writer supplementing his own suggestions with an account and commendation of an experiment on the part of the Cleveland Educa-

with supplementary material describing the battle from the Confederate point of view.

## The New York Tribune

A Paper devoted to American Interests.

THE TRIBUKE begins the new subscription year with prospects unparelled in its history. Its circulation for the seven days ending November 9, 1881, averaged 146,000 daily. The Weekly, November 5, exclusive of all short term campaign subscriptions was 145.910

Semi-Weekly, 38.300 Total number of Tribunes printed and sold during the week exclusive of campaign subscriptions, 1,202,110

Ninety-four tons of paper were used in printing the week's issue. This was of course election week "spurt," which broke the record" in New York. Setting back in-to its "steady gait,', THE TRIBUSE stood on the following week

Average daily circulation of the	
daily Tribunc,	121,400
Weekly Tribune,	145,550
Semi-Weekly,	36,700

During 1885 The Tribune will strive more zealously and hopefully than ever for its po-litical faith. The return to power of the party that brought on the Rebellion must make the coming year one of the most intereating in our history. The more the people know of how Democrats deal with government, the surer is Republican success the next time; and the Tribune appeals to its friends to help spread such knowledge broadcast.

The Tribene gives the news fully and fairly, is full of variety, is a safe and attractive pa-per for the family circle' and is the persistent advocate of work for American workmen, a great home market for American grain and meat, and the general protection of American interests. It favors every practical effort to check intemperance, and is always on the side of morality, reform, and progress. Its weekly and semi-weekly editions contain no-tably complete and valuable Agricultural, Household, Literary and Juvenile depart-ments, with serial stories, abundant corres-condorase interaction microllour pondence, interesting miscellany, and some fund. Every member of the family, old or young, finds in it instruction and entertain-

Every postmaster and club agent is invited to form yearly clubs at once for the Tribune. The following premiuns are offered: Unabridged Dictionary, Webster's and

Worcester's. Wood's Household Practice of Medicine, 2 vols., illustrated, 819 and 912 pages. The Library of useful'knowledge, 15 vols.,

nearly 900 pages each, embracing Chamber' Encyclopedia, complete, with American ad ditions

The Horace Greely Watch, a popular and successful premium. Ridpath's Illustrated History of the Uni

ted States. Specimen copies, show-bills and circulars,

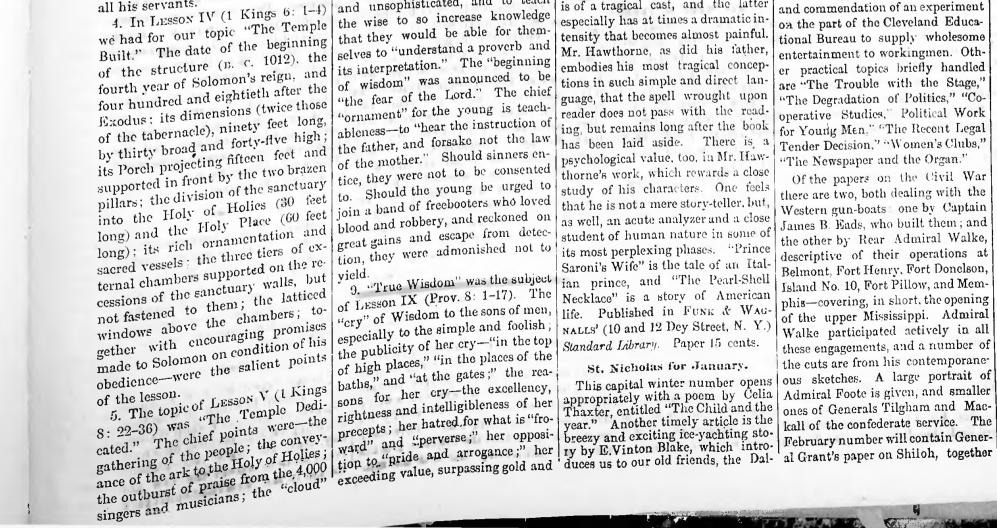
will be sent free TERMS OF MAIL SUBSCRIBERS:

Weekly, \$1.25 n year; in clubs of ten, \$1 a year, with extra copy to man sending club. Semi-Weekly, \$250 a year; in clubs of ten \$2 a year; with extra copy to man sending

Daily, with Sunday, \$\$ 50; without Sun

day, \$7 per year. Sunday Tribune, 81.50 per year. Sun-day's Tribune Monday's, Wednesday's or Saturday's can be subscribed for seperately. Address, simply, THF, TRIBUNE, New York.





This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cana. ROYAL BAR-ING POWDER Co., 105 Walt street, N. X. 43-19



### Peninșula Methodișt. PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY J. MILLER THOMAS, Publisher and Proprietor,

Wilmington, Del.

Office S. W. Cor. Fourth and Shipley Sts.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE: Advance, #1.50 a year if no W1.00 a year raid is advance.

Transient advertisements, first insertion, 20 Centu tes line; each subsequent insertion 10 Cents per line Liberal arrangements made with personsadvertiging by the quarter or year.

No advertisements of an improper character pub Saked at any price. Ar Ministers and laymen on the Peninsula a

requested to farnish items of interest connected with the work of the Church for insertion. All communications intended for publication to be coursed to the PENINSULA METHODIST, Wilmington, Lel. Those designed for any particular number must te in hand, the longer ones, by Saturday, and the newsitems, not later than Tuesday morning. All subscribers changing their post-office address chould give both the old as well as the new.

fintered at the post office at Wilmington, Del.

The PENINSULA ME-THODIST from now until January 1, 1886, to all new subscribers sending one dollar to this office.

A year's subscription to any one sending ten dollars and ten new subscribers.

The paper free for six months to any one sending five dollars and the names of five new subscribers.

#### CLUB LIST.

The PENINSULA METHODIST and any of the following Periodicals will be sent to any address, postage free at prices named. Regular Price for

	Price.	both.
Independent,	3.00	3,50
Godey's Lady's Book,	2,00	2,50
	1,50	2,00
Wide Awake,	3,00	3,50
Our Little Men and { Women, }	1,00	1,75
The Pansy,	1,00	1,75
Cultivator & Coun- ( try Gentleman, (	2,50	3,00
Century Magazine,	4,00	4,75
St. Nicholas,	3,00	3,75
Harper's Magazine,	4,00	4,50
11 1 117 1.1	100	100

are deposited in some safe and responsible custody.

2. Where the old records cannot be found, let the pastor do his best to supply the deficiency by confering with the aged members of his charge, and gathering all the important facts that may be within reach, and making a record of the same. All personal journals and correspondence bearing on the history of the church are valuable as materials for the historian, and with the records ought to be carfully preserved. 3. Let special inquiry be made for

journals of the old preachers. There is good reason to believe there are not a few such stowed away in private families.

but

Rev. A. W. Milby, Presiding Elder of Dover District, requests us to state that his Post office address hereafter, will be Harrington, Del. instead of Frederica.

#### Rev. Henry Colelazer. BY HEV. R. W. TODD.

Another hero is fallen; another of the few remaining links that bound the past to the present is severed. Henry Colclazer, the oldest preacher and the oldest man in the Wilmington Conference, went to his rest on the 18th day of December 1884, having spanned in his sojourn on earth, a little over three-fourths of a century. He entered the itinerant ministry of the Methodist Episcopal Chuch in 1828 in the Philadelphia Conference, and took a supernumerary relation at the session of the Wilmington Conference held in the city of Wilmington in March 1884; having completed his fifty-sixth year in the effective ministry. When he was licensed to preach, the afterwards great Methodist Journalist, Charles Elliott, was a young member of the Philadelphia Conference, whose family lived in a log cabin on the head waters of the Muskingum River; and it was in his cabin that Bro. Calclazer preached his first sermon. Both Bishop Hamlin and Bishop Thomp son joined the same Conference a few years subsequent; the former, yet unconverted, was an interested hearer in the boy preacher's congregation in Lanesville, Ohio, in ths first year of his ministry; the latter was his friend from boyhood. When Henry Colclazer made his

first annual report as a travelling preacher, there were 8 Methodist Conferences in the United States, 519 travelling preachers, and 150,904 members; when he made his last re-

forests, "hunting the scattered emigrants, preaching almost every day, and three times on Sundays;" enduring hardships, sleeping in log cabins, ferrying unbridged rivers, following Indian trails or blazed trees, breasting the storms on horseback, and laying the foundation for Methodist empire. Here he labored for sixteen years, when family affliction induced him to take a location and remove to the East. Almost immediately, Bishop Hedding offered him the appointment of New Brunswick, in the New Jersey Conference, which he accepted, serving the old Liberty. Street Church until the spring of 1848. When about to leave on his return West, a telegram from Dr. I.T. Cooper reached him which resulted in his appointment to Wharton Street Church, Philadelphia. At the termination of this service in 1849, he was admitted to the Phildelphia Conference; and on the division of that territory, he became a member of the Wilmington Conference with which he remained connected until his death, filling important positions with useful acceptability, until last spring, when the burden of many years admonished him of the need of release from the care and responsibility of the pastorate.

From 1858 to 1862, he was presiding elder of the Snow Hill district within the territory of the present Wilmington Conference. During this time the editor of this paper and the writer were stationed at Cambridge, Md., where Bro. Colclazer resided; and both can bear grateful testimony to his efficiency in that relation, and to his gentlemanly and Christian demeanor.

As a preacher, Henry Colchazer was in many respects a model. He seorned plagiarism as an acted lie, and utterly dishonorable; yet he never preached a poor or carelessly prepared discourse; and often his sermons were eloquent and powerful ly impressive. Chaste, terse, delicately ornate, pathetic, perspicuous, often full of "fire and the Holy Ghost," his presentations of Divine Truth were singulariy effective for good results, and through their influence together with that of his blameless life, many seals were given to his God-ordained ministry.

As a husband and father, he was considerate, kind and generous; as a friend, true and faithful; as a chrispoliteness, Such a life could only immortality.',

ninsula of Michigan, where, with and be with Christ as to remain with his assistant, he roamed through the her loved ones. All this will appear the more remarkable when it is stated that Sister Thomas' piety was of that retiring kind that only at rare intervals expressed itself in ververbal profession.

Mrs. Thomas was the subject of careful religious training in her youth, but made no profession of religion until after her marriage.

As a wife this christian lady was fully devoted to the comfort of her companion. She was a self-sacrificing and loving mother, always anxious for the culture and religious welfare of her children. She was a true and changeless friend, counting it no self-sacrifice to spend her time and means and strength to minister to the comfort and enjoyment of the numerous guests that found in her home a happy retreat. She was preeminently "given to hospitality," as many a Methodist itinerant can testify.

Her dying counsels to her weeping family were touchingly beautiful and appropriate. Having taught her chilto pray in their infancy bending at her knee, among her last counsels was "O be good! Keep on "praying."

Some things in Sister Thomas' Christian character deserve special mention. To her the Sabbath was a holy day, not to be used for visiting or pleasure. She carefully made preparation in the concluding part of the week, so that no unneccessary work should be done on God's appointed day of rest and worship. She was never absent from the sanctuary on Sabbath, but for justifiable cause. She greatly appreciated and rejoiced in the privilege of the holy communion, and was a constant and systematic reader of God's holy Book, oftimes drinking from the blessed fountain of Inspiration for hours together. With these characteristics, it is no wonder that, though the gleaner came early and unexpectedly, she was ripe for the cycle.

In addition to her bereaved husband, our departed sister leaves one son-the proprietor of this paper, and six daughters to mourn their loss. While earth and this dear and loving household are poor, Heaven is richer and nearer.

When near the close, her husband quoted God's promise, "My grace shall be sufficient," she exclaimed, "O, yes, sufficient-sufficient!" Several times she quoted the beautiful words, "There shall be no night tian gentleman, a model of refined there;" and, while about to leave her earthly home so full of light and joy, be crowned with "glory, honor and exclaimed with glad emphasis-"A home! A home! A home in Heav-

or collections is both wrong in principle and bad in policy; and that a judicious, clear statement of the facts and reasons in the case would ulti. mately, if not at once, increase the liberality of the people. In this view I was confirmed by Bro. Wilson's ex. perience at Crisfield. Hence, I announced the collection a week in ad. vance, to be taken separately from all others, and asked the people whether they approved of the cause or not to come and hear what could be said. I sought the surest foundation of God's world for all religious and philanthropic movements-Gen. 28. 14-and stated the facts of the Freed. men's Aid Society's work, the necessity of giving this element of our population a true Christian morality and civilization for our own sake, and the precise use made of our offerings -the current expenses of Centenary Biblical Institute. The result is that we have raised our entire asssssment-I think for the first timeand the pastor has not given any more than he ought, or otherwise would.

### Fraternally J. P. OTIS. Religious and frreligious Boast-

### ing.

BY REV. JOHN THOMPSON.

When man fell he came down with such a crash as to throw every good propensity and faculty with which God had endowed him into a wrong channel. It is no part of the work of grace to destroy these faculties and propensities; we simply need to have them converted into their original channels, and then they will all flow. Godward. What is now Pharisaic vain boasting was originally, no doubt, praise and thanks giving. From praising God, man fell to praising. himself, and this we rightly call vain, irreligious boasting. When David's heart was rightly tuned, he said, "My soul shall make her boast in the Lord; the humble shall hear thereof and be glad." "The humble," those who were living in a state of the most perfect humility, were not. shocked at this kind of boasting, but they listened with gladness while David's soul thus boasted in the Lord.

Our story of conversion-sanctification-answers to prayer and remarkable deliverances, when rightly told, is boasting after the Psalmist's style. John did not become an iireligious boaster when he said, "The blood of Jesus Christhis son cleanseth us from all sin;" he gives the glory to the blood of Christ, and ascribes no glory to the poor sinful heart that has been cleansed. Paul is not to be contemned for saying, "I can do all things through Christ which strengtheneth me." His doing all things was not in his own strength, but in the strength of Christ, and thus Paul takes no glory to himself. If our souls are truly humble, our boast will continually be in the Lord-and "the humble will hear thereof and be glad." This kind of boasting will be acceptable to all Christians-

Harper's Weekly, 4,50 4,50 4,00 Harper's Bazar, 2,60 Harper's Young People2,00 Cash must accompany order. Address,

J. MILLER THOMAS. Fourth & Shipley Sts. Wilmington, Del.

#### A Burning Shame.

So writes a brother, in response to an application for important data in making out the biography of a promiment church official. "The old record is very much mutilated, having been used by some one to press fern leaves; the leaves are very much cut up, and perhaps some are missing. It is a burning shame that a church record should be used for such a purpose." This report seems almost incredible, and yet there is too much reason to fear, that many invaluable records are used for similar purposes, or, even worse still, have been destroyed. What can be done to rescue what may yet remain?

1. Let every pastor make immediate inquiry for the church records of his charge, and see that all

port there were in his own branch of the Methodist family nearly 100 Conferences: 12,000 travelling preachers, and a membership of nearly two millions, and in all the branches represented in the late Centenary Conference 25.839 travelling preachers, 34.714 local preachers, and over 4,000,000 communicants.

The first report of the Sundayschool Union of the Methodist Episcopal Church was made in the year Bro. Colclazer entered the ministry. It estimated the number of schools at 1024, teachers and officers 10.892, and 63.240 scholars. The report for our own branch of the church in 1885 is 21.453 schools, officers, and teachers 229.565, with 1,796,034 scholars. We give these figures to enable the reader to grasp in a measure the range and import of a ministerial life stretching across such vast fields of experience and progress. Through all this period and amid all this wonderful development of material and spiritual aggression, he was an intelligent, active and efficient pastor.

#### Mrs. Anna M. Thomas,

Wife of Rev. T. Snowden Thomas, Editor of the "Peninsula Methodist," and daughter of the late Joseph Miller of Philadelphia, fell on sleep on Sunday evening last, Dec. 21st, at her residence at Green Hill, near North East Md., after an illness of three weeks, and much suffering which she bore with submissive and christian resignation.

When on Friday previous the three physicians in attendance, two of whom had been summoned from Baltimore by the family physician, announced to her that her case was beyond the reach of human means or skill. She received the intelligence with the most perfect composure, and conversed about it, and arranged for leaving her family and for her funeral, with as much tranquility as she would receive the news of the visit of a welcome friend and provide for his entertainment. With all the endearing ties of family, and the attractions of happily circumstanced life about

In 1830, Bro. Colclazer was trans- her, she expressed herself as being as cords of his charge, and see that all in 1830, Bro. Colchazer was trans- ner, she expressed nersen to see the set of "omnibusing" this with the min- the old in the Methodist episcopacy.

en !" Though seldom singing while in health, a few hours before she departed, she joined with holy fervor, in the beautiful hymn :

'Just as I am without one plea " Appropriate funeral services were held at the now desolate home of the family, on Tuesday afternoon, Dec. 23d, conducted by the writer and participated in by Revs. W. L. S. Murray, C. F. Sheppard, J. F. Williamson, John Wilson, and Rev. E.K. Miller of the Protestant Episcopal church; and the following day her remains were interred in lvy Hill

Cemetery, Philadelphia, near where the ashes of her parents lie, to await the resurrection of the just.

R. W. Topp.

#### Letter from Odessa.

DEAR BRO. THOMAS :- Not because I wish "to be seen of men," but in hope of aiding my brethren in advocating the Freedmen's Aid cause, and also because Dr. Frysinger thought the narration of my experience would be beneficial, I send you briefly the facts. For a long time I have been

President Arthnr has given "Right Reverend," as he is styled, Bishop William Taylor a letter for use in his trip to Africa. Other distinguished persons at Washington and elsewhere have given him letters of testimony to serve in the disputed regions of Western Africa.

The marriage of Mr. S. B. Bowman, son of Bishop Bowman, to Miss Mary Walden, daughter of Bishop Walden, at Covington Ky., occured on Thursday, Nov. 20. This very pleasant convinced that the frequent practice event tends to cement the new and

## Bilmington Conference NEWS.

# PENINSULA METHODIST, SATRUDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1884.

WILMINGTON DISTRICT - Rev. Charles Hill, P. E., Wilmington, Del. Newport charge, E. H. Nelson, pastor, writes: Members and friends from Stanton Church paid the parsonage a visit on last Saturday night. It was a complete and wholesale surprise. We have been frequently remembered during the year. Our extra meeting still continues. There have been several conversions, and the church considerably revived.

## EASTON DISTRICT-Rev. J. H. Caldwell, P. E., Smyrna, Del.

Odessa charge, J. P. Otis, pastor, writes : We have so much Christmas here that we began on the evening of Dec. 18th, with a treat to the Sunday-school of St. Paul's church. The Sunday-school room was tastefully trimmed with evergreen and the tree profusely and beautifully decorated. After singing by the school, remarks by the pastor, Kriss appeared. Him there is not room in the METHODIST to describe. His perfect representation of the traditional giver of Christmas gifts, his wise and witty remarks when distributing the gifts, the efficient services of his charioteer, "Tom of the Sky," were a fountain of delight to young and old, and will not soon be forgotten. They can be heard from by calling on Bro. Jos. G. Brown, our chorister, or Bro. G. W. Naudain. Jr. After all the refreshments were distributed to the audience, and all went away feeling well satisfied, stormy though the evening was.

Queenstown charge, L. P. Corkran pastor. Extra meetings have been in progress at Queenstown for over two weeks. A number have been converted, and the interest increasing.

#### DOVER DISTRICT-Rev. A. W. Milby, P. E., Harrington, Del.

East New Market, T. O. Ayres, pastor, writes: There will be a turkey supper at Salem M. E. Church, Christmas day, and a Sunday-school entertainment during Christmas. The Sunday-school at East New Market will have a "Christmas gift" for the children. The parsonage debt is most paid. The parsonage at Hurlocks is nearing completion and will be commodious. They need a chapel at Hurlocks.

Hurlock charge, G. Hopkins, pastor. The special revival efforts in three churches on this charge have about closed. Eighty-two have professed faith in Christ, many others are penitent, and the churches are greatly revived. God is doing a great work in this community. Rev. A. D. Davis, pastor of Denton circuit, writes: Because of the heavy rain storm on last Sabbath, Dec. 21, the dedication of the Hickmantown M. E. Chnrch was postponed until January 4th, 1885. The programme recently published will be substanially carried out. A pressing inviation is extended to all, especially to iberal minded persons, to be present 6 holp us in the collections. The urden falls heavily upon a few, and ve need all the help we can get.

been held at Hollands and Williams with grand results, having had twelve accessions at former and forty-two at the latter place. The meeting at Curtis Chapel which is now in progress bids fair to be a success, fifteen souls have already professed faith in the Master and connected themselves with the church on probation, and still there's more to follow. In the whole the work here is progressing finely. Seventy accessions thus far to the church, and collections in advance of last year. Extra meetings at Cokesbury will begin on January the 4th, 1885.

Crisfield charge, W. W. W. Wilson, pastor. The trustees of Immanuel M. E. Church have sold all their pews in the basement to the Shiloh M. E. Church, colored, for \$50, and they propose to replace them with the most modern Sunday-school seats. They also intend to put in new heaters. The Rev. W. W. W. Wilson preached to the Independent Order of Heptasophs yesterday morning in Immanuel church.

#### PERSONAL.

Rev. Geo. R. Bristor, will preach in the M. E. church South, Easton, Sunday morning and night. His sermon in the morning will be on "The Organization of American Methodism."

Rev. John O. Barton has returned to his home in Princess Anne, very much improved in health.

After Dec, 10, the post-office address of Bishop Mallalieu will be New Orleans, La. Until that date he may be addressed at Austin, Texas.

Bishop Taylor will in a few weeks start for Liberia via England. He will preside over the Liberia Conference, at Monrovia, Jan. 29. He will then proceed southward, intent on finding for his missionaries a practicable route to the interior.

Bishop Andrews has changed his residence. His address now is "The Richmond," corner 17th and H Sts., N. W. Washington, D.C.

A note from Austin, Texas, to a gentleman of this city makes the following references to Mrs Bishop Ames: "She continues blessed with good health, though feeble. While her infirm condition confines her to the house constantly, she is always cheerful and apparently happy in her surroundings." A large circle of friends in Baltimore will be glad to read these words .- Boltimore Methodist.

The Queen of England worships God in Scotland with the Presbyterians, and in England with the Epis- preached in the cathedral in Philacopalians.

meetings, which are eminently successful. Monday, Dec. I, he held a meeting at the Work-house, and hundreds of prisoners signed who were profoundly empressed with his form of Gospel temperance, with "charity for all and malice for none."

The Rev. Dr. James Elijah Latimer, Dean of the School of Theology of the Boston University, died suddenly Nov, 29.

We are delighted to learn that our almost life-long friend, Rev. Joseph J. Camp, has been selected to take the position of Prison Agent, recently held by "Father Heritage," of temperance fame: No more suitable election could have been made. We congratulate Bro. Camp and also the Board of Prison Inspector on such an excellent arrangement. Christiaa Standard,

Dr. George S. Robinson, son of our brother, Rev. W. C. Robinson, we are pleased to learn, has been appointed resident physician of the House of Correction. He will enter upon duty at the commencement of the coming year. We congratulate our young brother on his elevation to this responsible position, and we congratulate the father also on the career of usefulness opening to his sons, whom he has educated with so much care and self-sacrifice .- Philadelphia Methodist.

Bro. Robinson has another son who is a member of the Philadelphia Conference. Many of our friends will remember the father as one of the successful Peninsula preachers, when the Peninsula was a part, and an important part of the Philapelphia Conference and will with him rejoice in the satisfactory entrance of his sons upon lines of activity that promises honor and usefulness.

Bishop W. L. Harris has been elected president of the board of education, in place of the late Bishop Simpson. Bishop Harris has had large experience in educational work, and will make a thoroughly efficient officer.

PROBIBITION NOT TO BLAME - The secular papers have had an account of the attack of a temperance mob on a saloon-keeper in a town in Ohio, ending in his death. We said nothing about it, preferring to wait for fuller particulars, and now we take, not from a Prohibition paper, but from the New York Sun, which does not believe in Probibition. the following :

The sermon of the Rev. J. Richards Boyle, A. M. on "The Catholicity of Protestantism" is a reply to the sermon of Monsignor Chapel on the divisions of the Church, which was delphia April 13, 1884. It reviews the statement of the willy priest with great candor and kindness, showing the well-known mis-apprehensions which prevail among Romanists as to the character of the divisions into which other than doctrinal differences have separated the Church in this Country. It is an effective reply to the dignitary whose principal mission in this country is to advocate his Church by the suppression of the truth, and, sometimes, by its perversion. The sermon was preached in Grace Methodist Episcopal Church, Wilmington, and is published by reunest.-Christian Advocate. ----

tion in church work? It is very important to have the membership rein forced from the Sunday-school of the church, and from the young people of the families connected therewith. Everybody knows the difficulty of impressing with religious truth persons of mature years who have long kept themselves outside of religious influences, Every minister and every evangelist knows how hard it is to bring about the conversion of an aged sinner. Very often such an one has become hardened and callous, so that nothing moves him, while childhood is innocent, sincere, and easily influenced.-Christian Guardian.

PENINSULA PROGRESS.-From time

immemorial the United States mail

for Accomac and Northampton coun-

counties have secured prohibition.

The Christmas Quarterly.

that it should compare favorably

to us at this time. From cover to

cover of this holiday number there

is an unbroken succession of pic-

tures of all kinds and on all subjects.

holiday number will enable her to se-

lect the presents that she contem-

savagery and civilation."

its twelth pastor.

half.

ments. WILMINGTON DISTRICT--FOURTH QUARTER. Mt. Pleasant, Dec.,. 28 29 26 28 28 29 Claymont, Brandywine. pworth, 30 Jan 4 Chester. Obarlestown, 10 11 11 12 12 18 18 25 26 North East. Elk Neck, 11 17 lion. herry Hill. Hockessin, 24 25 Newark, 29 31 Union, Feb. Newport, Christiana Feb. Asbury, St. Paul's, Scott. Port Deposit, 12 12 13 Rising Sun. 14 15 Red Lion, 22 23 New Castle St, Georges, 22 18 Mar. Del. City. CHAS. HILL, P. E. DOVER DISTRICT-FOURTH QUARTER. Bridgeville, Federalsburgb, Dec. ties has been dependent on the slow  $\frac{27}{29}$ Denton. Felton, Jan. and lumbering stage coach or the somewhat uncertain steamboat. But Leipsic. Wyoming. Camden, after the 17th of December the new Magnolia, Farmington, Seaford railroad will carry the mail bags for all the postoflices in the two counties, Pel, Galestown, Millsboro. and letters will go and come at least eorgetown, llendale. twenty-four hours earlier than formerly. It will then take only half dilton, Æт**е**, a day to send a letter to the lower AFS& C Peninsula instead of a day and a 'gederica, Harrington, A. W. MILBY, P. E. SALISBURY DISTRICT-FOURTH QUARTET. THE Dominion of Canada has a Gumboro, Jan. local option prohibitory law, passed Powellville six years ago. Under this forty-five Parsonsburg. Delmar, Barren Creek, 10 11 11 Sharptown,  $\frac{12}{18}$ Salisbury 17 17 18 23 24 THE Marquis of Lorne having been Fruitland 18 49 25 25 Quantico. asked, on his return to England from Pocomoke City, Pocomoke Circuit, Canada, how prohibition of the liq-Onancock 31 Feb. uor traffic seved the general prosperi-Holland's Island, ty, has replied: "Admirably --it Asbury, Annamessex, makes all the difference between Crisfield. Smith's Island. Tangier Island, 15 21 22 16 22 23 Fairmount, Westover, Deal's Island, THE first Church in Newbury, Mar 2 Mass., which was established nearly Princess Anne 2 250 years ago, has recently installed JOHN A. B. WILSON, P. E. MRS. J. PERCY Makes a specialty of Saratoga Waves and Ventilated Hair STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER'S QUAR-Works. TERLY for Winter 1884, is at hand from the publishers. A peep within

Quarterly Conference Appoint-

WORKS. 613 MARKET STREET. Water Curl Fries &c. All kinds of Hair Jeweiry made to order. Combings rooted, glossed and made into Switches Puff, Curls, &c. The latest styles in Hair goods. Combs and Orgaments cuestantly on band. its bright holiday cover shows that there has evidently been especial care taken in the preparation of this issue, --Wesleyan College---FORwith similar publications that come YOUNG LADIES. WILVINGTON, DELLWARE. Graduating courses, classical and English, with prepartory department. Best advantages in music and art. Homelike care and com-forts. Reasonable charges. Address, 18-2m JOHN WILSON, President. To the shopper who from any cause is prevented from shopping, this THE LITTLE RIDDLE BOOK. Send 2 cent stamp to Walter A. Taylor, Atlanta, Ga for Ribdle Book with illuminated cover. Amusing. plates purchasing: which she will Pastors or Trustees

ALISBURY DISTRICT.-Rev. J. A B. Wilson, P. E., Princess Anne, Md .. Berlin charge, C. A. Grice, pastor. n Tuesday and Wednesday evenigs of Christmas, week, the ladies ill hold an oyster supper and festid for the benefit of the church. Pocomoke circuit, E. H. Derrickn pastor. Protracted meetings have

Mrs. Hillis, of Elgin, Ill., has a copy of the poem, "Oh, Why Should the Spirit of Mortal be Proud?" in the handwriting of Abraham Lincoln, given her by himself.

A little girl in Cambridgeboro, Pa., has realized \$139.93 for foreign missions, by preparing thistle balls, which she sold for fifty cents a box, containing five

A certain Jew in the southern part of Russia, is preaching the true Messiahship of Jesus, and many of his countrymen are acknowledging that he is indeed the Son of God.

The Rev. William Griffith, of Albany, N. Y. is announced as having promised to give \$40,000 to Wesleyan University to found a professor-

Francis Murphy. the distinguished ship. temperance advocate, was present at the anniversary of the great temperance revival in Pittsburg, which occured several years ago, and has procured several years ago, and a series of church, and to secure their co-opera- bitt.

The Children in the Church.

A good deal has been said about the "Relation of Children to the Church" and their right to be considered as members of the Church. but very little attention has been given to the important questionwhat are the best means to use in order to bring the children into the

here find described and illustrated. Whoever desires a complete fashion magazine, literature, music, and fashions, should send Strawbridge & Clothier 50 cents for a year's subscription, and if they do so before February 1st, 1885, they will receive as a premium, a 25-cent book on crazy-patchwork, containing six transferable designs, with complete instructions.

#### MARRIAGES.

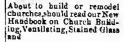
BARRETT-MACE.-On the 17th inst at the bride's bome, Mr. Jethro McCullough's by Rev. J. Robinson, Mr. Philip Barrett and Miss Sadie E. Mace, all of Cecil Co.

BROHAWN-KERR.-At Vienna M. E, Church, Dec. 17th, 1884, by Rev. T. O. Ayers, Samuel M. Brohawn and Katie Kerr.

WINGATE-STOUT.-On Wednesday evening, Dec 17th, 1884, by Rev. T. B. Hun-ter, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. Lester P. Wingate and Miss Etta Stout, all of Delaware City.

WRIGHT-ANDREWS.-Oct. 22d, by Rev. J. Warthman, Peter W. Wright to Miss Mollie Andrews.

TODD-TREBBITT.-Dec. 17th, by Rev. J. Warthman, in Harmony M. E. Church, Charles H. Todd, Jr., to Miss Mollie Treb-



### New Material for

New Material for Presco Painting, Warmuted proof against leaks or damp from roots or idee of the building, Plan-for New, Remodeling, or Free-oing of Churches. with est's material and the set of the set of the hors, trustees and committees in the Middle States. Address J. STARLY D'ORSA' & CO., Church Archi-tects and Decorators. Office, 67 Binls Horsy, New York, (Established 1849). Refer to new Presbyterian church, Smyrns, Del., and Presbyterian church, at Port Penn, Del.



he most



Trains will leave Wilmington as follows:

0010.30 в. ш.; 2.30, 4, 7,40 9.65 р. ш.

P. W. & B. Railroad

For Philadelphia and intermediate stations, 6.1

### SEND YOUR NAME And address on a Postal Card to the

Hearthstone Publishing Company, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

and you will receive by return mail a SPECIMEN COPY

of the HEARTHSTONE which is without exception the best Story Faper published.

of THE HEARTHSTONE, which is without ex-ception the best Story Paper published.

THE HEARTHSTONE is a stateen-page paper full of the choice original serials, sketches, poetry, and miscalaneous articles, and is printed on fine tinted paper.

Those who subscribe during the next sixty days will receive any one of the following articles

WOOD'S PENOGRAPH, the best Fountain Pen ever used. GENTLEMAN'S GOSSAMER COAT or a LADIE'S NEWPORT.

BARNES' POPUDAR HISTORY.

DAY'S COLLACON of 40,000 quotations from 2000 authors, copiously

illustrated. THE NEW AMERICAN DICTION-

ARY.

A POCKET MAGNIFIER HOW TO READ CHARACTER-

a very interesting book. A TRIPLE-PLATED CHILD'S SET:

Or SIX TRIPLE-PLATED TEA-SPOONS:

Or SIX TRIPLE-PLATED DES-SERT SPOOFS; Or SIX:TRIPLE-PLATED TABLE-

SPOONS

Or SIX TRIPLE-PLATED FORKS TRIPLE -- PLATED BUTTER-A KNIFE:

OF SIX TRIPLE-HLATED WIND-SOR KNIVES.

All these silver-plated goods are guaranteed to be of the best quolity. Don't fail to send for a specimen copy of THE HEARTHSTONE, and we are sure you will be induced to subscribe after reading the paper.

Address THE HEARTHSTONE PUBLISH-ING Co.,

268 & 270 S. Ninth St., Phila., Pa. 31-3m

AMERICAN 1 Electric Light, 60c. 10 A complete model INCANDECENT ELECTRIC LAMP, with Battery, Stand, Globe, Platina Burner, Wire. &c., with instructions for putting in perfect operation. Will be sent, post-patd, for 40 6419 Oents FREERICK LOWEY 10 96 Fulton St., New York. DO YOU WANT TO PURCHASE A BEAUTIFUL Christmas Present? Weber, Decker Bro., Haines or Fischer

Delaware, Maryland & Virginia Railroad. IN CONNECTION WITH O. D. S. S. Co. and P. B. R. CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after Wednesday, June 25th, 1831, trains will move as follows, Sundays excepted :

Franklin City

Stockton Girdletree

Scarborough Snow Hill Wesley Queponco Poplar\*

Berlin Friendahip

Selbyville Frankford

Dagsborough Millsborough Stockley\* Georgetowa

Leave 7 40

\$ 00

GOING NORTH Mixed. Mail.

A. M. 5 30

5 42 5 50

610

8 05 8 18

Philadelphia, (express), 2, 2, 45, 6,30, 7,50, 8,15, 904, 9 10 9.55 10.05 11 55 a. m. 12, 41, 12,45, 1,51, 5,22,5,55 6,36, 6,46 and 7.40 p.m Between Harrington and Lewes. New York, 2.00 2.45, 6.39, 6.40, 7, 2.55, 10.05 11.55 a. m \*12.41, 1.51, 2.50 4.00 5.55, 6.06 6.16 7.10 p. m. GOING NORTH. Mail. Mixed GOING SOUTH, Mall, Mixed, For West Chester, via. Lamokin, 6.10 and 8.15 a. m. M. Arr. 2,00 1,50 1,40 1,55 1,25 P. M Arr 7 23 7 40 7 04 8 57 6 52 6 47 P. M. Leave and 2.30 and 4 p. m. Baltimore and intermediate stations, 10.05 a to 6.00, Reisobol! 2 40 3 00 307 3 11 3 20 3 21 3 23 3 25 3 44 3 45 4 03 Lewes Nassau 11.50 p in. Nassau Coolspring Harbessa \*Bennums \*Messick Georgetowa Redden Redden Redden Redden Ellendale Lincoln Milford \*Nouston Harrington Arrive Baltimore and Bay Line, 7.00 p m. Baltimore and Washington, 1,241, 11, 4, 13, 8, 15, 16,06 10.56 a m. 1.00, \*1,11, 4,58, 500, p. m. ×120 ×120 ×115 110

 $1.57 \\ 1.42$ 

1 30

10.56 a m. 1.00. \*1.11, 458, 700, p. m. Tains for Dolaware Division leave for: New Castle, 0.15.8.55 a.m.: 12.25, 3.00, 8.50, 0.25 p. 18 Harrington, Dolmar and Intermediate stations, 8.55 m.: 12.57 p.m. Harrington and way stations, 6.25 p.m. Express for Seaford 3.60 p.m. For further Information, passengers are toferred to the time-tables posted at the depot. Trains marked thus (\*) are limited express, upu-which extra is charged. FRANK THOMSON J. R. WOOD General Manarer. General Passenger Agent 
 8
 3 551
 3 44
 Redden
 110
 0 33

 8
 9 01
 3 42
 Robbins'
 12 52
 6 23

 9 11
 3 57
 Ellendate
 12 46
 6 23

 9 11
 3 57
 Ellendate
 12 46
 6 23

 9 13
 3 57
 Ellendate
 12 46
 6 18

 9 24
 4 03
 Lincoln
 12 20
 5 59

 9 47
 4 30
 \*Rouston
 12 20
 5 59

 9 47
 4 30
 \*Rouston
 12 00
 5 59

 9 47
 4 0
 Harrington
 411 40
 6 35

 Ar.
 Ar.
 Arrive
 L're
 12 40
 5 45

 Ar.
 Ar.
 Arrive
 L're
 5 3 50

 28 20
 Baltimore
 7 60
 12 10
 12 10

 41 40
 3 02
 Philadelphia
 5 00
 3 00

 At Georgetown trains connect with trains to and
 from Franklin City.
 and

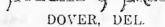
REDWOOD, MAPLE

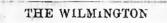


Bet. Franklin City & Georgetown Goiss Soorn Mixed. Mai In fitting up a church it is very necessary to to get a varnish that will stand the heat of the body and also retain its lustre. P. M. 5 05 4 45 4 305 4 15 3 15 3 00 2 30 2 18 5 1 53 1 20 COWGILL'S Pew Varnish has been sold for over 20 years. and nover disappoints We also make five new stains COWGILL'S

CHERRY MAHOGANY and WALNUT, 12 32 In a latter from Rev Win F. Dawson o Houston, Del., he says "All are delighted with the beautiful finish that your stains and varnish give.

ESPECIAL DISCOUNT TO CHURCHES LOWGILL OF LREEN,





### Umbrella and Parasol MANUFACTORY

has the largest and best assoriment of Um-brelias, Parasols and Sun Umbrelias to be found in the city. The large business, to which our en-tire attention is given, and our unequalled facili des for supplying the latest and best, places us on equal tooting, and enables us to compote with any cite.

Umbreitas and Parasols of any size or quality made to order-Ro-covored or Kepnired prompt-ly and in the best manner. A call is solicited

E.C. STRANG,

I. J. NICHOLSON, S.W. COR. FOURTH AND MARKET S13. WILMINGTON, OFT

BOOTS&SHOES, Shoemaker's Dining-Room, (OPPOPITE THE CLAYTON HOUSE).

No. 502 KING STREET,







805 10 35 Millisorrough 1.4. 12 32
818 10 57 Stockley\* 1.3. 12 32
850 11 20 Georgetown 1.1.5 12 35
P Trains Pass. \* Flag Stations.
A mised train leaves Harrington for Lowes and Intermediate points, connecting with train that leaves
Wilmington at 10 p. m.
Steamer leaving New York from Pier No.26, (Old No. 37) North River, foot of Beach Street, Mondays and Thursdays at 3 p. m., connects at Leves Pier the following morning with train due at Harrington 10 a.
m. Franklin City 5 p. m.
Train leaving Franklin City at 6 a. m., Harrington 12.00 a. m., connect on Tuesdays and Fridays with Steamer at Lewes Pier, leaving at 3 p. m. and due in New York 5 o'clock next morning.
Connections: At Harrington with Delaware Division of Pennylvania Raliroad to and from all points north and south; at Berlin with Wicomico and Pocomuke Raliroad; at Snow Hill passengers can take steamer on Mondays and Maryland; at Shock not the Eastern Store of Virgiala and Maryland; at Shock not due at the Stages run to and from Horntown, Drummootown, East-ville and other points. Steamer Will train due at 3 p. m. Steamer leaving Franklin City at 6 a. m. Steamer Widgeon leaving Franklin City at 7 a. m., Mondays and Thursdays goes to Atlantic.
Supt. O. D. S. S. Co., 237 Weet Street, N. Y. THOMAS GROOM, A. SUPONY.

DEALER IN

106 West Seventh Street,



art.

8.1

>

-----

lso, ril

asy

.3.

tong

IS

lty

2+h

T.

WCH.

3.

urod exlaria,

Veli

5 0

banl:

, and a for iopu-

ment boat

tina

;

C. Etc.

## Important Announcement

## THOMPSON, KERSEY & CO.

Owing to the decease of our partner, Mr. Kersey, it becomes necessary to take an Inventory of stock. In order to do this successfully we propose to unload our Mammoth Establishment of

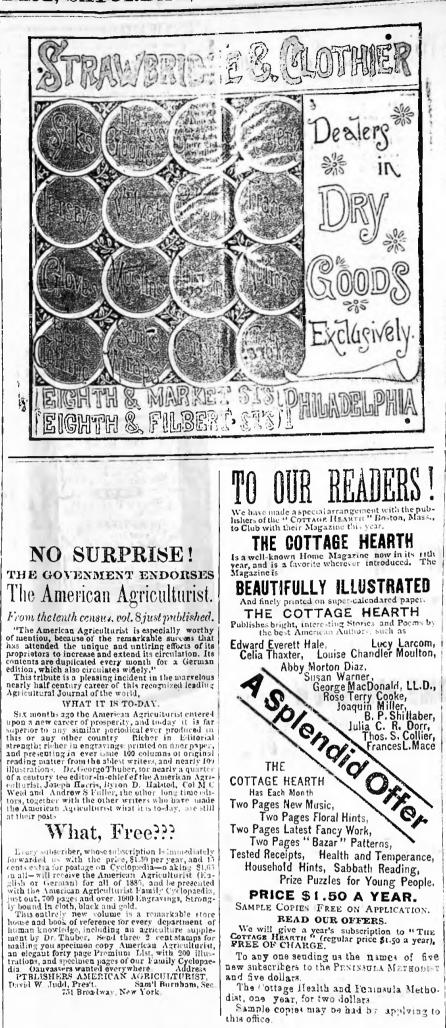
Dry Goods, Carpets and Clothing

At a Great Sacrifice. BARGAINS UNPRECEDENTED NOW AT THOMPSON, KERSEY & CO'S., EASTON, MD.

## Peirce College of Busiess,

RECORD BUILDING, 917-919 Chestnut St., Philadelphia. Pa.





## ROBUST HEALTH

Is not always enjoyed by those why to possess it. The taint of correctly blood may be secretly underning the constitution. In time, the poilog will tainly show its effects, and with a first may virulence the longer it has been a own to permeate the system. Each other why boll, skin disorder and sense of unmand lassifude, or languor, is one of Neared warnings of the consequences of arg.

## Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is the only remedy that can be relied 4 on in all cases, to eradicate the taint of heat intry disease and the special corringions of the blood. It is the only alternity that is sufficiently powerful to thorowshi-cleanse the system of Scroutlons and Mercurial imparities and the potential of Contagions Diseases. It you have traizes the poisons let's by Diphtheria and Scarlet Fever, and employs tool recuperation from the enfectiement and debility caused by the ediscases

### Myriads of Cures

SAR'S SARSAPARELA, IA As the second se will do well to 1

Trust Nothing Else

than AYUE'S SARSAPATHLA. MURAPA-crude mixiates are offered to the pass-as whood purifiers," which only allows the patient with the protones of men-cheap doses, and with the help it is folly be experiment while disease is studily as coming more deep-scaled and differed or cure. Some of these mixings do much lasting herm. Berr in mind that the only medicine that can radically purify the vitiated blood is

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

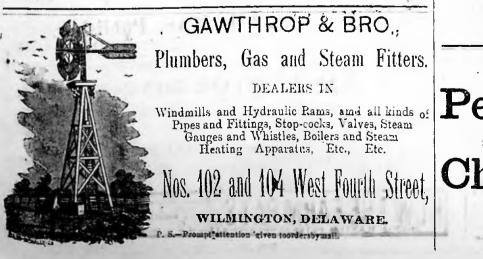
PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all druggists: price \$1. six bottles for \$5.



AGENTA! This grand book is now out-selling all direr oto 1. Ministers, Editors, Critics, etc., unqualifiedly en-orae it and wishi it Godspeed. We have many lady areas ho have sold over 200 in their respective towahing. We ant a few good agenta-men or women-in this vicinity st mes to nake money. U. Forns and puty freight. Now is de mes to nake money. U. Four Circulars, giving Spread Terre (itracis, etc., ami free Correspondence in reced. Addres A. D. WORTHINGTON & CO., Hartford, Osza-2020. 23-121

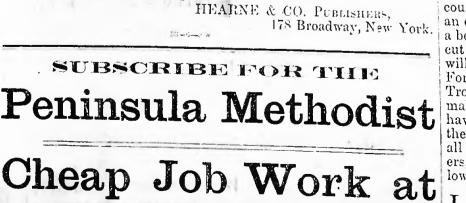
THOMAS MAY PIERCE M. A. PRINCIPAL (Experi Accountant, also Experi in HandWriting, SCIPAL, BESperi Accountant, WILLIAM H. RICHARDS, VICL-PRISCIPAL

Young Men and Women are trained for the vocation of business, by the most advanced and modern educational methods, by instructors intimately acquainted with the needs of business men. For circular and commencement proceedings, call or write to 15-6mos REV. JOHN THOMPSON, DEAN, 15-6mes



MUSIC WITHOUT A TEACHER "Let all play now who never played before, And those who've playeed before now play the mule," BY USING Soper's Instantaneous Guide TO THE PIANO AND ORGAN.

TO THE PIANO AND ORGAN. Whitch enables any persons, old or young, to play at sight, without previous study. It will teach you more muste in one day than you can learn from a teacher in a month. The Guide is so very simple that any child mends it to all. Every house having a plano or organ should have one. It will prove an object of interest and annusement to every member of the family where it hads a place. We don't expect to make you "stark" but start you and develop your capacity. Thousands will find it easy to become musicians when they once get correctly started. This the Guide will do at once. It sails extend from Maine to California, and from estark in 25 minutes." A gentleman who had listened for years to bis wife and laughter without being able to strike "Your Guide has brong at much happiness to my family. My busband says it is thellest purchase he ever made. My children derive much happiness and pleasure from ut." It is adopted by more, and the oleon. The best eridence of its merits are the large sales duily made by such leading New York, houses as R. Ridley a Song, Grand and Allen Streets. The Guides are gold in bawelf olio seta, with twenty (20) places you, or send direct to the Publishers, who will set every for the bay with save to its with a with weat with weat with weat with the order of the Guide has brong at much happiness and pleasure from the by such leading New York, houses as R. Ridley a Song, Grand and Allen Streets. The Guides are gold in bayende follo seta, with twenty (20) pleaces you, or send direct to the Publishers, who will see and From Street, and the save the mode of the context to the with the save the other it that appoint to an ingle leason. HIEARNE & CO. Public textures



this Office.

## **OVERCOATS**

Of all kinds, for Men, Youth, Boys and Children, in endless variety.

## ALSO SUITS.

For Dress, Business, Working, &c. You possibly could not find a better assortment of Clothing anywhere so well adabted for this section of country. Being Tailors and doing an extensive business, they have a better chance of getting sizes to cut their clothing so as to fit. You will also find an immense stock of Foreign and Domestic Suitings, Trowserings and Overcoatings for making Suits to order, which you have done at short notice and in the best manner; and the best of all is, the prices; being cash deal ers. you will findthem the very lowest.

J. T. MULLIN & SON

6TH AND MARKET, WIL.

TAILORS

CLOTHIERS,