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WILMINGTON, DELAWARE, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1889.

Tom Palne's Bible. BY REV. JOHN G. HALL, D. D. From The Illustrated Christian Weekly, New York, Oct. 12, 1889.

That Tom Paine had a Bible, is certain. That he knew what was in it, is what he himself largely makes known. And that he did not always read it to carp or cavil, but rather often to indorse and quote it is what anyone may see who examines his famous Revolutionary writings. In 1792, the "Websters," of Albany, then among the leading book publishers of the land, issued by subscription a volume of these writings, embracing "Common Sense," "Public Good," "The Rights of Man," etc., which was largely patroniz d by prominent persons throughout the States, such as Elbridge Gray, of Massachusetts; James Madison, of Virginia; De Witt Clinton, of New York; Rev. Samuel Kirkland, the famous pissionary to the Oneidas, and very many others of similar social and religious standing.

The design of "Common Sense," first printed in 1776, was to justify to the world the step the American colonies had taken for their Independence, and to brace up the colonists themselves to the great project they had in hand. And to accomplish those ends, he manifestly resorted to the most cogent and unanswerable arguments within his reach; and as we perceive, he gathered profusely from the Bible. In deprecisting a kingly form of government he finely says: "Government by kings was first introduced to the world by the heathens, from whom the children of Israel copied the custom. . As the must be accounted for, to Him who made and governs it." Bravo! Tom Paine. exalting one man so greatly above the rest cannot be justified on the equal rights of nature, so neither can it be defended on the authority of Scripture, for the will of the Almighty, as declared by Gideon, and the prophet Samuel, expressly disapproves of the government of kings. Render unto Caesar the things which are Caesar's, is no support of monarchical government, for the Jews at that time were without a king, and in a state of vassalage to the Romans." And from this point, he goes into an

extensive rehearsal of the Jewish history, in its pioneer Republican history, and in its subsequent one of monarchical rule, showing how God favored the former, and vainly tried to dissuade his people from the latter. And he seems especially to aim to have God's name and sayings arrest the eye of the reader, by putting them frequently in double capitals; as in Gideon's answer : "I will not rule you, neither shall my son rule over you, THE LORD SHALL RULE OVER you." And from the recorded debate and expostulation of Samuel with the people he quotes whole pages, and does not spare double capitals, as in the following: "The thing displeased Samuel king to judge when they said, 'Give us a us;' and Samuel prayed to the Lord. and the Lord said unto Samuel, 'Hearken unto the voice of the people in all that they say unto thee, for they have not rejected thee, but they have rejected Me, THAT I SHOULD NOT RULE OVER THEM."

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And from this ancient instance of the Jews, which he plants as the chief fulcrum of his logical lever, he goes on to oppose monarchy, in all its pretences to a Divine authority or warrant. And a Divine authority of mean zeal, roll-call of delegates; appointment of Scott M. E. Church, assisted by C. H. ao entirely unexpected, that even the committees; reports from officers, com- Fisler, Esq., cornettist, and the combin- purson, who makes his living by talking

and impressive; so that a modern reader may be inclined to ruh his eyes and say, "Is this Tom Paine that I am read ing?" Yes. we answer; it is Tom Paine bending himself down, in his earlier and less intemperate days, before his Bible, the book, that he there exalts to the highest dignity, and quotes with great freedom and effect.

Take the following from one of his numbers of "The Crisis"; "The natural right of the continent to be independent is a point that never yet was called in question. It will not even admit of a debate. To deny such a right would be a kind of atheism against nature; and the best answer to such an objection would be, 'The fool hath said in his heart, there is no God."

In one of his scathing letters to Lord Howe, he curiously writes : "Not many days ago, I accidently fell in company with a person of this city, (Philadelphia) noted for espousing your cause, and on my remarking to him, that it appeared clear to me, by the late providential turn of affairs, that God Almighty was

on our side, he replied, 'We care nothing for that,' etc. And to the same conscientious British General, he again says: "The poor reflection of having served your king, will yield you no consolation in your dying moments. He will crumble to the same undistinguishable ashes with yourself, and have sins enough of his own to answer for. You may, perhaps, be willing to be serious, but the destruction of the goods of Providence, this havoc of the human race, this sowing the world with mischief, You had not read your Bible for naught And then, further on, he says; "I have as little superstition in me as any man living, but my secret opinion has ever been, and still is, that God Almighty will not give up a people to military

destruction, or leave them unsupportedly to perish, who had so earnestly and so repeatedly sought to avoid the calamities of war, by every decent method that wisdom could invent. Neither have I so much of the infidel in me, as to suppose that He has relinquished the government of the world, and given us up to the care of devils."

Here, also, his Bible comes up to the surface. And probably there was no time in his subsequent pitiful career, when he could keep all thoughts of the Holy Book out of his mind and memory; and especially when those days came on, in which, as he himself says to Lord Howe, "Life began to wear a clouded look," and when he knew that his wornout body was near to "crumble to the same undistinguished dust," with all lords and monarchs whose souls had fled to their last account. Poor man! Had he followed his Bible as closely in morals as he did in politics, he would have reached a more honorable earthly end. and, doubtless, also a happier lot in the world heyond.

Convention of the Wilmington District Epworth League To be held in Scott M. E. Church,

Seventh and Spruce streets, January, 9, 1890. MORNING SESSION.

9, Devotional service. 9.20, Call to order by the President :

mittees, and delegates; resolutions and memorials. 9 50. "How can we most profitably use the Bible?" a paper by Rev. E L.

Hubbard, Ph. D. of New Castle M. E Church; discussion, in five minute speeches, to be opened by Rev. S N. Pilchard, of Delaware City.

10.30. "To what extentshould women engage in the public services of the Church?" paper by Miss Irene Hepbron of Scott M. E. Church; discussion in five minute speeches to be opened by Mrs. Rebecca Miller, of Mt. Pleasant; collection.

11.15. "The religious work of the Epworth League;" a paper by Rev. Adam Stengle, of Union M. E. Church ; discussion in five minute speeches, to be opened by Prof. H. S. Goldey, of Newark.

12. Doxology and benediction. AFTFRNOON SESSION. 1.30. Service of song.

1.50. Call to order. Reading of minutes. Reports of committees. Unfin-

ished business. New business. 2.20 "The Social Work of the Epworth League;" a paper by Everett Joner, of Union M. E. Church. Discussion to be opened by Wm. R. Flinn, of Newport.

2.50. "The Literary Work of the Epworth League," a paper by Miss Florence Milbourn, of Brandywine M. E. Church. Discussion to be opened by Joseph Bartlett, of Scott.

3.20. "Entertainment Department of the Epworth League," a paper by Rev. Chas. A. Grise, Ph. D., of Brandywine M. E. Church. Discussion to be opened by Chas. E. Stengle, of Union. 3.50. "Finance Department of the

Epworth League," a paper by A. V. Hysore, of Union M. E. Church. Discussion to be opened by Mrs. Emma Foster of Brandywine. Collection. 415. "The Epworth League." Address by Rev. Jesse L. Hurlbut, D. D., of New York; corresponding secretary of the Epworth League and of the Sunday-school Union of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Doxology and benediction. EVENING SESSION.

7.15. Service of song. 7 30. Call to order. Reading of

Minutes. Business. 7.40. "The relation of the Sundayschool and the Epworth League to the Church and to each other," a paper by Joseph Pyle, of St. Paul's M. E. Church. 8.05. "Denominationalism versus Sectarianism," Rev. W. L. S. Murray, Ph. D., Presiding Elder of Wilmington District. Collection.

8.30. "The Ideal Young Christian," by Rev. Jesse L. Hurlbut, D. D. We make three requests :

First, that papers do not exceed fifteen minutes, except those of the even ing session.

Second, that all delegates take part in the discussions.

Third, that the chairman of the delegation from each organized League, will present a brief written report at the morning session, stating date of organization, number of charter, number of members, and condition of the chapter.

The music will be under the leadership of Prof. Joseph D. Aldred of bonnet, and handsome coat. This was Bro. Collins in reference to the opium roll-call of delegates; appointment of Scott M. E. Church, assisted by C. H. so entirely unexpected, that even the traffic.

el choirs of Union, Brandywine, and Scott M. E. Churches. N. B. Entertainment will be provided

for all delegates from out of the city. (VAUGHAN S. COLLINS Committee { LILLIE J. MCCREA (A. V. HYSORE

From Milton Del.

DEAR BRO. THOMAS.—Your excellent paper has been a visitor to our home for many years, and as we read news from different points, we feel like adding our mite. Milton is a quiet town, but has been a busy one of late, with her shipbuilding. And here let me record a note for the white ribboners. Instead of the traditional bottle being used, at the launching from our yard here. of a large four masted vessel, she was profusely decorated with flowers, flags, and white ribbons-a new departure indeedand was christened by the fair daughter of the Capt. Wm. D. Lank, with flowers, from a basket tied with white ribbon. with the name "Florence Creadick". No wonder the Captain cried out "Hallelujah, Amen," as she glided gracefully out into the water. All honor to the captain and other owners, who thus braved public opinion, in excluding strong drink, from their launch.

The W. C. T. U., though young in its work, is watching for opportunities. The Sunday night following the haunch our pastor, T. R. Creamer, preached an excellent sermon, upon "Lessons learned from the building of the 'Florence Creadick," which was received with general satisfaction.

Thanksgiving Day was truly a Red letter day in Milton. Services were held in all the churches. In the morning, the order of American Mechanics of the town and surrounding country, attended the M. E. Church in a body, nearly filling the middle block of seats. The preacher, never happier than when preaching upon a topic, which stirs his patriotism, was at his best.

At night we had a praise service; at both services, our large audience room was crowded. The ladies had trimmed the church with American flags, autumn fruits, grains, vegetables and flowers, and the choir gave excellent music, with Miss Mary McGee as organist. The stores were closed, and people walked the streets in holiday attire.

Dec. 3d, marked the fifteenth milestone in the married life of our pastor and his wife. Though intending to spend it quietly at home, they were not allowed to do so. In the afternoon, carriages came, and they were given a ride, into the country; the parson indulging in gunning, and the ladies; spending the afternoon socially. In the evening, without a hint of supper, they were invited to return to town. This seemed very strange, but all was oon explained, as enteri parson, age, they found it filled with kind friends and a supper, such as the Milton ladies can prepare, ready to be discussed. A good social time followed; when the bride and groom were called out, and a brother minister united them again, for a continuance in the wedded race, where upon Capt. Wm. H. Magee, in a fitting speech, in behalf of the generous donors presented to the pastor, a beautiful over coat, and to his wife, a dress, wrapper,

could find little to say, but "I thank you," and "God bless you."

Our church is being repainted. The Sunday-school is preparing for Christmas. Revival services begin with the New Year. The W. C. T. U. and Loyal Temperance League, are both active in temperance work. The W. F. M. S is doing good work. Benevolent collections are nearly all in hand, except the Missionary. At the third quarterly conference, the presiding elder was asked to return pastor the third year.

Would be glad to see you, Mr. Editor. We are an hospitable people in Milton. Thanking you for indulgence, I remain,

S. J. C.

From Dover, Del. Editor of Peninsula Methodist.

DEAR SIR :--- In your issue of last week I notice an article signed "Clarence P. Wilson," criticizing my letter which appeared in your issue of Nov. 23d

The Rodney monument affair has been pretty well aired, yet it may be of some interest to further consider a few facts. The Legislature appropriated the sum of \$500, a very small amount for such a purpose; the remaining part being donated by the relatives of Cæsar Rodney. To whom does the honor properly belong?

The Methodist Episcopal Church, as I understand, was a part of the Established Church of England, previous to our Independence, and must certainly have had an existence before the year 1784.

The letter of the Presiding Elder did not, as is stated in Mr. Wilson's article, "voice the sentiment of all," as can be readily ascertained, if the trouble is taken to make careful inquiry.

The Elder says, "it is only another example of lack of denominational self respect." In reply I wish to say I claim to be as true and self respecting a Methodist, as either the Presiding Elder or his son Clarence: but I do not like to see other denominations condemned, because they do not believe just as I do.

Respectfully HERMAN C. TAYLOR.

Preacher's Meeting met in Fletcher Hall, last Monday, at 10 a. m.; President, D. H. Corkran, in the chair; devotions by Dr. J. H. Simms. The order of the day, was taken up, and a sermon was preached by Bro. H. W. Ewing, on the text, "But some men will say, how are the dead raised up? and with what body did they come?" 1 Cor. xv. 35. Discussion followed by Bros. J. Todd, B. F. Price, A. T. Scott, H. Sandeoson, J. L: Houston, J. T. Van Burkalow, J. Dodd, and H. W. Ewing.

A petition from W. C. T. U., was read referring to opium trade in China, and a resolution was ofiered by Bro. Collins, that we extend to the women of the w. C. T. U., our sympathy and support in their endeavor to rid China of the curse of the opium traffic. On motion of Bro. Koons, action on the matter was deferred for ane week.

Other brethren present were Bro. L. E. Barrett, and Bro. Smith of Ezion.

Topic of discussion, next Monday, the l6th inst., the resolution offered by

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PENINSULA METHODIST, DECEMBER 14, 1889. You will Save CATARRH

Bouth's Department.

Nellie's Pet.

Smut was a coal-black lamb, that its white mamma wouldn't own. Strange, that any mamma, even a sheep, didn't know her own little child-isn't it?

When Ross, Smut's mamma, first saw him lying beside his white pink-nosed sister, she stamped her foot, and butted him away.

Poor, weak little Smut! He rolled over, got up on his trembling legs, and cried terribly; but while Rosa thought there never was such a beautiful lamb as the pink-nosed sister, she would not let him come to her. He would have fared very poorly indeed, if Nellie hadn't seen it all; but she cuddled and petted and pitied him, to his heart's content. Nearly every hour she fed him warm, sweet milk from her own silver spoon, until he grew stronger, and could drink from the bright, new basin which papa brought to feed him in.

"Dear me!" said mamma. "That lamb is a nuisance! He is worse than any goat."

Let the child take comfort with him, said papa. And so Smut stayed, and grew so fast and so pretty, that his mother was glad to make friends with him.

One night in early winter, Smut was sleeping on his bed of hay in the corner of the stable, dreaming of the green summer pastures, no doubt, when a light suddenly awakened him. What a bright light it was? It was growing warmer too. Perhaps summer was coming back. Old Dobbin began to prance and snort, and gave a long, wild neigh of terror, while Brindle began to low mournfully, and Smut winked at thestrange light. What was it all about, Perhaps Nellie would know.

So he scrambled out from his warm nest, pushed the door open, and ran to the long shed, He scampered across the shed, but, alas the kitchen door was fast!

"B-a-a-a! B-a-a-a !" cried Smut, as he bunted away at the hard, wooden door with his hard woolly head.

"B-a-a-a-a-a!" he cried again, as loud as he could, for the bright light was shining out of doors now, and the clouds of smoke made him sneeze.

"Mercy sakes!" said mamma, rubbing her eyes. "Burglars are in the kitchen, I know."

Papa ran to open the shed door, but what he saw was almost worse than burglars-it was fire!

Then there was a great confusion and shouting and running, while Smut cuddled with Nellie in her own little bed. Old Dobbin and Brindle were saved,

the house was saved, but the stable burned down. "And we might have been burned in

our beds, if it hadn't been for you, you blessed lamb!" cried mamma, with her arms around Smut's neck." "He isn't a nuisance now, then!"

asked papa, slyly. "He's a darling, better'n-better'n

most anything !" said Nellie. "And he shall sleep in my bed all winter."

He didn't quite do that, but he had nice warm peu of his own, in the new stable, with plenty of clean straw for a bed, and plenty of good hay to eat. to earn it all,-do you?

WASHINGTON, D. C., DECEMBER 1, 1889 .- EDITOR OF PENINSULA METHO DIST .- DEAR SIR :- This office desires to secure the best results possible, regarding the schools of the country with a few salient inquiries.

James H. Blodgett, A. M., of Rockrience in educational work and in pubagent for the collection of statistics of education for the United States.

Public Schools are so related to sys-

tics are obtainable through established methods. Incorporated private schools have a place in public records.

Parochial schools generally render stated reports to some controlling body. Unincorporated private schools form a considerable element of usefulness,

hitherto unmeasured. It is desirable to gather reports of the number of teachers and pupils in such schools, without troubling them for the financial statements that schools supported by public funds owe to the tax-payers. The enumerators of population will

report each person who has attended school within the year, and whether at a public or at a private school : and for all persons ten years of age and over, those who can read and write. This will be more than has been done heretofore. Other educational statistics must be reached by different methods, in which every one interested may render some aid.

Any lists of private schools, no matter how brief, or names of single schools, no matter how humble, open in any part of the present school year, with the address of the principal teacher of each, will be of assistance to this office. Very respectfully,

ROBERT P. PORTER, Superintendent of Census.

Rock Of Ages An Incident.

On board the ill-fated steamer Seawanhaka was one of the Fisk University singers. Before leaving the burning steamer, and committing himself to the merciless waves, he carefully fastened upon himself and wife life preservers. Some one cruelly dragged away that of the wife, leaving her without hope, except as she could cling to her husband This she did, placing her hands firmly on his shoulders and resting there until her strength becoming exhausted, she said, "I can hold on no longer?" "Try a little longer." was the responce of the wearp and agonized husband; let us sing 'Rock of Ages.' " And as the sweet strains floated over those troubled waters reaching the ears of the sinking and dying, little did they know, those sweet singers of Isruel, who they comforted. But lo! as they sung, one after another of those exhausted ones were seen raising their heads above the overwhelming waves, joining with a last effort in this sweet, dying, pleading prayer:

"Rock of Ages, cleft for me; Let me hide myself in the."

with the song seemed to comestrength another and yet another was encouraged to renewed effort. Soon in the distance a float was seen approaching. Singing still, they tried, and soon with superhuman strength laid hold of the life-boat, upon which they were borne safely to the land. This is no fiction. It was related by the singer himself, who said he believed 'Rock of Ages' saved many another besides himself and wife."-California Christian Advocate.

A Short Sermon on Kickers

inal kicker. I would proceed to men-What more could a lamb want? I tion, for the benefit of brethren of a don't believe he knew what he had done, critical turn of mind, that "kicker" is a by stabbing. But if his sebaceous subgood English word, meaning an objector -a chronic objector to everything anybody else proposes. Brethren will discover this by a consultation of Webster's Dictionary. Having set your mind at rest upon so important a point, I will now advance to develop the text under two heads; namely: (1) Jeshuran waxed fat. (2) He kicked. I would mereford, Illinois, a gentleman of long expe- ly remark, in passing, that it seems quite likely he kicked because he waxed lic affairs, has been appointed a special fat. And, first, then, Jeshurun waxed fat. Which leads me to expound

THE VARIOUS KINDS OF FATNESS.

tems of public record, that their statis- | own mind. His beliet that he was actually fat, may have only been, as Gov. William Allen of Ohio, used to say, with a bad word prefixed, "a barren ideality." His assumption of size may have had no more solid foundation than that of the frog in the fable, who filled himself with wind in trying to be as big as the ox. Jeshurun may have had neither wit, wisdom, nor wealth; but, being dressed up in a little brief authority, as church deacon or trustee, could only

satisfy his own sense of importance, and secure the notice which his vanity craved, by kicking. There are such mentioned in the Bible,my brethren-'heady high-minded," "puffed up" with a feeling of their own bigness, which is nowhere but in their own thoughts. Or, again, Jeshurun, may have had much money, but along with it much ignorance. He made his pile some years ago by a smart corner in guano, or a sudden rise in soap fat. He was put upon the board, to flatter him, over more suitable men, in hope the Church might get some of his

wealth. Verily, the Church had its reward. With a vast assumption of wisdom he lectured the minister upon the proper doctrines to preach. He hec tored the Sunday-school teachers. He bullied the Ladies' Aid Society. He dictated to the treasurer and pew committee. He vetoed every plan of Church work that he did not propose. Let us wrestle with our feelings, brethren; it was hard to stand him; but it served us right, for we knew how to do better.

JESHURUN THE KICKER. I would proceed to remark, in the sec

ond place, my dear friends. that Jeshurun, having waxed fat, kicked. It runs in my mind, however, that I have already estimated something of the sort, and thus, in a measure, anticipated this branch of the subject. But his kicking was so patiently continued, so reiterated and it was of such an aggressive quality, so peculiary his own, as it were, that I may perhaps be indulged in dwelling a little more fully upon particulars. He kicked in season and out of season. Was a protracted meeting proposed, he kicked; was a Sunday-school concert talked of, he kicked; was a young people's prayer-meeting organized, he kicked; was a sinking fund for the payment of the church debtset on foot, he kicked; were new hymnal about to be purchased for the congregation, he kicked; did the leaders of the Thursday night meeting introduce fresh devices to add to its interest, he kicked; did the new minister come eating and drinking, he kicked; did he come neither eating nor drinking he kicked. He was an individual who made his way in the world by progressing hackward, with his beels all the while in active operation, playing the devil's tattoo upon everything that stood in the way. Finally, my belov-ed brethren, let us contemplate THE RESULT OF JESHURUN'S KICKING.

It is very important to notice that while the Scriptures affirm he was fat when he began to kick, they do not state that he remained so. On the contrary, it seems very likely that he kicked all A Short Sermon on Kickers We are told in the text, my beloved hearers, that "Jeshurun waxed fat and kicked." Jeshurun was, therefore, so far as the Scriptures inform us, the orig-told in the text, my beloved hearers, that "Jeshurun was, therefore, so far as the Scriptures inform us, the orig-told in the text, my beloved hearers, that "Jeshurun was, therefore, so far as the Scriptures inform us, the orig-told in the text, my beloved hearers, that "Jeshurun was, therefore, so far as the Scriptures inform us, the orig-told in the text of the text of the text of the text of text of the text of text of text of text of text of the text of the text of text of the text of the text of text lapse by a sharp thrust of indignation, pictures as bloated cattle are sometimes relieved by stabbing. But if his sebaceous sub-stance was of the second sort, it is at least certain that he at length kicked himself *spiritually* lean. No kicker can long keep fat. He may have grown up at the calves of the stable with the stable of the stable stance was of the second sort, it is at long keep fat. He may have grown up as the calves of the stall; his hide may have been glossy, his ribs well covered with the plumpest flesh; but an undue indulgence of the kicking propensity will soon make him so poor that he is fit for nothing but to be manufactured into clue, buttoms and commercial ferfit for nothing but to be manufactured into glue, buttons and commercial fer-tilizer. Most melancholy of all, ny dear hearers, was the effect of Jeshurun's kicking upon others. They took to kick-ing in their turn. The whole herd was THE VARIOUS KINDS OF FATNESS. kicking upon others. They took to kick-He may have only waxed fat in his ing in their turn. The whole herd was

infected with bad humor. Nobody proposed anything but that all the rest either surily shook their horns or turned their heels upon it. As a result, the church to which Jeshurun belonged kicked itself to pieces. Next, its individual members broke their legs kicking at each other. Finally, as they lay upon the ground, unable to stand longer, they broke their backs kicking into the air in pure ugliness. Then they were dragged out by the heels to the boneyard, and a more peaceful race took possession of their place. Now, my esteemed people, hear the application. Beware of failing into the habit of kicking. Hold your feet to the ground; they are to walk with; to carry you forward; to help your fellow-men in their plans for doing good, and not to batter them with. A void getting your back up, and your heels into the air. From treason, murder, sudden death, and all kickers, good Lord, deliver us!- Western Christian Advocate.

Money,

Trouble,

By Using

and will cure

CATARRH

Time,

Pain,

University of Pennsylvania adopts coeducation in a modified form.

Mrs. Caroline Donovan, of Baltimore, gives \$100,000 to John Hopkins university.

Claffin university has graduated 150 colored students; and nearly all are teaching in schools and colleges.

Forty-two colleges in the United States have increased their endowment fund \$3,675,000 during the past year.

IT WON'T BAKE BREAD.—In other words, Hood's Sarsaparilla will not do impossibili-ties. Its proprietors tell plainly what it has done, submit proofs from sources of unques-tioned reliability, and ask you frankly if you are suffering from any disease or affection caused or promoted by impure blood or low state of the system, to try Hood's Sarsapa-rilla. The experience of others is sufficient assurance that you will not be disappointed in the result

Our Book Table.

THE HOMILETIC REVIEW FOR DECEMBER is on a par with other issues of the year. Prof. Schodde leads off with, A New Factor in American Theological Thought. Dr. Prof. Schodde leads off with, A New Factor in American Theological Thought. Dr. Wylie on Beueficiary Education for the Min-istry will interest many. The Monumental Book of Revelation (the fourth on Eyppt ology) possesses interest to all Bible students. Prof. Painter discusses Protestantism and Popular Education. The Literature of the Oflice and Work of the Holy Spirit will be helpful to ministers Dr. Pierson's Sugges-tions from Latin Proverb are rich and apt The Sermons are by such preachers as Drs helpfal to ministers Dr. Pierson's Sugges-tions from Latin Proverblare rich and apt The Sermons are by such preachers as Drs. C. F. Thwing, J. Munroe Gibson (London), Geo. E. Reed, H. Grattan Guinness, S. D. Nicholls, and C. V. Anthony. Dr. Hoyts Prayer Service and the Holiday Services are timely and full of rich material. Drs. Crosby and Chambers as usual enrich the Excgetical Section. Dr. Stuckenberg continues to make the European Section of value to thoughtful readers Dr. Ludlow and Pierson have each a paper in Miscellaneous Department. The editor's contributions are worth reading. The number closes with a full index. THE RE. VIEW never stood so high in the estimation of the ministry as at the present time. of the ministry as at the present time. Published by FUNK & WAGNALLS. 18 and 20 Astor Place New York. \$3 00 per year; 30 cents per single number.

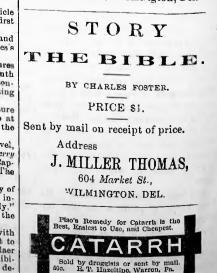
The December CENTURY opens with a The December CENTURY opens with a series of unpublished letters written by the Duke of Wellington in his very last days, to a young married lady of Eugland. Besides pictures of the Duke's residences, etc., there are three portraits of Wellington; the full-length picture by Sir Thomas Lawrence being used as frontispiece. The "personal interest" is very strongly

"personal interest" is very strongly the fat off, and thus became quite lean, continued in Joseph Jefferson's autobiogra

Alfred Stevens and Gervex, give pictures of their "Paris Panorama of the Nineteenth



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PENINSULA METHODIST, DECEMBER 14 1889.

The Sunday School.

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L3380N FOR SUNDAY, DEC. 15th, 1889. 1 Kings 11: 4-13.

BY REV. W. O HOLWAY, U. S. N. [Adapter from Zion's Herald.] SOLOMON'S FALL.

GOLDEN TEXT: Wherefore let him that thinketh he standoth, taxe heed lest he fall" (1 Cor. 10: 12).

4. For .- as a consequence of his fondne for "many strange women" (verse 1). When Solomon was old .- He died at about 60; his "old ago" may be understood to comprehend the last ten years of his life. His wircs - His queen was the Egyptian princess, the daugh ter of Pharonh, for whom he built a separate palace. But following the example of East ern kings, and with an ostentations purpose to surpass them all, he gradually collected, mostly from the Canaanitish and surrounding races (Moabites, Ammonites, Edomites, Zi douians, and Hittites) a numerous harem-"seven hundred wives, princesses, and three hundred concubines" (verse 3). Turned away his heart . . . other gods .- Chosen for their beanty. many of them, their influence over the king, was measured by their fascinations; and these were used in the interest of their national idols. The infatuated, enervated monarch was easily allured to a tolerance for and patronage of the gods whom his mistress es delighted to worship. Of this very danger, the Scriptures especially warned him (Deut. 17:17). His heart was not perfect as was . . . David — David had indeed sinned but he never countenanced idolatry. His beart "was fixed."

"Although Mosaism, even in the history of creation, represents monogamy as the or-iginal relation ordained by God himself, nevertheless poylgamy was so deeply rooted in the habits of all peoples, that the strict lawgiver was not able to uproot it, but sought, by various limitations, to make it difficult (Deut. 21: 15, sq.; Exod. 21: 9, sq.) It was expressly forbidden to a king, to have many wives (Dent. 17: 17), because the daugers which inhered in polygamy were doubly great, and could become dangerous for the whole realm, as Solomon's example conspicuously shows. Christendom was the first to make holy the bond of matrimony' (Baehr).

5. Solomon went after Ashtoreth.-either suffered himself to be led by his "wives" into a more or less active participation in worship, as the expression implies in the Pentateuch (Deut. 11: 28; 13: 2; 28: 14), or, simply. gave it his approval and encour ment. Ashtoreth was the queen of the Phonician female gods, and is depicted, frequent ly, in the form of a fish. She was the patroness of her sex, and represented the lemipine principle in nature. Zidonians-so called from Zidon, the famous Phœnecian city north of Tyre. Milcom-better known as Molech, or Moloch, the Ammonitish fire god Ammonites - descendents of Lot, dwell ing east of the Dead Sea and north of Moab.

"Moloch was worshipped by the Ammon ites with human sacrifices, especially child-The Rabbins tell us that it was made тер. of brass and placed on a brazen throne, and that the head was that of a calf with a crown on it. The throne and the images were made hollow, and a furious fire was kindled within it. The flames penetrated into the body and limbs of the idol, and when the arms were red hot, the victim was thrown into them, and was almost immediately burned to death, while its cries were drown ed by drums. The Jews were repeatedly allured to adopt this idolatry" (Schaff).

6. Solomon did evil (R. V., "that which was evil") in the sight of the Lord-especially in multiplying wives "from the nations, concerning which the Lord said, Ye shall not go in unto them, neither shall they come in un to you'' (verse 2). This sensualism paved the way to the introduction of idolatry and attendant evils. Went not fully after the Lord -His heart was divided. He did not wholly abandon the worship of Jehovah. He main tained outwardly the faith of his youth, and attended the great festivals thrice in the year, (1 Kings 9:25); but, on the other hand as the builder and frequenter of idol fanes, and the slave of lust, his spirituality wared.

"The worship of Jehovah was not discarded, but delight in the true God was gone, and the finme of that loving zeal for God's commandments died away; his heart was not perfect with the Lord his God. The soul had ceased to drink at the fountain of living waters, and was drinking at the fountain of Is our heart perfect with the Lord, our delight in His love, our hunger after His righteousness as deep as in the past? we offer a cold and formal worship to Him, we one a contract warms into living interest and strong desire only at the world's shrine?

(Urqubart.) 8. Then did Solomon build an high pla -an idolatrous altar, called "an high place"

because usually huilt on emineuces. He was helpless, must be done while we are in influenced in this, of course, by his alien life. The night cometh when no man wives. Chemosh-the sun god of the Monbites, "worshiped as king of his people and as a god of war, and as such is depicted upon coins, with a sword, lauce and shield in his hands, and with two torches by his side. His name occurs frequently on the Monbite stone" (Keil). Hill before Jerusalem-on the southern spur of the Mount of Olives. These places of sacrifice Solomon built up

on the mountain in front, that is, to the east, of Jerusalem, and, according to the more precise account in 2 Kings 23: 13, to the right, that is to say, on the southern side of the Mount of Corruption - in other words upon the southern peak of the Mount of Olives; and, consequently, this peak has been called in church tradition, from the time of Brocardus onward, either Mons Offensionis, after the Vulgate rendering in 2 Kings 23: 13, or Mons Scandali, Mount of Offense" (Keil). 8. Likewise did he for all his strange wives

Of course he dared show no partiality. To yield in one case required him to yield in all. It is not to be supposed, however, that he built a temple for each of seven hundred wives. Among them, doubtless, were many of the same notion and faith The meaning is that all the cults represented in his harem -less than a dozen probably-were furnish ed with appropriate places of worship. Which burnt incense and sacrificed unto their gods. Thus the land from which strange gods had been expelled, was dotted all over with idol shrines.

"They fronted the altar of Jehovah; their priests were visible to the priests in the tem ple courts; their smoke ascended to the sky along with the smoke of the daily sacrifice If insult had been designed, it could hardly have been more open or obtrusive'' (Ham mond).

9, 10. The Lord was angry-that holy an tagonism to evil which purity by its very pature feels; not for a moment to be confounded with our low human tempers and passions The Lord God . . . Which had appeared. . . . twice-Solomou had been particularly fa-vored and specially warned. Twice had God revealed Himself to him personally-not dedication of the temple; and yet, after such high converse and solemn admonition, the king had ungratefully and inexcusably ad-mitted idolatry into his kingdom and built its ignoble shrine. His behavior was as treasonable as it was base, and justly aroused the Divine indignation. 11. The Lord said-this time, probably, by

prophetic mediation. About this time, the prophet Abijah the Shilonite was sent to Jeroboam with a corresponding message verses 29-39). I will surely rend the kingdom -a prophecy fulfilled, after Solomon's death should my pleading be necessary? These by the violent dismenberment of the kingdom. Give it to thy servant-Jeroboam, who became the king of Israel, or the ten tribes. and was now one of Soloman's "servants." Says the Pulpit Commentary: "A 'servant' should be heir to his glory. For a hireling Solomon's vast treasures had been prepared This verse should be read in the light of Eccles. 2: 8".

"It is well worthy of potice that in this unouncement the oppression of the people by compulsory labor, and taxes, or despotism is not given as the reason of the dividing of the kingdom of Jebovah, and of limiting Solomon's dynasty to dominion over one tribe; but only the sin against Jehovah, the "going after other gods " It was just the same in Ahijah's address to Jeroboam'' (vs. 29-39) (Bachr.)

12, 13. Notwithstanding- 'in wrath remembering mercy." In thy days I will not do it.-For the sake of David the sentence was lightened by two mitigations-postponement and the reservation of a small section of the kingdom for Solomon,s son. The throng should be secure to Solomon while he lived; and after his death, "one tribe"-strictly two; Judah and Eenjamin; but "little Ben jamin" had almost lost its individuality in

Judah-should be kept in the family, should descend to Reboboam. For Jerusalem's sake -where His name was revealed. "The temple was there; the Shechinal was there. Kingdoms are spared the severity of judgments in respect to the interesti of religion in many ways little dreamed of

A Cry to Human Hearts

by statesmen and rulers" (Macdonald.)

BY BISHOP W. F. MALLALIEU, D. D.

To human hearts and to humane hearts ington, Mass., have sent printed infor--surely all human hearts ought to be humane. There ought to be love, ten- dred young people of Montreal assemderness, sympathy and helpfulness in all bled recently for a prayermeeting, in supports more than half as many people hearts. A few more days or years at the American Presbyterian Church of most, and all hearts now throbbing with that city, before daylight, in connection life will be still and cold. What is done with one of the conventions. for the poor and needy, the weak and Rev. F. E. Clark who has been at-

can work. Ah! how it hastens! How soon it will be upon us! When death touches any human hand, it can no longer give the cup of cold water to the thirsty. When death seals the lips, they can no longer speak words of love and helpfulness. We must work while it is day.

The only way some people can effectually work for Christ and humanity, is to give of what God has placed in their care. The best, if not the only way, for some to do good, is to give of their substance while they yet live, for the establishment of some great charity, or the development or endowment of some such charity already established.

A rare opportunity is now afforded to ome wealthy person, to bless millions of people by founding a medical school in connection with our New Orleans University. It will take fifty thousand dollars to give us what we ought to have. We can make a good beginning with half that amount. We ought to have at least twenty thousand without delay. Who will do the Christ-like deed Who will have the Master say in the coming day, "Inasmuch as ye have done it unto the least of these, ye have done it unto me?"

But some one may say, "What! have you no medical school in the city of New Orleans ?" The answer is, "Yes, we have a large and excellent one, but it is only for white students." We may cry out "shame," but that does not help the matter, the fact still exists. No colored man, whatever his merits, is allowed to enter the Medical School of the great University, the Tulane University of the city of New Orleans. A through the mediation of a prophet-once at leper would be admitted, as soon as a Gibeon, and afterward at Jerusalem after the black man, even if the black man were four-fifths white.

Meanwhile, within three hundred miles of New Orleans, there are two mil lions of colored people. They need medical attendance, they had it when they were slaves. But who cares for them now? They must not longer be neglected. The best thing to be done for the people is to establish this medical school, for which I plead. But why are God's poor and He pleads for them. Men and women will read these lines who could easily give the fifty thousand required. Will they not hear God's call? Will they not respond?

Why not open correspondence with the writer of this article? He will help you to utilize, to its utmost possibility all you will give for the high and holy purpose for which it is asked. Write with out delay to,

BISHOP W. F. MALLALIEU, 1428 St. Charles Avenue,

New Orleans, La All contributions will be acknowl

edged in the South western Christian Advocate, published in New Orleans, La.

The Christian Endeavor Movement.

The President of the United Society at a recent meeting of the board of trustees, reported a far greater and more general interest in the Society than ever before. A Provincial Christian Endeavor Union for Ontario has lately been formed. There are about one hundred and fifty Societies in this province. In Montreal are twelve vigorous and flourshing Christian Endeavor Societies; and most of them recently formed. In

don, it was reported that the Societies were doing quite as good work as on the other side of the Atlantic. The young people of the Hancock Church of Lexmation and personal letters. Three hun-

tending Christian Endeavor Conventions in seven or eight Western States reports growth and enthusiasm for the work. In Missouri, state convention at Sedalia, at some of the sessions, hundreds could not find standing room in the Cumberland Presbyterian Church where the meeting was held. The devotional spirit of this meeting was of the highest order; the keynote of the convention being "Missouri for Christ."

In Minnesota two important meetings were held, and were very largely attended, and participated in by the young people.

At Indianapolis the Indiana state convention called together three hundred delegates, besides a large delegation from Kentucky. The testimony of the pas tors was particularly emphatic, as to the value of the Society to them in their work. The closing session of this convention was attended by fully 1500 peo ple, and tested the capacity of the Tabernacle Presbyterian Church to the utmost.

Important meetings were also held in Toleda, Ohio, Chicago, Toronto and Pittsburg.

Interesting Geographical Com-parisons.

When we learn from astronomers that the sun is twice as large in circumference, as the circle made by the moon in passing around the earth, we are inclined to draw a long breath; yet we have on "dry land," and by actual measurement, some comparisons of sizes which are, to say the least, quite interesting.

Asia is more than four times as large as Europe, and considerable larger than North and South America together. The United States and Europe are almost equal in area; British India is more than half as large as the United States; and Canada is nearly equal in area to this country, including Alaska. Ireland and Indiana are about the same size. England and Michigan are about the same size. You could take enough land from Texas to make England, Ire. land, Scotland, Belgium, The Netherlands, Switzerland and Denmark, and still have enough left to make Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New Hampshire, Vermont, Delaware, New Jersey, Maryland and Indiana. California is the second largest state. Nebraska is more than twice the size of Indiana. The Island of Cuba and the state of Tennessee are equal in area. Brazil is nearly as large as the United States; but the population of the latter is seven times that of the former. If all the people of Canada and the United States were placed in the state of Texas, the number of persons to the square miles would be fewer than at present in China. Colorado is as large as New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey together. It would take ten states as large as Massachusetts to make a state as large as Kansas. There are twenty-seven states or territories, each larger than New York. Oregon is equal in area to New York and Pennsylvania. Massachusetts is smaller than either New chusetts is smaller than eicher New Hampshire or Vermont. Minnesota is twice the size of Ohio. The three states bordering on the Pacific, are larger than the thirteen states bordering on the Atlantic. Montana is thirty times larger than Connecticut. Iowa is five times as as Belgium, and four times as large as Denmark. Maryland and Switzer-England, at a late meeting held in Lon. | land are about the same size. London is as large as New York City, Chicago, Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore, and Cincinnati together. There are twice as many people to the square mile in England as in Rhode Island, the most densely populated state in the Union. Japan is equal in area to Montana, and as there are now in the whole of the United States. Ireland had double the population in 1841 that she has at present.-Self-Help and Home Study.

Dyspepsia

395

Makes the lives of many people miserable, causing distress after eating, sour stomach, sick headache, heartburn, loss of appetto, tatus, "al gone" feeling, had taste, conted tongue, and fregularity of Distress the bowels. Dyspepsia does not get well of itself. If Fating and a remedy like Hood's mand a remedy like Hood's Sarsaparlin, which tests gontly, yet endicativity. It is to stomach, regulates the diges of the stomach, regulates the diges of the stomach, regulates the diges of the stomach, regulates the diges and refreshes the mind. Headache "I have been troubled with dyspepsia. I had but little appetite, and what I did eat distressed mo, or did mo hybring. My trouble was aggravated by would have a faint or tired, spring I took Hood's Sars appatite, and my food relished and satisfied appetite, and my food relished and satisfied appetite, A. Acz, Watertown, Mass. the craving I had previously experienced." GEORGE A. PAGE, Watertown, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. 1100D & CO., Apothecarles, Lowell, Mass 100 Doses One Dollar

Storm Coats, Overcoats, Ulsters. and

Also every kind of suit of Clothes for man or boy. Overcoats by the thousand from which you can make a selection of any kind you could think of. Remember you not only have b, far the best assortment from which to choose, but you are guaranteed the lowest prices for which the cash could buy.

Clothing to Order. --- We have not been saying much about our custom department because we have been full of orders all the Fall, but are now ready to fill all orders at short notice and can show the most desirable suitings and trouserings

J. T. MULLIN & SON Tailors 6 & Market,

Wilmington.

Clothiers.



Peninsula Methodist,

PENINSULA METHODIST, DECEMBER 14, 1889.

Beninsula Methodist, PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY J. MILLER THOMAS,

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PUBLISHER AND PROPRIETOR, WILMINGTON, DEL.

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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. - 35 Cente Months, in Advance, -

Transient advertisements, first insertion, 20 Cents per line; each subsequent insertion. 10 Cents per line. Liberal arrangements made with persons advertising by the quarter or year. No advertisements of an improper character pub-

No advertisements of an improper character pub-lished at any price. AGP Ministers and laymen on the Peninsula are requested to furnish items of interest connected with the work of the Church for insertion. All communications intended for publication to be addressed to the PENINSULA METHODIST, Wilmington, Del. Those designed for any particular number must be in hand, the longer ones by Saturday, and the news hems not later than Twesday morning. All subacribers changing their post-office address about give both the old as well as the new.

Entered at the post-office, at Wilmington, Del., as scond-class matter.

The PENINSULA METHODIST will be sent from now until January 1 1891 to all new subscribers for only One Dollar. The Pastors of the Wilmington Conference are our authorized agents.

Death Comes to All.

Jefferson Davis, one of the chief fig ures in the Slave-holder's rebellion of 1861-65, has passed away, in the 82d year of his age.

This event occurred in the city of New Orleans, early last Friday morning, Dec. 6th.

Mr. Davis was born in Christian Co., Ky., June 3, 1808. During his infancy, his parents removed into the State of Mississippi. President Monroe appointed him to a cadetship in the U.S. Military Academy at West Point, from which he graduated in 1828. In 1831-2 he served in the Black Hawk war; in 1835 he resigned from the army, and settled as a cotton planter. near Vicksburg; in 1844, he was Presidential elector, on the Polk and Dallas ticket, and the next year was sent to the National House of Representatives.

In Jnue 1846 he resigned his sent to become Colonel of the First Regiment of Mississippi Volunteers, in the war with Mexico; serving with great gallantry, and being complemented by the commander in chief. President Polk appointed him Brigadier General; hut this honor he declined, on the ground that the Federal Executive had no en phia Methodist. stitutional authority to make such an appointment.

In August 1847, he was appointed U. S. Senator for an unexpired term; and the next year was elected by the Legislature, and re elected in 1850.

In 1851 he resigned his seat in the Senate, to become candidate of the State rights or "resistance" party for Governor of Mississippi, but was defeated by H. S. Foote, the Union candidate.

From 1853 to 1857, he was Secretary of war during the administration of til January 2415, 1861, when he resigned making such unfounded allegations. bisseat, having been officially informed, State of Mississippi from the Federal the part of the National Government, by political or other methods. after the suppression of the rebellion, having been rejected by him.

Mississippi had seceded Jan. 9, 1861, and Mr. Davis was appointed Commander in chief of the State forces, by the secession convention; but he resigned this office, to accept the Presidency of the Confederate States, to which he was been elected, Feb. 9, 1861, by the Provisional Congress assembled in Montgomery, Ala

The seat of the new government was

Davis was elected without opposition, with our non-partisan attitude, we shall President of the Confederacy, for the be glad to have them call our attention term of six years

April 2, 1865, while seated in church, make all possible amonds. Mr. Davis received a telegram from General Lee, announcing the necessity for the immediate evacuation of Richmond. Four days later General Lee surrondered; Mr. Davis and his cabinet having immediately abandoned the capitol. May 10, Mr. Davis and his party were captured near Irwinsville, Ga., and he was taken prisoner of war to Fortress Monroe. After two years, he was released on bail of \$100,000, May 13, 1867, and in December 1868, the Government entered a non suit, on the indictment against him, "for exciting insurrection, rebellion, and war against the United

States." The same year he visited New York, Canada, and England, and after his return, became president of a life insurance company in Memphis, Tenn; holding the position for several years.

In 1879, Mrs. Dorsey of Beauvoir, Miss., bequeathed him her estate on the shores of the Gulf of Mexico. Here he resided the rest of his days. Mr. Davis was twice married; his first wite being a daughter of Col. Zachary

Taylor, afterwards President of the United States; and his second, Miss Varina B. Howell, of Natchez, Miss., to whom he was married, Feb. 6, 1845. Of his four sons and two daughters only the daughters survive-one the wife of J. Addison Hayes, of Tenn., the other, Miss Varina, now visiting in Paris. Mr. Davis, it is stated, was a devou

communicant of the Protestant Episcopal Church, and we trust has found mercy and forgiveness from Him who came into the world to save sinuers.

Throughout the States over which he presided for four years, there have been most elaborate eulogies, expressive of admiration, for the deceased and sympathy for his family. His funeral took place in New Or-

leans, Wednesday, the 11th inst., and was a most imposing pageant.

Our friend, Rev. T. S. Thomas, editor of the Peninsula Methodist, we see, has got into trouble with some of his "Third Party" readers. What a pity that men will allow themselves to become so blind ed by party prejudice, that they can see nothing else, and are ready to boycott everyone that presumes to utter a word of unfavorable criticism, no matter how richly descrued. O for that charity that believeth all things, endureth al things hopeth all thinge."- Philadel

We can assure our confrere, De. Me Cullough, that this "trouble" is not a very serious one. A few, a very few, of our "Third Party renders," have so entirely misunderstood us, as to construe some of our editorial utterances, as par tisan declarations antagonizing their party, and advocating the Republican party. Any such purpose or desire on our part, we unequivocally and positively disclaim; and feel confident, a calm and unbiased judgment will acquit us of the charge of having done any such President Pierce. In March 1857, he thing. So these brethren are doing us was re elected U.S. Senator, serving un- an injustice, however unintentional, in

The PENINSULA METHODIST and its the day previous, of the secession of the editor stand firmly for the prohibition of the liquor traffic nuisance, and hail Union. With this act, his career as a as welcome allies in the conflict with loyal citizen of the United States closes; this powerful foe, all who are honestly the magnanimous offer of amnesty, on striving to abate the nuisance, whether

Our columns have been, and are still open to our readers, irrespective of their personal views or party predilections; only with the necessary limitation, that their communications shall not be of a politically partisan character.

We have seldom declined to publish a contribution from a member of the Wilmington Conference, and never, in any case, without frankly informing the brother of the reasons for such a course. If any of our readers, at any time,

to it; and, if we can't explain, we shall

The Georgia Senate, without any bluster, quietly forbade dancing in the new capitol. The trustees of Alabama State University at their last meeting, determined to put a stop to the "hop," as a part of the closing exercises of the commencement, and will have no more of it. Society folks in Georgia and Alabama are pouting about it-they ought to he allowed to pout-pouting is the defense of silly people always. - Macon Advocate.

We hope this good example will have a large following; and that the folly and discredit of such addenda as "hops." "balls," and such like, will no longer be attached to commencement exercises, or to Gubernatorial and Presidential inaugurations. How ladies of refined and delicate sensibilities can submit to be handled in the dance, as they would never think of allowing anywhere else, and that often by comparative strangers, is a marvel to us; and only illustrates the potency of fashion over the so-called society-folks.

Rev. W. W. W. Wilson pays the following tribute to his friend and early

teacher, in The Methodist for December: It is with deep sorrow that we record the death of our esteemed friend and brother, Rev. William Merrill, A. M., of Fairmount, Md. The relation which he and his estimawidow sustained to the writer in his youth, it being in their Academy during their pas torate in Milton, in 1869-71, that he pre pared for college, makes this announcement of his death indeed painful. He was a scholar of rare merit, a deep theologian, a thoughtful, practical and eloquent preacher, a devoted pastor, a friend "true and tried." and a husband who, with an excellent wifefully appreciated her merits and was the synonym of devotion. Our deepest sympathy is extended to sister Merrill, whom in her loneliness and grief, we commend to him who has been our support and comfort under similar experiences.

Long communications, full of gas and devoid of facts, and long and sultry Summer days do not coincide. They are calculated, to make an editor look longingly toward the waste basket.

The above scintillation of wit and wisdom fashes from the fervid brain of the editor of the South Western Christian Advocate. It seems to us, however, that while "the sultry Summer days" may intensify the "longing," most editors, under such conditions, will appreciate the waste basket," at all seasons,--m Winter's cold, as well as Summer's heat.

Missionary Apportionment. The amount apportioned to the Will mington Conterence to raise for the year 1889-90, is the same apportioned last year, \$22 000.

There was the sum of \$1000 appro priated "for work in Virginia," and \$600. "for work in Dorchester county, Md."

Bishop J. M. Walden, landed in New York, last Saturday, after completing a tour of Episcopal visitation among the missions of the M. E. Church in South America; having sailed from the same port July 10th, and spent 74 days on shipboard, and 60 days on land. The Advocate (N. Y.) says, "he appears to be in excellent health, and has had a am now able to sit up a little. pleasant journey."

In the same paper, we find this pleasing note from Bishop Taylor's son, "Glad to say father's cough has not been as bad as it was while in New York, and he is now much better. He sailed on the Matudo Saturday, the 30th, for Liberia; all arrangements having been made, for putting the steamer together."

Salisbury District.

Went on board of steamer Pratt, and start ed toward DEAL'S ISLAND; landed in a storm of wind and rain; and so dark was it, that I could keep on the long bridge only by the aid of the bannisters. I could not hoist my umbrella; the wind would have torn it soon after removed to Richmond, Va., find in our issues, what they disapprove, a hundred lights in a hundred windows, and

and in November of the same year. Mr, and what they regard as inconsistent the parsonage a mile away. From the foot and worse darkness, if that were possible. Paid two dollars for a boat the vext day, and "with a wet sheet and a flowing sea " reached HOLLAND'S ISLAND, where I found many of the brethren were away in their boats, at work.

Went to quarterly conference, with mud to the right of me, mud to the left of me, and mud underneath me; and did the same on Sunday morning. We had a blessed love-feast, and followed it with a sermon. The Sunday-school, at 2 p. m., was well attended, and the lesson well learned. The little church "was clean as a pin." At night I started alead of brother Guthric and his lamp; and what a time I had of it! My gum shoes pulled off five or six times, and when I reached the church I was encased in mud up to my knees. The evening service was excellent. The finances are well in hand, and "Holland's Island, gem of the Chesapeake," will be there, when the conference roll is called.

day, and went oystering to see how they do it. Took cunner on Wednesday for CRIS-FIELD, but the storm became so violent, that we were forced to give it up, and go to Deal's Island. The cunner put her nose into the sand beach, and I jumped over her hows and started for the parsonage, drip, drip, dripping; wet from the crown of my silk hat to the soles of my rubber shoes. I found home and shelter, and spent Thanksgiving just where I did last year. Two events, transpired, one of sadness the

other of joy. The first, the funeral of a poor drowned man. It was sad, to hear his children cry. Four hours later I saw a wedding party at the altar where the funeral casket had been placed at 3 p. m. In the afternoon, a little girl cried, "O Lord ! what shall I do ! My pappy is dead?" In the evening, two pretty little girls dressed in white and crowned with white wreathes-one hearing a houquet of white flowers, and the other a heavy gold ring-approached the altar, and were followed by the groom with his bride on his arm. The service was most beautiful. Mrs. B. C. Warren presided at the organ, while her husband "tied the knot," and sent two minds with but a single thought-two hearts, that beat as one, on a voyage of discovery to find out what facts the future has in store for them. May the Lord deal kindly with them ! After doing our work at FRUIT-LAND, we passed on to QUANTICO, and found

matters moving on in good order, and successfully. The lumber for the cook house was on the ground, and is to be put into house shape immediately. Preached at SALISBURY Sunday night. Monday, Dec. through the vale" and went to ' the land that hath no storm."

Our district work is in the hands of able and efficient pastors, who will do all in their power to meet the Church's asking. Our oyster districts are doing well, but it is not so well with the farmers and inland tradesmen. The hand of the Lord seems to have been laid upon us. May his merciful goodness open unto us a way of successful escape T. O. AYRES, P. E.

From Gumboro, Del.

DEAR BRO. THOMAS:-If you have room in the PENINSULA METHODIST, I will give you a report from teis charge. have never said, and never coul say. Nov. 30th, about 7 p. m., I was taken with a severe pain in my left side, and have had to keep my bed the past week, the first week of my life I have so spent. since I can remember. I have been absent from my pulpit two Sundays, but hope to be there next Sunday, D. V. Our skillful Dr. G. F. Jones has oeen doing his part in my case grandly; so I

The people have been very kind in their attentions; bringing various good things, which they hoped I could eat. I praise "our Father" for his mercy and love; and desire very much to get out among my people, and to work on my conference studies.

We have our timber cut and hauled out for the re-building of the Gumboro church, and expect to have it sawed soon. We have about 8,000 feet of pine, maple, and beach, and have'nt paid out one cent in money yet. If our parsonage had been built on an economical plan, I am sure the trouble that has been, and is, and is to come, would have been prevented. Yours for Christ,

W. W. JOHNSON. Dec. 9th, '89.

Holiness Meeting.

Saturday night, Nov. 30th, Rev. E. I. D. Pepper, editor of the Christian Standard, preached in Fletcher Hall, a good sermon. though he called it only a little talk. His text was a part of 1st Thess. 3-13, "To this end, that he may establish your hearts un-blamable in holiness before God."

Some people sny we go to extremes, hut how about the apostle's views? he writes, "to this end that he may establish your hearts, unblamable in holiness before God ?" and quoting again, "Ye are witnesses, and God also, bow holily and justly and unblameably, we behaved ourselves among you that believed."

When people get this kind of salvation. the question with them is, how to get others to enjoy the same experience. Some of you may be wondering how to get yourselves and others into this condition of unblamenbleness. In the first place, get into this experience yourself. In the second place, as Mr. Wesley used to say, let us tell the facts that are workulled. What next? Well, I joined a crew ou Mon-the facts. Tell what God has done for you and how he has saved you."

Another thing is, to talk about something worth talking about. In order to get people to want this wonderful salvation, we must be very joyful and grateful for what God has done for us, in us, and by us.

Give them credit for what good there is in them. We do a vast amount of fault finding. The apostle says, "In every thing give thanks." The world needs salvation from sorrow, as well as from sin. We must be Christ-like. "For this cause also thank we God without ceasing."

'Let this mind be in you that was in Jesus." You would not go down stairs in the morning and take a broom to sweep out the darkness; no. You would open the shutters and let God's sunlight drive it out. It is not attainment but obtainment that is needed. 'Every good and perfect gift cometh down from the Father of Lights."

When Bro. Pepper gave the invitation three persons came forward. The Hall was crowded; many having to stand through the ser-We were glad to see several of our own vice. preachers in the congregation.

The meeting will be held hereafter, every Saturday evening in Fletcher Hall, 604 Market st., at 7.30 p m.

E. S.

Co-Workers with God.

(To the Editor of the Peninsula Methodist: DEAR BROTHER:- Last Sunday I found an envelope returned containing a liberal con tribution to the benevolences, with the following refreshing note. In the sentiments 2ad, "in the dawning of the morning," the expressed, there is so much of genuine appre-pastor's wife, Mrs. Martindale, "passed ciation, together with so much of the true spirit of benevolence, that I think it will not he amiss to give the large circle of your readers the benefit of its perusal, omitting its signature.

Yours truly, N. M. BROWNE.

Newark Del.) DEAR BRO BROWNE:-While you were giving out the envelopes for the henevolent collections last Sunday, how my heart swelled within me, as I thought of the blessed privilege thus offered, to help the Master save the world ! Nobody slighted, but each given the opportnuity to he a co-worker with God. Wondrous privilege ! A mazing thought!

Benevolenc, Webster defines, a "disposition to do good." O that the Master may give me this privilege, for many years to come ! As I set down the modest sum I wanted to give, on the blank furnished, I thought of the cause represented by each claim, and the wondrous work represented by each, 'Conference Claimants !" O what thoughts crowd upon me as I think of the old warriors of the cross and their helpless dependencies! What would the world be, were it not that heroic souls sacrifice worldly gain for the salvation of their fellows? And then, the thought, I can have a part in building churches for the helpless and needy; that I can aid in the salvation of men by helping to educate young to preach the gospel; that I may lift my voice through them in every clime calling men to Christ! Then, that blessed humanitarian work of aiding the helpless freedmen, whose bondage was so long; domestic missions, and Sunday-school Union; these very names are frought with the spirit of the Master; extending help to those who have the same need of Christ and his blessings, that we have.

Then how many poor souls have been saved from a life of sin, through the reading of a tract ! Into how many homes has the light of the gospel shone by the gift of a Bible, from the Bible Society ! And to think, that I am aiding in all this work ! Surely in this do I realize, that "it is more blessed to give than to receive."

What have we, that we have not received? Joyonaly, yours for Ohrist,

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PENINSULA METHODIST, DECEMBER 14, 1889.

Conference Rews.

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RE-OPENING. - Mt. Lebanon M. E. Church Brandywine Hundred, will be opened for divine worship, to morrow, the 15th inst. Love feast, at 9 a. m., led by Rev. T Snowden I homas, editor of the PENINSULA METHO-

Preaching by Rev. W. L. S. Murray, P.E. at 10.30; by Rev. L. E. Burrett, of St Paul's at 3 p. m., and by Rev. C. A. Grise, of Bran dywine, at 7.30.

Monday, 16th, preaching by Presiding Elder Murray, after which the 4th quarterly conference will be held. Tuesday, 17th, preaching by Rev. R. Irving Watkins, of Kingswood. Wednesday 18th, prenching hy Rev. Adam Stengle. Thursday 19th, preaching by Rev. T. Snowden Thomas. Friday 20th, preaching by Rev. Henry N Cheesman of the New Jersey Conference. Sunday, 22nd, 10.30a. m. preaching by Rev. Wesley C. Johnson, of the Phila. Conference. All friends invited, especially former pas tors and members.

T. N. GIVEN, pastor.

Mr. W. F. Walton, son of Rev. W. B. Walton, of St, Michaels. Md., has re. turned from an extended Eastern tour. He has been absent about a year, and has travelled through England, Ireland, Scotland. Wales, France, Holland, Denmark, Germany, Switzerland, Italy, Islands of the Mediteranean, Greece, Turkey, 'Austria, Servia, Hungaria, Bulgaria, Egypt, Arabia, Palestine, and Asia Minor. He made the ascent of Cheops and spent a night alone on Mt. Vesuviuswitnessing the great sight of an eruption. He has traveled over 20,000 miles, and has brought back not only much valuable information, but many interesting relics .- The Methodist.

Tunis Mill's, near Easton, Md., has been organized as a separate charge, by Presiding Elder France, with Rev. A. C. Jones, as pastor. We are glad to learn of Bro. Jones' success in evangelis tic work, the membership having been doubled under his ministry.

Revival meetings at Scott continue;

five conversions to date. Enworth League prayer and experience meetings, at 6 p. m., Sundays, are seasons of refreshing. Presiding Elder Murray preached a sermon of power and conviction. Wednesday of last week, from the text, "It is a fearful thing, to fall into the hands of the living God." Rev. R. I. Watkins of Kingswood, preached Tuesday night.

Our Sunday school is busily preparing a special service for Christmas night. "Merry Christmas Bells," will form the basis of the programme.

HALLWOOD, VA., Geo. E. Wood, pas-

tor, Sunday morning, Dec. 8th, was the occasion of an agreeable surprise to the pastor of this charge, and the recollection of the kindly feeling and sincere regard, which at that time found expression, will ever be regarded as one of the choice treasures of memory's store.

The morning service had just begun, and the pastor had just arisen to read the Scripture lesson, when a young man in the congregation arose, and, in a few appropriate remarks, divulged a friendly plot, which he, in company with a number of other young men, had devised. The greater number of these friendly conspirators were present, and, after their leader's introductory, pressed their way to the chancel rail, and presented the astonished parson with the neat sum of \$25.

this token of kindly interest and esteem was received, was heightened by the fact that it came from the young men of the congregation who were not members of the church.

The earnest prayer of the writer is, that each one of them, may speedily appropriate the unspeakable gift of sav. ing grace, and daily realize, that our God doth supply all their need "according to His riches in glory by Christ Jesus."

*

ASBURY, WIL-Last Sunday mornlively prayer meeting followed.

At night, Bro. Hanna preached to a full house on Shamgar's ox good.

UNION, WIL .- Pastor Adam Stengle, was in his pulpit Sunday morning, preaching, as usual, to the interest and profit of his large congregation. At

kiel's vision of the man with a writer's ink horn, Ezek. 9, 2-11. A collection was taken for the Philadelphia Hospital.

night, Dr. Swindells preached on Eze-

OLD TIME METHODISM,-The first Sunday of last mouth, the stormy weather precluding attendance at church, Presiding Elder France preached his quarterly sermon for King's Creek circuit, at the suggestion of the pastor, in the house of Bro. Henry P. Hopkins, to an appreciative congregation, of the same number of persons as were rescued from the waters of the Deluge.

"The Lord helped the preacher, and his sermon was richly enjoyed." We too seldom recall the words of Jesus, how he said, "Where two or three are gathered together in my name, there 1 am in the midst of them.

WYE & HALLS, J. D. Lecates, pastor -At a recent entertainment near Wye, \$38.84 were realized. With funds previously secured, this will be sufficient. we understand, to paint the church. The good news comes, that sinners are being converted, and believers built up; notwithstanding the continued unfavorable weather.

The Middletown Era referring to the fact that, Rev. T. E. Martindale had been pastor of our church in that town from 1877 to 1880, says, "the news of Mrs. Martindale's death caused a feeling of sadness to most of our citizens, as she was much beloved by all who knew her:.

In our list of ministers present and participating in the funeral services, as given last week, we regret to learn the following brethren were omitted ; Revs. E. E. White, of Millington, T. E. Terry of Dover, R. C. Jones, of Odessa, J. D. Rigg, of Still Pond, and R. K. Stephen-BOD, of Smyrna.

BISHOP MALLALIEU'S appeal for help which was crowded out last week, appears on page 3 of this issue. We again ask for it, the favorable consideration of those among us, "to whom God has given wealth," as well as those who of their "penury" may feel willing to contribute their mites.

FARMINGTON, DEL .-- Our reopening will take place, next Sunday, 15th inst. Rev. J. H. Duhadway, of Seaford, Del., and other ministers will be present. A pastor's wife, and the ladies of the church, cordial invitation is extended.

Very truly, GEO. W. WILCOX.

Rev. T. E. Terry, pastor of the Dover M. E. Church, lectured in Burton's Hall, that y, Thanksgiving night, for the benefit of the Ladies' Mite Society of the church. Sub-The grateful appreciation, with which ject: "The folks I live with as I see them."

> Rev. F. M. Bristol, D. D., of Trinity Church, Chicago, has been appointed by the board of bishops fraternal delegate to the General Conference of the M. E. Church, South, which meets at Nashville in the spring.

> Rev. W. B. Gordon, formerly rector of St. Peter's P. E. Church in Smyrna, will return to his missionary labors in Mexico, about the second week in December. Miss Hennie Griggs, of Smyrns, has decided to become a

The Methodist Episcopal churches on ing, Rev. Wm. Swindella, D. D., of Bethel charge, are preparing for Christ-Philadelphia preached on the text. "For mas. There are usually two trees one to me to live is Christ, and to die is gain for the children, and one for presents Phil. 1-21. The beautiful refrain, to friends. There is sometimes as high "Christ is all, all in all." was sung after as three hundred dollars worth of presthe sermon. Pastor Hanna followed ents on the latter. When the names with an invitation to penitents, and one are called out, it produces considerable young man came to the altar, and a merriment and praise .- Sussex Journal.

The protracted meeting at Mt Zion, still continues. Many have been converted, mostly heads of family ; some as old as seventy-seven years. The pastor Rev. W. B. Greeg, has been laboring nearly ten weeks, and appears as strong as when he began .- Daily Republican.

Wilmington District.

The quarterly conference of Bethel and Glusgow was a means of grace, as spiritual as a good class meeting. Bro. Gardner has organized at Bethel, a series of cottage prayer meetings. One hundred dollars have been expended on the parsounge. Trustees of Glasgow have paid \$125 of the mortgage on their church. Bro. Richard Mulford, a local preacher said. "Preaching has become a scicutific work. I used to have two skeletons of sermons, which never got any flesh on their boues. They remain skelteons, I cannot trust them: I must lean on the arm of the Lord." W. C. Lake, superintendent of Bethel, "Our Sunday-school this year has been more prosperous, more instructive, and more helpful than for many years."

W. T. Dayett, superintendent of Sunday school at Glasgow, reported the school closed for the winter. I wish something could be done to keep every school open all the year. Samuel Thompson, class leader at Bethel, now in his eighty fifth year, rode seven miles to attend quarterly conference at Glasgow, and said he was converted in 1834. and almost immediately appointed leader of a colored class, and continuing so until the close of the war. He has also had a white class almost all the time from his conversion until the present, a period of fifty-five years. He enjoys such good health, that he said, "I have not a pain nor an ache." J. H Thornton, "there used to be a big doubt in my heart, as to whether I was saved, but the Lord has taken it away, and given me confidence. The presiding elder was requested by the quarterly conference, to use his influence to have Bro. Gardner returned

When Bro Gardner's two sons were home from Dickinson during vacation. Edwin did fine work on the black board; he was formerly crayonist in St. Paul's afternoon Sunday school. Wilmington, Del. Not long since. "the Pennsylvania Art Association offered a gold medal, for the best crayon blackboard work submitted to it. "Among the contest ants for the prize," says a paper of that city, who appeared before them in Harrisburg, was Mr. Edwin Gardner, a popular student of Dickinson College. His subject was a cross on a rock, with waves dashing threateningly about it. There were eighteen contestants in all, and Mr. Gardner had the pleasure of receiving the gold medal for the

est work." CHESAPEAKE CITY and Manor, are well cared for by their energetic pastor, Rev. E. H. Nelson, who informed his quarterly conference, as it was his third year, that he desired to move in the spring. The new church at Chesapeake, which will soon be completed, is a house of beauty and a joy to all interest ed. The people think or talk of little else They have received five hundred dollars worth of encouragement from the Board of Church Extension, and one thousand dollars from friends in Philadelphia, Wilmington, and other places, mainly through the personal soare doing their full share. Their supper and bazaar netted \$130. The farmers gave and hauled the stone for the foundation. The Edgar Allen Poe literary club, gave an entertainment, the proceeds of which were handed over for the new church. A service has been arranged for Christmas morning; and thirty have eady promised to give at much interested in this service, that he felt he ought to give \$5, but did not see his way to raise it. He dreamed two or three times, that there was money buried in his cellar. His impression became so strong, that he dug down in a certain corner thereof, and found in silver, \$7.20 A few of the coins were very old.

An oyster supper and bazaar, will be held Dec. 18-20; oysters given by sister Nelson's brothers and friends on Chincoteague and at Snow Hill. Joseph Pyle gives the pulpit. W. D. Haddock, the son-in-law of presiding elder John France, the builder of the missionary, and will accompany Mr. Gordon. new church, has shown himself a workman trains.

10.00

who needeth not to be ashamed; everybody is praising him, for his skill, economy, and industry in working in material from the old church, and in every way trying to save ex pense Mr. Haddock gives the altar; and \$105 have been secured for a bell. A lathing bee at night by lamplight, saved the expense for this work; the ladies showed their apprecia

tion, by giving the workmen a supper-J. W. Johnson has a large owl, stuffed and mounted at C. F Rudolph's store, on sale, the price to be given to the church The sand was given by the Erickson Steam Boat Co. The Caual Company furnished their scow for the stone and the towing com pany donated their work, John McClenahan of Port Deposit, gave 28 perches of stone Thomas Davidson of Wilmington, gave a beautiful white stone, with "Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church" upon it. Mr. Sloan of Elkton, has promised a stone, with dates of the erection of the old and new churches. Jacob Metz, a steward in the church, makes and presents the weather vane.

Windows in honor of the following per sous have been taken. The Sunday-school, one for the pastor; Dr. Karsner, for his father mother and sister; J. H. Brooks, one for himself and family; Geo. Watts, of Philadelphia, one for his father and mother; one has been taken in memory of Wm. Lindsay, many years a faithful member of the church; Mrs. W. Smithers and Miss Maggie Smack, one for their father and mother and brother. Mrs. Wooley. one in loving memory of her daughter Linda Bennett Wooley Mrs. Jones of Philadelphia, one in memory of her father, and mother; before breakfast Monday morning, Captain Cooling promised the pastor, to put in a window in memory of his father who died in the old church, on

his knees, while leading in prayer. WANTED Bible and Hymnal, chandeliers, and money enough to dedicate free of debt a church worth \$10,000 which will only cost about \$6,000. The above is a small part of what has been done, but sufficient to show the interest manifested, and something of the sacrifices being made. W. L. S. MURRAY.

From Roxanna

BROTHER THOMAS :-- We observed last Sunday, as Book Concern Day; preaching on the subject at Roxanna in be also be al the morning, and Mariners Bethel in

Bethel, the last Sunday of this month. with an all day meeting, and to hold services every day and night the first week. Brother R. B. Hazzard of Hurlock's Md., their pastor 31 years ago, who pioneered their first church building here, and is held in high estimation by he older members of the church, is to preach the opening sermon and spend a week with us.

The Sunday-schools at Bethel and the Sound have arranged to hold Mis sionary anniversaries, and have Christmas treats; Bethel, on Christmas night. and Sound, on Christmas eve. Our Leaders and Stewards' meetings,

held at all three of our churches, are oc evsions of much spiritual and practical good.

Owing to the continuous and heavy rains of the past season, this has been a year of unparalleled loss to our farmers; and many will suffer want, unless they are helped by their more fortunate neighbors. For this reason, we fear that we will fall short in our benevolent colections. It will require heroic effort on that time. \$5 each. One brother became so the part of our people, to come up any where near our apportionments.

A. D. DAVIS The many remarkable cures Hoods Sarsa-parilla accomplishes are sufficient proof that it does possess peculiar curative powers. B. & O. R. R.

IMPORTANT TO SHOPPERS.

Patrons shopping in Philadelphia, can have their packages forwarded FREE OF CHARGE to Wilmington, by sending them in care of the Baggage Agent at the Depot, 24th and Cheenut Streets. See time table in this paper for fast 9-14

In the list of contributors to The New York Tribune for 1890, as published in our this week's issue, we notice the name of L. E. Quigg, son of our brother, Rev. John B. Quigg, of the Wilmington Conference.

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German Electric Belt Agency. An advertisement of this firm appears in mother parts of this paper. The proprietors of this Agency are well known and responsi-ble parties. Correspondence will receive prompt and satisfactory attention: write them and see for yourself.

Personally Conducted Tours to Florida via Pennsylvania R. R.

Florida via Pennsylvania R. R. As has been the custom for the past few winters the Pennsylvania Raifroad Company will this senson offer to its patrons a series of select tours to Florida. The dates have been fixed for January 7th 21st, Februrary 4th, 18th, and March 4th, 1890. The party will travel by special train of Pullman Sleeping and Dining Cars and they will go through via the Atlantic Const Line on a frst schedule The Tourists Agent and Chaperon will con-duct each rour in both durections and all that details of the tours will be carried out in the superior style for which these trips have be-come celebrated Excursion tackets, including rulway trans-postation Pullmans accomodation and meals enroute in both directions will be sold free New York at \$50 Philadelphia \$48, and at proportsonately for rates from other stations.

New fork at 500 r binare point 345, and at proportsourcely low rates from other stations. They will be good only on the special trains and will only be accepted for the return trip on the regular returning train of that tour. They will admit of a stay of two weeks in Florida. The special train will leave New York at

Plorida. The special train will leave New York at 2.20 A. M. stopping Newark Elizabeth, and Trenton, Philadelphia at 11.50 A. M. stop-ping at Wilmington, Baltimore and Washing-ton arriving at Jacksouville oext evening. Tourists from stations at which the special at the nearest point. For tickets rad itineraries apply to tickets agonts or address S. W. F. Diaper, 849 Broad-way New York or 205 Wasaington Street, Boston.

Boston

Marriages.

JAMISON-DIXON. - At the Asbury parsunage, 222 Walnutstreet, Tuesday after-noon, Dec. 10, 1889, by Rev. John D. C. Hanna, Robert P. Jamison and Louella Dix-od, both of New Castle, Del

Dr. Simms' Blood Purifier

in medicines.

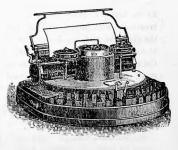
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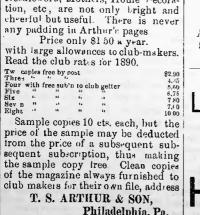
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"What will you have this morning?" In reply I said, "I think nothing." "What' surely you will take something. What shall it be?" "Yes I will take something, but it shall be a good hearty breakfast." Accordingly I betook myself to the nearest hotel and indulged in the luxury of a good warm meal, thence to the barber's where I took a course of treatment with happy results, next to the clothiers, and was encased from head to foot in an entire new suit, fully up to the standard of my friend of the saloon, next, having a fairly good watch, I adorned my suit with a handsome new chain, after which I took a stroll by the saloon where I had spent the previous night.

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Mr, S-- seemed very much surprised, exclaiming, " Hello, John, been getting a fine new suit?" My answer was that I had not been as drunk on the night before as he and his companion had thought, had heard him counting the men in his employ and that then and there had made up my mind to work for him no longer, but should im mediately return to camp and commence work for John, and from that time to this, I have drank nothing in the least dregree intoxicating.



Philadelphia, Pa. 50-2t

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PENINSULA METHODIST, DECEMBER 14, 1889.

P. W. & B. Railroad. OFFICE OA INVENTED BY rains will leave Wilmington as follows: for Philadelphis and intermediate etations, 7 00, 7.06 815. 810, 10.30, 11 38 a. m.; 12 80, 2.80, 40, 740, 8.50 10.38 p. m. hiladelphia, (sprese), 2, 52 4.40, 6.80, 7.50, 850, 10.00 71.830, 11 61 a. m. 12.28*1.39, 2.27, 5.22, 0.28, ABSOLUTE FOR PROF. PRESS Contraction of RHEUMATISM, NERVOUSNESS, **D**HINGAN DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE & LATE PROF OF CHENISTER York, 200, 2.52, 4.00, 6.80, 7.00, 10.07, 11.35 Aug. *12.23, 1.89, 2.27, 4.00, 5.22, 6.28 7.06 7 40, NY MEDICAL p. m. r Newark Centre, Del. 7 42 a. m., 12.58, 6.21 p m. Itimore and intermediate stations, 10.08 a m 0.57 LIVER. KIDNEY AND No. 357.647 LUNGS. FEMALE COMPLAINTS U. S. PATENT
 Baltinore and Unterineum extension in the providence of the p P.O.Box 178 BROOTINN, NY. DEC. 2. 1889 To the Editor, Oleane announce to your leaders that now mile for a short time gives away to those likely to make good agents one of our \$500 German Electric Belto Free . a letter or postal Card me receive immediate For Seaford 8.50 pm. For Norfolk 12.05: a. m. For Norfolk 12.05: a. m. Baltimor. & Ohio Railroad. BCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOV. 10, 1889 Trains leave Dolawaro Aronus Popot: EXPress trains. NEW YORK, wock days, *2.13, *7.00 *10.26 s. m, *12.06, *2.44 *5.13, *5.46 p. m. PHILADELPHIA. Week days *2.13, 6.05 *7.00 7.00 7.60, *3.60, 5.00, *10.26, 10.10 f. m. HESTER, week days, *2.13, 6.05, *7.00 7.00 7.00 7.60, *5.05, 0.00 *10.26, 10.05 *11.25 a. m. *12.08, 1.00 CHESTER, week days, *2.13, 6.05, *7.00 7.00 7.00 7.60, *5.17, 5.26, 610 *6.467, 200 7.50 *10 18 p. m. ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., week days, *7.00 a. m., *2 43 p. u. WEST BOUND **Absolutely Pure** This powder never varies A marvel of purity treng h and wholeomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds and cannot be sold on competi-tion with the martunde of now test short-weight lam or phosphate powder. Sold only in cons. ROYAL BAKING PEWDER CO., 100 WR 1 St., N. Y. OF BUSINESS ATLANTIC UTT, N. 3., weet days, "tool in the 243 p. in. WEST BOUND. BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON, *5.20, *6, 47, "11.45, a. m.; 2.45, *4, 15, *6, 15 *6, 37*8, 16 Åll daily; 7, 40 an * (1.6), pm daily: x.cop tSunday. Baltimore and principal stations on Philadelphia division 4 16 pm daily. PITTSBUIKG, *8,47, a. m. *5, 15 p. m. both daily. CHICAGO *8,47 a. m. *5, 15 p. m. both daily. CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS, *11.45 a. m., and *15 p. m.; both daily. STAGERLY ACCOMMODATION 7.30 p. m. daily 12.25 a. m. daily, sxcept Monday. PEIRCE AND SHORT-HAND, Record Building, 917-919 COLLEGE Yours very truty Chestnut Street, attention 12.25 a.m. daily. system Monday. La YDENBERG ACCOMMODATION, week daya, 7.00 (1.00 a. u.; 2.45, and 4.55 p. u. Traina leave Market Streel Station: For Philadelphia 5.50, 6.40 *8.30 *1' .55a u 12.43, 2.35 Philadelphia, Pa. SECOND, THIRD AND FOURTH FLOORS. Morning, Afternoo Ses ions every week day ex-cept Saturday. Night Se sions, Monday, Tue day and Thursday evenings till Aprilist. For Philadelphia 5.50, 6.40 *8.00 *1, .55a tu 12.43, 2.85 8.55, 455 no ± Baltimore ±.35, *8.30, a. m. 2.35 *3.55 *4.455 p. m. Baltimore and principal statuons on tho Philadel-phia div sion .555 pm daily For Landenberg, way stations 6.50, 10.55 a. m. 2.35, 4.55 p. m. daily. Chicago *8.30 a m daily except Sunday, *4.55 p. m. daily. Twelve hundred and sixty-orne (1269) studen's last year. Early application necessary. Seud for enroll-ment llank. We would call our Beaders attention to the above offer, and would advise all who are not enjoying good health to write at once to the GERMAN ELECTRIC BELT AGENCY, P. O. BOX 178, BROOKLYN, N. Y. Mentiomin this raper. Technical knowledge qualitying for business en-gagements. Full instructio for commercial and content business vocations Also short-hand and type-writing laily Trains for Wilmington leave Philadelphia *4.40. *3.15, 10.00.*1).10 a. r. 12.00 noon, 1.40 3.00 *3.40 4.40, 4.41 5.05, 6 30 *7.40, 8.10 10.10, p. m. daily. Daily oxcept Sunday, *6.15 6.40 7.35 a. m.*1.35, 4.10 ERASTUS WIMAN, 'Suscess and Failure Among Busines Men." type O don't you remember, 'tis almost December And soon will the holidays come! A faculty of more than a score of practical me who have praciced what they teach. Bookkeepers out of c untir g houses teaching book-keeping lawyees teaching law and business forms successful high school prioritals (faching English branches) haw reporters teaching suort-nand and type-writing, etc., etc REV. EDWARD EVERETT HALE, "The new tes to Western points lower than via any other GEV. EDWARD EVERET HALE, "The new England of To-Day," BISHOP HENRY C. POTTER, "Rural Rein-forcement of City Population" GEO. W. CARIE, "Some Strange Legisla-tion in th. South." MARSHAI P. WILDER, "Humor of En-gland and America." CANTATAS FOR CHILDREN Subscribe for the Christn as at the Kerchiefs weets 1.80 doz Lewis (nught Napping, >0 88 doz Lewis Junzie Bett-, 30 ets 88 doz Lewis Christmag Gif, 1 ets 141 doz. Rosabel Good Fidins 2 ets 24 doz. Rosabel Kine Winter Stets S3 doz Towne J. T. ODELL, General Manager, 'This institution has been exceptionally fortunate in the success of the stud-nts who have graduated therefrom.' Telephone call No. 193.
 Wilmington
 & Northern R. R.

 Time Table in effect, Nov. 23d, 1889.
 GOING NORTH.

 Dally except Standay.
 Dally.

 Bations
 Ref. a.m. p.m. p.m.

 * Winington, French St.
 7.00
 2.25

 * Winington, French St.
 7.02
 2.47
 7.10

 * B & O Jusction
 7.15
 2.37
 5.02
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 * Dapat,
 7.26
 2.48
 5.16
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 * Thadfe Ford Jc
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 3.08
 5.40

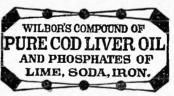
 * Lenape,
 8.60
 8.19
 5.51
 6.14
 gland and America * * * * * * "Evil of Trusts" Peninsula Methodist, FOUR CHRISMAS SERVICES HENRY W. GRADY, of the Atlanta Consti-tution, 'Chances for Capital in the new South.' By Rosab (L Early 5 ets. 54 per hundred Birthday of our Lord Old Sweet Story Holy Christ Child Toyful Chimes

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3 collections by Toward 11 Carols 10 Carols 7 Carols en h ten cents Holly Boughs 15 cts 1 44 doz 10 now Pirces for Xunas 10 cts We publish 15 sheet music form very many super-for pice sthat for quality might well be termed nrize songs Six good specim as are: Signal Hells at Sea, 1 cts ary Vision co 'dl Forks at Home 40cts Stuft Cotto, Field trance for Pinno 40cts Gilder P ris Ex-position Grand March 5 cts Knight Military Schot tisch, 80 cts Rollinson.

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For the Gure of Consumption, Coughs Colds Asthma, Bronchills, Debility, Wasting Discases, and Serofulous Humors. Almost as platable as crease. It can be taken with pleasure by clicate per ons and childen, who, after using it, are very fond of it. It assimilates with the food, increases the flexit and appetite builds up the nervous system, restores e. erg, to mind and body, creates n w rich and pu e blood, in fac rejuy-enates the whole system. NERVE, BLOOD. FLESH.

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NETEVIC, BREALN. This is far superio to atl other preparations of Cod-liver of); thas many initiators but to equils. The results following its use are its best recommen-dations. Be sure as you value your i-callth a d get the achuine Manufactured only by Dr. A B. Wit-nor? Ch mist? Beston, Mass, Sold by all druggists

N. Y. TRIBUNE FOR 1890.

New Features. A Brilliant Year will be supplied to readers during the com-

Ahead. During 1890. The New York Tribune will be greatly improved in quality, and made more lively. fresh nal readable than ever before in its history. Among the special contributors during 1890 will be: ANDREW CANNAULE "Preinigher of Data to the present of t

ANDRAW CANNEDE, "Principles of Busi news Success," GAIL HAMILTON, "European Monarchs." TERENCE V. POWDERLY, "Restriction of Immigration."

CHAINCEY M. DEPEW, Senator JOHN J INGALLS, MRS. JOHN A. LOGAN, REV. DE, JOHN R. PAXTON, and others, topics not au-

ALBERT GRIFFIN, "Temperence among ALBERT GRIPPIN, "Temperence among Germans: 'a new view. JUDGE A. W. TOURGEE, "The Colored Race in America." S. C. T. DODD, "The Advantages of Trusts,"

JOSIAH ALLEN'S Wife," The Small Sala-

JOSIAH ALLENS WHE," The Small Sala-ries of Country Clergymen." SENATOR WM. M. STEWART, of Nevada "Unlimited Silver Coinage." FRED S TAILMADGE, on "Men of the Rev-

KATE FIELD, "Mormon Question."

J. C. RUSSELL, United States Geological Survey. "Highest Peaks of the United

W. M. GROSVENOR, "Gold and Silver as

Money " L E. QUIGG, "What is Left of Our pub-lic Lands."

EMILY Huntington, "Household Science." ENDY Clumpton, Independent Science, ERNEST WHITNEY, "Peculiarities of American Pronunciation" PROFESSOR WILLIAM PEPPER, President of University of Pennsylvania, "A college

of University of Pennsylvania, "A college education good for all; what is best for those who cannot get it" M. Y. BEACH, "Slayer of 430 Bears." Other contributions will be concentred

Other contributors will be announced hereafter. The articles will cost many thousands of dollars and appear in "THE TRIBUNE" only.

SOLDIERS' STORIES.

"THE TRIBUNE" will also print, in ad dition to its regular G. A. R. and S. of V. page, a number of entertaining stories of Ac-taal Experience in the war not less than 25 in number each a wage of "The Tribune" in length, by privates and officers of the Un-ion farank not higher than that of captain. Veterans are invited to combate the the ion farank not higher than that of captain. Veterans are invited to contribute to this series of stories Every tale accepted will be paid for at regular newspaper rates Prizes of \$250, \$150, and \$75 will be paid for the best three. Manuscripts must be en-closed to "The Tribune" New York " and inscribed, Soldiers' D partment."

PAPERS ON FARMING.

In addition to our regular and extremely able agricultural department (two pages a week). "The Tribune" will print a number of long and carefully prepared articles on Particular Branchee of farming, written by practical experts. Farmers who want to make money out of their farms must read these special discussions in The Tribune. The

BEST TRIBUNE EVERS EEN.

VALUABLE PRIZES.

One Hundred Special Prizes will be dis-tributed on May 1, 1890, among the club agents who have, up to that date, sent in the largert 100 clubs of local Wee ly and semi-wekly subscribers. These prizes will in-dude a \$700 Piano, a \$200 Cabinet Organ a \$150 Solitaire Diamond, a free trip to New York with expenses there paid, etc., etc., etc., being worth a total of \$2,440. Prizes are fully described in our new 20 page catalogue send two cent stamp for a copy.

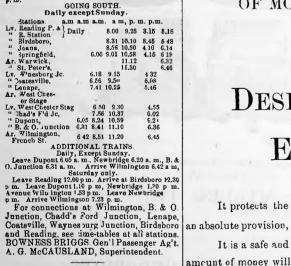
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of the world.

Sample copics of "The Tribune" free. Subscription Rates: Weekly \$1 a year. Semi-Weekly \$2. New subscribers receive the paper until January 1. 1890, free Daily \$10 a year. Library of "Tribune Extras 12 numbers a year, \$2.



400

C. O. SCULL, Gen'l Pass Agent

"Thadd's Ford Jc
"Lenape,
Ar. West Chestor Stage Joatosville,
"Bir Peter's 6.50
Warwick 7.15
"Bringfield 727
"Joana 7.33
"Birksboro, 7.57
Ar. Seading P & R Sta. 8.30

" Dontes vinc. "Lenape, Ar. West Ches-er Stage Lv. West Chester Stag Lv. West Chester Stag " Thad's F'd Jc,

6.50 2.20 5.'8 3,55 9.15 4 32 0 12.25 5 12 50 9.29 1,05 4.47 3 9.34 1.15 4.52 7 9,56 1.55 5.15 10.25 2.28 8.46 TD A UNE

Ar. Seading P & R Sta. 5.30 10.25 2.25 5.46 ADDTIONAL TR A1NS. Daily except Saturday and Sunday, leave Wilming-ton 6.17 p. B. A O. Junction 6 28 p. m. Newbridge 5.41 p. m. Arrive Dupont 6.59 p. m. On Saturday only, will leave Wilmington at 6.17 p. m. arrive at Newbridge 5.41 p. m. Leave Wilmington 10.16 p. m. Newbridge 5.39 p. m. 4rrive Dupont 10.65 p. m. Leave Birdsboro 1.10 p.m. Arrive Reading 1.40 p. m.

4.55 6.52 7.30

8.18

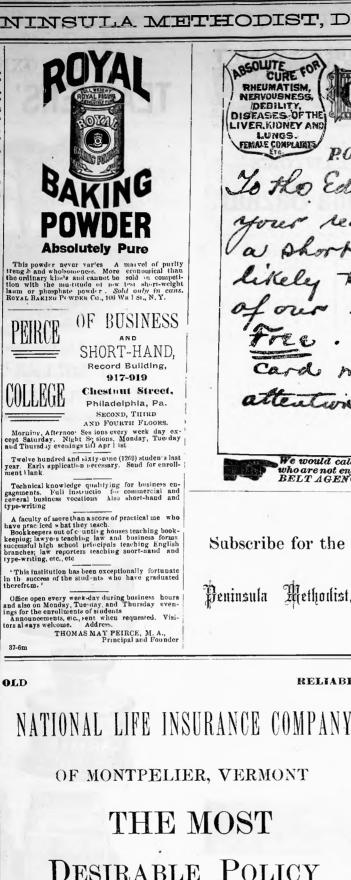
Western Maryland Railroad, connecting with P. W. & B. R. R. at Union Station Commencing Monday Oct. 21, 1889, leave Hiller Station as follows:

Bation as follows: DAILY. 4.10 A M Fast Mail for Shenandoah Valley and Jouhern and Southwestern poli Ls. Also Glyndon, Westminster, New Windsor, Dulon Bridgo, Mechan-tertown, Blue Bidge, Hagerstown, and oxcopt Sun-day, Chambersburg, Waynesboro, and points on B & C Y R R.

VER.
DAILY EXC~PT SUNDAY.
7.16 A M-Accommodation for Fairfield, Geitysburg, Hanover, and all points on B & H Drv
8.00 A M - Mail for Williamsport Hagerstown, Shippens arg, and intermediate points on Main Line and B & C V B R, also, Frederic., ammittaburg, Martineburg and Winchester
10.00 A M-Accommodation for Union Bridge, and Geityshurg.

1000 A M-Accommodation for Union Bridge, and ettyaburg. 225 P M-Accom. for Glyndon 8.21 P M-Express for Arlington, Howardville, Theorille, Owings Mills, Glyndon and all points on 1and H Division 4.00 P M -Express for Arlington, Mt, Hope, Pikes-dile, Owings' Mills, Bt. George's. Glyndon, Glenn Talls, Pikasburg, Patapseo, Carroliton, Westminster, deford, New Windsor, Linwood, Union Bridge and tations west, also Emmittabury B & C V B B and olinis on Shenandoab Vulley B R 5.12 P M-Accommodation for Glyndon 1450 P M-Accommodation for Glyndon

wn) TRAINS ABBIVE AF HILLEN. Daily-11.48 A M. Daily except Sunday-: 80, 8.42



THE MOST **DESIRABLE** POLICY EVER ISSUED.

an absolute provision, in case of death, for wife, children, parents or creditors.

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